Supplementary Documents for Experiment No: 01

- Green Color Highlighted part is New Addition part
- Sky Color Highlighted part is Work Step and part intialization and part Specification
- Red Color Highlighted part is Hex file generating process



Pin Specification for STM32, USB to TTL Converter & ST-Link V2

Part 1 Start

Work Step in Cube Ide

- Click New Project
- Select STM32
- Set Comercial part number > STM32F103C8T6TR
- Select STM32F103C8T6TR and reference
- Click Next
- Set The Project Name
- Click Finish
- Set The Output pin Mode A0–A7 define GPIO_output
- Set The input pin Mode B1 define Gpio_input
- Goto The RCC Options Tab & Enable External Crystal
- Click System System core and RCC and Set Crystal Ceramic Resonator
- Set the clock frequency to 72 MHz from "Clock Configuration"

Generate The Initialization Code and add the green marked portion of the code given below in your initialization code.

& Open The Project In CubeIDE

Hex file Generate process

- Click Project
- Click Properties

- Click C++ build
- Click MCU Post Build Output
- Click and mark on "Convert to binary" and "Convert to hex file" options.
- Click Apply and Close
- Click build icon

Part 1 Code Starts

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/**
**************************
******
* @ file : main.c
* @ brief : Main program body
*************************************
******
* @attention
* Copyright (c) 2023 STMicroelectronics.
 * All rights reserved.
 * This software is licensed under terms that can be found in the LICENSE file
 * in the root directory of this software component.
* If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.
*************************
******
*/
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -----*/
#include "main.h"
/* Private includes -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
/* USER CODE END Includes */
/* Private typedef -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
/* USER CODE END PTD */
```

```
/* Private define -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
/* USER CODE END PD */
/* Private macro -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* Private function prototypes -----*/
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
void LED_L_R(int);
void LED_R_L(int);
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
/* USER CODE END PFP */
/* Private user code -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
/* USER CODE END 0 */
 * @brief The application entry point.
 * @retval int
 */
int main(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
    int data1, data2;
    data1=0x01;
    data2=0x80;
/* USER CODE END 1 */
```

```
/* MCU Configuration-----*/
/* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
HAL_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
/* USER CODE END Init */
/* Configure the system clock */
SystemClock_Config();
/* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
/* USER CODE END SysInit */
/* Initialize all configured peripherals */
MX_GPIO_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
/* USER CODE END 2 */
/* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOC, GPIO_PIN_15, 0);
while (1)
 {
     //button pressed
  if(HAL_GPIO_ReadPin (GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_9))
     //LED left to right
     LED_R_L(data1);
     else
     //Turn LED OFF
  LED_L R(data2);
 /* USER CODE END WHILE */
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
```

```
/* USER CODE END 3 */
/**
 * @brief System Clock Configuration
 * @retval None
void LED_L_R(int data0)
     int data;
     data=data0;
     for (int i=0; i<8; i++)
           GPIOA->ODR=data;
           HAL Delay(200);
           data=data>>1;
void LED_R_L(int data0)
     int data;
     data=data0;
     for (int i=0; i<8; i++)
           GPIOA->ODR=data;
           HAL_Delay(200);
           data=data<<1;
void SystemClock_Config(void)
 RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
 RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
 /** Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters
 * in the RCC_OscInitTypeDef structure.
 */
 RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
```

```
RCC OscInitStruct.HSEPredivValue = RCC HSE PREDIV DIV1;
RCC_OscInitStruct.HSIState = RCC_HSI_ON;
RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_ON;
RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE;
RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLMUL = RCC PLL MUL9;
if (HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStruct) != HAL_OK)
 Error_Handler();
/** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks
 */
RCC ClkInitStruct.ClockType =
RCC CLOCKTYPE HCLK|RCC CLOCKTYPE SYSCLK
               |RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK1|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2;
RCC ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC SYSCLKSOURCE PLLCLK;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV2;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV1;
if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_2) !=
HAL_OK
 {
  Error_Handler();
}
 * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStruct = {0};
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_1 */
/* USER CODE END MX_GPIO_Init_1 */
/* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
 HAL RCC GPIOC CLK ENABLE();
 __HAL_RCC_GPIOD_CLK_ENABLE();
 HAL RCC GPIOA CLK ENABLE();
```

