# 深度学习--环境配置

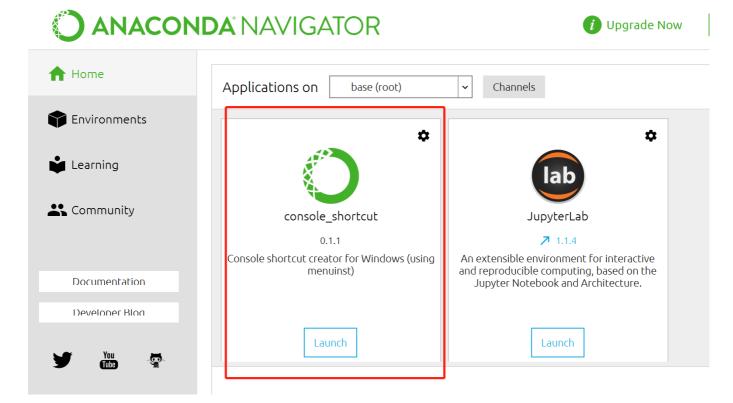
zqy

注意: (1) 在Part 2部署运行环境的时候需要先cd到项目的根目录下,如E:\Git-local,然后再进行condaenv list等操作

(2) cmd不要用win+r打开,要在anaconda中打开

) Anaconda Navigator

File Help



## Part 1 开发环境搭建(硬件+软件)

要有NVIDIA的显卡·因为AMD的无法安装CUDA; NVIDIA显卡的配置最好GTX 980+,显存8G以上; 或者可以用平台提供的免费算力(用起来麻烦·但是偶尔跑个算法还是ok的)

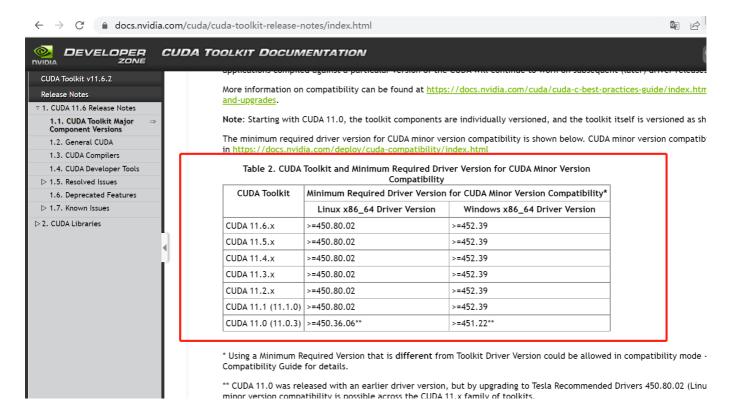
## Step 1.安装cuda

#### cuda是英伟达推出的运算平台 我们要根据显卡的型号来选择cuda的版本

如何查看电脑NVIDIA的版本:桌面右键打开NIVIDA控制面板,然后在系统信息中查看 笔者NVIDIA的版本是: 511.79

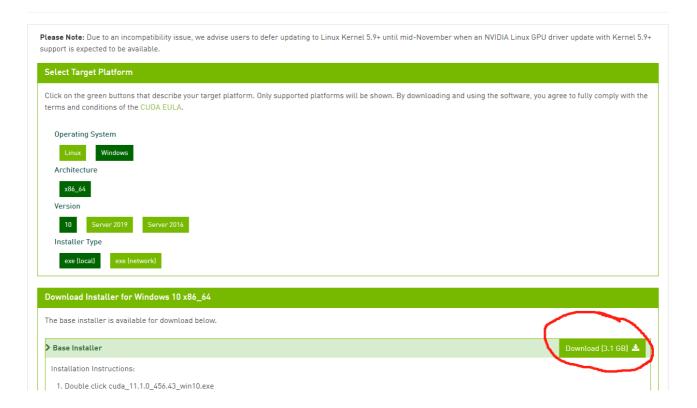


然后在英伟达的官网下载对应的cuda版本 英伟达官网:docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-toolkit-release-notes/index.html



这里安装cuda 11.1.0,打开网址:developer.nvidia.com/cuda-11.1.0-download-archive 根据电脑的操作系统下载,得到exe文件

## CUDA Toolkit 11.1.0



文件有点大,需要等待一下下载后直接运行exe文件,一直点下去ok就行,一直安装...



