

تمرین درس محاسبات نرم در رشتهٔ مهندسی برق گرایش مهندسی کنترل

عنوان

تمرین کلاسی دوم: بازسازی اعداد از روی اعداد مخدوش یا نویزی شده (مثال هگان)

نگارش

محرجواد احدى

استاد درس

دكتر مهدى عليارى شورهدلى

آذر ماه ۱۴۰۱

فهرست مطالب

ب	فهرست شكلها
1	باسخ سوالات
٧	پيو ست

فهرست شكلها

۵	بازسازی اعداد از روی قسمتی از آنها (Pseudoinverse)	١
۵	بازسازی اعداد از روی قسمتی از آنها (Hebb)	۲
۵	بازسازی اعداد از روی نویزیشدهٔ آنها (Pseudoinverse)	٣
۶	بازسازی اعداد از روی نو بزی شدهٔ آنها (Hebb)	۴

پاسخ سوالات

نكات قابل ذكر

کدهای متلب مربوط به این سوال از داخل پوشهٔ Codes قابل اجراست. همچنین می توان از دستور nnd7sh در متلب و کدمنبع آورده شده در فهرست شکلها برای شبیه سازی این سوال استفاده کرد.

برای حل این سوال از دستورات زیر که در پوشهٔ مربوط به کدها نیز آمده است استفاده می کنیم:

```
1 % Autoassociative network for digit recognition using Hebbian learning
2 clc;
3 clear all;
4 close all;
6 %% load training images(5x7 px)
7 M=7; N=5;
8 P=zeros(M*N,10);
9 for n=0:9
    s=num2str(n);
    RGB=imread(s,'png');
    m=n+1;
    P(:,m)=reshape(rgb2gray(RGB),[M*N,1]); %column prototype vector
15 P = P/255*2-1; %normalizes data to be either -1 or 1
17 %% compute weight matrix using Hebb rule
18 W=zeros(M*N,M*N);
19 for n=1:10
20 W=W+P(:,n)*P(:,n)';
```

```
21 end
22
23 % simple Hebb rule did not make it recognize images well
24 % try again using pseudoinverse
25 T=P;
26 W1=T*pinv(P);
_{\rm 28} %% test out network with training images
29 \text{ for } n = 10:-1:1
      a=hardlims(W*P(:,n));
      outputImg=reshape(a,[M,N]);
      figure;
      imshow(outputImg,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
34 end
35
36 %% test out network with noisy inputs
P_{\text{noisy}} = P + \text{randi}([-1,1], M*N, 10);
39 for n = 10:-1:1
      outputImg1=reshape(P_noisy(:,n),[M,N]);
      figure;
41
      subplot(1,2,1)
42
      imshow(outputImg1,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
      title('noisy image (Hebb)')
      subplot(1,2,2)
      a=hardlims(W*P_noisy(:,n));
      outputImg2=reshape(a,[M,N]);
48
      imshow(outputImg2,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
      title('reconstructed image (Hebb)')
51 end
53 for n = 10:-1:1
      outputImg1=reshape(P_noisy(:,n),[M,N]);
54
     figure;
```

```
subplot (1,2,1)
      imshow(outputImg1,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
      title('noisy image (Pseudoinverse)')
      subplot(1,2,2)
      a=hardlims(W1*P_noisy(:,n));
      outputImg2=reshape(a,[M,N]);
62
      imshow(outputImg2,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
      title('reconstructed image (Pseudoinverse)')
65 end
67~\mbox{\%\%} test out network with parts of image missing
68 P_partial=P;
69 P_partial(8:17,:)=1;
71 \text{ for } n = 10:-1:1
      outputImg1=reshape(P_partial(:,n),[M,N]);
      figure;
      subplot(1,2,1)
      imshow(outputImg1,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
      title('partial image (Hebb)')
      subplot(1,2,2)
      a=hardlims(W*P_partial(:,n));
      outputImg2=reshape(a,[M,N]);
      imshow(outputImg2,'InitialMagnification','Fit')
      title('reconstructed image (Hebb)')
83 end
85 P_partial=P;
86 P_partial(8:17,:)=1;
88 for n = 10:-1:1
      outputImg1=reshape(P_partial(:,n),[M,N]);
      figure;
```

```
subplot(1,2,1)
imshow(outputImg1,'InitialMagnification','Fit')

title('partial image (Pseudoinverse)')

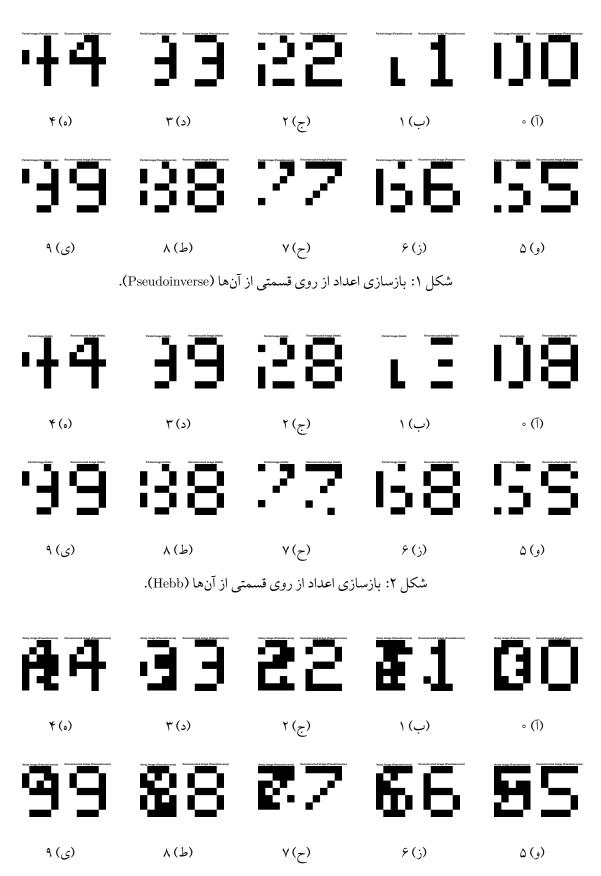
subplot(1,2,2)
a=hardlims(W1*P_partial(:,n));
outputImg2=reshape(a,[M,N]);
imshow(outputImg2,'InitialMagnification','Fit')

title('reconstructed image (Pseudoinverse)')
```

