**NOISE POLLUTION MONITORING**

**PHASE 04**

Design Android platforms that provide users with access to real-time noise level updates

**DEFINITION:**

*NOISE MONITORING:*

Noise pollution monitoring is the process of measuring and analyzing noise levels in an area to assess its impact, identify sources, and develop strategies for noise reduction and compliance with regulations.

*Hardware setup:*

* ESP32 Development board.
* Sound sensor

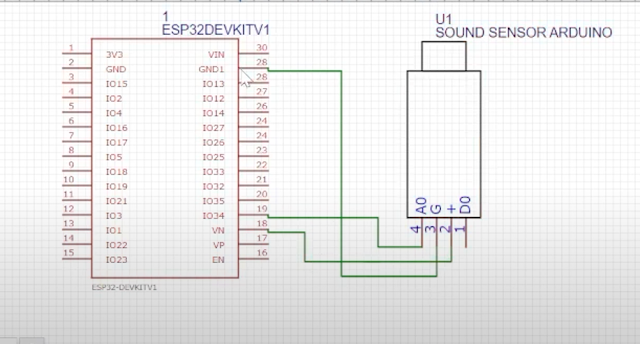
*About ESP32:*

The ESP32 is a powerful microcontroller with Wi-Fi and Bluetooth capabilities, suitable for a wide range of IoT and embedded systems projects. It features dual-core processors, various interfaces, and low power modes, making it versatile and popular among developers.

*About SOUND SENSOR :*

A sound sensor detects and measures sound waves, converting them into electrical signals for various applications like noise monitoring and automation.

**CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:**



**PYTHON SCRIPT:**

import time

import machine

import network

import urequests

# Configuration

WIFI\_SSID = “Gokul”

WIFI\_PASSWORD = “123456789”

NOISE\_API\_URL = “https://your-noise-platform-url.com/api/noise-data”

API\_KEY = “your-api-key”

# Initialize Wi-Fi

sta = network.WLAN(network.STA\_IF)

sta.active(True)

sta.connect(WIFI\_SSID, WIFI\_PASSWORD)

# Wait for Wi-Fi connection

while not sta.isconnected():

pass

print(“Connected to Wi-Fi”)

# Initialize ADC for the microphone sensor

adc = machine.ADC(0) # ADC pin may vary depending on your ESP32 board

# Function to measure noise level

def measure\_noise\_level():

adc\_value = adc.read() # Read analog value from microphone sensor

# Implement calibration and noise level calculation here

# For demonstration purposes, we’ll use a placeholder value

noise\_level = adc\_value

return noise\_level

# Main loop for real-time monitoring and data transmission

while True:

try:

noise\_level = measure\_noise\_level()

# Send noise data to the platform

data = {“noise\_level”: noise\_level, “location”: “your-location-info”}

headers = {“Authorization”: “Bearer “ + API\_KEY}

response = urequests.post(NOISE\_API\_URL, json=data, headers=headers)

if response.status\_code == 200:

print(f”Data sent successfully: {noise\_level}”)

else:

print(f”Failed to send data. Status code: {response.status\_code}”)

response.close()

# Adjust the sampling interval as needed

time.sleep(10)

except KeyboardInterrupt:

break

**OUTPUT OF THE ABOVE PROGRAM:**

The provided python script for the ESP32 is designed to capture noise level data from a sound sensor and send it to a noise pollution information platform. The program’s output will typically be displayed in the Micro Python REPL(Reas-Eval-Print Loop) or, if you run it as a standalone script, It may not show any output on the device itself.

Here's what you can expect to see in the Micro Python REPL If you have a serial connection to your ESP32:

**1.initial message regarding WI-FI connection:**

Connected to Wi-Fi

**2.Real-time output of data being send to the platform:**

Data sent successfully: {noise\_level}

If the data is successfully sent to the platform, you’ll see this message with the measured noise level value. The actual noise level value will depend on the sensor and calibration in your setup.

