MIS3690 - Web Technologies



Introduction to JavaScript

What is JavaScript?

- A programming language
 - originally used only in web browsers (with JavaScript engine)
 - now embeded in servers, usually via Node.js
- Client-side JavaScript
 - the main focus of this course
 - enabling interactive web pages
 - create dynamically updating content
 - control multimedia
 - animate images
 - and many other things
- Server-side JavaScript

How to add JavaScript

- Internal JavaScript
 - can be added in <head> or bottom of body (preferably)
 - we will be using this in class
- External JavaScript
 - o create .js file
 - o use defer / async
 - o syntax:

```
<script src="script.js" defer></script>
```

- Inline JavaScript handlers
 - easy to connect event with element
 - o it is bad practice to *pollute* your HTML with JavaScript (**not allowed!**)

JavaScript Examples

- Download lec12-js-demo.html from GitHub (mis3690/resources/templates)
- Open the file in web browser and interact
- Read the source code
 - o any questions?



JavaScript - Basic Concepts

DOM - Document Object Model

- What is DOM?
 - the data representation of the objects that comprise the structure and content of a document on the web
 - a programming interface for HTML documents
- See example

Fundamental data types

- Document
 - the root
- Node
 - every object located within a document is a node of some kind
 - o could be an *element* node, or an *attribute* node
- Element
- NodeList
 - o an array of nodes

What is an event?

When a page load happens, do play the video of a cat sliding into cardboard.

When a click happens, do submit my online purchase.

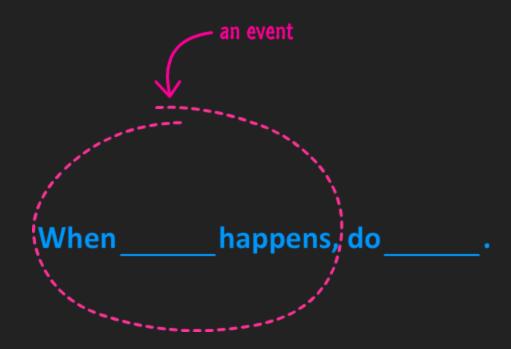
When a mouse release happens, do hurl the giant/not-so-happy bird.

When a delete key press happens, do send this file to the Recycle Bin.

When a touch gesture happens, do apply this old timey filter to this photo.

When a file download happens, do update the progress bar.

What is an event?



Handling events

- Event listener
 - © EventTarget.addEventListener()
- Event handler
 - onevent

Registering onevent handlers

- The onevent handlers are properties on certain DOM elements to manage how that element reacts to events
- Two ways
 - o adding an HTML attribute named on < eventtype >:

```
<button onclick="handleClick()">
<!-- again, it is bad practice -->
```

setting the corresponding property from JavaScript:

```
document.querySelector("button").onclick = function(event) {
    ...
}
```

Exercise

Modify *lec12-js-demo.html*, so it uses **the second way** to handle the event of clicking on the button

Object properties

- JavaScript treats everything as an object
- Properties describe the characteristics of an object
 - o use dot notation: object.property
 - examples:
 - document.title the title property of a web page doc
 - image.src the source property of the image element
 - different types of objects have different properties

Object methods

- *Methods* are functions that are performed by an object
 - think of them as verbs
- use *dot notation*: object.method(arguments)
 - arguments could be empty
- examples:
 - o document.getElementById("a")
 - document the object
 - getElementById("a") the function (or method) that is part of this object
 - it gets the "puppet strings" to the element whose id is "a"
 - console.log(message)
 - outputs message to the web console
 - is an important way to debug

Exercise

Play with *lec12-js-demo.html* with what you just learned.

Questions?

