

# Barangay Residency Management System (BRMS)

(Advanced Database Systems Research Proposal)

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## I. Context and Relevance

Barangays in the Philippines serve as the smallest political units and are at the frontline of governance, providing basic services, community documents, and certifications to residents. Despite their importance, many barangays still rely on manual and outdated record-keeping practices for storing residency data, household profiles, and certifications. These paper-based processes often result in inefficiencies, duplicated records, difficulty in retrieval, and delays in service delivery.

For this research, the focus will be on **Baragay Road**, chosen as the pilot site for the proposed system. Concentrating on one barangay provides a manageable and realistic scope for development, testing, and evaluation while ensuring that the results can later be replicated or scaled to other barangays.

The **Barangay Residency Management System (BRMS)** seeks to address existing gaps by introducing a digital platform that centralizes resident records and automates certification processes within this specific barangay. This ensures that officials can process requests such as Barangay Clearances and Certificates of Residency more quickly and accurately. Additionally, the digital system enhances transparency, efficiency, and accountability while aligning with the Philippine government's eGovernance and digital transformation initiatives.

By adopting advanced database systems, BRMS not only improves services in the selected barangay but also generates accurate demographic insights useful for local planning and decision making at the grassroots level.

## Targeted Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

- **SDG 16: Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions** – By strengthening local governance through secure, transparent, and efficient residency management within the barangay,

BRMS fosters trust between citizens and their local leaders.

- **SDG 9: Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure** – By digitizing the record-keeping of one barangay, BRMS promotes innovation in community-level governance and contributes to sustainable digital infrastructure.

## Existing Challenges

The current residency record management practices in the chosen barangay face several challenges:

1. **Manual and Time Consuming Processes** – Paper-based systems slow down the retrieval and updating of resident information, resulting in long waiting times for certificates and documents.
2. **Data Inconsistencies and Duplication** – Redundant or outdated files create confusion and may delay certification processes.
3. **Security Risks** – Physical records are prone to loss, theft, or damage due to disasters, mishandling, or unauthorized access.
4. **Limited Accessibility** – Residents must physically visit the barangay hall to request records, causing inconvenience and reducing efficiency.

## Opportunities and Proposed Approach

The BRMS offers an innovative solution by integrating advanced database technologies specifically for the selected barangay. Key features include:

- **Centralized Resident Database** – Consolidates all residency information into one unified platform.
- **User and Admin Portals with Role-Based Access** – Ensures secure logins for officials and residents, protecting against unauthorized access.
- **Data Analytics Dashboard** – Provides barangay leaders with demographic insights for planning and reporting.
- **Scalability for Future Enhancements** – Allows potential integration with municipal systems or national platforms in the future.

## Discussion of Areas

The research explores specialized areas in advanced database systems relevant to the BRMS:

- **Relational Database Design** – Structures resident information, transactions, and logs into normalized tables, reducing redundancy and ensuring data integrity.
- **Database Security and Privacy** – Implements encryption, authentication, and access control measures to protect sensitive resident data.
- **Query Optimization and Performance** – Enhances search operations, especially when handling growing resident populations and generating reports.
- **Web-Based Application Integration** – Enables residents to submit requests online, improving accessibility.
- **Backup, Recovery, and Data Preservation** – Safeguards records against system failures or disasters, ensuring continuity of services.