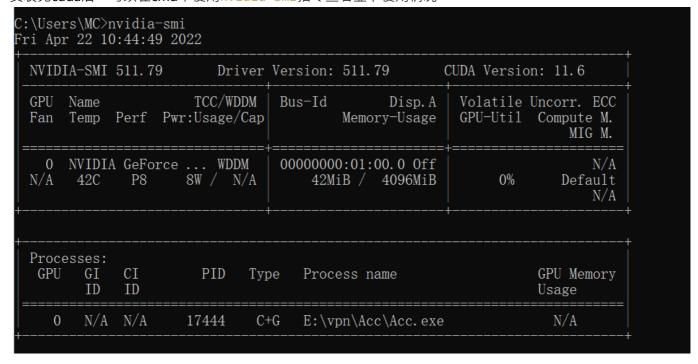
检测cuda是否安装:打开cmd·输入nvcc-V,若出现cuda版本·则ok

```
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.19043.928]
(c) Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Users\MC nvcc -V
nvcc: NVIDIA (R) Cuda compiler driver
Copyright (c) 2005-2020 NVIDIA Corporation
Built on Tue_Sop_15_19:12:04_Pacific_Daylight_Time_2020
Cuda compilation tools, release 11.1, V11.1.74
Build cuda_11.1.relgpu_drvr455TC455_06.29069683_0

C:\Users\MC>
```

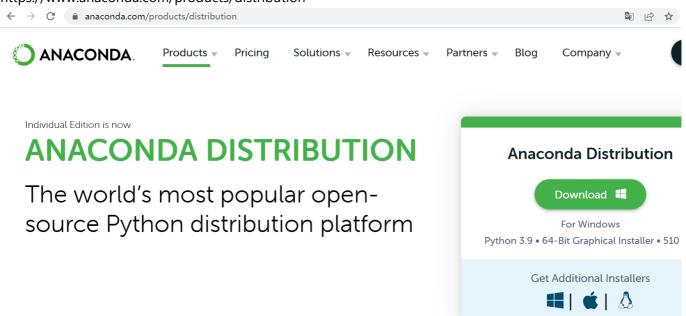
安装完cuda后,可以在cmd中使用nvidia-smi指令查看显卡使用情况



至此,cuda安装完成

### Step 2.安装Anaconda 3

Anaconda是python的包管理器和环境管理器·安装包的版本根据电脑系统选择就ok 下载地址:https://www.anaconda.com/products/distribution



如果电脑下载很慢,也可以去清华大学开源软件镜像站下载 网址:

## https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/archive/?C-M&O-D



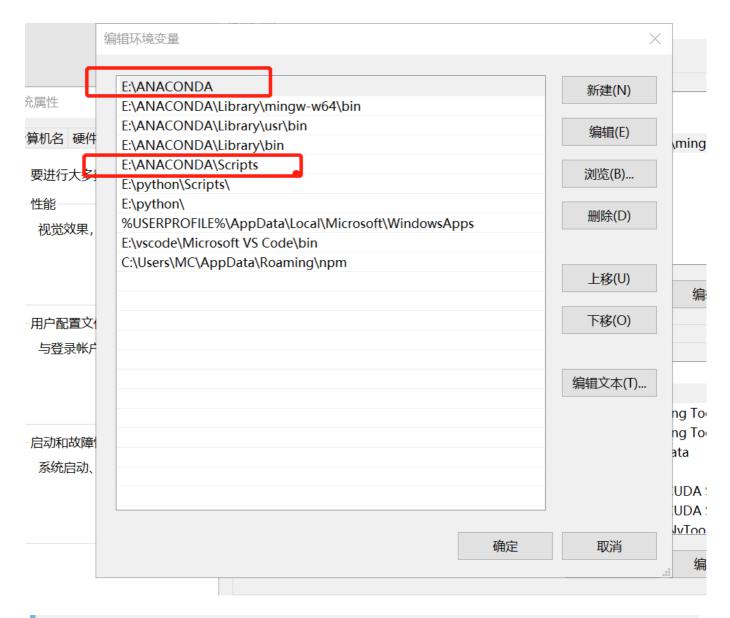
## Index of /anaconda/archive/

Index of /anaconda/archive/		Last Update: 2022-04	
File Name ↓	File Size ↓	Date ↓	
Parent directory/	-	-	
Anaconda-1.4.0-Linux-x86.sh	220.5 MiB	2013-07-04 01:47	
Anaconda-1.4.0-Linux-x86_64.sh	286.9 MiB	2013-07-04 17:26	
Anaconda-1.4.0-MacOSX-x86_64.sh	156.4 MiB	2013-07-04 17:40	
Anaconda-1.4.0-Windows-x86.exe	210.1 MiB	2013-07-04 17:48	
Anaconda-1.4.0-Windows-x86_64.exe	241.4 MiB	2013-07-04 17:58	
Anaconda-1.5.0-Linux-x86.sh	238.8 MiB	2013-07-04 18:10	
Anaconda-1.5.0-Linux-x86_64.sh	306.7 MiB	2013-07-04 18:22	
Anaconda-1.5.0-MacOSX-x86_64.sh	166.2 MiB	2013-07-04 18:37	
Anaconda-1.5.0-Windows-x86.exe	236.0 MiB	2013-07-04 18:45	
Anaconda-1.5.0-Windows-x86_64.exe	280.4 MiB	2013-07-04 18:57	
Anaconda-1.5.1-MacOSX-x86_64.sh	166.2 MiB	2013-07-04 19:11	

下载后傻瓜式安装,一直点下去就ok

配置环境变量,在系统变量中添加anaconda的根目录和Scripts目录, 笔者目录如下:

• anaconda根目录: E:\ANACOND • Scripts目录: E:\ANACONDA\Scripts



Conda 简介: Conda 是一个开源的软件包管理系统和环境管理系统,用于安装多个版本的软件包及其依赖关系,并在它们之间轻松切换。 Conda 是为 Python 程序创建的,适用于 Linux, OS X 和 Windows,也可以打包和分发其他软件,是目前流行的Python环境管理工具

配置好后,在cmd中运行conda env list就能查看到我们的虚拟环境了

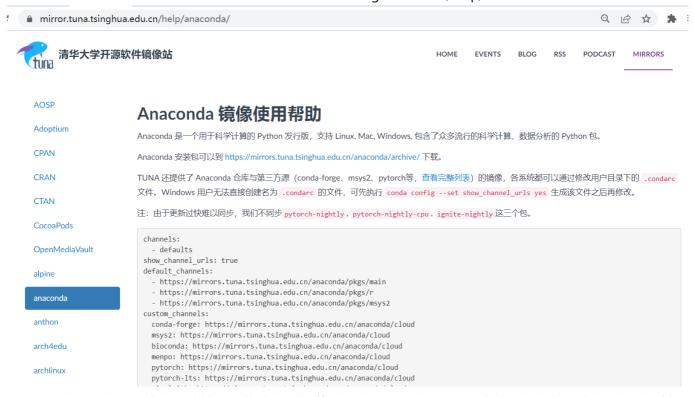
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.19043.928]
(c) Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Users\MC>conda env list
# conda environments:
# base \* E:\ANACONDA

C:\Users\MC>

安装好后,我们需要先更换安装包的下载源 mirror.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/help/anaconda



conda默认使用的是国外的源地址,下载速度很慢修改用户目录下的.condarc文件,添加如下内容并保存,这样就可以了,具体操作: a.先运行conda config --set show\_channel\_urls yes 然后在用户目录下就会生成.condarc文件,以记事本格式打开,添加以下内容并保存注意:下面的用http,不要用https,不然会报错

channels:
 - defaults
 show\_channel\_urls: true
 default\_channels:
 - http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/pkgs/main
 - http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/pkgs/r

4/24/2022 配置深度学习环境.md

- http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/pkgs/msys2 custom channels:

conda-forge: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud

msys2: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud bioconda: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud menpo: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud pytorch: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud pytorch-lts: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud simpleitk: http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/anaconda/cloud

然后创建一个新的环境,用于后续的算法环境的搭建, 输入指令conda create -n zgy jupyter notebook cudnn cudnn是用于深度神经网络的GPU加速库,jupyter notebook是好用的交互式编辑器

