

System Programming Practical



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BSc Computer Science (Hons)

Practical

1. Write a Lex program to count the number of lines and characters in the input file.

Lex file

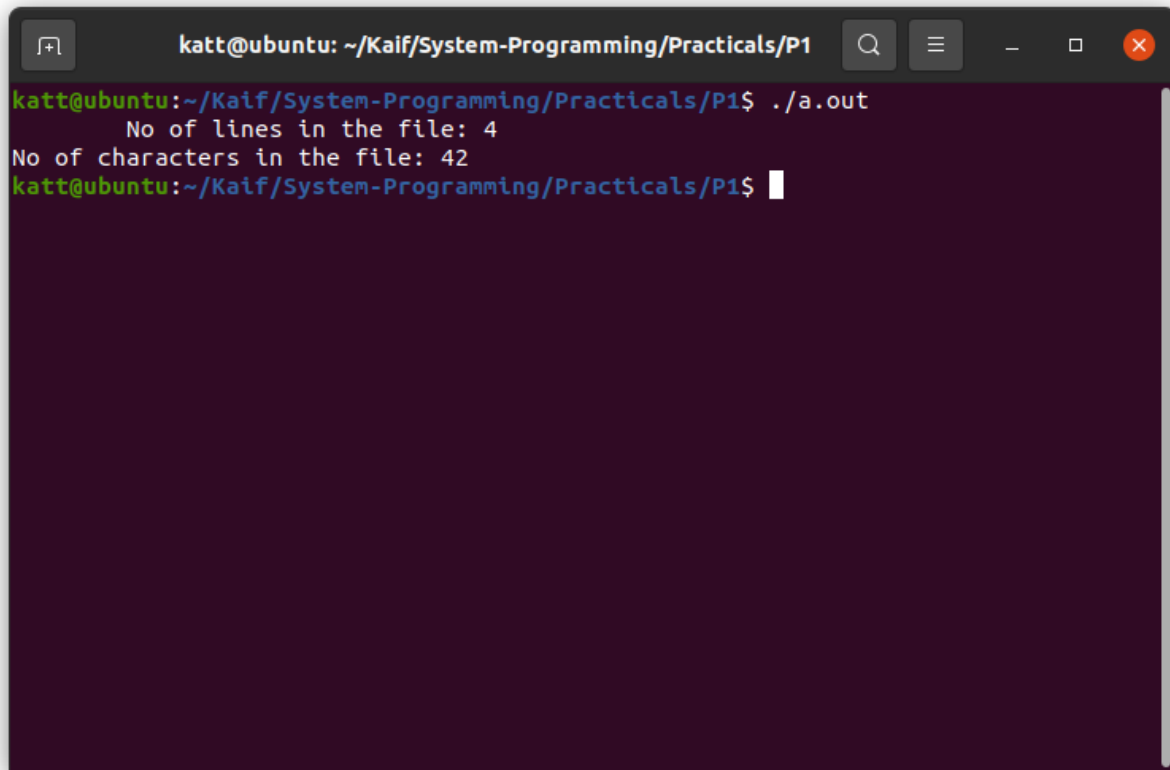
```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int lines=0, chars=0;
}%
%%
[\n] {lines++;}
[a-zA-Z0-9] {chars++;}
[^ \t \n]+ {chars+=yyleng;} //yyleng= length of the matched string
%%
int main()
{
yyin= fopen("input.txt", "r");
yylex();
printf("No of lines in the file: %d", lines);
printf("\n");
printf("No of characters in the file: %d", chars);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}
```

Input.txt

Hello World

Proof lies in source code

Good To see You



```
katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P1
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P1$ ./a.out
    No of lines in the file: 4
No of characters in the file: 42
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P1$
```

