



NUS-Tsinghua Centre for Extreme Search

A Joint Research Collaboration Between NUS & Tsinghua University

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# Enhancing Stock Movement Prediction with Adversarial Training

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# Stock Prediction





# Why Stock Prediction?

- Which one to buy?

All NASDAQ Securities

Displaying 1-50 of 3504 results

Download this list

Name	Symbol	Market Cap	Country	IPO Year	Subsector
111, Inc.	YI	\$47.89M	China	2018	Medical/Nursing Services
:	:	:	:	:	:

Exchange: NYSE

Displaying 1-50 of 3129 results

Download this list

Name	Symbol	Market Cap	Country	IPO Year	Subsector
3D Systems Corporation	DDD	\$1.07B	United States	n/a	Computer Software: Prepackaged Software
:	:	:	:	:	:

- When to sell?

You may not have time, e.g., paper submission deadline.

# Machine Learning for Stock Prediction

## Standard Classification



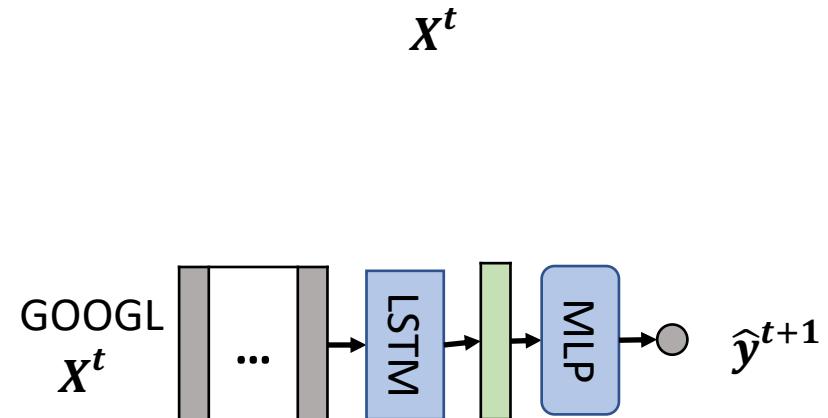
For each stock, on trading day  $t$ :

Historical prices → Stock features

	$t - w$	$t - 1$	$t$
Open	1197.5	1172.6	1120.2
10AM	1199.3	1179.4	1126.8
Close	1173.3	1166.5	1121.4

$X^t$

DNNs, especially RNN [Zhang, KDD'17][Xu, ACL'18] are used to solve asset price prediction as a standard classification problem.