```
/*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
 HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOC, GPIO_PIN_15, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
 /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
 HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA,
GPIO_PIN_0|GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3
             |GPIO_PIN_4|GPIO_PIN_5|GPIO_PIN_6|GPIO_PIN_7,
GPIO_PIN_RESET);
 /*Configure GPIO pin : PC15 */
 GPIO InitStruct.Pin = GPIO PIN 15;
 GPIO InitStruct.Mode = GPIO MODE OUTPUT PP:
 GPIO InitStruct.Pull = GPIO NOPULL;
 GPIO InitStruct.Speed = GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
 HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOC, &GPIO_InitStruct);
 /*Configure GPIO pins : PA0 PA1 PA2 PA3
              PA4 PA5 PA6 PA7 */
 GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = GPIO_PIN_0|GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3
             |GPIO_PIN_4|GPIO_PIN_5|GPIO_PIN_6|GPIO_PIN_7;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
 HAL GPIO Init(GPIOA, &GPIO InitStruct);
 /*Configure GPIO pin : PA9 */
 GPIO InitStruct.Pin = GPIO PIN 9;
 GPIO InitStruct.Mode = GPIO MODE INPUT;
 GPIO InitStruct.Pull = GPIO NOPULL;
 HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStruct);
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX GPIO Init 2 */
/* USER CODE END MX_GPIO_Init_2 */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
/* USER CODE END 4 */
/**
 * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
 * @retval None
 */
```

```
void Error_Handler(void)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
  _disable_irq();
 while (1)
 /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
#ifdef USE_FULL_ASSERT
/**
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
       where the assert_param error has occurred.
 * @param file: pointer to the source file name
 * @param line: assert_param error line source number
 * @retval None
 */
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line
number,
   ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
 /* USER CODE END 6 */
#endif /* USE FULL ASSERT */
```

Part 1 Information Ends

Part 2 Starts

Work Step in Cube Ide

- Click New Project
- Select STM32
- Set Comercial part number > STM32F103C8T6TR
- Select STM32F103C8T6TR and reference
- Click Next
- Set The Project Name
- Click Finish.
- Set The Output pin Mode A0–A7 and A11,A12 define Gpio_output.
- Set The interrupt pin Mode A9,B12 define GPIO EXITI9,GPIO EXITI12.

* in the root directory of this software component.

- Click NVIC → EXTI line1(9:5) interrupt → Enabled (Tick) And EXTI line1(12:15) interrupt → Enabled (Tick)
- Set The RCC External Clock Source
- Set The System Clock To Be 72MHz Or Whatever You Want
- Generate The Initialization Code and add the green marked portion of the code given below in your initialization code.
- Mark the hex file option.
- Finally build your project

Part 2 Code Start

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/**

******************

* @ file : main.c

* @ brief : Main program body

****************

* @ attention

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```

* If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.

*/
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes*/
#include "main.h"
/* Private includes*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
/* USER CODE END Includes */
/* Private typedef*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
/* USER CODE END PTD */
/* Private define*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
/* USER CODE END PD */
/* Private macro*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
WELIGED GODE THE DIL W
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* D
/* Private function prototypes*/
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
void mDelay(void);
<pre>void LED_R_L(int);</pre>
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
/ OSER CODE DEGIN FIF '/
/* USER CODE END PFP */

```
/* Private user code -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
/* USER CODE END 0 */
/**
 * @brief The application entry point.
 * @retval int
int main(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
int data0, data;
 data0=0x80;
 /* USER CODE END 1 */
/* MCU Configuration-----*/
/* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
HAL_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
/* USER CODE END Init */
 /* Configure the system clock */
 SystemClock_Config();
/* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
/* USER CODE END SysInit */
/* Initialize all configured peripherals */
 MX_GPIO_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
/* USER CODE END 2 */
/* Infinite loop */
 /* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
 HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOC, GPIO_PIN_15,0);
```

