**How will genetic variation influence individual-individual interaction networks?**

M.K. Lau

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Abstract

* treat networks as individual-individual?
* genetic diversity produces nestedness
* use selection experiments as another effect of selection (i.e. on plant individuals)
* use asymmetry as one effect of selection (i.e. on insect individuals)

Introduction

Methods

Results

Discussion

Acknowledgements

References

Tables

Figures

Appendix