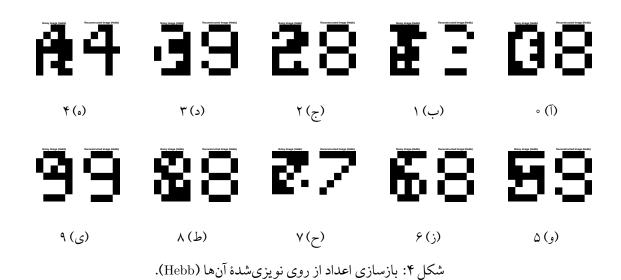
تابع hardlims هم كه در كد اصلى بالا تعريف شده است به صورت زير تعريف مى گردد:

```
function [ a ] = hardlims( n )
      hardlims Symmetric Hard Limit transfer function
3 %
      Accepts column vector. Returns column vector.
      behaves like unit step of amplitude 2 and vertical offset of \mbox{-}1
4 %
      a = -1 for n < 0
5 %
      a = 1 \text{ for } n >= 0
6 %
      dims = size(n);
      a = zeros(dims);
      for i = 1:dims(1)
           for j = 1:dims(2)
               if n(i,j) < 0
                    a(i,j) = -1;
               else
                    a(i,j) = 1;
               end
           \quad \text{end} \quad
      end
18 end
```

با اجرای این دستورات نتایح به صورتی که در ادامه آورده شده است خواهد بود:



شكل ٣: بازسازي اعداد از روى نويزي شدهٔ آنها (Pseudoinverse).