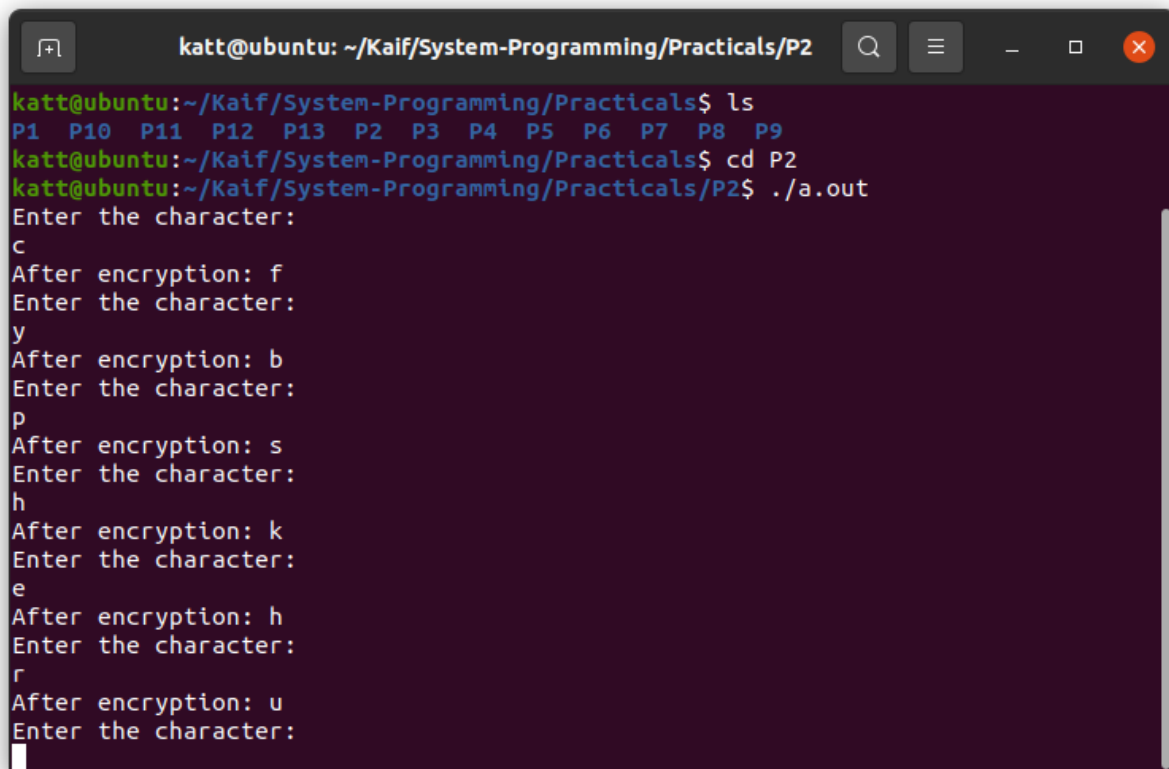
A terminal window with a dark purple background. The title bar shows the user 'katt' on 'ubuntu' at the directory '~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P1'. The prompt is 'katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P1\$'. The user has entered './a.out', which has executed and produced two lines of output: ' No of lines in the file: 4' and 'No of characters in the file: 42'. The prompt is now ready for the next command.

2. Write a Lex program that implements the Caesar cipher: it replaces every letter with the one three letters after in alphabetical order, wrapping around at Z. e.g. a is replaced by d, b by e, and so on z by c.

