



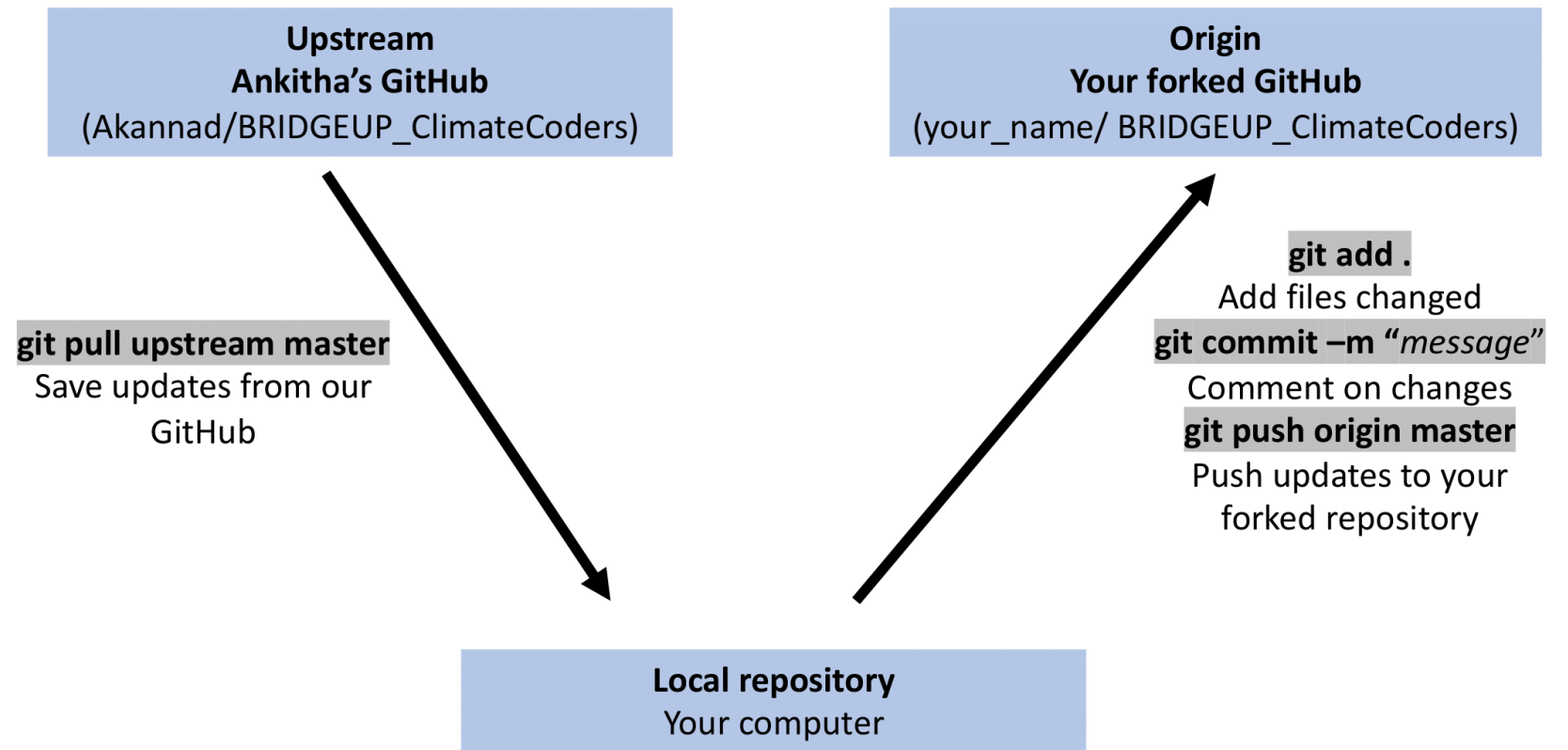
# READING IN OUR DATA

UNIT 3: RECONSTRUCTING  
CORAL CORE DATA

MARCH 17<sup>TH</sup> 2020

# HOUSEKEEPING

- Zoom guidelines:
  - Sharing errors on Slack
    - Short description of error and what you tried out already
    - Error message
    - Section of code/terminal
  - Break-out rooms
    - Separate chat/ video rooms to work as a group