بيوست

كدمنبع nnd7sh هم بهصورت زير تعريف مي گردد:

```
function nnd7sh(cmd,arg1,arg2,arg3)
2 %NND7SH Supervised Hebb demonstration.
4 % Copyright 1994-2002 PWS Publishing Company and The MathWorks, Inc.
5 % $Revision: 1.6 $
9 % CONSTANTS
10 \text{ me} = 'nnd7sh';
p_x = 5; % pattern horizontal size
p_y = 6; % pattern vertical size
14 % DEFAULTS
if nargin == 0, cmd = ''; else cmd = lower(cmd); end
17 % FIND WINDOW IF IT EXISTS
18 fig = nndfgflg(me);
if length(get(fig,'children')) == 0, fig = 0; end
21 % GET WINDOW DATA IF IT EXISTS
22 if fig
H = get(fig, 'userdata');
24 fig_axis = H(1);
                               % window axis
desc_text = H(2);
                               % handle to first line of text sequence
```

```
pattern = H(3:5);
                      % pattern axes 1-3
  tp_axis = H(6);
                      % test pattern
  rp_axis = H(7);
                      % response pattern
  P_{ptr} = H(8);
                      % handle to pattern matrix P
  p_ptr = H(9);
                      % handle to test pattern
  w_{ptr} = H(10);
                      % handle to weight matrix W
  rule1 = H(11);
                      % handle to first radio button
33 rule2 = H(12);
                     % handle to second radio button
34 end
37 % Activate the window.
38 %
39 % ME() or ME('')
40 %-----
42 if strcmp(cmd,'')
  if fig
  figure(fig)
   set(fig,'visible','on')
  else
   feval(me,'init')
  end
51 % Close the window.
52 %
53 % ME() or ME('')
56 elseif strcmp(cmd,'close') & (fig)
57 delete(fig)
59 %-----
60 % Initialize the window.
```

```
61 %
62 % ME('init')
63 %-----
65 elseif strcmp(cmd,'init') & (~fig)
    % STANDARD DEMO FIGURE
67
    fig = nndemof2(me,'DESIGN','Supervised Hebb','','Chapter 7');
68
    set(fig, ...
69
     'windowbuttondownfcn',nncallbk(me,'down'), ...
70
     'BackingStore','off',...
71
     'nextplot','add');
    H = get(fig, 'userdata');
    fig_axis = H(1);
74
    desc_text = H(2);
76
    % ICON
77
    nndicon(7,458,363,'shadow')
    % ORIGONAL PATTERNS
80
    p1 = [0 1 1 1 1 0 ...
81
         1 0 0 0 0 1 ...
82
         1 0 0 0 0 1 ...
         1 0 0 0 0 1 ...
         0 1 1 1 1 0]';
    p2 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \dots]
         1 0 0 0 0 0 ...
         1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
         0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
         0 0 0 0 0 0]';
    p3 = [1 0 0 0 0 0 ...
91
         1 0 0 1 1 1 ...
         1 0 0 1 0 1 ...
93
         1 0 0 1 0 1 ...
94
         0 1 1 0 0 1]';
```

```
P = [p1 p2 p3]*2-1;
     p = p1*2-1;
97
     % WEIGHTS & OUTPUTS
99
     w = P*P';
100
     a = w*p;
102
     % PATTERN AXES
103
     pattern = zeros(1,5);
104
     ltyell = nnltyell;
105
     for k=1:5
106
      if k < 4
107
         title = sprintf('Pattern %g',k);
108
         pos = [25+115*(k-1) 230 100 100];
109
         pp = reshape(P(:,k),p_y,p_x);
         color = nngreen;
       elseif k == 4
112
         title = 'Test Pattern';
         pos = [25 20 160 160];
114
         pp = reshape(p,p_y,p_x);
         color = nndkgray;
116
       else
         title = 'Response Pattern';
118
         pos = [195 20 160 160];
119
         pp = reshape(a, p_y, p_x);
         color = nnred;
       pattern(k) = nnsfo('a2',title,'','');
       set(pattern(k), ...
         'units','points',...
         'position',pos,...