```
while (1)
 {
      data=data0;
      LED R L(data);
     /* USER CODE END WHILE */
     /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
/* USER CODE END 3 */
 * @brief System Clock Configuration
 * @retval None
 */
void SystemClock_Config(void)
 RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
 /** Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters
 * in the RCC_OscInitTypeDef structure.
 */
 RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEPredivValue = RCC_HSE_PREDIV_DIV1;
 RCC OscInitStruct.HSIState = RCC HSI ON;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_ON;
 RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC PLLSOURCE HSE;
 RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLMUL = RCC PLL MUL9:
 if (HAL RCC OscConfig(&RCC OscInitStruct) != HAL OK)
  Error_Handler();
 }
 /** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks
 */
 RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType =
RCC_CLOCKTYPE_HCLK|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_SYSCLK
               |RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK1|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2;
 RCC_ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC_SYSCLKSOURCE_PLLCLK;
 RCC ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC SYSCLK DIV1;
```

```
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV2;
 RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV1;
 if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_2) !=
HAL_OK
 {
  Error_Handler();
}
/**
 * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
 GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStruct = {0};
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_1 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 1 */
 /* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
 __HAL_RCC_GPIOC_CLK_ENABLE();
 HAL RCC GPIOD CLK ENABLE();
 HAL RCC GPIOA CLK ENABLE();
 /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
 HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOC, GPIO_PIN_15, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
 /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
 HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA,
GPIO_PIN_0|GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3
             |GPIO_PIN_4|GPIO_PIN_5|GPIO_PIN_6|GPIO_PIN_7
                |GPIO_PIN_11, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
 /*Configure GPIO pin : PC15 */
 GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = GPIO_PIN_15;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
 HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOC, &GPIO_InitStruct);
 /*Configure GPIO pins : PA0 PA1 PA2 PA3
```

```
PA4 PA5 PA6 PA7
                PA11 */
 GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = GPIO_PIN_0|GPIO_PIN_1|GPIO_PIN_2|GPIO_PIN_3
             |GPIO_PIN_4|GPIO_PIN_5|GPIO_PIN_6|GPIO_PIN_7
                GPIO PIN 11;
 GPIO InitStruct.Mode = GPIO MODE OUTPUT PP:
 GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
 GPIO InitStruct.Speed = GPIO SPEED FREO LOW:
 HAL GPIO Init(GPIOA, &GPIO InitStruct);
 /*Configure GPIO pin : PA9 */
 GPIO InitStruct.Pin = GPIO PIN 9;
 GPIO InitStruct.Mode = GPIO MODE IT FALLING;
 GPIO InitStruct.Pull = GPIO NOPULL;
 HAL GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStruct);
 /* EXTI interrupt init*/
 HAL_NVIC_SetPriority(EXTI9_5_IRQn, 0, 0);
 HAL NVIC EnableIRQ(EXTI9_5_IRQn);
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_2 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 2 */
}
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
void LED_R_L(int data)
     for (int i=0; i<8; i++)
     GPIOA->ODR=data;
     HAL Delay(200);
     data=data>>1;
void HAL_GPIO_EXTI_Callback(uint16_t GPIO_Pin)
     if(GPIO_Pin == GPIO_PIN_9)
     for (int m=0; m<5; m++) {
          HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 11, 1);
          mDelay();
          HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_11, 0);
          mDelay();
```