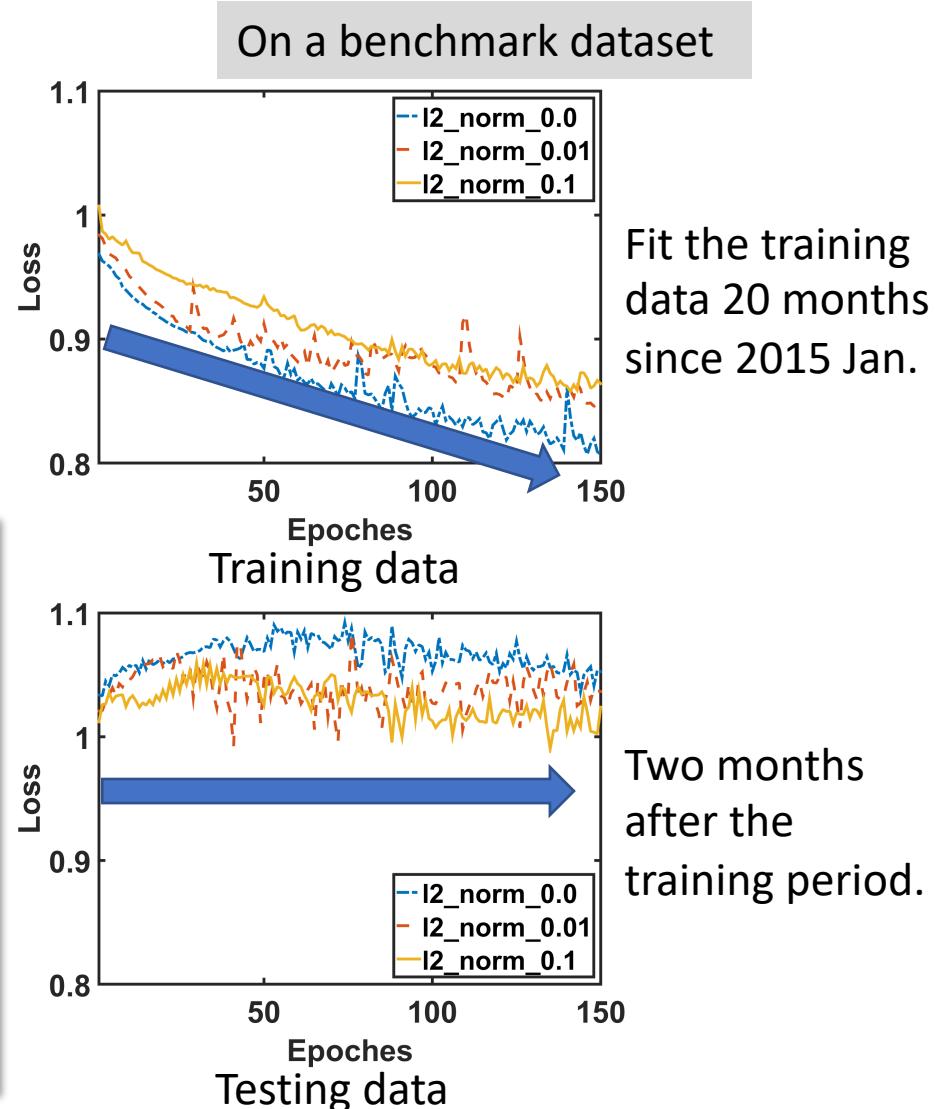
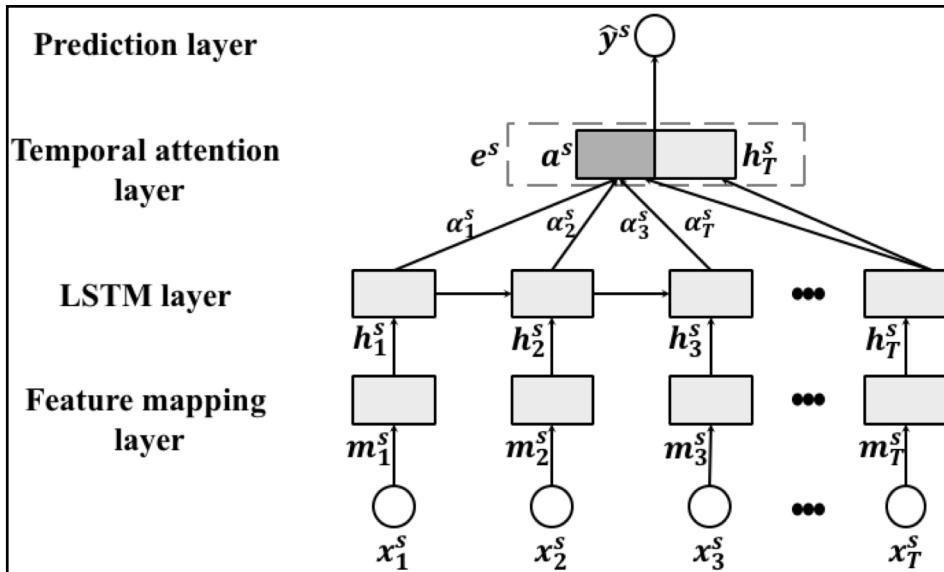


# Machine Learning for Stock Prediction

## Training Neural Network (NN)

- Basic Model: *Attentive LSTM*

- LSTM layer captures sequential dependency and projects sequential inputs into hidden representations.
- Temporal attention layer adaptively aggregates hidden representations at different time-steps into  $e^s$ .



