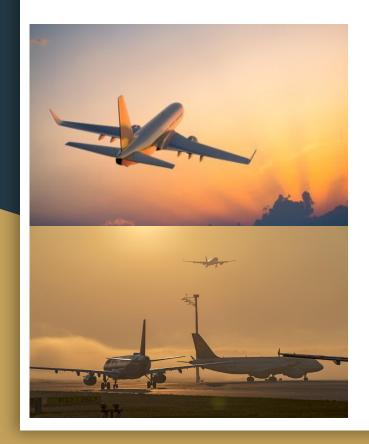
## **Airlines Sentiment Analysis**





#### Introduction

- The dataset is taken from Kaggle's open data source.
   https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/crowdflower/twitter-airline-sentiment
- We did a Sentiment analysis of the different travelers reviews of their flights as good or bad.
- Through the text analysis, we analyzed the various feedback for six different airlines given in the month of FEB 2015

Name	Role	Level	Report	Order	Drop	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
airline	Rejected	Nominal	No		No		
airline_senti	ime Target	Nominal	No		No		
text	Text	Nominal	No		No		
tweet_id	ID	Nominal	No		No		

Airline Sentiment: This column describes overall response of the users in respect to their airline experience.

Text:This column describes in detail the comments made by the users on twitter.

Tweet\_id: This column describes Id of the tweet users.

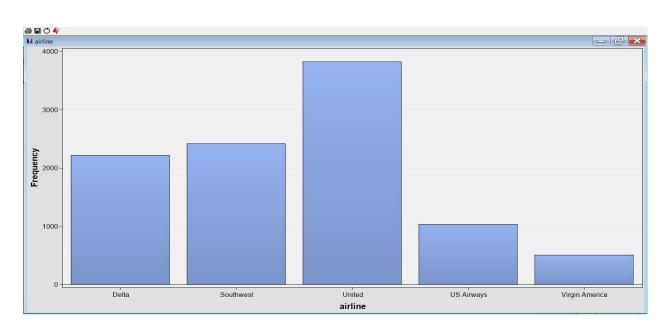
#### **OBJECTIVE**

With this project presentation, we aim to analyze and provide a model that explains how
 'Opinions' on the operation of top US airlines are formed among people.

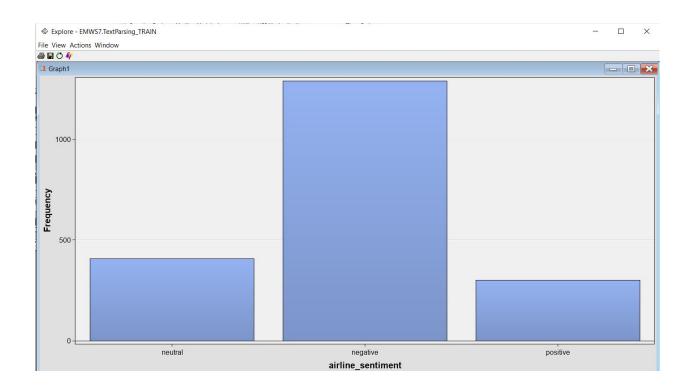
Through the sentiment analysis done on the Twitter dataset, we aim to convey the
information to the airlines so that they could use this information to deliver better service
to their consumers.

 By determining whether the opinions created are positive or negative we aim to submit the final insights modeled to the airline industry for their business use.

#### PREPROCESSING & EXPLORATION



There are 6
airlines, but we
will not be using
them as inputs to
the model to
avoid adding a
bias.

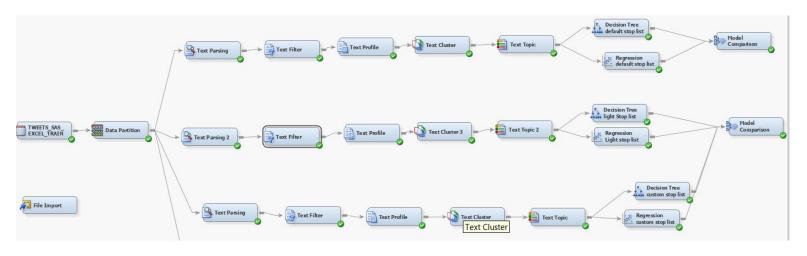


Most of the sentiments are negative which says that people with negative sentiments are more likely to share their experiences.