**cuDNN概述** (1) NVIDIACUDA®深度神经网络库(cuDNN)是GPU加速的用于深度神经网络的原语 库。cuDNN为标准例程提供了高度优化的实现,例如向前和向后卷积,池化,规范化和激活层。 (2) 全球的深度学习研究人员和框架开发人员都依赖cuDNN来实现高性能GPU加速。它使他们可以专注干训 练神经网络和开发软件应用程序,而不必花时间在底层GPU性能调整上。cuDNN的加快广泛使用的深度 学习框架·包括Caffe2, Chainer, Keras, MATLAB, MxNet, PyTorch和TensorFlow。已将cuDNN集成到 框架中的NVIDIA优化深度学习框架容器,访问NVIDIA GPU CLOUD了解更多信息并开始使用。 (3) cudnn加速框架























#### 这里都会安装到新的虚拟环境中·然后点y,开始安装第三方依赖库第一次下载可能会很慢·慢慢等待

C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - conda create -n zgy jupyter notebook cudnr anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::sip-4.19.13-py39hd77b12b\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::six-1.16.0-pyhd3eb1b0\_1
anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::six-1.16.0-pyhd3eb1b0\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::soupsieve-2.3.1-pyhd3eb1b0\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::sqlite-3.38.2-h2bbff1b\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::terminado-0.13.1-py39haa95532\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::testpath-0.5.0-pyhd3eb1b0\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::tornado-6.1-py39h2bbff1b\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::traitlets-5.1.1-pyhd3eb1b0\_0
anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::typing-extensions-4.1.1-hd3eb1b0\_0 sqlite stack\_data terminado testpath tornado traitlets traitlets anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::traitlets-5. 1. 1-pyhd3eb1b0\_0 anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::tryping-extensions-4. 1. 1-hd3eb1b0\_0 anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::typing-extensions-4. 1. 1-pyh06a4308\_0 anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::tzdata-2022a-hda174b7\_0 anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::tzdata-2022a-hda174b7\_0 anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::vc-14. 2-h21ff451\_1 anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::vs2015\_runtime-14. 27. 29016-h5e58377\_2 anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::wwwidth-0.2. 5-pyhd3eb1b0\_0 anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::webencodings-0.5.1-py39haa95532\_1 anaconda/pkgs/main/noarch::wheel-0.37.1-pyhd3eb1b0\_0 webencodings wheel widgetsnbextension anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::widgetsnbextension-3.5.2-py39haa95532\_0 wincertstore anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::wincertstore-0.2-py39haa95532\_2 winpty anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::winpty-0.4.3-4 anaconda/pkgs/main/win-64::zlib-1.2.12-h8cc25b3\_1 Proceed ([y]/n)? y Downloading and Extracting Packages ipython-8.2.0 | 1011 KB | 1011 KB 100% typing\_extensions-4. qt-5.9.7 winpty-0.4.3 prometheus\_client-0. 28 KB 72.5 MB 678 KB 100% 100% 100% 47 KB 20 KB 100% webencodings-0.5.1 ipykernel-6.9.1 argon2-cffi-bindings 100% 200 KB 100% 100% 36 KB cudnn-8. 2. 1 428.9 MB 3%

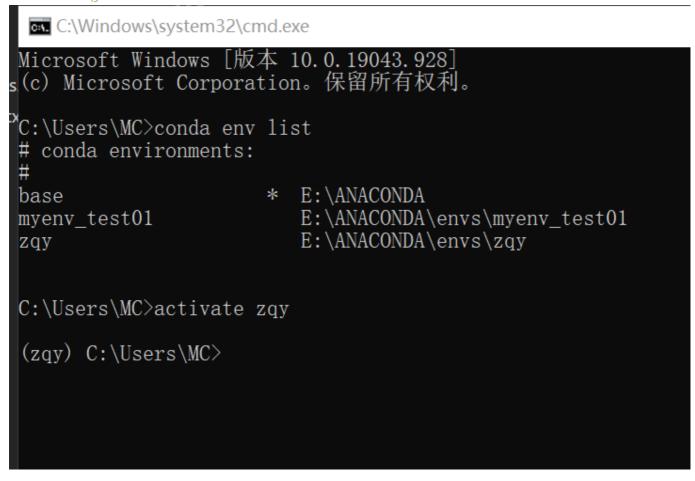
如果出现Conda - Downloaded bytes did not match Content-Lengt错误,参考以下文章: https://blog.csdn.net/qq\_46092061/article/details/119141556

