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Roll No :- 28

BATCH :- I2

SEM :- 7 / I.T

SUBJECT :- A.I.

DOA   DOP   REMARK   SIGN

Q1) Explain PEAS descriptors for WUMPUS World

- i) performance measure
- +100 for grabbing the goal and coming back to start.
- -200 if the player is killed.
- -1 per action
- -10 for using the arrow

ii) Environment
- Empty Rooms
- Room with WUMPUS
- Room neighbouring with bottomless pits which are breezy
- Room with gold which is glittery
- Arrow to shoot the WUMPUS

iii) Sensors Consuming a robotic agent.
- Camera to get the view
- Odour sensor to smell the stench.
- Audio sensor to listen to the screen and bump.

iv) Effectors Consuming a robotic agent
- Motor to move left right
- Robot arm to grab the gold
- Robot mechanism to shoot the arrow
  The WUMPUS world agent has following Characteristic :-

a) Fully Observable   b) Deterministic   c) episodic

d) Static   e) Discrete   f) single agent.

Q2> Explain various elements of Cognitive System.

- Cognitive Computing is a new type of computing with the goal of more accurate models of how the human brain/mind senses, reasons, and responds to stimulate. Generally, the term cognitive computing is used to refer to new hardware and/or software that mimic the following functioning of the human brain thereby improving human decision making. Cognitive computing applications links data analysis, and adaptive page display i.e. Adaptive user interfaces to adjust content for a particular type of audience.

- Following are elements of Cognitive System:-

a) Interactive :- They may interact easily with users so that those users can define their needs comfortably. They may also interact with other processors, devices and Cloud services, as well as with people.

b) Adaptive :- They may be engineered to feed on dynamic data in real time, they may learn as information changes and as goals and requirements evolve. They may resolve ambiguity and tolerate unpredictability behaviours

c) Intextual :- They may understand, identify and extract contextual elements such as meaning, syntax, location, appropriate domain, etc.

d) Interactive and Stateful :- They may aid in delving a problem by asking questions or finding additional source input if a problem statement is incomplete.

Q3) Write note on language field model

- The goal of a language model is to compute a probability of a token e.g. a sentence or sequence of words and are useful in many different NPL applications.

- language model (LM) actually a grammar of a language as it gives the probability of word that will follow.

- In case of (LM) the probability of a sentence as sequence of words is :- $P(w) = P(w_1, w_2, w_3 \ldots w_n)$

- It can also be used to find the probability of the next word in sentences $P(w_5 | w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4)$

- A model that computes either of these is language model

- There are various language model available a few are :-

a) Methods using Markov assumption :-

- A process which is stochastic in nature, is said to have the Markov property if the conditional probability of future states depends upon present state.

b) N-gram Models :-

- From the Markov assumptions, we can formally define models where $k = n-1$ as following :-

$$P(w_i | w_1 \, w_2 \ldots w_{i-1})$$

c) Unigram model $(k=1)$:-

$$P(w_1 \, w_2 \ldots w_n) = \prod_{i} P(w_i)$$

a> Bigram Model (K=2):-
$$P(\omega_1 | \omega_1 \omega_2 = .. \omega_i -i) = P(\omega_1 | \omega_{i-1})$$

Q4) Write a note on Machine Translation:-
- Machine translation is classic test of language understand. It consist of both language analysis and generation. Many machine translation system have huge Commercial use. Following are few of the examples:-

• Google translate goes through 100 billion words per day
• eBay uses Machine translation techniques to enable Cross-border trade and connect buyers/sellers around globe.
• Facebook uses (MT) to translate text in posts and comments automatically in order to break language barriers.
• Systran became the first software provider to launch a neural Machine translation engine in more than 30 languages in 2016.
• Microsoft brings AI-powered translation system, parallel corpus a collection of two is used to each of work, is translated into one or more other languages than the original. For example, given the source language eg. French and the target language eg. English, Multiple statistical models needs to be build, including a probabilistic formulation using the Bayesian Rule, a translation model P(R)c trained on parallel corpus and a language model P(c) trained on

the english corpus.
- It is obvious that, this approach skips hundreds of important details, require a lot of human feature engineering and is overall a complex system.

Q5 Explain the following terms:-
a) Phonology:-
- It is the study of organizing sounds. systematically, in an NLP (Natural language Processing) system.

b) Morphology:-
- It is a study of construction of words from primitive meaningful units.

c) lexical Analysis:-
- Lexicon is the words and phrases in language lexical analysis deals with the recognition and identification of structure of sentences. It divides the paragraphs in sentences, phrases and words.

d) Syntactic Analysis:-
- In Syntactic Analysis the sentences are parsed as noun, verbs, adjective and other parts of sentences. In this phase the grammer of the sentence is analyzed in order to get relationship among different words in sentences. For example, "mango eats me" will be rejected by analizer.

e) word sense disambiguation:-
→ while using words that have more than one meaning we have to select the

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meaning which makes the most sense in context. For example, we are typically given a list of words associated word senses e.g. from a dictionary or from an online resource such as word net.