```
void mDelay(void)
      for (int j=0; j<2000; j++){
      for(int k=0; k<1000; k++){
/* USER CODE END 4 */
/**
 * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
 * @retval None
 */
void Error_Handler(void)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
 __disable_irq();
 while (1)
 {
 /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
#ifdef USE FULL ASSERT
/**
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
      where the assert_param error has occurred.
 * @param file: pointer to the source file name
 * @param line: assert_param error line source number
 * @retval None
 */
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line
number,
   ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
```

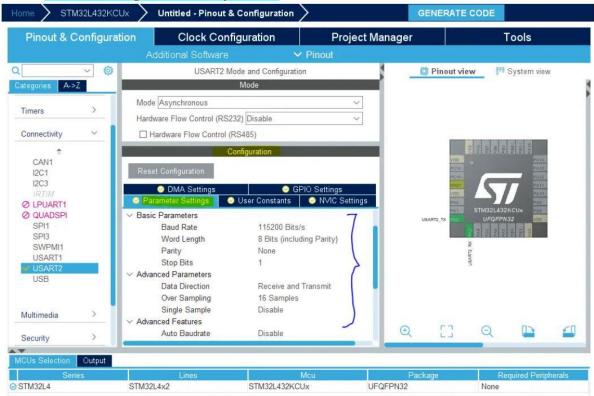
```
/* USER CODE END 6 */
}
#endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */
```

Part 2 Information Ends

Part 3(a) Starts

Work Step in Cube Ide

- Open CubeMX & Create New Project
- Choose The Target MCU & Double-Click Its Name
- Enable USART1 Module (Asynchronous Mode)
- Choose The Desired Settings For UART > parameter se (Baud Rate = 115200, Stop Bits, Parity, etc..)



- Go To The Clock Configuration & Set The System Clock To 72 MHz
- Generate The Initialization Code and add the green marked portion of the code given below in your initialization code.
- Mark the hex file option.
- Finally build your project.
- Open The Terminal From CubeIDE
- Window > Show View > Console
- click on the NEW icon on its menu bar > Command Shell console >
 Connection type: Serial port > set Baud Rate & Connection Name >
 Encoding: UTF-8 > And Click OK!

Part 3(a) Code Starts

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
************************
******
* @file
            : main.c
* @brief
            : Main program body
*************************
*****
* @attention
* Copyright (c) 2023 STMicroelectronics.
 * All rights reserved.
* This software is licensed under terms that can be found in the LICENSE file
 * in the root directory of this software component.
 * If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.
**********************************
*****
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -----*/
#include "main.h"
//#include <stdio.h>
/* Private includes -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
/* USER CODE END Includes */
/* Private typedef -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
/* USER CODE END PTD */
/* Private define -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
```

```
/* USER CODE END PD */
/* Private macro -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables -----*/
UART_HandleTypeDef huart1;
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* Private function prototypes -----*/
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
static void MX_USART1_UART_Init(void);
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
/* USER CODE END PFP */
/* Private user code -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
/* USER CODE END 0 */
 * @brief The application entry point.
 * @retval int
 */
int main(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
    uint8_t MSG[35] = {'\0'};
    uint8 t X = 0;
/* USER CODE END 1 */
/* MCU Configuration-----*/
/* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
HAL_Init();
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
 /* USER CODE END Init */
 /* Configure the system clock */
 SystemClock_Config();
/* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
/* USER CODE END SysInit */
 /* Initialize all configured peripherals */
 MX_GPIO_Init();
 MX USART1 UART Init();
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
 /* USER CODE END 2 */
 /* Infinite loop */
 /* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
 while (1)
      sprintf(MSG, "Hello! X = %d\r\n", X);
      HAL_UART_Transmit(&huart1, MSG, sizeof(MSG), 100);
      HAL_Delay(500);
      X=X+3;
     /* USER CODE END WHILE */
     /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
 /* USER CODE END 3 */
 * @brief System Clock Configuration
 * @retval None
 */
void SystemClock_Config(void)
 RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
 RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
 /** Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters
```

```
* in the RCC_OscInitTypeDef structure.
 */
RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
RCC OscInitStruct.HSEPredivValue = RCC HSE PREDIV DIV1;
RCC_OscInitStruct.HSIState = RCC_HSI_ON;
RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC PLL ON;
RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC PLLSOURCE HSE;
RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLMUL = RCC PLL MUL9;
if (HAL RCC OscConfig(&RCC OscInitStruct) != HAL OK)
 Error_Handler();
/** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks
 */
RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType =
RCC_CLOCKTYPE_HCLK|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_SYSCLK
               |RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK1|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC_SYSCLKSOURCE_PLLCLK;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV2;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV1;
if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_2) !=
HAL_OK
 {
 Error_Handler();
}
/**
 * @brief USART1 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_USART1_UART_Init(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN USART1_Init 0 */
/* USER CODE END USART1 Init 0 */
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN USART1_Init 1 */
 /* USER CODE END USART1 Init 1 */
huart1.Instance = USART1;
 huart1.Init.BaudRate = 115200;
 huart1.Init.WordLength = UART_WORDLENGTH_8B;
huart1.Init.StopBits = UART_STOPBITS_1;
 huart1.Init.Parity = UART_PARITY_NONE;
huart1.Init.Mode = UART MODE TX RX;
huart1.Init.HwFlowCtl = UART HWCONTROL NONE;
 huart1.Init.OverSampling = UART_OVERSAMPLING_16;
 if (HAL UART Init(&huart1) != HAL OK)
  Error Handler();
 /* USER CODE BEGIN USART1_Init 2 */
/* USER CODE END USART1_Init 2 */
}
/**
 * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX GPIO Init 1 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 1 */
/* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
 __HAL_RCC_GPIOD_CLK_ENABLE();
 HAL RCC GPIOA CLK ENABLE();
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_2 */
/* USER CODE END MX_GPIO_Init_2 */
}
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
/* USER CODE END 4 */
```

```
/**
 * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
 * @retval None
 */
void Error_Handler(void)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
   disable irq();
 while (1)
 }
 /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
#ifdef USE_FULL_ASSERT
/**
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
      where the assert_param error has occurred.
 * @param file: pointer to the source file name
 * @param line: assert_param error line source number
 * @retval None
 */
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line
number,
   ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
 /* USER CODE END 6 */
#endif /* USE FULL ASSERT */
```