# Stock Prediction with NN

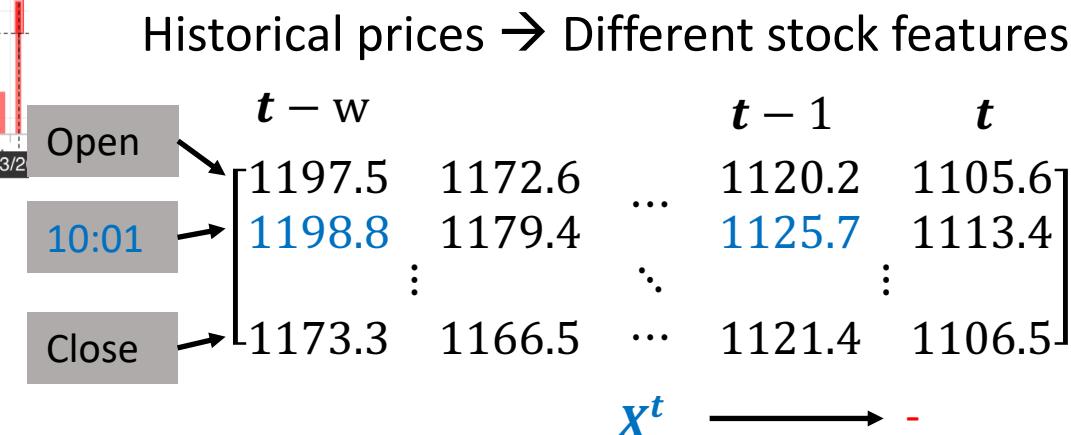
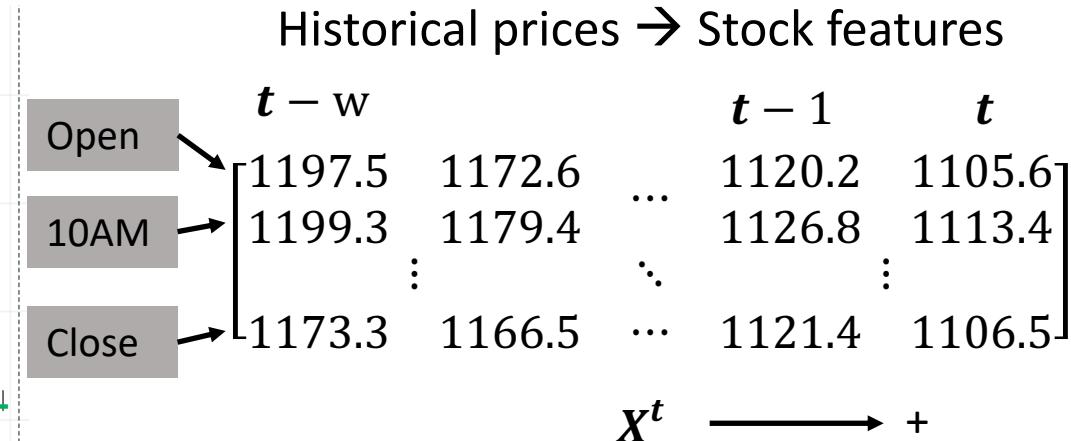
## Stochasticity of Stock Price Feature



Observing the price at a slightly different time (10:00 → 10:01).

--- A new feature matrix

--- Different prediction (might **wrong**)