. Property	Value	
Notes		L
Train		
Variables		
Output Type	Data	
Partitioning Method	Default	
Random Seed	12345	
∃Data Set Allocations		l
Training	50.0	
Validation	30.0	
Test	20.0	
Report		l
Interval Targets	Yes	
Class Targets	Yes	
Status		l
Create Time	4/17/22 1:26 PM	
Run ID	a7d3e006-7ade-44a4-badb-67f7cf824	
Last Error		
Last Status	Complete	
Last Run Time	4/17/22 1:29 PM	
Run Duration	0 Hr. 0 Min. 2.11 Sec.	

- We're removing the neutral sentiment and and dealing only with the positive and negative sentiments.
- Partitioning the data in 50, 30, and 20 percent.

#### PROCESS SELECTION



# **Stop List**

#### STOP LIST 2

TERM	ROLE
's	Prop
(631)891-5722	Noun
-1366	Noun
0.21mbps	Noun
0/3	Num
44606	Num
42055	Num
44615	Num
0_0	Num
0xjared	Noun

Here we see 831 Stop words

#### STOP LIST 3

TERM	ROLE
's	Prop
(631)891-5722	Noun
-1366	Noun
0.21mbps	Noun
0/3	Num
44606	Num
42055	Num
44615	Num
0_0	Num
0xjared	Noun
44563	Num
1-2888155964	Num

Here we see 18651 Stop words

### PROCESS SELECTION

Process 1: Model with default SAS Stop list

Process 2: Model with Light Stop list

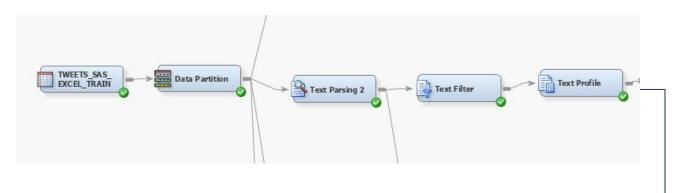
Process 3: Model with Custom stop list

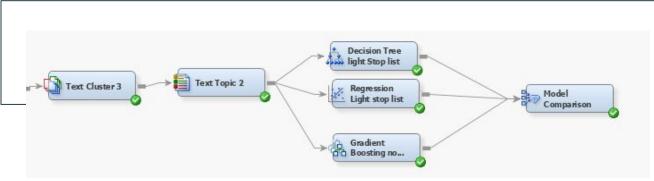
#### Selection criteria:

- It seems that the process with the light stop list is giving the best explainability and accuracy. Thus, we will be using the process going forward to fine-tune the model.
- Also, light stop list is working better perhaps because the data is pre-cleaned.

Model Description	Train: Misclassifi cation Rate ▲	Valid: Misclassifi cation Rate
Regression Light stop list	0.120818	0.126805
Gradient Boosting light stop list	0.121512	0.138359
Decision Tree light Stop list	0.131739	0.151935
Regression default stop list	0.147686	0.152802
Decision Tree default stop list	0.16138	0.17591
Regression custom stop list	0.196048	0.196129
Decision Tree custom stop list	0.198475	0.19844

### **MODEL EXPLANATION**





#### FINE-TUNING the MODEL

#### **Prior to Fine-Tuning:**

Model Description	Train: Misclassifi cation Rate ▲
Regression Light stop list	0.120818
	0.404540
Gradient Boosting no stop list	0.121512a

After trying all the combinations of Term weights and frequency weights, we are getting the best results with the Frequency weight of **Log** and Term weight of **Mutual information**.

