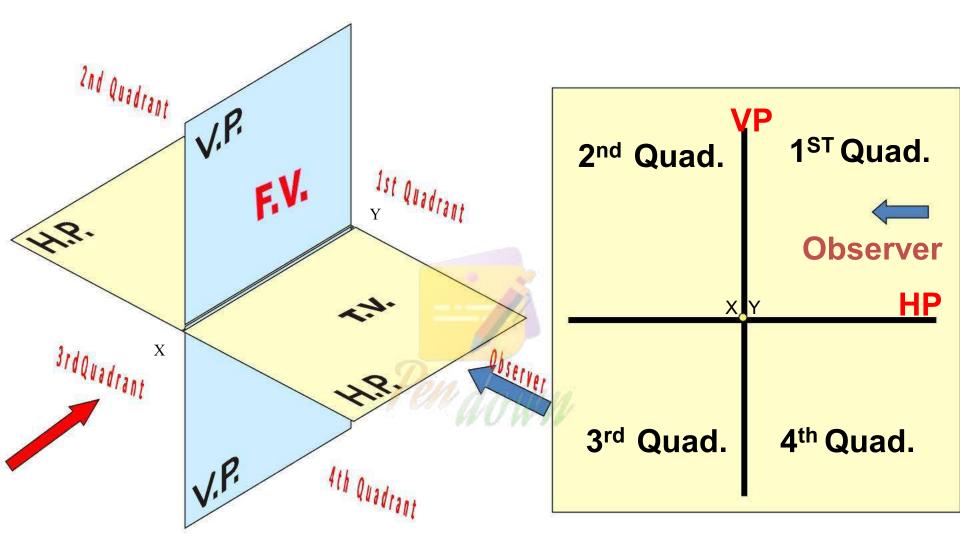
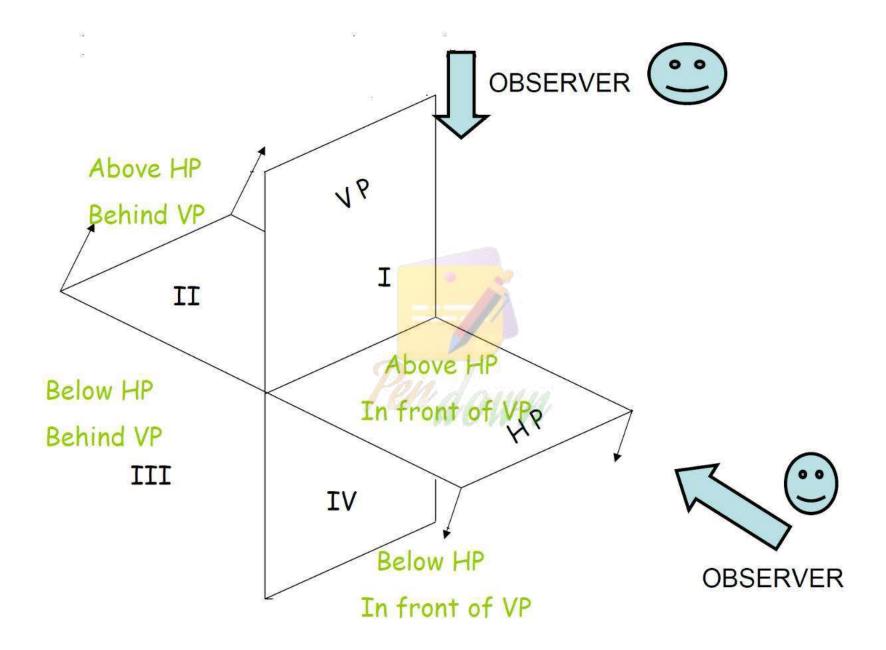
Projection of Points Engineering Graphics



RED

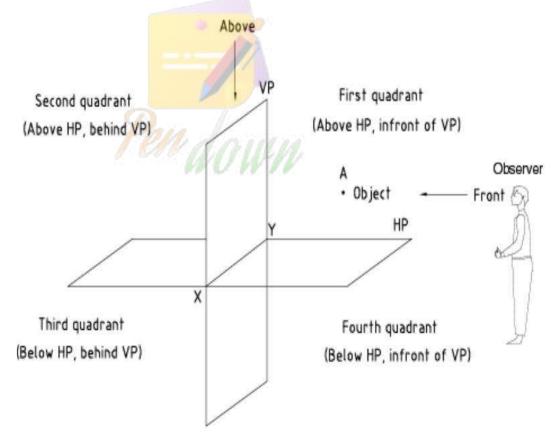


Projection Planes (VP & HP)

Image of an object observed in front view (Elevation) is projected onto Vertical Plane (VP).

Image of an object observed in top view (Plan) is projected onto Horizontal Plane (HP)

Intersection line of VP & HP is the XY line.