如何手动安装cudnn https://www.zhangshilong.cn/work/36621.html

conda下载超时怎么办: https://blog.csdn.net/Arthur\_Holmes/article/details/105095088

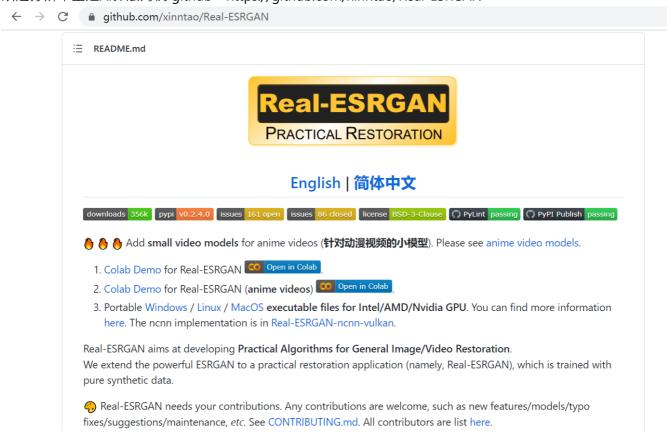
(可能要等好久)第三方库安装完后,使用active指令切换到名为xxx的虚拟环境中,每个虚拟环境都是独立的,互不影响,这样子可以配置多个开发环境,避免冲突问题 Windows: activate zqy Linux: source

activate zgy



## Part 2.算法部署与运行

以超分辨率重建Ai算法为例 github:https://github.com/xinntao/Real-ESRGAN



#### 1.算法环境搭建

#### Step 1. 下载代码包

在https://github.com/xinntao/Real-ESRGAN点击download下载 打开requirements.txt文件 · 里面详细说明了需要的第三方库

facexlib>=0.2.0.3 gfpgan>=0.2.1 numpy opencv-python Pillow torch>=1.7 (深度学习框架) torchvision tqdm

#### Step 2.安装pytorch

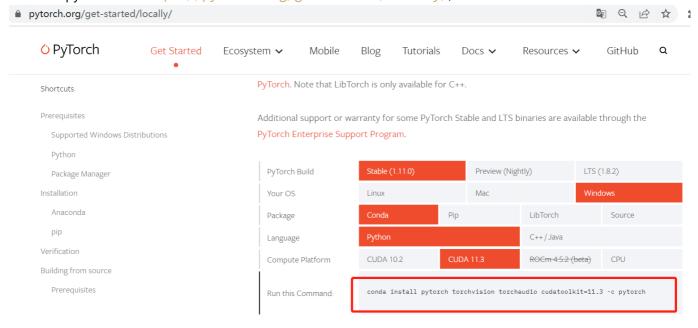
输入conda env list显示环境列表 输入activate xxx 切换到要安装的虚拟环境中

Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.19043.928]
s(c) Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

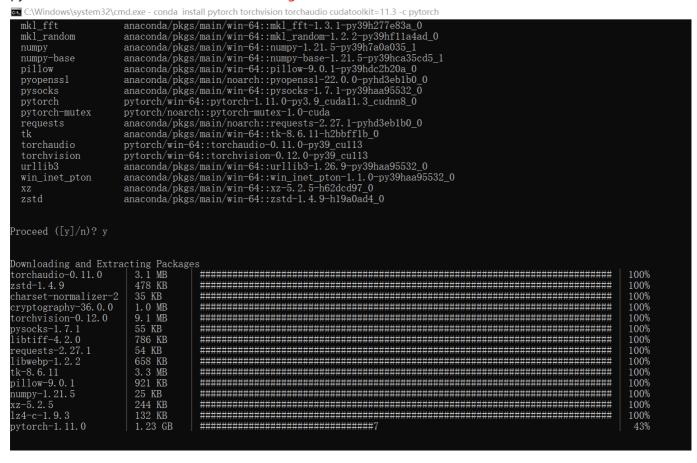
C:\Users\MC>conda env list
# conda environments:
# base \* E:\ANACONDA
myenv\_test01 E:\ANACONDA\envs\myenv\_test01
zqy E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy

C:\Users\MC>activate zqy
(zqy) C:\Users\MC>

#### 然后打开pytorch官网https://pytorch.org/get-started/locally/,根据我们的情况选择所需要的版本

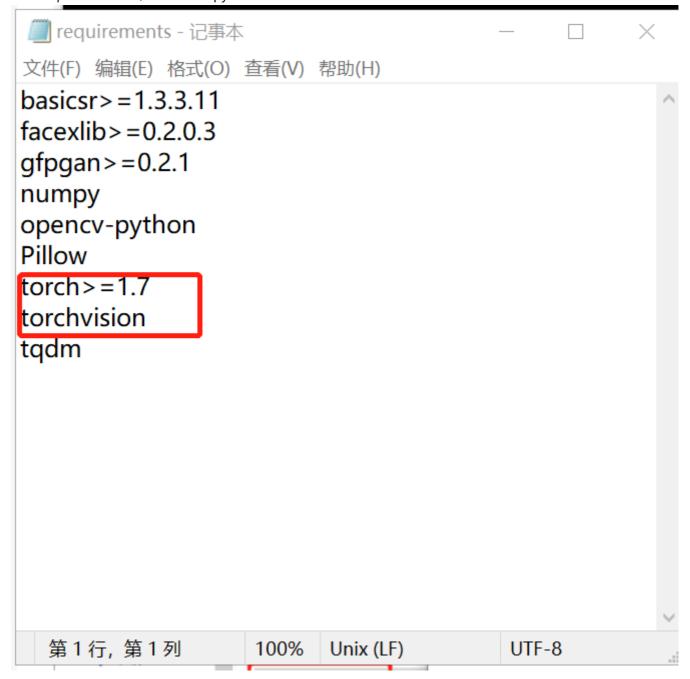


然后复制命令conda install pytorch torchvision torchaudio cudatoolkit=11.3 -c pytorch安装 pytorch 这里建议不要本地安装,不容易找bug



Step 3.安装requirements.txt中的其他依赖

打开requirements.txt,将安装好的pytorch和torchvision删除掉



输入命令: python -m pip install -r .\requirements.txt 下载太慢的话用pip install -r requirements.txt -i https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple/ --default-timeout=5000 速度 会快很多,参照换源+修改下载设置时间

```
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/8a/c4/d15f1e627f1
78 kB)
                                        78 kB 360 kB/s
ollecting addict
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/6a/00/b08f23b7d7e
kB)
ollecting future
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/45/0b/38b06fd9b92
                                        829 kB 312 kB/s
ollecting 1mdb
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/90/fd/788b49864b
(106 \text{ kB})
                                        106 kB 128 kB/s
ollecting pyyaml
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/08/f4/ffa743f860
(151 \text{ kB})
                                        151 kB 327 kB/s
equirement already satisfied: requests in e:\anaconda\envs\zqy\lib\site-p
ollecting scikit-image
Downloading https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/packages/ec/c3/e151d1f03e3
amd64.whl (12.6 MB)
                                        2.0 MB 177 kB/s
                                                         eta 0:01:00
```

#### (注意,千万把VPN关掉,不然会报一堆错误)

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - conda install pytorch torchvision torchaudio cudatoolkit=11.3 -c pytorch - python -m resp = conn. urlopen(
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages\pip\_vendor\urllib3\connectionpool.py", li self._prepare_proxy(conn)
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages\pip\_vendor\urllib3\connectionpool.py", li conn. connect()
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages\pip\_vendor\urllib3\connection.py", line 3 conn = self._connect_tls_proxy(hostname, conn)
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages\pip\_vendor\urllib3\connection.py", line 5 return ssl_wrap_socket(
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages\pip\_vendor\urllib3\util\ssl_.py", line 45 ssl_sock = _ssl_wrap_socket_impl(sock, context, tls_in_tls)
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages\pip\_vendor\urllib3\util\ssl_.py", line 49 return ssl_context.wrap_socket(sock)
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\ssl.py", line 500, in wrap_socket return self.sslsocket_class._create(
File "E:\ANACONDA\envs\zqy\lib\ssl.py", line 997, in _create
```

#### 解决pip install -r requirements.txt很慢的方案