Model Description	Train: Misclassifi cation Rate ▲	Valid: Misclassifi cation Rate
Gradient Boosting no stop list	0.080083	0.136626
Regression Light stop list	0.089617	0.132293
Decision Tree light Stop list	0.100537	0.14818

# Using SVD and Text Topic Node:

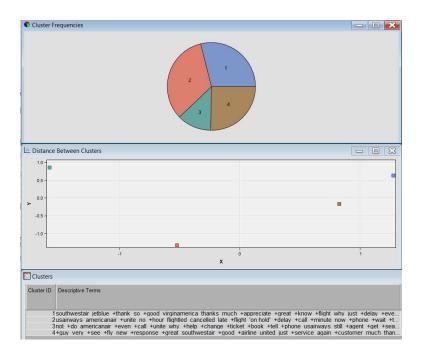
- ☐ Using the default value of **High** SVD resolution, **max** 100 SVD dimensions, and 4 clusters, we are getting better explainability:
- The accuracy results didn't improve significantly.
- ☐ Final Accuracy:

Model Description	Train: Misclassifi cation Rate ▲	Valid: Misclassifi cation Rate
Gradient Boosting no stop list	0.080083	0.136626
Regression Light stop list	0.089617	0.132293
Decision Tree light Stop list	0.100537	0.14818

Model Description	Train: Roc Index ▼	Valid: Roc Index
Gradient Boosting no stop list	0.951	0.887
Regression Light stop list	0.95	0.901
Decision Tree light Stop list	0.861	0.765

#### **CLUSTERS**

Property	Value		
General	100		
Node ID	TextCluster8		
Imported Data	<u></u>		
Exported Data	<u></u>		
Notes			
Train			
Variables			
∃Transform			
SVD Resolution Medium			
Max SVD Dimensions	100		
⊒Cluster			
Exact or Maximum Number	Exact		
Number of Clusters	4		
Cluster Algorithm	Expectation-Maximization		
Descriptive Terms	20		
Status			
Create Time	4/18/22 4:52 PM		
Run ID	7c6b605c-008f-4989-b94a-0bad80fe		
Last Error	4		
Last Status	Complete		



#### **SENTIMENTS**

	PROCESS 2	
SL no.	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE
1	response	cancelled
2	thanks	on hold
3	great	flighted
4	great job	reschedule
5	great people	charge
6	experience	strand

Major sentiments from the positive cluster 1 and negative cluster 3

Cluster ID	Descriptive Terms
1	1 southwestair jetblue +thank so +good virginamerica thanks much +appreciate +great +know +flight why just +delay +ev
2	2usairways americanair +unite no +hour flightled cancelled late +flight 'on hold' +delay +call +minute now +phone +wait
3	3not +do americanair +even +call +unite why +help +change +ticket +book +tell +phone usairways still +agent +get +s
4	4+guy very +see +fly new +response +great southwestair +good +airline united just +service again +customer much th

#### **TEXT TOPICS**

+thank,so	uthwestair,jetblue,+appreciate,+response
jetblue,+fl	ight,no,+be,+delay
southwest	air,cancelled,+flight,on hold,+be
not,+do,+l	be,+appreciate,+unite
ðÿ,jetblue,	southwestair,i,best
so,much,je	tblue,+appreciate,southwestair
virginame	rica,+guy,thanks,+fly,â
+great,+g	uy,+great flight,thanks,+job
+good,+gı	ıy,jetblue,â,not
+hour,+fli	ght,usairways,cancelled,no

#### Terms-

Topic Weight ∇	+	Term	
0.941	+	great	Adj
0.155	+	guy	Noun
0.135	+	great flight	Noun G
0.124		thanks	Noun
0.098	+	job	Noun
0.082		great service	Noun G
0.081		great job	Noun G
0.057	+	thank	Verb
0.046		great people	Noun G
0.043		united thanks	Noun G
n n42	9	iethlue	Pron

# Positive Sentiment Topic Terms



Negative Sentiment Topic Terms

Topic Weight ∇	+	Term	
0.5		cancelled	
0.387		flightled	
0.362	+	flight	
0.203		southwestair	
0.197		on hold	
0.191		flighted	
0.178	+	hour	
0.155	+	get	
0.143	+	be	
0.134		americanair	
N 110		help	