Part 3(a) Information Ends

Part 3(b) Starts

Work Step in Cube Ide

- Open CubeMX & Create New Project
- Choose The Target MCU & Double-Click Its Name
- Define B14 pin for GPIO_input and B12,B13 pin GPIO_output
- Enable USART1 Module (Asynchronous Mode)
- Choose The Desired Settings For UART > parameter se (Baud Rate = 115200, Stop Bits, Parity, etc..)
- Enable UART global interrupts in NVIC tab



- Go To The Clock Configuration & Set The System Clock To 72 MHz
- Generate The Initialization Code and add the green marked portion of the code given below in your initialization code.
- Mark the hex file option.
- Finally build your project.
- Open The Terminal From CubeIDE
- Window > Show View > Console
- click on the NEW icon on its menu bar > Command Shell console >
 Connection type: Serial port > set Baud Rate & Connection Name >
 Encoding: UTF-8 > And Click OK!

Part 3(b) Code Start

/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */

```
/**
**************************
* @file
        : main.c
* @brief
            : Main program body
****************************
******
* @attention
* Copyright (c) 2023 STMicroelectronics.
 * All rights reserved.
 * This software is licensed under terms that can be found in the LICENSE file
 * in the root directory of this software component.
* If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.
****************************
******
*/
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -----*/
#include "main.h"
/* Private includes -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
/* USER CODE END Includes */
/* Private typedef -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
/* USER CODE END PTD */
/* Private define -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
/* USER CODE END PD */
```

/* Private macro -----*/

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables -----*/
UART_HandleTypeDef huart1;
// new addition starts
uint8 t RX1 Char = 0x00;
// new addition ends
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* Private function prototypes -----*/
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
static void MX_USART1_UART_Init(void);
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
/* USER CODE END PFP */
/* Private user code -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
// new addition starts
//-----[ UART Data Reception Completion CallBackFunc. ]------
void HAL_USART_RxCpltCallback(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart)
 HAL_UART_Receive_IT(&huart1, &RX1_Char, 1);
// new addition ends
/* USER CODE END 0 */
/**
 * @brief The application entry point.
 * @retval int
int main(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
```

```
// new addition starts
    uint8_t MSG1[] = "Button State: Released\r\n";
    uint8_t MSG2[] = "Button State: Pressed\r\n";
// new addition ends
/* USER CODE END 1 */
/* MCU Configuration-----*/
/* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
HAL_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
/* USER CODE END Init */
/* Configure the system clock */
SystemClock_Config();
/* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
/* USER CODE END SysInit */
/* Initialize all configured peripherals */
MX_GPIO_Init();
MX_USART1_UART_Init();
// new addition starts
HAL_UART_Receive_IT(&huart1, &RX1_Char, 1);
// new addition ends
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
/* USER CODE END 2 */
/* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
while (1)
     //-----[ Read The Button State & Send It Via UART ]------
          if(HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_14))
```

