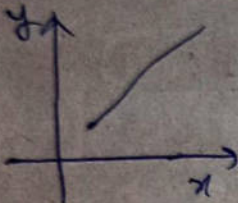


Unit 6

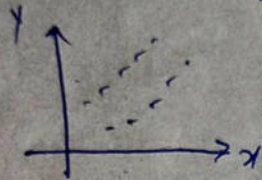
Correlation & Regression

① Correlation Coefficient - (r_1)

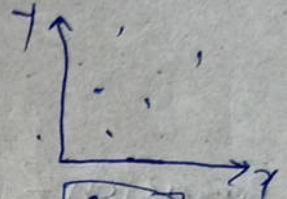
$$-1 \leq r_1 \leq 1$$



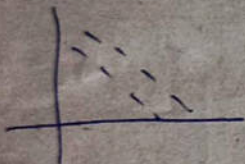
$$r_1 = 1$$



$$0 < r_1 < 1$$



$$r_1 = 0$$



$$-1 < r_1 < 0$$



$$r_1 = -1$$

② formula to calculate correlation coefficient

Cov = Covariance

$$r_1 = \frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

$$E(x) = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$

$$\text{Cov}(x, y) = E(xy) - E(x)E(y)$$

$$= \frac{\sum xy}{n} - \frac{\sum x}{n} \frac{\sum y}{n}$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{E(x^2) - (E(x))^2} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{n} - \left(\frac{\sum x}{n}\right)^2}$$

- (i) if $\text{Cov}(x, y) > 0$
 (ii) if $\text{Cov}(x, y) < 0$
 (iii) if $\text{Cov}(x, y) = 0$

trend in 1st & 3rd quad
 2nd & 4th
 evenly distributed

Regression -

Line of regression -

① x on y:-

$$x - \bar{x} = b_{xy} (y - \bar{y})$$

$$b_{xy} = r \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_y}$$

② y on x:-

$$y - \bar{y} = b_{yx} (x - \bar{x})$$

$$b_{yx} = r \frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x}$$

if eqn are given then

① $(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) =$ Intersection of both eqn

$$② r = \sqrt{b_{xy} \cdot b_{yx}}$$