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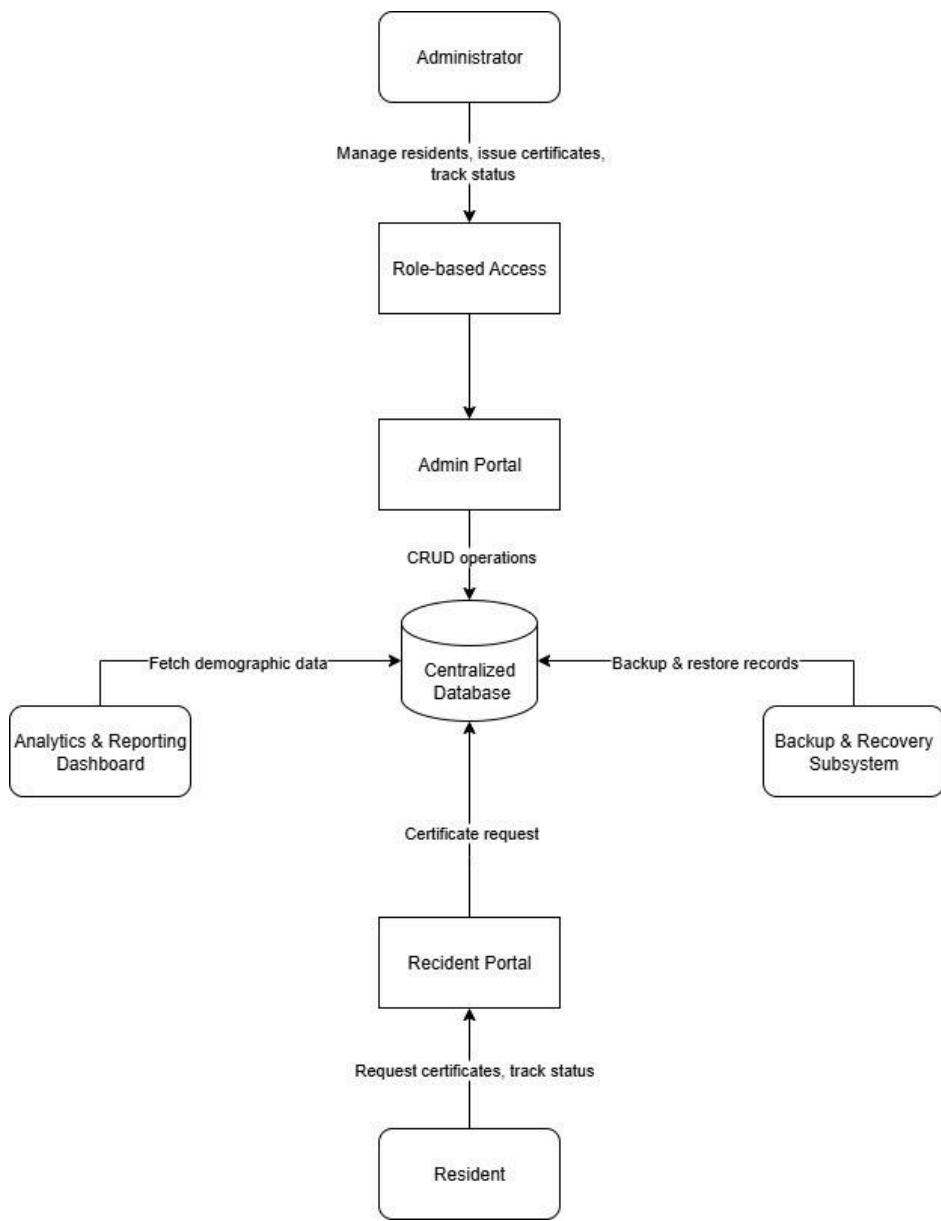
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## **II. Introduction of the Proposed System**

The Barangay Residency Management System (BRMS) is a centralized, database-driven platform designed exclusively for the target barangay. Its primary purpose is to replace inefficient, paper-based processes with a secure and scalable digital solution that integrates resident information, certification workflows, and demographic analytics.

### **System Components:**

- 1. Role-Based Access Portals**
  - **Administrator Portal** for barangay officials to register residents, issue certifications, and generate reports.
  - **Resident Portal** for citizens to request certificates remotely and track their application status.
- 2. Data Analytics and Reporting Dashboard** – Provides real-time demographic insights and usage statistics to support barangay decision-making.
- 3. Backup and Recovery Subsystem** – Protects critical records through automated backups and recovery protocols.



The system will be deployed as a **web-based application hosted on a local server infrastructure** within the barangay. On-premise servers will store and manage all resident data, ensuring high availability and control by the local administration. Encryption standards such as **AES** (data at rest) and **TLS** (data in transit) will ensure security and confidentiality of sensitive information.

## **III. General Objectives**

1. **Design and develop a relational database system** that consolidates all residency records, household profiles, and certification logs into a single, normalized schema.
2. **Implement secure role-based access mechanisms** to safeguard sensitive data while differentiating privileges for administrators, clerks, and residents.
3. **Develop a barangay-level web-based platform** that supports on-site and remote access to services such as the issuance of Barangay Clearances and Certificates of Residency, reducing manual processing time by at least 50%.
4. **Integrate a demographic analytics dashboard** for generating community reports and insights to aid in local planning.
5. **Establish robust backup and recovery protocols** to ensure service continuity in case of disasters or technical failures.

## **IV. Scope and Limitations**

### **Scope**

- **Technical Scope**
  - Development of a relational database schema for the residents of the chosen barangay.
  - Secure administrator and resident portals for certification requests and approvals.
  - Analytics dashboard with visualization tools for barangay-level decision-making.
  - Backup and recovery protocols for data preservation.
- **Data Scope**
  - Resident demographic information (e.g., name, address, age, household).
  - Certification records (e.g., Barangay Clearance, Certificate of Residency).

- Transaction logs for transparency and auditing.
- **Testing Scope**
  - Performance testing under simulated barangay workloads.
  - Security testing for authentication, authorization, and encryption protocols.
  - Usability testing with barangay officials and selected residents.

## Limitations

- The system will serve **only one barangay** and will not include integration with municipal or national government databases at this stage.
- Mobile application development is excluded; services will be limited to a web-based platform.
- Advanced predictive analytics will not be included in the initial implementation.
- Real resident data will not be used during development; instead, synthetic test data will simulate records.
- Full-scale deployment with redundant infrastructure will not be implemented due to resource limitations.