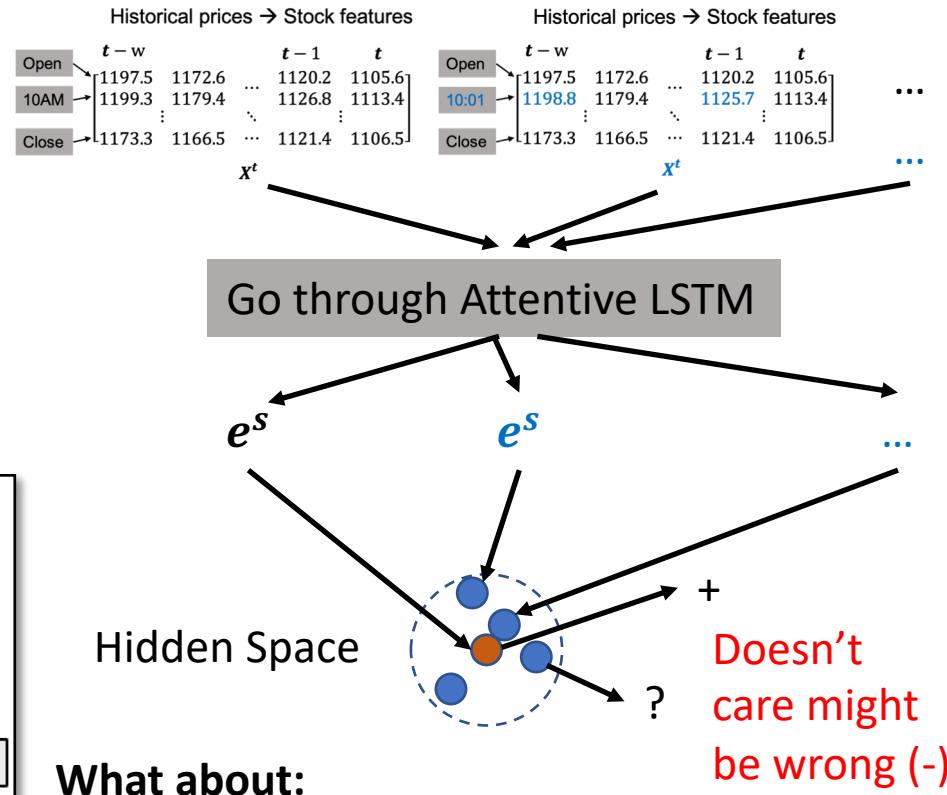
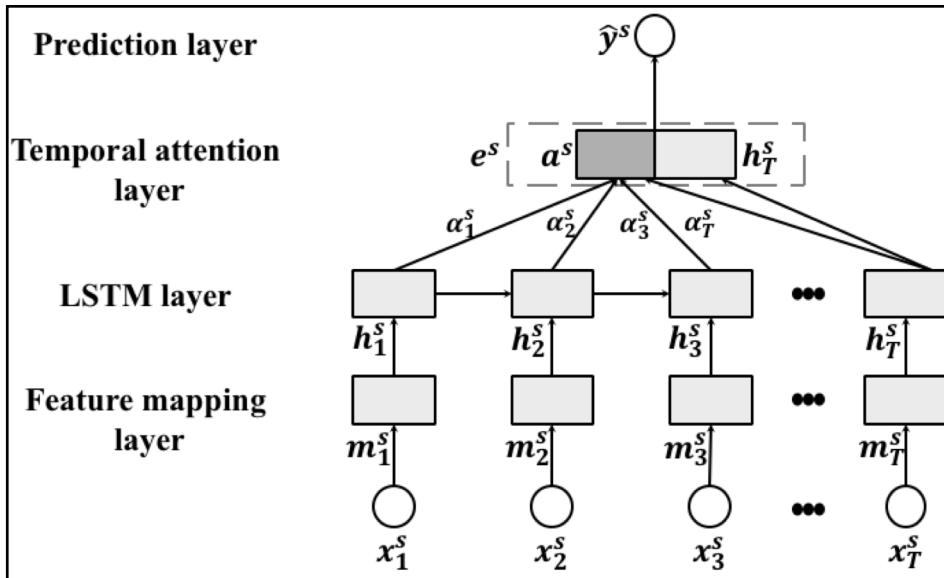
NN is sensitive to slight feature changes → poor generalization ability

# Stock Prediction with NN

## Stochasticity of Stock Price Feature

- Basic Model: *Attentive LSTM*

- LSTM layer captures sequential dependency and projects sequential inputs into hidden representations.
- Temporal attention layer adaptively aggregates hidden representations at different time-steps into  $e^s$ .

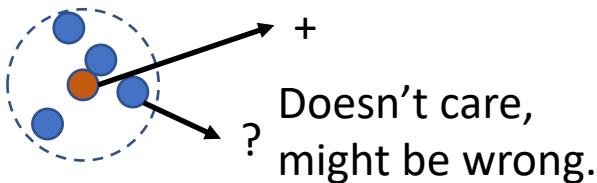


# Stock Prediction with NN

## Handling Stochasticity with Adversarial Training

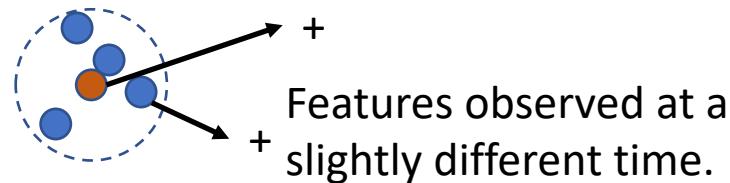
- Standard training

Updates model parameters to fit training data (*clean examples*)



