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sai.doc45@gmail.com ▾

NPTEL (<https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL>) » Social Networks (course)

Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work? ()

Week 0 ()

Week 1 ()

Week 2 ()

Week 3 ()

Week 4 ()

Week 5 ()

Week 6 ()

Week 7 ()

Week 8 ()

Week 9 ()

Week 10 ()

Week 11 ()

Week 5: Assignment 5

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2022-08-31, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2022-08-31, 19:44 IST

1) Given each individual exists in a 2-dimensional grid, which is not an acceptable value of tolerance for an individual? **1 point**

☐ 9☐ 3☒ 5☐ 6

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

9

2) In a 2-D simulation of Schelling's Model of Segregation if $t=8$ (where "t" refers to the number of neighbours), will we see any red and blue nodes touching each other once equilibrium has been reached? **1 point**

☒ Yes☐ No

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

No

3) In a 2-D Grid of $100 * 100$ nodes, at max how many nodes can have 8 neighbours? **1 point**

☐ $99 * 99$ ☐ $97 * 97$

Week 12 ()

Download
Videos ()

Text
Transcripts ()

Books ()

Live
Sessions ()

☒ 98 * 98

☐ 98 * 97

Yes, the answer is correct.

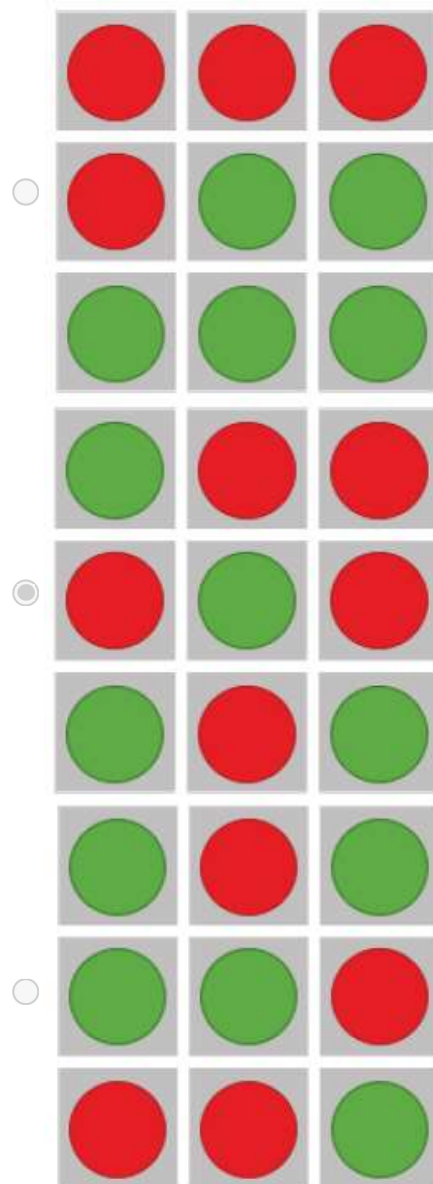
Score: 1

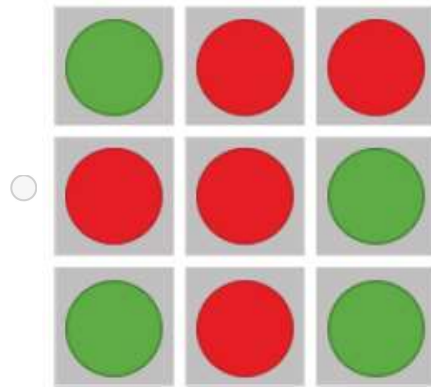
Accepted Answers:

98 * 98

4) In the below situations, given $t=4$ ("t" is the number of neighbours), which centre node is NOT stable?