#### **BUSINESS CASE**

Airlines can use the text analytics to understand where they can **improve the service.** 

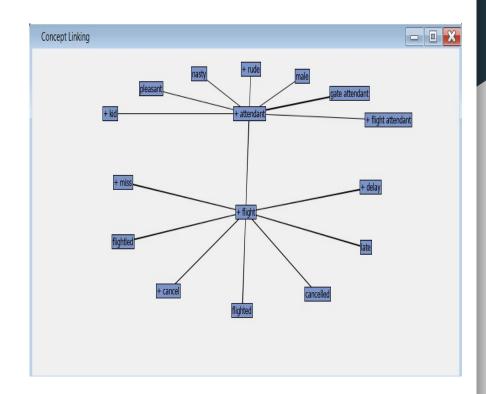
They can track the Twitter to understand what their **customer needs** are.

They can use the **concept links to understand relationship between terms** used in the tweets.

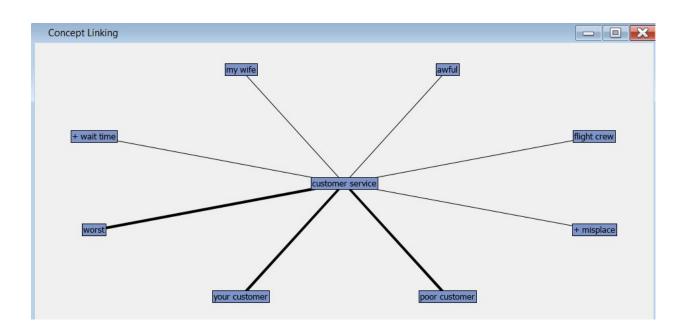
They can use this model to **understand the polarity of a tweet** from their customers.

### Concept Linking

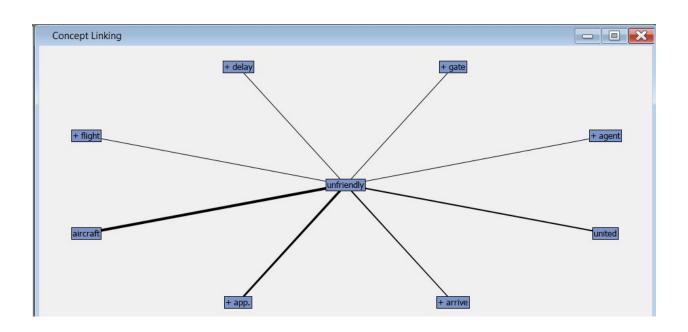
- Through concept linking we have explored the relationship between terms and their strength of association.
- It represents the terms associated with the positive and negative sentiments of the people towards airline industry.



# Positive insights



# Negative insights



### Conclusion





### Further Improvement

```
^_^
 (^ ^)
        (^.^)
               (^°^)
                       (^-^)
              (^v^)
                       ( ^ w ^ )
        (o^^o) )^o^(
( ^w^ )
 ( ^ <> ^ )
 ( ^ \nabla ^ )
                          (^O^)
(°▽°) (°∀°)
                         (\cdot \nabla \cdot)
(\cdot \land \cdot) (\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc) (\_ \bigcirc \bigcirc
         (^_-) ( ^ -^)
                           (´∀ `)
(´∀`) (´⟨\`\) (o´∀`o) (o´\)
(*^*) (*^*) (*^*) (*^*) (^*) =(^*)
(*@-@*) (*^o^*) (*^\_^*)
                            (*^▽^*)
(*° ∀° *) (*° ▽° *) (*' ▽'*)
                           (≧∀≦)
```

#### References

- Data set
  - -https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/crowdflower/twitter-airline-sentiment
- <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/sentiment-analysis-on-us-twitter-airline-dataset-1-of-2-2417f204b971">https://towardsdatascience.com/sentiment-analysis-on-us-twitter-airline-dataset-1-of-2-2417f204b971</a>
- https://journalofbigdata.springeropen.com/articles/10.1186/s40537-015-001
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