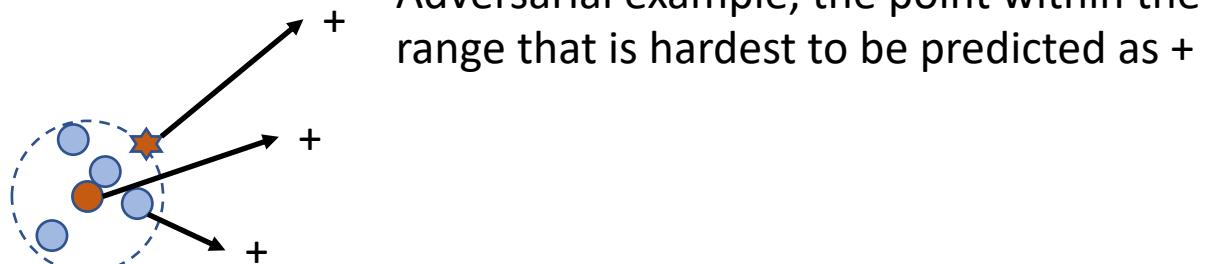
- Standard training (ideally)

Updates model parameters to fit *clean example* as well as all the other points.



- Adversarial training

- Additionally constructs *adversarial examples* via adding small *perturbations* to the input of clean examples, and encourages the model to correctly classify the adversarial examples.

