**The Effect of Caucuses on US Primary Elections**

IDS 690: Unifying Data Science II  
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**Topic**

In the US presidential voting system, a preliminary round of voting takes place in which voters select a part nominee. The winner of this first election then goes on to run in the general election against the nominees of the other parties. This first round of voting can take place in two very different formats, a primary or a caucus. In primary elections, voters go to polls and cast ballots for their preferred candidate for their party in the general election. In caucuses, on the other hand, voters gather locally to openly debate and decide which candidate to support.

As Caitlin Jewitt put it during an NPR interview, “proponents of caucuses often say that it is deliberative democracy at its finest. It is the chance for people to show up and talk to their neighbors about politics, have informed conversation, talk to representatives from the campaigns and be persuaded.” (Cornish 2020). Because caucuses are a more participatory form of elections, proponents of caucuses often believe they make voters feel that they have a voice and that leads to increased voter turnout. Conversely, proponents of primaries retain that caucuses are time consuming and thus less available to all voters. If caucus voters are required to spend hours talking about the candidates and standing in a gymnasium waiting for all people in the room to be counted, perhaps hiring a babysitter to stay home with their kids, that may very well be enough to prevent many from attending.

**Project Questions**

**Ideal Experiment**

**Study Context**

**Project Design**

**Model Results**

**Final Variables Required**

**Data Sources**

**References**

Cornish, A. (Host). (2020, February 5) Caucuses Or Primaries? Why States Might Pick One Or The Other. [Radio broadcast episode]. <https://www.npr.org/2020/02/05/803183343/caucuses-or-primaries-why-states-might-pick-one-or-the-other>