NOTATIONS

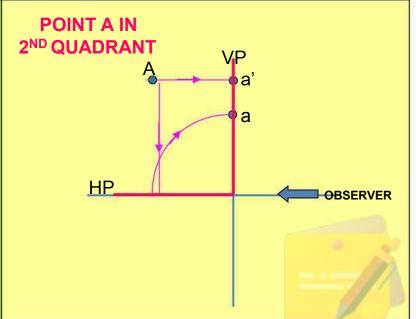
Following notations should be followed while naming different views in orthographic projections.

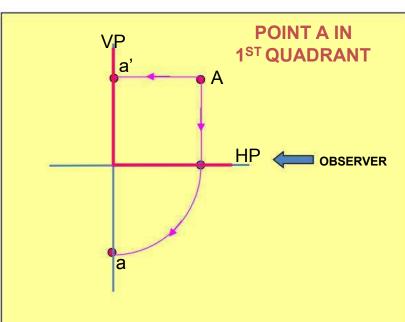


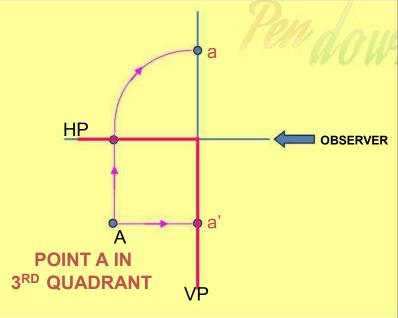
Same system of notations should be followed incase numbers, like 1, 2, 3 – are used.

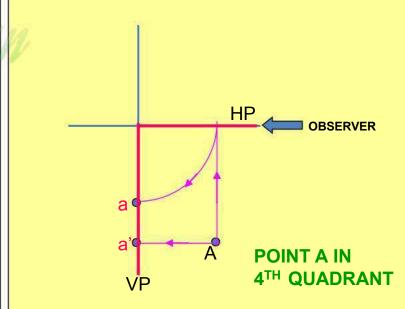
Point A is Placed In different quadrants and it's Fv & Tv are brought in same plane for Observer to see clearly. Fy is visible as it is a view on VP. But as Tv is is a view on Hp, it is rotated downward 90°, In clockwise direction.The In front part of Hp comes below xy line and the part behind Vp comes above.

Observe and note the process.