Lex file

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%%
[a-z] {char ch=yytext[0];
ch+=3;
if(ch>'z')
ch-=('z'+1-'a');
printf("After encryption: %c", ch);printf("\nEnter the
character: ");
}
[A-Z] {char ch=yytext[0];
ch+=3;
if(ch>'Z')
ch-=('Z'+1-'A');
printf("After encryption: %c", ch);
printf("\nEnter the character: ");
}
%%
int yywrap()
```

```
{  
return 1;  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
printf("Enter the character: \n");  
yylex();  
return 0;  
}
```



```
katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P2  
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals$ ls  
P1 P10 P11 P12 P13 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P9  
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals$ cd P2  
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P2$ ./a.out  
Enter the character:  
c  
After encryption: f  
Enter the character:  
y  
After encryption: b  
Enter the character:  
p  
After encryption: s  
Enter the character:  
h  
After encryption: k  
Enter the character:  
e  
After encryption: h  
Enter the character:  
r  
After encryption: u  
Enter the character:  
█
```

3. Write a Lex program that finds the longest word (defined as a contiguous string of upper and lower-case letters) in the input.

Lex file

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<strings.h>
// initialising length
int length=0;
// char array for storing longest word
char longestword[50];
}%

%%
[A-Za-z0-9]+ { if (yyleng > length) {

    length=yyleng;
    // strcpy function to copy current word in yytxt in
longest
    strcpy(longestword,yytext);
    }
}

"." return 1;
%%
int main()
{
```

```
yyin=fopen("input.txt","r");
```

```
yylex();
```

```
printf("Longest word : %s\n",longestword);
```

```
//printf("Length of Longest word : %s\n",length);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
int yywrap(){
```

```
    return 1;
```

```
}
```

```
input.txt
```

```
Hello World
```

```
Proof lies in source code
```

```
Good To see You
```

```
I am SuperMan
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P3$ ./a.out
```

```
Longest word : SuperMan
```

4. Write a Lex program that distinguishes keywords, integers, floats, identifiers, operators, and comments in any simple programming language.

Lex file

```
%{  
  
%}  
%%  
[0-9]* {printf("Integer\n");}  
[0-9]+\.[0-9]+ {printf("Float\n"); }  
int|float|if|else|printf|main|exit|switch {printf("Keyword\n");}  
[+|*|/|%|&] {printf("Operators\n");}  
"-" {printf("Operators\n");}  
"/".**"/" {printf("comment\n");}  
[_a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z0-9]{0,30} {printf("Identifier\n");}  
. {printf("Invalid\n");}  
%%  
int main()  
{  
    yyin=fopen("code.c","r");  
    yyout=fopen("input.txt","w");  
    yylex();  
  
}  
int yywrap()  
{
```



```
return 1;  
}
```

C file

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int num, i; // declare a variable
```

```
    printf (" Enter a number to generate the table in C: ");
```

```
    scanf (" %d", &num); // take a positive number from  
the user
```

```
    printf ("\n Table of %d", num);
```

```
    // use for loop to iterate the number from 1 to 10
```

```
    for ( i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf ("\n %d * %d = %d", num, i, (num*i));
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P4$ ./a.out  
Invalid  
Identifier  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Identifier  
Invalid  
Identifier  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Keyword  
Invalid  
Keyword  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid  
Invalid
```

5. Write a Lex program to count the number of identifiers in a C file.

Lex file

```
%{
char ch;
int id;
}%
%%
^[ \t]*(int|float|double|char) {
ch=input();
while(1)
{
if(ch==',')
id++;else if(ch==';')
{
id++;
break;
}
ch=input();
}
}
.[\n] ;
%%
int yywrap(){
return 1;
}
```

```
int main()
{
yyin=fopen("input.c","r");
yylex();
printf("\nTotal identifiers is %d\n",id);
}
```

C file

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cstdio>
int main()
{
int num,a,b,c;
printf("Enter a number: ");
scanf("%d",&num);
printf("You have entered %d",num);
return 0;
}
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P5$ ./a.out
```

```
Total identifiers is 4
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P5$ █
```

6. Write a Lex program to count the number of words, characters, blank spaces and lines in a C file.

Lex file

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int lines =0, chars= 0, spaces=0, words=0;
}%
%%[\n] {lines++;}
[ ]|[\t] {spaces++;}
[^ \t \n]+ {words++; chars+=yyleng;}
%%

int main()
{
yyin= fopen("input.c", "r");
yylex();
printf(" This File contains ...");
printf("\n");
printf("No of lines in the file: %d", lines);
printf("\n");
printf("No of spaces in the file: %d", spaces);
printf("\n");
printf("No of characters in the file: %d", chars);
printf("\n");
printf("No of words in the file: %d", words);
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

```
}  
int yywrap()  
{return 1;}
```