## PLAN FOR TODAY

- ☐ Finish reading in the coral data files (from our Dropbox folder)
- ☐ Introduce linear regression which we will use to convert our Sr/Ca data to SST
- ☐ Update your lab notes
- ☐ Exit survey

# BREAK-OUT ROOMS

- In your lab notes,
  - Use pseudo-code, to outline the steps you will need to take to read in data

*Hint: A quick summary of some useful functions are in the next slide*

- Check if there are any shared errors
  - If you fixed it together, save a copy of the error and code in your lab notes with a short description of how you fixed it
  - Otherwise, post a screenshot of your code (just what is relevant!) and the error message on Slack.

# USEFUL FUNCTIONS

## Read in delimited text files:

`pandas.read_table(filepath, sep, header, skiprows, skipfooter)`

- **filepath:** path of file as string
- **sep:** separates the files in a delimited text file. Ex: period, comma, colon, etc.
- **header:** index of row which corresponds to the name of the columns
- **skiprows:** numbers of lines to skip at the start of the file
- **skipfooter:** number of lines at bottom of file to skip

## Drop rows or columns:

`pandas_dataframe.drop(labels, axis)`

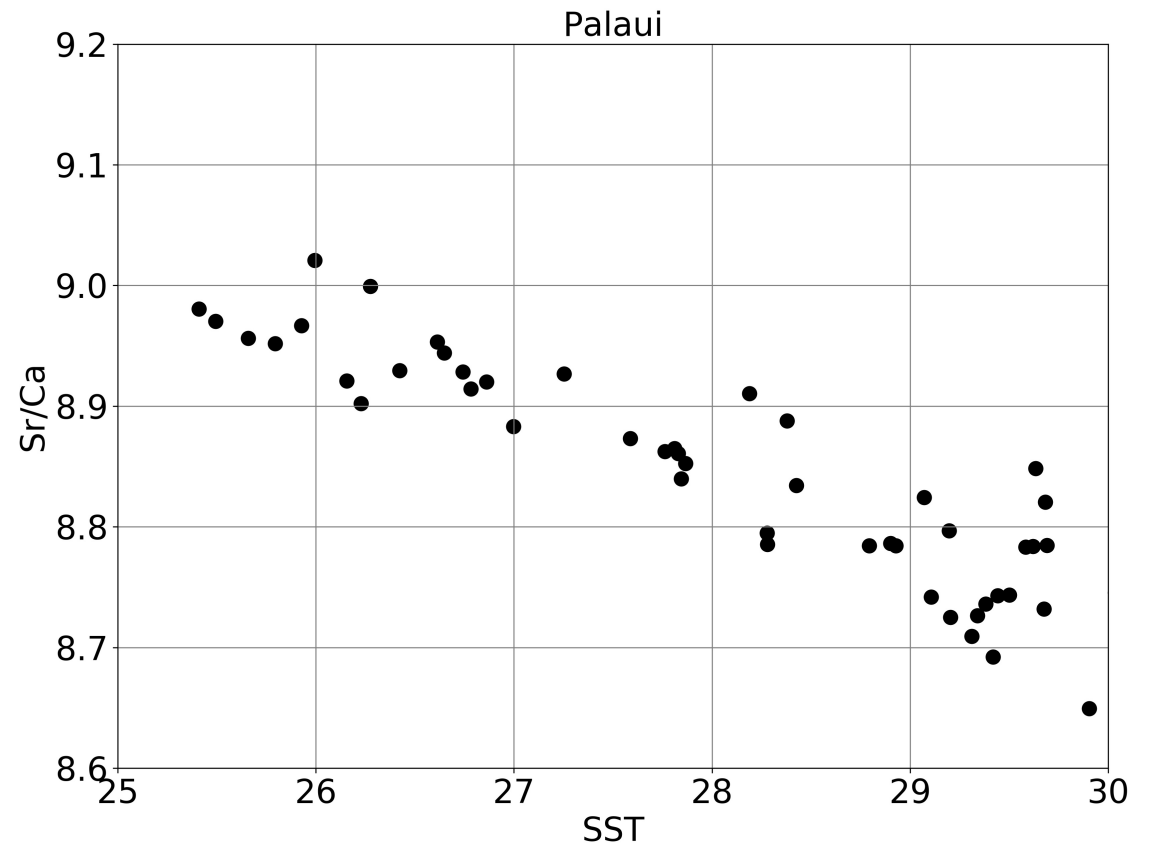
- **labels:** "column name" or if you have multiple ["col\_name1", "col\_name2", "col\_name3"]
- **axis:** axis = 0 for rows, axis = 1 for columns