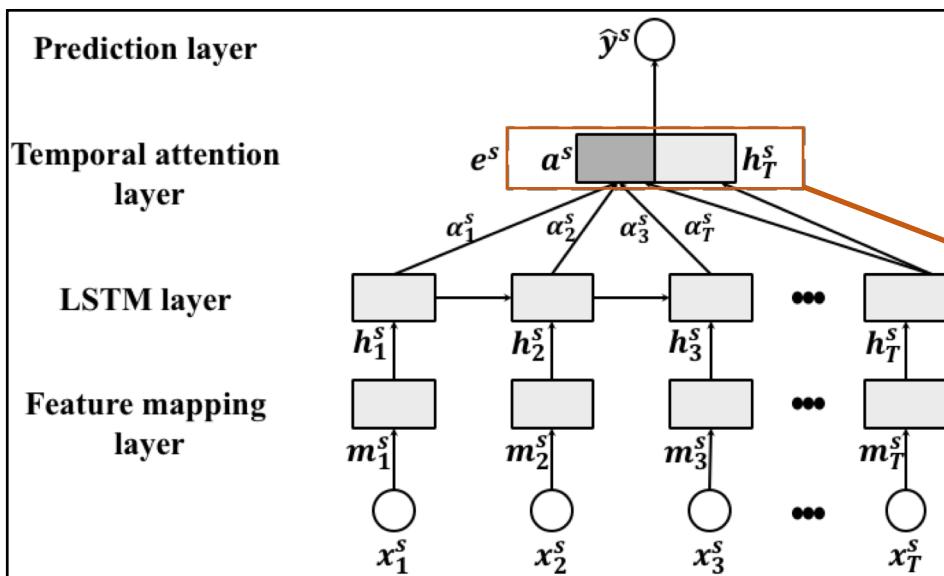


# Stock Prediction with NN

## Adversarial Training

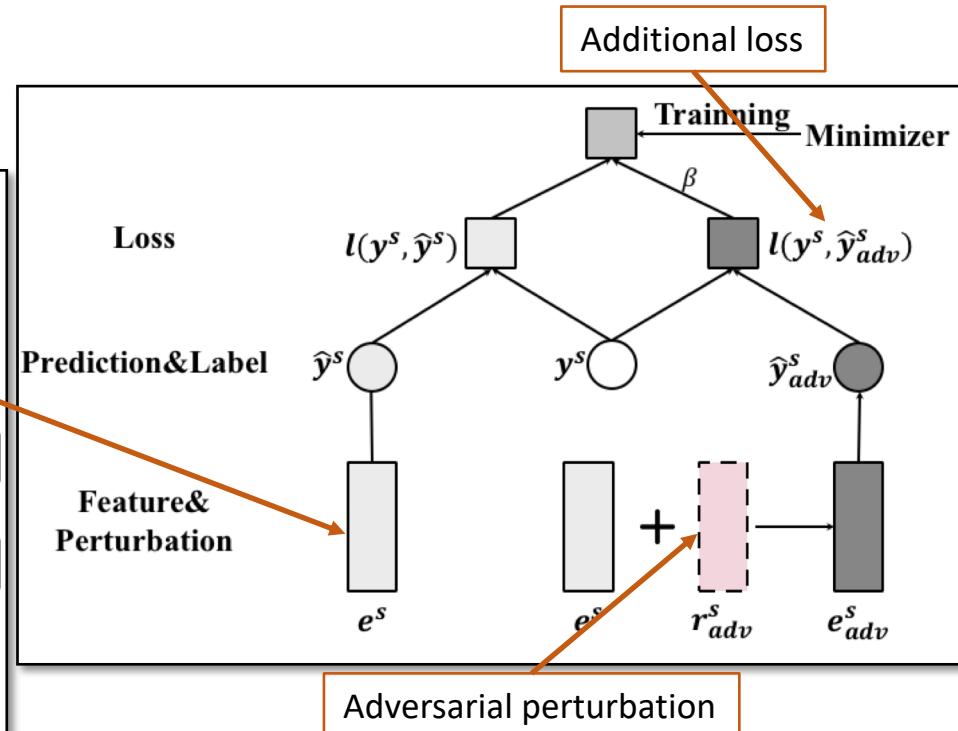
- Basic Model: *Attentive LSTM*

- LSTM layer captures sequential dependency and projects sequential inputs into hidden representations.
- Temporal attention layer adaptively aggregates hidden representations at different time-steps into  $e^s$ .



- Adversarial Training

- Constructs *adversarial examples* via adding *perturbation* to latent representation  $e^s$ .
- With an additional loss to encourage correct predictions for the adv. examples.



# Stock Prediction with NN Experiments

**Experiment dataset:** ACL18, a public dataset with 88 high-trade-volume-stocks in NASDAQ and NYSE [Xu, ACL'18].

**Performance comparison:** **ALSTM** is the basic model; **LSTM** is **ALSTM** removing attention; **Adv-ALSTM** is **ALSTM** with adv. training; **StockNet** is the SOTA using VAE.

- Significant improvements.

Distributions of *classification confidences* assigned by **ALSTM** and **Adv-ALSTM** for clean examples in validation and testing.

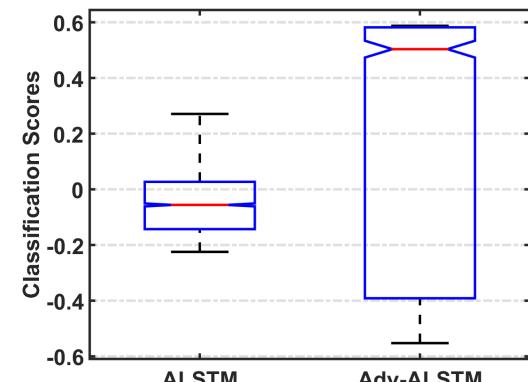
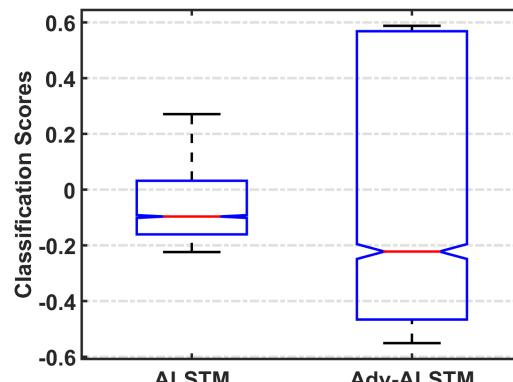
- Enforce margin.

