# HФ tutorial Full diagonalization method



### Calculation mode

1. Single node (from ver.1.0)

Solver: LAPACK

2. Multi node (from ver.3.1)

Solver: ScaLAPACK

3. **GPGPU** mode (from ver.3.1)

Solver: MAGMA (1 node + multi GPU devices)

Priority: GPGPU mode > Multi node > Single node

HΦ preinstalled in sekirei → All modes can be used

## How to compile (1)

1. Single node (from ver.1.0) no option

#### Example for GNU compiler

- \$ mkdir hphi.build && cd hphi.build
- \$ cmake -DCONFIG=gcc ../
- \$ make

### How to compile (2)

2. Multi node (from ver.3.1)
Add option -DUSE\_SCALAPCK=ON

Example for GNU compiler

- \$ mkdir hphi.build && cd hphi.build
- \$ cmake -DCONFIG=gcc -DUSE\_SCALAPACK = ON ../
- \$ make

## How to compile (3)

3. GPGPU mode (from ver.3.1)

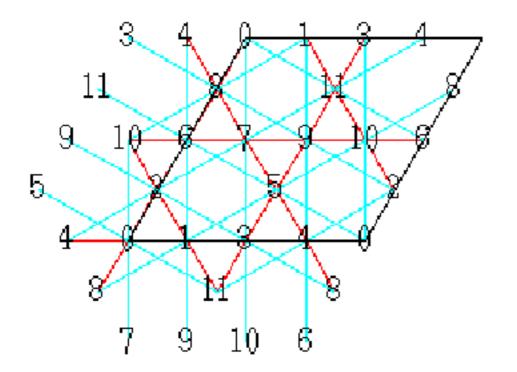
Edit sekirei\_acc.cmake file to compile ΗΦ with MAGMA on you own PC, cluster etc.

#### Example for sekirei

- \$ mkdir hphi\_acc.build && cd hphi\_acc.build
- \$ cmake -DCONFIG=sekirei\_acc ../
- \$ make

### Tutorial (1)

#### Spin system



```
Lattice
```

```
L = 2
W = 2
model = "SpinGC"
lattice = "Kagome"
method = "FullDiag"
J = 1.0
```

Input file for standard model (stan.in)

Hilbert space: 2<sup>12</sup>=4096

### Tutorial (2)

- 1. Single node (from ver.1.0)
  - (1) Calculation

\$ HPhi -s stan.in

#### Ref. Check consuming time (output/CalcTimer)

```
A11
                                                      [0000]
                                                                144.94083
                                                      [1000]
                                                                  0.00288
  SZ
  diagonalcalc
                                                      [2000]
                                                                  0.00262
                                                                144.86798
  CalcByFullDiag
                                                      [5000T
    MakeHam
                                                      [5100]
                                                                  0.13374
    LapackDiaa
                                                      [5200]
                                                                138.16219
    CalcPhys
                                                      [5300]
                                                                  6.56411
      calc flctuation in expec_energy_flct
                                                      [5301]
                                                                  0.11938
      mltply in expec_energy_flct
                                                      [5302]
                                                                  0.66882
    Output
                                                                  0.00758
                                                      [5400]
                                                                  0.00000
    OutputHam
                                                      Γ55007
```

### Tutorial (3)

- 2. Multy node (from ver.3.1)
- (1) Make input files for expert mode

```
$ HPhi -sdry stan.in
```

(2) Edit calcmod.def file

Add 「Scalapack 1」 (0: not use ScaLAPACK)

```
CalcType 2
CalcModel 4
ReStart 0
CalcSpec 0
CalcEigenVec 0
InitialVecType 0
InputEigenVec 0
OutputEigenVec 0
NGPU 0
Scalapack 1
```

(3) Start calculation

\$ HPhi -e namelist.def

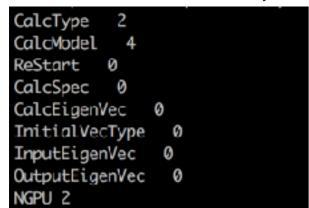
### Tutorial (4)

- 3. GPGPU node (from ver.3.1)
- (1) Make input files for expert mode

```
$ HPhi -sdry stan.in
```

(2) Edit calcmod.def file

Add NGPU (number of GPU devices used for calculation)



Default number of NGPU is 2.