```
zqy) E:\Github_local_test\Code\Real-ESRGAN-master>python -m pip install -r .\requirements.txt
zqy) E:\G1thub_rocar_cest(cost)
ollecting basicsr>=1.3.3.11
Downloading basicsr-1.3.5.tar.gz (161 kB)
161 kB 65 kB/s
ollecting facexlib>=0.2.0.3
Downloading facexlib-0.2.2-py3-none-any.wh1 (59 kB)
59 kB 26 kB/s
                                                         59 kB 26 kB/s
 ollecting gfpgan>=0.2.1
Down<u>loading gfpgan-1.3.2-py3-none-any</u>.whl (47 kB)
                                                          47 kB 15 kB/s
                                                     in e:\anaconda\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages (from -r .\requirements.txt (line 4)) (1.21.5)
equirement already satisfied: numpy
ollecting opency-python
Using cached opency_python-4.5.5.64-cp36-abi3-win_amd64.whl (35.4 MB)
equirement already satisfied: Pillow in e:\anaconda\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages (from -r .\requirements.txt (line 6)) (9.0.1)
ollecting tqdm
Down<u>loading tqdm-4.64.0-py2.py3-none-</u>any.whl (78 kB)
                                                         78 kB 12 kB/s
ollecting addict
Downloading addict-2.4.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.8 kB)
ollecting future
Down<u>loading future-0.18.2.tar.gz (829</u> kB)
                                                          829 kB 61 kB/s
ollecting
 Downloading 1mdb-1.3.0-cp39-cp39-win_amd64.whl (106 kB)
                                                         106 kB 94 kB/s
ollecting pyyaml

Downloading PyYAML-6.0-cp39-cp39-win amd64.whl (151 kB)

151 kB 19 kB/s
Requirement already satisfied: requests in e:\anaconda\envs\zqy\lib\site-packages (from basicsr>=1.3.3.11->-r .\requirements.t
Collecting scikit-image

Downloading scikit_image-0.19.2-cp39-cp39-win_amd64.whl (12.6 MB)

| 6.5 MB 60 kB/s eta 0:01:43
```

#### 至此,算法依赖环境搭建完成

```
Successfully built basicsr filterpy future

Successfully built basicsr filterpy future

Installing collected packages: pyasnl, zipp, rsa, pyasnl-modules, oauthlib, cachetools, requests-oauthlib, numpy, kiwis

lver, importlib-metadata, google-auth, fonttools, cycler, werkzeug, tifffile, tensorboard-plugin-wit, tensorboard-data-

erver, scipy, PyWavelets, protobuf, networkx, matplotlib, markdown, llvmlite, imageio, grpcio, google-auth-oauthlib, ab

l-py, yapf, tqdm, tb-nightly, scikit-image, pyyaml, opencv-python, numba, lmdb, future, filterpy, addict, facexlib, bas

csr, gfpgan

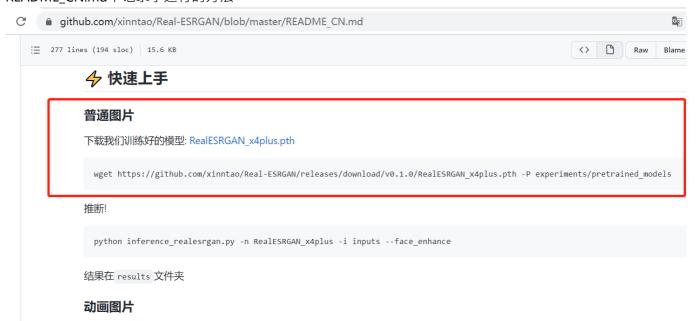
Attempting uninstall: numpy

Found existing installation: numpy 1.21.5

Uninstalling numpy-1.21.5:
```

#### 2.算法部署与运行

#### README\_CN.md中记录了运行的方法



先下载好训练完成的模型RealESRGAN x4plus.pth地址

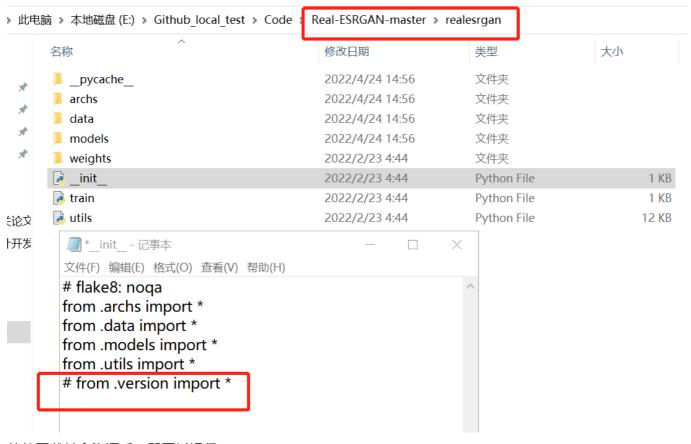
#### 将模型放到工程目录的experiments/pretrained models目录下



输入python inference\_realesrgan.py -n RealESRGAN\_x4plus -i inputs --face\_enhance测试一下,结果会在results文件夹中 会出现以下错误

