Introduction to the Adjoint Method

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Outline

1. Adjoint Sensitivity Analysis of Linear Systems

Adjoint Sensitivity Analysis of Linear Systems

Consider the Ordinary Differential Equation (ODE)

$$a(t,z)\frac{d^2\psi}{dt^2} + b(t,z)\frac{d\psi}{dt} + c(t,z)\psi = s(t,z)$$
 (1.1)

lacktriangleright z is a design parameter that we want to change in order to minimize the objective function G

$$G = \int_0^T g(\psi, z) dt \tag{1.2}$$

Adjoint Sensitivity Analysis of Linear Systems

- ▶ To minimize G, we need the gradient with respect to the design parameter *z*.
- The design parameter z can then be updated with the steepest descent

$$z = z - \alpha \frac{dG}{dz} \tag{1.3}$$

▶ Local descent involves iteratively determining a descent direction $\left(\frac{dG}{dz}\right)$ and then taking a step α in that direction and repeating that process until convergence or some termination condition is met