For example:

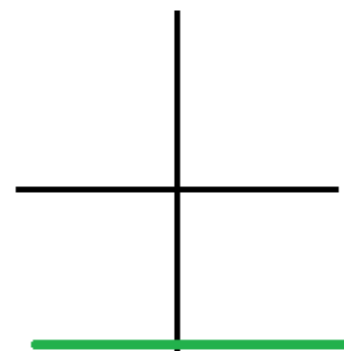
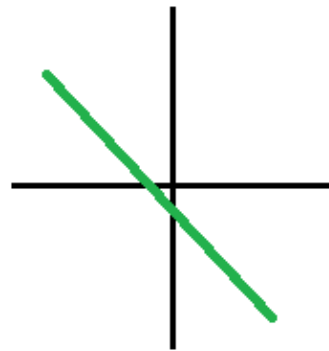
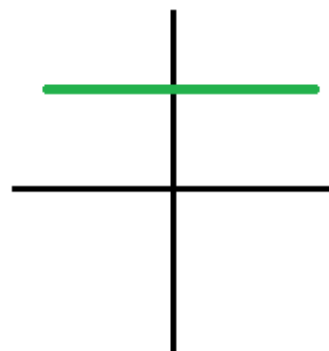
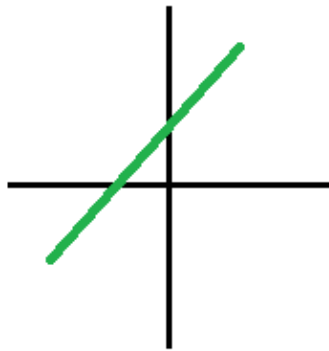
- `df.drop(labels = ['Date','Topic'], axis = 1)`

# SST → SODA SST

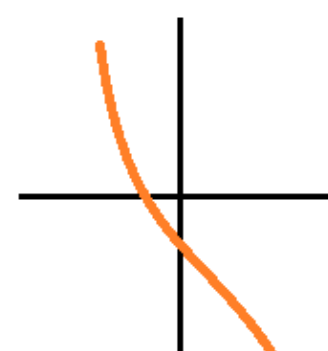
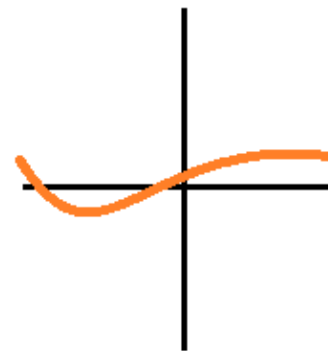
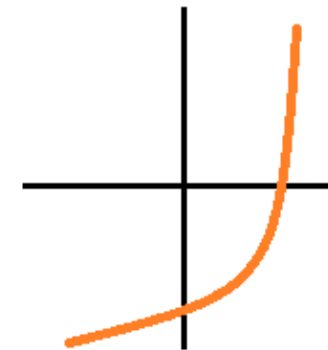
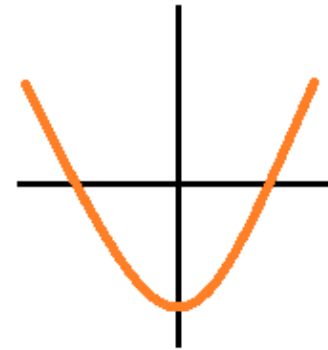
# What is the relationship between Sr/Ca and SST?