1 point

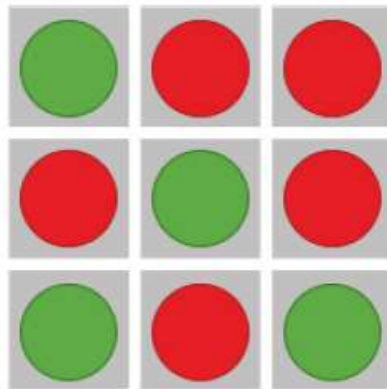




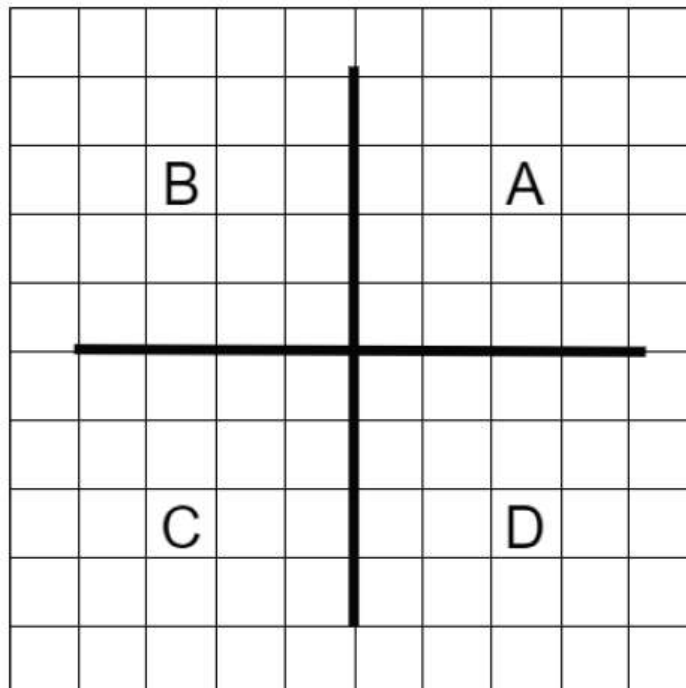
Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:



5) A 10 x 10 grid is generated by the given code and is divided into four equal parts namely A, B, C & D. In which section does the point (7,8) lie? **1 point**



```
import networkx as nx
N = 10
G = nx.grid_2d_graph(N,N)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
nx.draw(G)
```

```
plt.show()
# distorted graph generated by networkx
G.nodes()
#print(G)
pos = dict((n,n) for n in G.nodes())
#print(pos)
nx.draw(G,pos)
plt.show()
# graph arranged in a grid like manner.
```

- ☒ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

A

6) A triangle network with at least two positive relationships is ____ stable.

1 point

- ☐ Always
- ☐ Sometimes
- ☒ Never

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Sometimes

7) Which social belief does the following stability conversion denote?

1 point



- ☐ A friend's friend is an enemy.
- ☐ An enemy's friend is a friend.
- ☐ An enemy's enemy is a friend.
- ☒ An enemy's friend is a friend.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

An enemy's enemy is a friend.

8) Questions 8, 9 & 10 are connected.

1 point

If country A is at war with B, let's say a certain country X has good relationships with both A and B, what will be a stable situation for country X?

- ☐ A & X = - AND B & X = -

☐ $A \& X = + \text{ AND } B \& X = +$

☒ $A \& X = + \text{ AND } B \& X = -$

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

$A \& X = + \text{ AND } B \& X = -$

9) Another country Y is in the same situation as country X as explained in the previous **1 point** question(Q-8). Y is on good terms with X. Given X chooses to maintain a positive relationship with A, due to how many resulting unstable triangle(s) will Y be unstable?

☐ 3

☒ 2

☐ 4

☐ 1

Yes, the answer is correct.

Score: 1

Accepted Answers:

2

10) Since Y is friends with all Countries, how many minimum friendships will Y need to **1 point** break so that we have a stable system(by breaking a friendship, the positive relationship is converted to a negative relationship)?

☒ 2

☐ 3

☐ 4

☐ 1

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

1