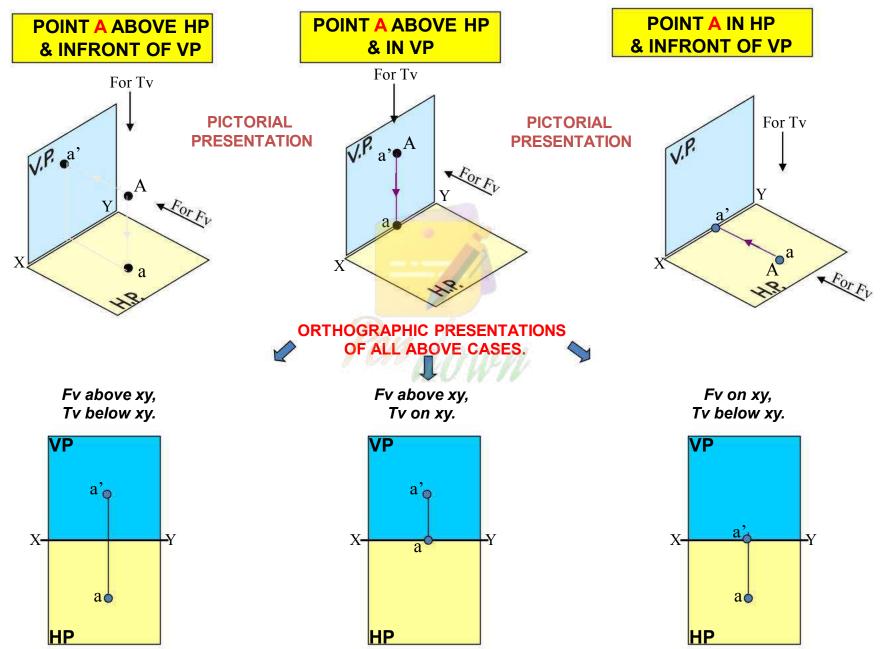




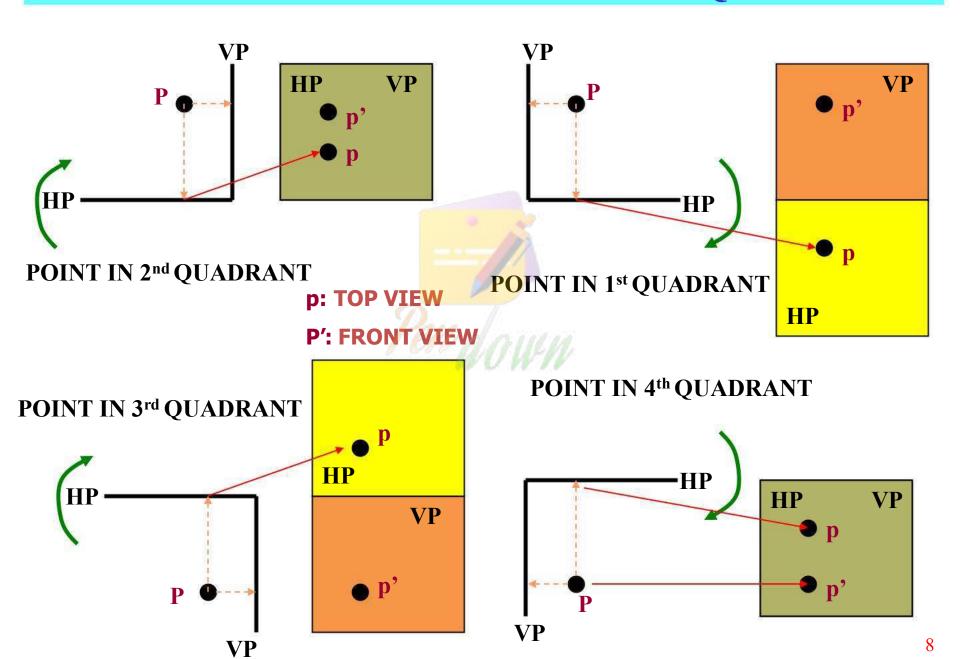




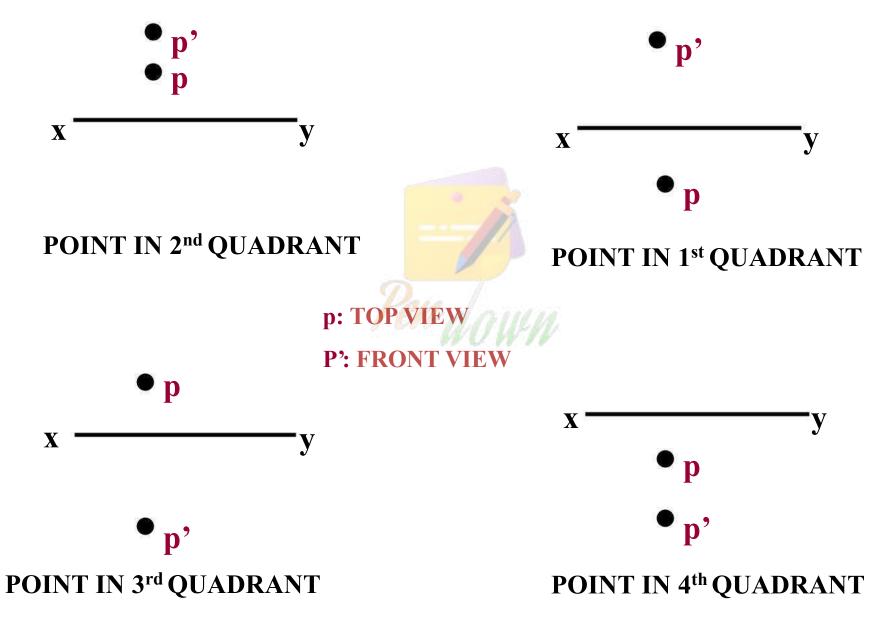
PROJECTIONS OF A POINT IN FIRST QUADRANT.



PROJECTIONS OF A POINT IN THE 4 QUADRANTS



How you will draw on the sheet

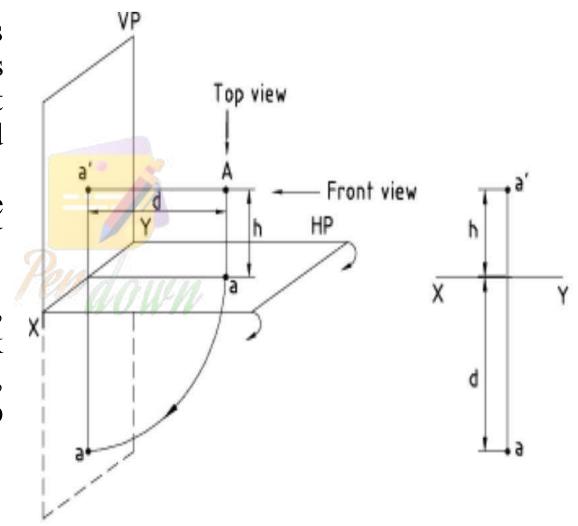


Drawing Projections of a Point

Similar to the previous object, now a point is placed and its top & front view images are projected onto HP & VP.

HP is rotated clockwise for 90° to get it below XY line.

In your drawing sheet, draw XY line, then mark a point in front view, above XY line and top view, below XY line.



Example: A point A is 20mm above HP and 30mm in front of VP.

Draw its projections.

Follow the same procedure discussed earlier, project the top & front view images onto HP & VP.

Rotate the HP in clockwise for 90° to get it below XY line.

In your drawing sheet, draw XY line, mark a point in the front view, above XY line and the top view, below XY line.