# IS THIS LINEAR OR NON-LINEAR?



Linear Functions



Nonlinear Functions

## OUR DATA SEEMS PRETTY LINEAR!

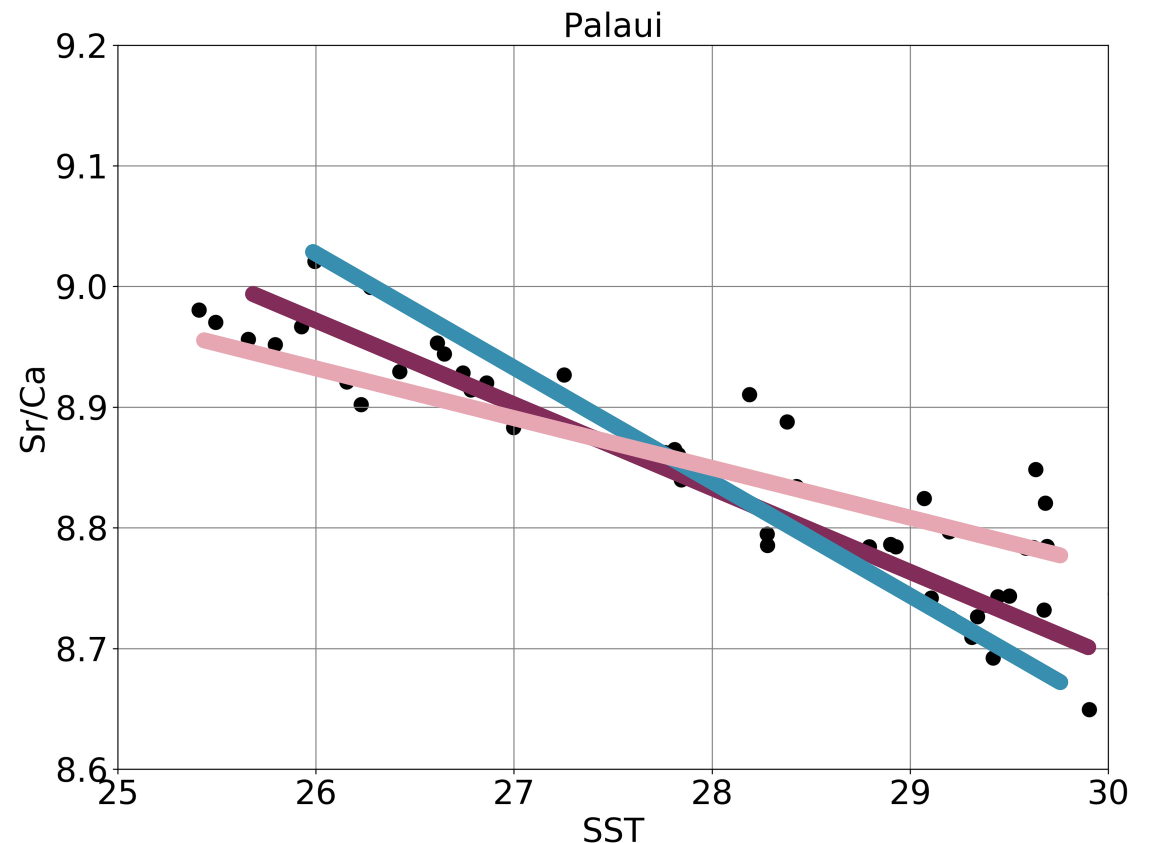
Linear equation:

$$y = m x + C$$

$m$  : slope of the line

$C$  : y-intercept

But which line describes the data best?



