

$$\frac{c_f}{b} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left[s^2 + 1 + \sqrt{(s^2 + 1)^2 - 4s^2 \cos^2 \theta} \right] \right\}^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{c_s}{b} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left[s^2 + 1 - \sqrt{(s^2 + 1)^2 - 4s^2 \cos^2 \theta} \right] \right\}^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{b_n}{b} = |\cos \theta|$$

$$\theta = 0$$

$$n^2 = R$$

$$R = 1 - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega^2} \cdot \frac{\omega}{\omega + \Omega}$$

$$\vec{n} = \frac{c}{\omega} \vec{k}$$

$$\left(\frac{kc}{\omega^2} \right)^2 = 1 - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega} \frac{1}{\omega + \Omega}$$

$$(kc)^2 = \omega^2 - \frac{\omega_p^2 \omega}{(\omega + \Omega)}$$

$$\left(\frac{kc}{\Omega} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{\omega}{\Omega} \right)^2 - \frac{\omega_p^2 \omega}{\Omega^2 (\omega + \Omega)}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\omega}{\Omega} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{\omega_p}{\Omega} \right)^2 \frac{\frac{\omega}{\Omega}}{\left(\frac{\omega}{\Omega} + 1 \right)}$$

$$y = x^2 - k \frac{x}{x+1}$$