```
HAL_UART_Transmit(&huart1, MSG2, sizeof(MSG2), 100);
           else
           HAL_UART_Transmit(&huart1, MSG1, sizeof(MSG1), 100);
           //-----[ Read The Received Character & Toggle LEDs
Accordingly ]-----
           if(RX1\_Char == '1')
           HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_12);
           HAL UART Receive IT(&huart1, &RX1 Char, 1);
           RX1 Char = 0x00;
           if(RX1 Char == '2')
           HAL_GPIO_TogglePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_13);
           HAL_UART_Receive_IT(&huart1, &RX1_Char, 1);
           RX1 Char = 0x00;
           HAL_Delay(100);
     /* USER CODE END WHILE */
     /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
 /* USER CODE END 3 */
 * @brief System Clock Configuration
 * @retval None
void SystemClock_Config(void)
 RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
 /** Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters
 * in the RCC_OscInitTypeDef structure.
 RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEPredivValue = RCC_HSE_PREDIV_DIV1;
```

```
RCC OscInitStruct.HSIState = RCC HSI ON;
RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_ON;
RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE;
RCC OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLMUL = RCC PLL MUL9:
if (HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStruct) != HAL_OK)
 Error Handler();
/** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks
 */
RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType =
RCC CLOCKTYPE HCLK|RCC CLOCKTYPE SYSCLK
     |RCC CLOCKTYPE PCLK1|RCC CLOCKTYPE PCLK2:
RCC ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC SYSCLKSOURCE PLLCLK;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV2;
RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV1;
if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_2) !=
HAL_OK
 {
 Error_Handler();
}
 * @brief USART1 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_USART1_UART_Init(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN USART1_Init 0 */
/* USER CODE END USART1 Init 0 */
/* USER CODE BEGIN USART1_Init 1 */
/* USER CODE END USART1 Init 1 */
huart1.Instance = USART1;
```

```
huart1.Init.BaudRate = 9600;
 huart1.Init.WordLength = UART_WORDLENGTH_8B;
 huart1.Init.StopBits = UART_STOPBITS_1;
 huart1.Init.Parity = UART_PARITY_NONE;
 huart1.Init.Mode = UART_MODE_TX_RX;
 huart1.Init.HwFlowCtl = UART_HWCONTROL_NONE;
 huart1.Init.OverSampling = UART_OVERSAMPLING_16;
 if (HAL_UART_Init(&huart1) != HAL OK)
  Error Handler();
 /* USER CODE BEGIN USART1 Init 2 */
/* USER CODE END USART1 Init 2 */
}
/**
 * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
 GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStruct = {0};
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX GPIO Init 1 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 1 */
 /* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
 __HAL_RCC_GPIOD_CLK_ENABLE();
 HAL RCC GPIOB CLK ENABLE():
 __HAL_RCC_GPIOA_CLK_ENABLE();
 /*Configure GPIO pin Output Level */
 HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOB, GPIO_PIN_12|GPIO_PIN_13,
GPIO_PIN_RESET);
 /*Configure GPIO pins : PB12 PB13 */
 GPIO InitStruct.Pin = GPIO PIN 12|GPIO PIN 13;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
 GPIO InitStruct.Pull = GPIO NOPULL;
 GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
 HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOB, &GPIO_InitStruct);
```

```
/*Configure GPIO pin : PB14 */
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = GPIO_PIN_14;
 GPIO InitStruct.Mode = GPIO MODE INPUT;
 GPIO InitStruct.Pull = GPIO NOPULL;
 HAL GPIO Init(GPIOB, &GPIO InitStruct);
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX GPIO Init 2 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 2 */
}
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
/* USER CODE END 4 */
/**
 * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
 * @retval None
 */
void Error_Handler(void)
 /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
   disable irq();
 while (1)
 /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
#ifdef USE FULL ASSERT
/**
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
     where the assert_param error has occurred.
 * @param file: pointer to the source file name
 * @param line: assert_param error line source number
 * @retval None
 */
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
/* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line
number,
```

```
ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
/* USER CODE END 6 */
}
#endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */
```

Part 3(b) Information Ends