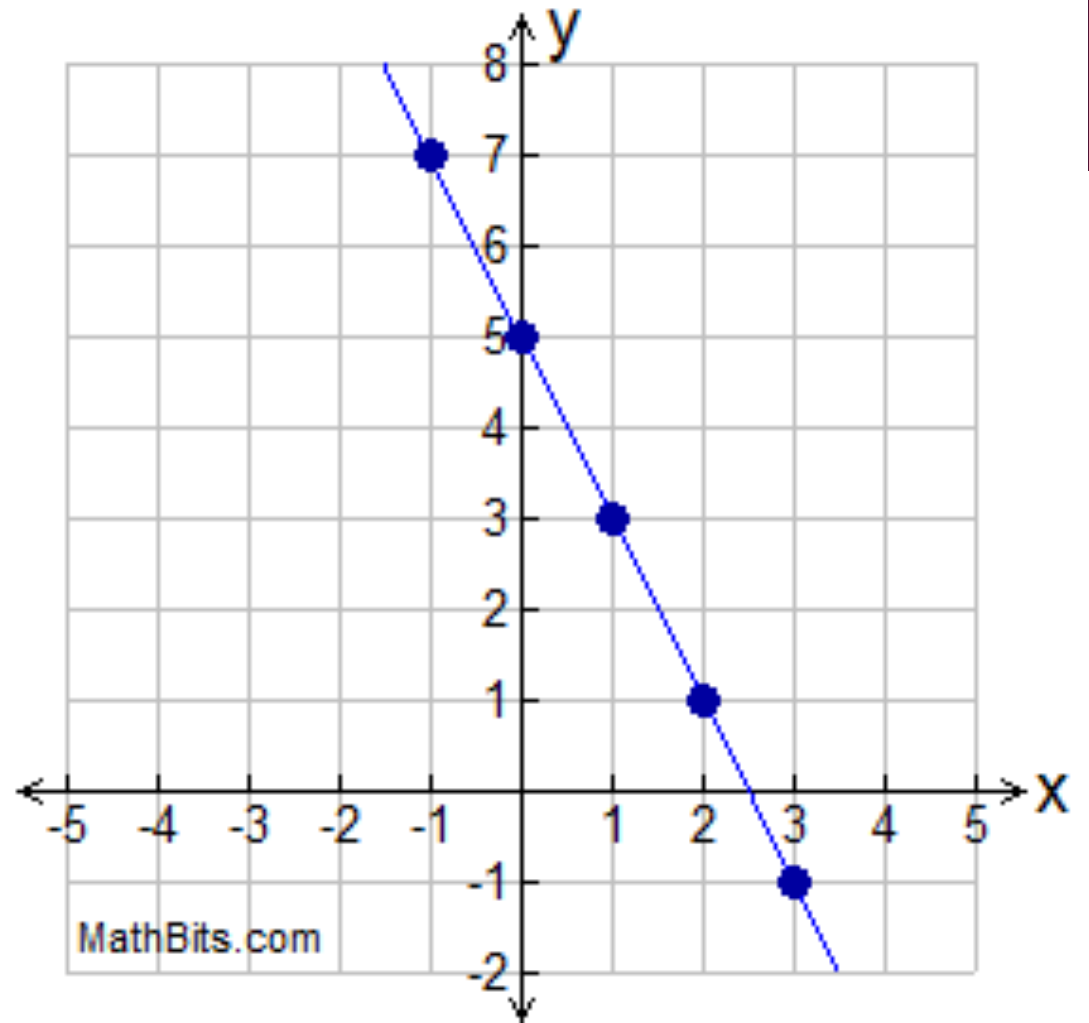


## QUICK REFRESHER

$$m = \frac{1 - 5}{2 - 0} = -2$$

$$C = 5$$

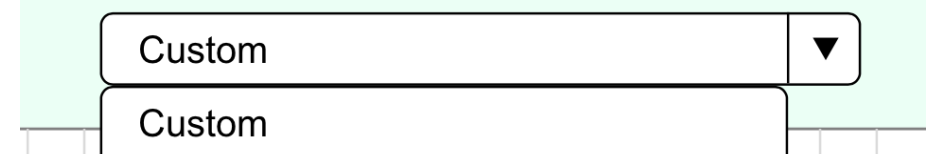
$$y = -2x + 5$$



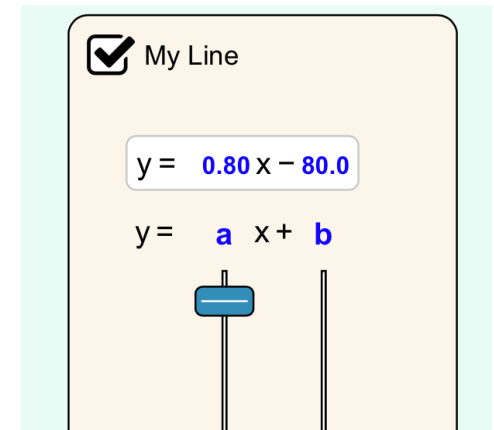
# LINEAR REGRESSION ACTIVITY

Go to [https://phet.colorado.edu/sims/html/least-squares-regression/latest/least-squares-regression\\_en.html](https://phet.colorado.edu/sims/html/least-squares-regression/latest/least-squares-regression_en.html)

- Select a dataset from the dropdown menu →



- Select “My Line” and try to fit your data by changing a and b



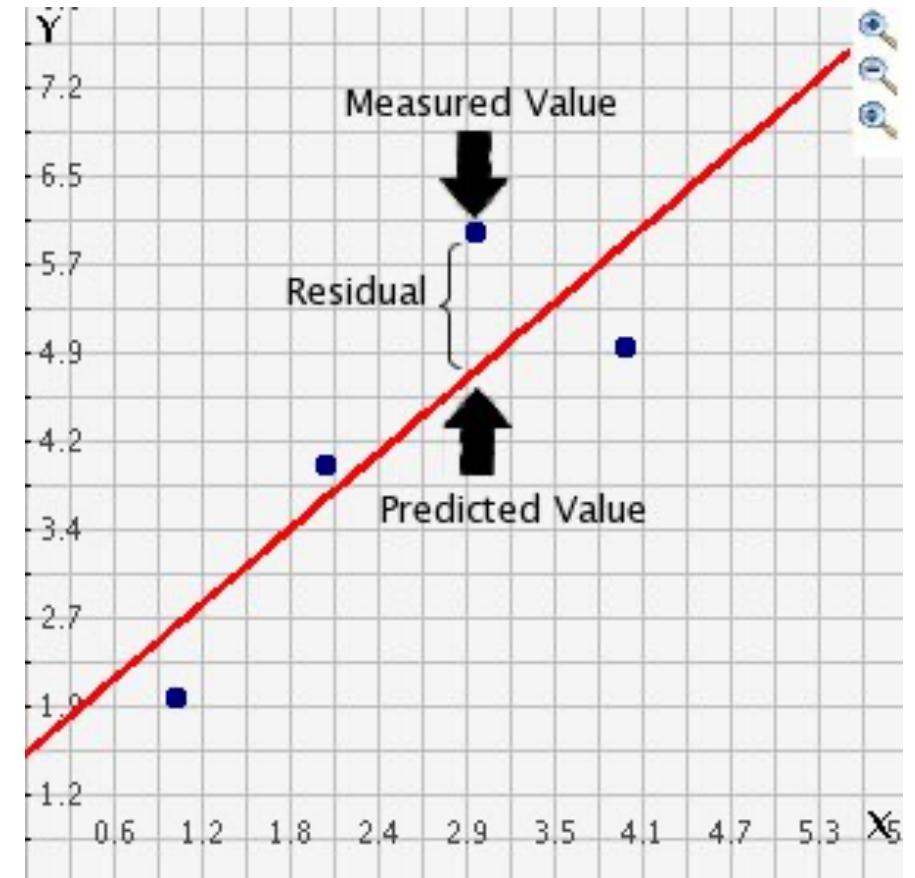
**How do we decide which line is a better fit?**

# ONE WAY IS TO MINIMIZE RESIDUALS!

- **Residual = distance of point from its predicted value on the line**

Check your understanding:

<https://www.khanacademy.org/math/statistics-probability/describing-relationships-quantitative-data/regression-library/e/calculating-interpreting-residuals>





UPDATE LAB NOTES

The image features a dark gray background with a light blue horizontal bar at the top and bottom. A vertical pink line is positioned to the left of the text. The text "EXIT SURVEY" is centered in a white, sans-serif font.

# EXIT SURVEY