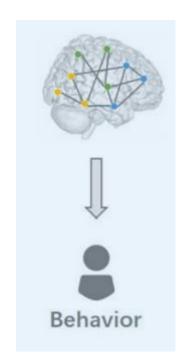
# Predicting Memory Performance using Connectome-based Predictive Modeling

By: Adeleh Poursadegh, Amany Ali, Mohammad Julaie, Nilüfer Sevde Özdemir, Ozan Vardal



### Introduction

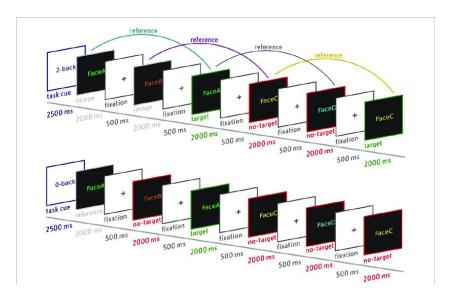
- Working memory (WM) is our mental sketchpad. It allows us to temporarily hold and manipulate information in mind and is critical for daily functioning
- Previous studies implicate DMN and FPN as critical networks underlying working memory, but predicting behavior from neural activity remains elusive
- Here, we hypothesized that WM performance in the 2-back task can be predicted from individuals' task-concurrent whole-brain functional connectivity using Connectome-based Predictive Modeling (CPM)





#### Methods: HCP fMRI Dataset

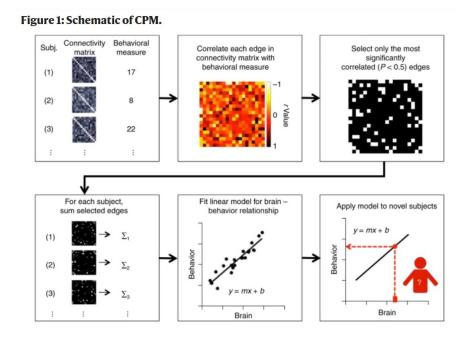
- 339 subjects from preprocessed dataset
- participants are presented a sequence of images
- 2-back working memory task
- Behavioral measures
  - Accuracy: The percentage of correct responses
  - Response Time: The time taken to respond to each stimulus



# Methods: Analysis

#### Connectome-based predictive modeling (CPM)

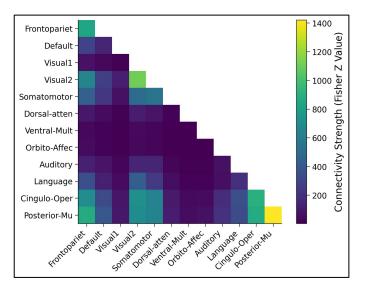
- Task-based FC matrix and behavioral measure (2-back accuracy) for each subject
- Each edge in FC matrix correlated with behavior
- Get significant edges and separate them into positive and negative edges (P < 0.01)</li>
- IV observation for each participant is the sum of the edges
- Linear regression of behavior on individuals'
  "connectome", bootstrapping at 500 iterations

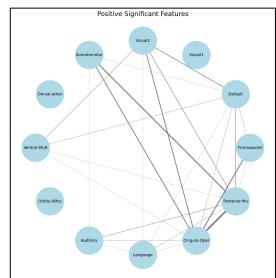


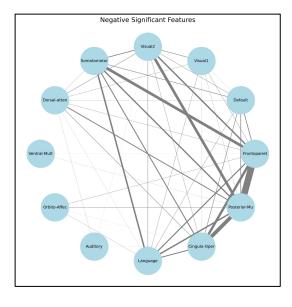
Shen et al., 2017, Nature Protocols



## Results: Networks Connectivity Strength

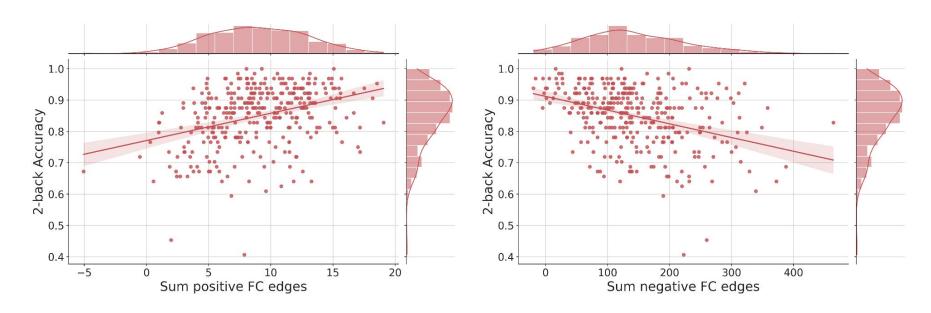








# Whole-brain FC patterns significantly predict 2-back accuracy



Positive network: Pearson's r = 0.26, p = < 0.001

Negative network: Pearson's r = 0.23, p < 0.001



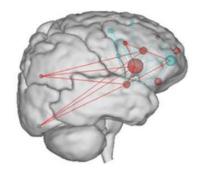
#### Conclusion

#### **Summary**

- Whole-brain task-based functional connectivity significantly relates to working memory performance
- CPM is a promising method for modeling working performance from FC matrices
- Data set was limited by potential BOLD response bleeding in from 0-back task blocks

#### **Future work**

- Explore multi-modal CPM combining other neuroimaging modalities with better temporal resolution (e.g., EEG/MEG)
- Future work can investigate CPM's ability to predict performance in other cognitive domains





#### References

- Baddeley, A. (1992). Working memory: the interface between memory and cognition. Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience, 4(3), 281-288. https://doi.org/10.1162/jocn.1992.4.3.281
- Hampson, M., Driesen, N., Skudlarski, P., Gore, J. C., & Constable, R. T. (2006). Brain connectivity related to working memory performance. The Journal of Neuroscience, 26(51), 13338-13343.
  https://doi.org/10.1523/jneurosci.3408-06.2006
- Jones, J. S., Adlam, A., Benattayallah, A., & Milton, F. (2021). The neural correlates of working memory training in typically developing children working paper.. https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.05.21.445110
- Godwin, D., Ji, A., Kandala, S., & Mamah, D. (2017). Functional connectivity of cognitive brain networks in schizophrenia during a working memory task. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 8. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyt.2017.00294
- Shen, X., Finn, E. S., Mayes, L. C., Rosenberg, M. D., Chun, M. M., Papademetris, X., ... & Constable, R. T. (2017).
  Using connectome-based predictive modeling to predict individual behavior from brain connectivity. Nature Protocols, 12(3), 506-518. https://doi.org/10.1038/nprot.2016.178
- Avery, E. W., Yoo, K., Rosenberg, M. D., Greene, A. S., Gao, S., Na, D. L., ... & Chun, M. M. (2020). Distributed patterns of functional connectivity predict working memory performance in novel healthy and memory-impaired individuals. Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience, 32(2), 241-255. https://doi.org/10.1162/jocn\_a\_01487