```
(zqy) E:\Github_local_test\Code\Real-ESRGAN-master>python inference_realesrgan.py -n RealESRGAN_x4plus -i inputs --
hance
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "E:\Github_local_test\Code\Real-ESRGAN-master\inference_realesrgan.py", line 7, in \lambda module >
        from realesrgan import RealESRGANer
   File "E:\Github_local_test\Code\Real-ESRGAN master\realesrgan\_init__.py", line 6, in \lambda module >
        from .version import *
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'realesrgan.version'
(zqy) E:\Github_local_test\Code\Real-ESRGAN-master>
```

说明包导入有问题,看下本地目录,找到realesrgan文件夹,打开\_init\_.py文件 把from.version import \*注释掉



等待下载其余资源后,即可以运行

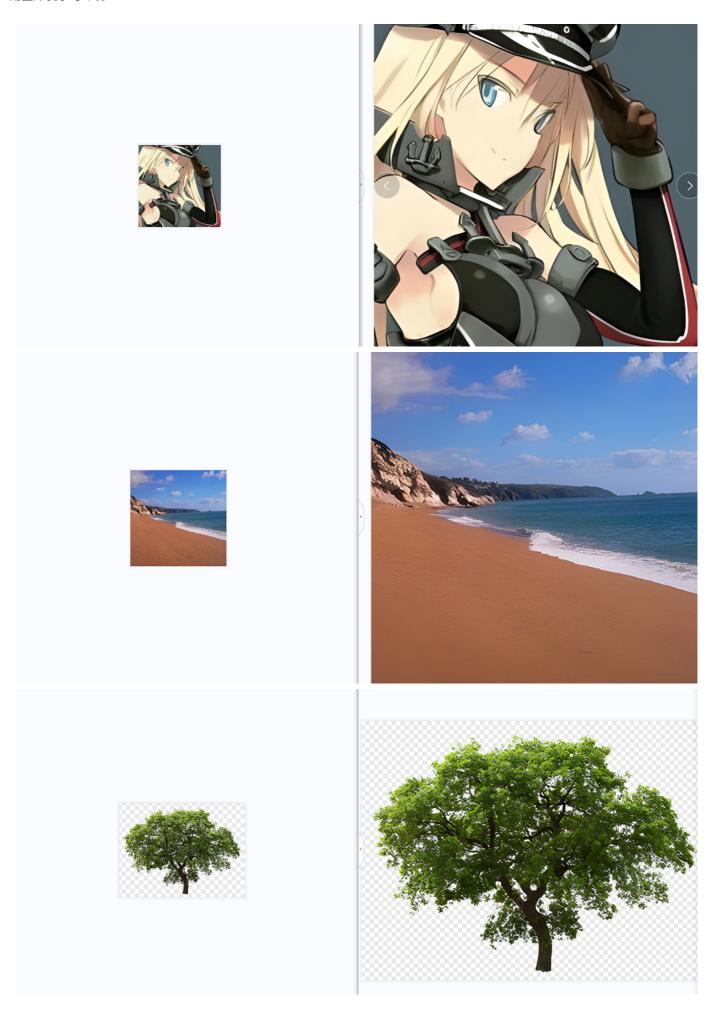
#### 在目录下会生成results文件夹

📙 realesrgan	2022/4/24 14:56	文件夹	
<u>results</u>	2022/4/24 15:07	文件夹	
scripts	2022/2/23 4:44	文件夹	
tests	2022/2/23 4:44	文件夹	
gitignore	2022/2/23 4:44	Git Ignore 源文件	2
<pre>.pre-commit-config</pre>	2022/2/23 4:44	Yaml 源文件	2

结果展示:将inputs和results文件夹图片对比如下







附录

参考 Real-ESRGAN项目: https://github.com/xinntao/Real-ESRGAN