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## 1 Binary arithmetic

- 1.1 Tell if the following computations can be performed using 8-bit unsigned numbers you don't need to give the result, just state if it is possible or not. If calculation is not possible state reason why.
  - a)  $27 + 55 \rightarrow Possible$
  - b)  $13-19 \rightarrow \text{Result is signed number} \rightarrow \text{Impossible}$
  - c)  $39 16 \rightarrow Possible$
  - d)  $359 219 \rightarrow 359$  and 219 can't be represented in 8-bit  $\rightarrow$  Impossible
  - e)  $192 + 71 = 263 \rightarrow \text{Can't be presented in 8-bit} \rightarrow \text{Impossible}$
  - f)  $42 + 33 \rightarrow Possible$
- 1.2 Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal.
  - a)  $0x19 = 1 \cdot 16^1 + 9 \cdot 16^0 = 25$
  - b)  $0x100 = 1 \cdot 16^2 = 256$
  - c)  $0xBEEF = 11 \cdot 16^3 + 14 \cdot 16^2 + 14 \cdot 16^1 + 15 \cdot 16^0 = 48879$
  - d)  $0xACE = 10 \cdot 16^2 + 12 \cdot 16^1 + 14 \cdot 16^0 = 2766$
  - e)  $0x2022 = 2 \cdot 16^3 + 2 \cdot 16^1 + 2 \cdot 16^0 = 8226$
  - f)  $0xAC0DE5 = 10 \cdot 16^5 + 12 \cdot 16^4 + 13 \cdot 16^2 + 14 \cdot 16^1 + 5 \cdot 16^0 = 11275749$
- 1.3 Convert following base-10 numbers to binary and calculate using 2-complement arithmetic. Remember: P Q = P + (-Q). Use enough bits so that no overflow occurs. State the minimum number of bits needed for each assignment.
  - a) 67-5  $1\ 1000\ 1111$   $+\frac{0100\ 0011}{1111\ 1010}$  $\longrightarrow$  Minimum number of bits: 8
  - b) 123 + 998 754 = 1121 754 1 1000 0000 0011 + 0100 0110 0001 1101 0000 1101
    - 0001 0110 1111 → Minimum number of bits: 12
  - c) 45 124
  - $+ \frac{0\,0001\,1111}{0000\,0011} \\ + \frac{0010\,1101}{1001\,0001}$



→ Minimum number of bits: 8

d) 
$$-78 - 23$$

$$+ \frac{111000001}{10110000} + \frac{10110000}{10010001}$$

→ Minimum number of bits: 8

1.4 Assume that following numbers are all signed 16-bit numbers that have been written with hexadecimal digits.

$$A = 0xABBA$$
 = 1010 1011 1011 1010  $\rightarrow$  -A = 0101 0100 0100 0110  
 $B = 0x0ACE$  = 0000 1010 1100 1110  $\rightarrow$  -B = 1111 0101 0011 0010  
 $C = 0x1974$  = 0001 1001 0111 0100  $\rightarrow$  -C = 1110 0110 1000 1100

Calculate the following and indicate if an overflow occurred in the calculation:

a) 
$$A + B$$

→ No overflow occured

b) 
$$C - A$$

$$\begin{array}{c} C \\ -A \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} 0\ 0010\ 0000\ 1000\ 100 \\ 0001\ 1001\ 0111\ 0100 \\ 0101\ 0100\ 0100\ 0110 \\ \hline 0110\ 1101\ 1011\ 1011 \end{array}$$

→ No overflow occured

c) 
$$B + C$$

$$\begin{array}{c} B \\ C \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} 0\ 0011\ 0111\ 1111\ 100 \\ 0000\ 1010\ 1100\ 1110 \\ 0001\ 1001\ 0111\ 0100 \\ \hline 0010\ 0100\ 0100\ 0010 \end{array}$$

→ No overflow occured



d) 
$$A-C$$

$$\begin{array}{c} A \\ -C \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} 1\ 1101\ 1111\ 0111\ 000 \\ 1010\ 1011\ 1011\ 1010 \\ \underline{1110\ 0110\ 1000\ 1100} \\ 1\ 1001\ 0010\ 0100\ 0110 \end{array}$$

 $\rightarrow$  Overflow occured