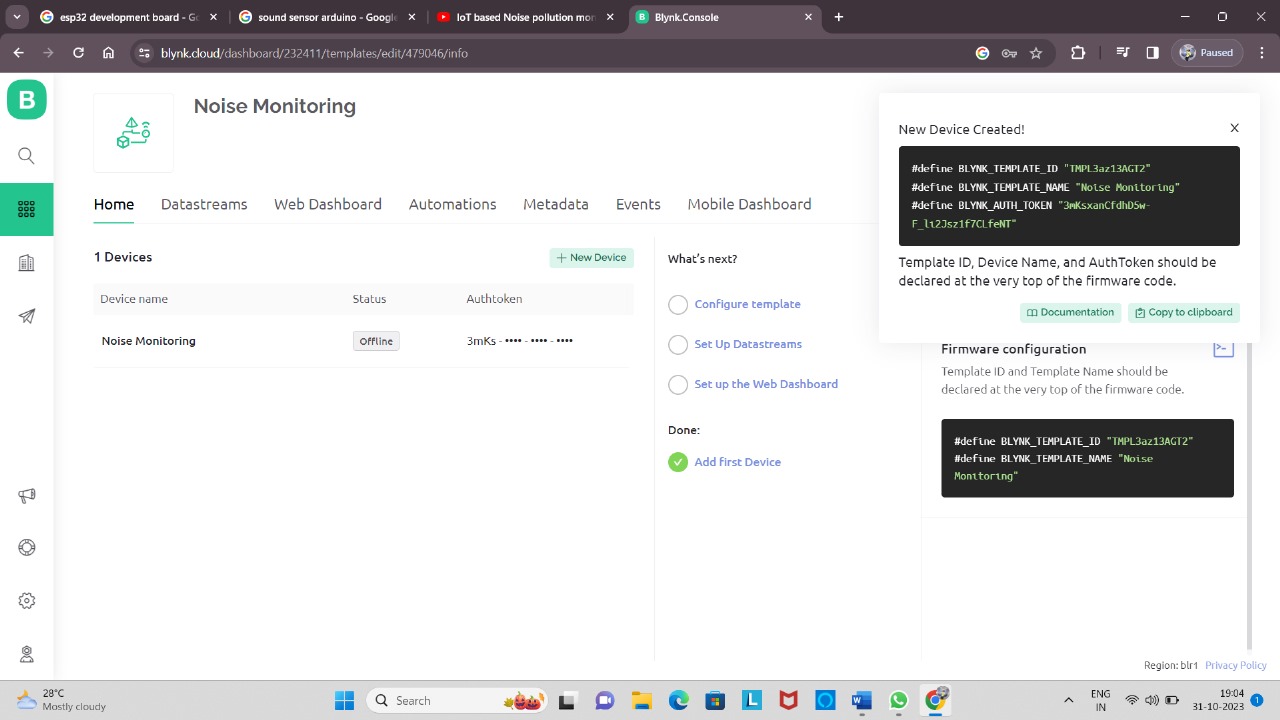
**3.Error message (if any) when data transmission fails:**

Failed to send data. Status code: {status\_code}

If there’s an issue with sending data to the platform(e.g., a network problem or incorrect URL/credentials).you’ll see an error message with the HTTP status code indicating the failure.

The exact output may vary depending on your hardware, network setup, and how you run the script. If you are not seeing any output, you can add print statements for debugging purposes to check the flow of the script or any potential errors.