126
         'color',nnltyell,...
         'xlim',[0 p_x], ...
128
         'ylim',[0 p_y],...
129
         'ydir', 'reverse')
130
```

```
axis('off')
131
       pattern_h = zeros(p_y,p_x);
       box_x = [0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0];
       box_y = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0];
       for i=1:p_x, for j=1:p_y
135
         if pp(j,i) >= 0
           pattern_h(i,j) = fill(box_x+i-1,box_y+j-1,color,...
              'edgecolor',nndkblue,...
138
              'erasemode','none');
139
         else
140
141
           pattern_h(i,j) = fill(box_x+i-1,box_y+j-1,ltyell,...
142
              'edgecolor',nndkblue,...
              'erasemode','none');
143
         end
144
       end, end
145
       set(pattern(k), 'userdata', pattern_h);
146
     end
147
     % WEIGHT RULE BUTTONS
149
     drawnow  % Let everything else appear before buttons
150
     rule1 = uicontrol(...
       'units','points',...
       'position',[395 190 70 20],...
       'style','radio',...
154
       'string','Hebb',...
155
       'backg',nnltgray,...
156
       'callback',[me '(''rule'',1)'],...
       'value',1);
158
     rule2 = uicontrol(...
159
       'units','points',...
       'position',[395 170 90 20],...
161
       'style','radio',...
162
       'string','Psuedoinverse',...
163
       'backg',nnltgray,...
164
       'max',[2],...
165
```

```
'callback',[me '(''rule'',2)']);
166
167
     % BUTTONS
168
     if (exist('hintonw'))
169
       uicontrol(...
170
         'units','points',...
         'position',[410 140 60 20],...
         'string','Weights',...
         'callback',[me '(''weights'')'])
     end
176
     uicontrol(...
177
       'units','points',...
       'position',[410 110 60 20],...
178
       'string','Contents',...
       'callback', 'nndtoc')
180
     uicontrol(...
181
       'units','points',...
182
       'position',[410 80 60 20],...
       'string','Close',...
184
       'callback','delete(gcf)')
185
186
     % DATA POINTERS
187
     P_ptr = nnsfo('data'); set(P_ptr, 'userdata', P);
188
     p_ptr = nnsfo('data'); set(p_ptr, 'userdata',p);
     w_ptr = nnsfo('data'); set(w_ptr,'userdata',w);
190
191
     % SAVE WINDOW DATA AND LOCK
192
     H = [fig_axis desc_text pattern P_ptr p_ptr w_ptr rule1 rule2];
193
     set(fig,'userdata',H,'nextplot','new','color',nnltgray)
194
     % INSTRUCTION TEXT
196
     feval(me,'instr');
197
198
     nnchkfs;
199
200
```

```
201 %-----
202 % Display the instructions.
203 %
204 % ME('instr')
205 %-----
207 elseif strcmp(cmd,'instr') & (fig)
   nnsettxt(desc_text,...
208
     'Click on the green',...
209
    'grids to define target.',...
    'patterns. Click on the',...
212
     'gray grid to define',...
    'a test pattern.',...
    · · · , . . .
214
     'Select the rule to',...
215
    'calculate the network',...
216
    'weights below:')
219 %-----
220 % Show weights.
221 %
222 % ME('weights')
224
225 elseif strcmp(cmd,'weights') & (fig) & (nargin == 1)
226
   % GET DATA
227
   w = get(w_ptr,'userdata');
228
229
   f = figure;
230
   feval('hintonw',w);
231
   axis('equal');
232
   set(f,'name','Network Weights')
233
   t = get(gca,'title');
234
   set(t,'string','Green = Positive, Red = Negative')
```

```
236
238 % Respond to mouse down.
239 %
240 % ME('down')
242