(3) Start calculation

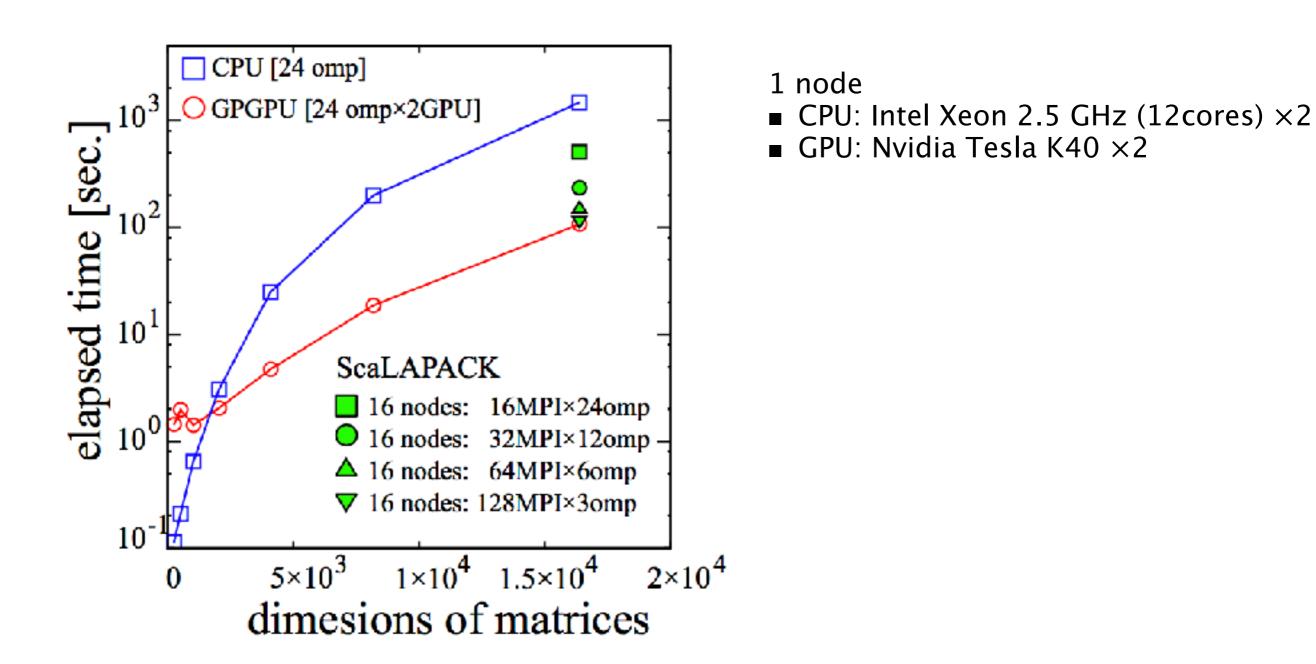
\$ HPhi -e namelist.def

### Tutorial (5)

Consuming time for full diagonlization in sekirei Queue i9acc

- 1. LAPACK (1node: 1mpi, 24omp) 138.16219 [s]
- 2. ScaLAPACK (1node: 24mpi, 1omp) 17.00050 [s]
- 3. GPGPU (1 node: 2GPU) 5.35803 [s]

#### Benchmark result in sekirei



Ref. "Implementation of GPGPU computing in full diagonalization for HΦ", T. Misawa and K. Yoshimi, Activity report 2017 in ISSP, http://www.issp.u-tokyo.ac.jp/supercom/activity-reports/2017