**Table 1:** Statistics of the dataset.

	Training	Validation	Testing
Duration	Jan-01-2014 Jul-31-2015	Aug-01-2015 Sep-30-2015	Oct-01-2015 Dec-31-2015
#Examples (+)	10,305	1,139	1,908
#Examples (-)	10,010	1,416	1,812

**Table 2:** Performance of the compared methods. RI denotes the relative improvement of **Adv-ALSTM** compared to the associated baseline.

Methods	Acc	RI	MCC	RI
<b>RAND</b>	$50.89 \pm \text{—}$	12.40%	$-0.0023 \pm \text{—}$	—
<b>LSTM</b>	$53.18 \pm 5\text{e-}1$	7.56%	$0.0674 \pm 5\text{e-}3$	120.03%
<b>ALSTM</b>	$54.90 \pm 7\text{e-}1$	4.02%	$0.1043 \pm 7\text{e-}3$	42.19%
<b>StockNet</b>	$54.96 \pm \text{—}$	4.08%	$0.0165 \pm \text{—}$	798.79%
<b>Adv-ALSTM</b>	<b><math>57.20 \pm \text{—}</math></b>	—	<b><math>0.1483 \pm \text{—}</math></b>	—



# Stock Prediction with NN

## Conclusion and Future Work

**Stochasticity** of historical price features should be considered.

### Structured data



Historical prices

Incorporating knowledge into the data driven learning model.



Domain knowledge

### Unstructured data



News reports

Fusion of traditional financial data and unstructured alternative data.



Analyst reports

<https://github.com/hennande/Adv-ALSTM>

# Thank You

Our research is supported by the National Research Foundation, Prime Minister's Office of Singapore under its IRC@SG Funding Initiative.

For more info, please visit [nextcenter.org](http://nextcenter.org)

**The End**

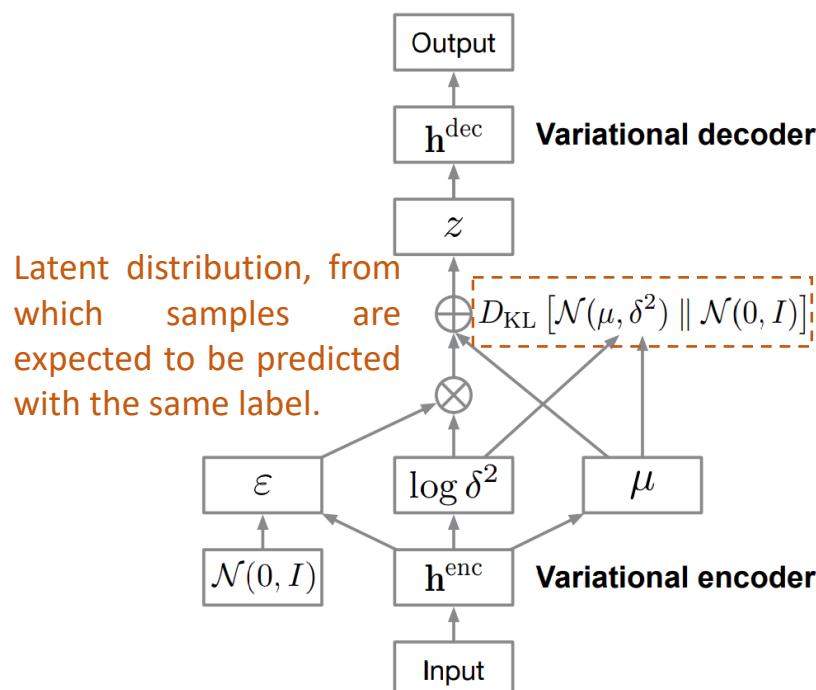


# Stock Prediction with NN

## Adversarial Training VS VAE

- Bayesian Deep Learning

- Modeling historical prices as **stochastic variables** rather than static values.
- [Xu, ACL'18] encodes historical prices with *Variational Autoencoder*.



- Adversarial Training

- **Common training** updates model parameters to fit training data (*clean examples*), i.e., make correct classifications.
- **Adversarial training** additionally constructs *adversarial examples* via adding small *perturbations* to the input of clean examples, and encourages the model to correctly classify the *adversarial examples*.