243 elseif strcmp(cmd,'down') & (fig) & (nargin == 1)
244
    set(fig,'nextplot','add')
245
    for i=1:3
247
      [in,x,y] = nnaxclik(pattern(i));
     if in
248
      feval(me,'down',x,y,i);
249
      break
250
    end
251
    end
    [in,x,y] = nnaxclik(tp_axis);
    if in
254
    feval(me,'down',x,y);
255
    end
256
    set(fig,'nextplot','new')
257
_{260} % Respond to mouse down in pattern 1-3.
261 %
262 % ME('down',x,y,i)
265 elseif strcmp(cmd,'down') & (fig) & (nargin == 4)
266
   % GET DATA
267
   x = floor(arg1)+1;
268
   y = floor(arg2)+1;
269
   i = arg3;
```

```
green = nngreen;
271
    ltyell = nnltyell;
272
    red = nnred;
273
    P = get(P_ptr,'userdata');
274
    p = get(p_ptr,'userdata');
275
    squares = get(pattern(i), 'userdata');
    rp_squares = get(rp_axis, 'userdata');
277
    rule = get(rule2,'value')+1;
278
    % TOGGLE SQUARE
280
    ind = (x-1)*p_y+y;
281
282
    P(ind,i) = -P(ind,i);
    if P(ind,i) > 0
283
     set(squares(x,y),'facecolor',green);
284
    else
285
     set(squares(x,y),'facecolor',ltyell);
286
    end
287
    drawnow
289
    % UPDATE WEIGHTS
290
    if rule == 1
291
     w = P*P';
292
    else
     w = P*inv(P'*P)*P';
294
    end
295
296
    % STORE DATA
297
    set(P_ptr,'userdata',P);
298
    set(w_ptr,'userdata',w);
299
    % UPDATE OUTPUTS
301
    feval(me,'update')
302
303
304 %-----
305 % Respond to mouse down in test pattern.
```

```
306 %
307 % ME('down',x,y)
308 %-----
310 elseif strcmp(cmd, 'down') & (fig) & (nargin == 3)
    % GET DATA
312
    x = floor(arg1)+1;
313
    y = floor(arg2)+1;
314
    dkgray = nndkgray;
315
    ltyell = nnltyell;
316
317
     tp_squares = get(tp_axis, 'userdata');
     rp_squares = get(rp_axis,'userdata');
318
    p = get(p_ptr,'userdata');
319
     w = get(w_ptr,'userdata');
320
321
    % TOGGLE SQUARE
    ind = (x-1)*p_y+y;
     p(ind) = -p(ind);
324
    if p(ind) > 0
325
      set(tp_squares(x,y),'facecolor',dkgray);
326
     else
327
     set(tp_squares(x,y),'facecolor',ltyell);
328
329
     \quad \text{end} \quad
     drawnow
330
331
    % STORE DATA
332
     set(p_ptr,'userdata',p);
333
334
    % UPDATE OUTPUTS
335
    feval(me, 'update')
336
337
339 % Set weight rule.
340 %
```

```
341 % ME('rule',i)
342 %-----
343
344 elseif strcmp(cmd, 'rule') & (fig) & (nargin == 2)
    % SET RADIO BUTTONS
346
    if arg1 == 1
347
     set(rule1,'value',1)
348
     set(rule2,'value',0)
349
    else
350
     set(rule1,'value',0)
     set(rule2,'value',2)
352
    end
353
354
    % GET DATA
355
    P = get(P_ptr,'userdata');
356
357
    % UPDATE WEIGHTS
    if arg1 == 1
359
     w = P*P';
360
    else
361
     w = P*inv(P'*P)*P';
362
    end
363
364
    % STORE DATA
365
    set(w_ptr,'userdata',w)
366
367
    % UPDATE OUTPUTS
368
    feval(me, 'update')
371 %-----
372 % Update response pattern.
373 %
374 % ME('update')
```

```
376
377 elseif strcmp(cmd,'update') & (fig)
378
379
     % GET DATA
    red = nnred;
    ltyell = nnltyell;
     p = get(p_ptr,'userdata');
382
     w = get(w_ptr,'userdata');
383
     rp_squares = get(rp_axis,'userdata');
384
385
     % UPDATE OUTPUTS
387
     a = w*p;
     a = reshape(a,p_y,p_x);
388
     for i=1:p_x, for j=1:p_y
389
      if a(j,i) > 0
390
         set(rp_squares(i,j),'facecolor',red)
391
392
       else
         set(rp_squares(i,j),'facecolor',ltyell)
       end
394
     end, end
395
396
```