**1)BLYNK IOT PLATFORM :**

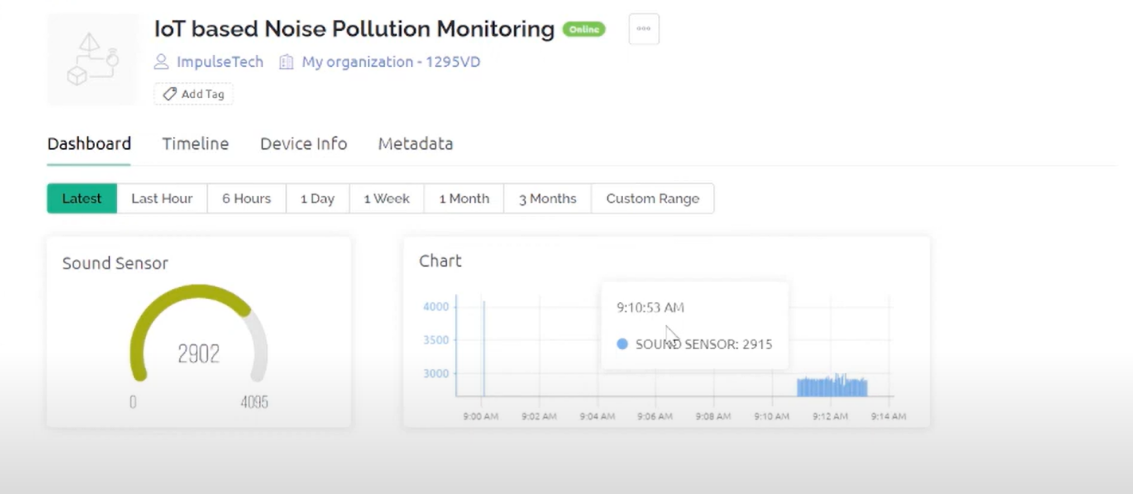


**Link:** <https://blynk.cloud/dashboard/232411/templates/edit/479046/info>

***Steps to create BLYNK:***

* First to sign up the BLYNK cloud.
* Click new template and create the template as well as give the project name, devices and connection.
* Create data streams, web dashboard, automations, metadata, events, mobile dashboard.
* Add the program for the circuit and the see the output.
* This website is used to detect the noise level at different frequencies level.

*Output of the noise level:*



**2)MOBILE PLATFORM:**

HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) is used for structuring web content, CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) for styling, and JavaScript for interactivity, creating dynamic, user-friendly web applications and websites.

HTML CODE:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Noise Level Monitoring</title>

<style>

/\* Your CSS styles here \*/

</style>

</head>

<body>

<h1>Noise Level Monitoring</h1>

<div id="noise-level">Loading...</div>

<script>

function updateNoiseLevel(noiseData) {

document.getElementById('noise-level').innerText = `Noise Level: ${noiseData} dB`;

}

// Use AJAX or WebSockets to fetch data and update the UI

// Example using Fetch API

function fetchData() {

fetch('http://your\_server\_url/data\_endpoint')

.then(response => response.json())

.then(data => updateNoiseLevel(data.noise\_level))

.catch(error => console.error(error));

}

// Update data every 10 seconds (adjust as needed)

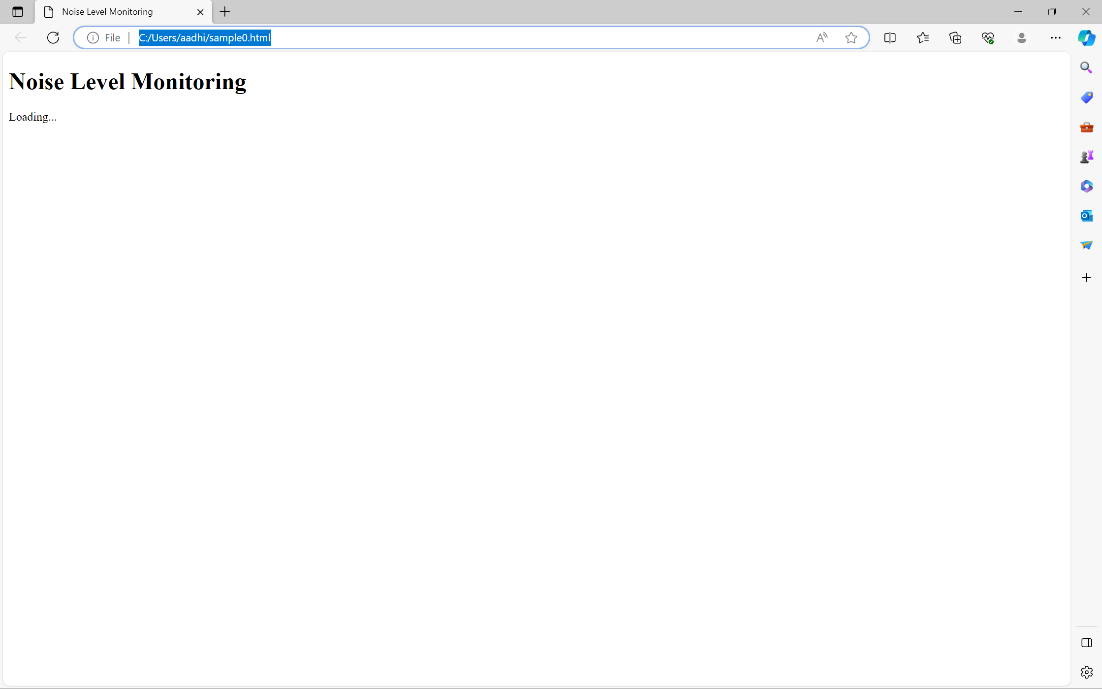
setInterval(fetchData, 10000);

</script>

</body>

</html>

WEBSITE:



**DEVICE:**