C file

```
#include<iostream>  
#include<cstdio>  
int main()  
{  
int num,a,b,c;  
printf("Enter a number: ");  
scanf("%d",&num);  
printf("You have entered %d",num);  
return 0;}
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P6$ ./a.out  
  
This File contains ...  
No of lines in the file: 0  
No of spaces in the file: 9  
No of characters in the file: 138  
No of words in the file: 18  
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P6$
```

7. Write a Lex specification program that generates a C program which takes a string "abcd" and prints the following output.

abcd

abc

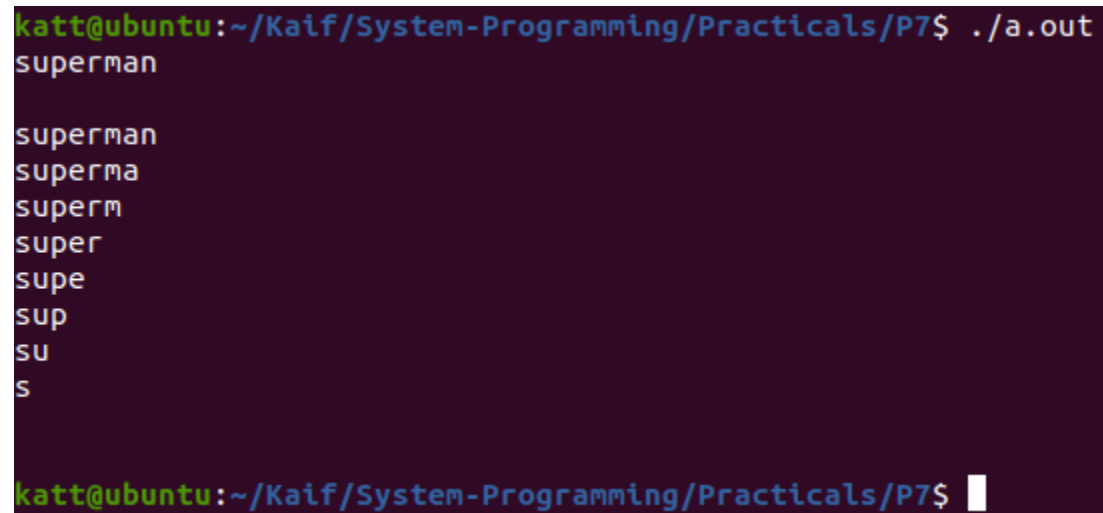
ab

a

Lex file

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
char ch[8];
int i,j;
}%
char [a-zA-Z]
%%
{char}+ {
printf("\n");
for(i=yyldeng;i>=0;i--)
{
for( j=0;j<i;j++)
printf("%c",yytext[ j]);
printf("\n");
}
}
%%
```

```
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}
int main()
{
yylex();
return 0;
}
```



A terminal window with a dark purple background. The prompt is `katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P7$`. The user enters `./a.out` and then `superman`. The program outputs the prefixes of the input string: `superman`, `superma`, `superm`, `super`, `supe`, `sup`, `su`, and `s`. The prompt returns to `katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P7$`.

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P7$ ./a.out
superman

superman
superma
superm
super
supe
sup
su
s

katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P7$
```


8. A program in Lex to recognize a valid arithmetic expression.

Lex file

```
%{
#include<strings.h>
int opcount=0,intcount=0,check=1,top=0;
}%
%%
['('] {check=0;}
[')'] {check=1;}
[+|*|/|-] {opcount++;}
[0-9]+ {intcount++;}
. {printf("Invalid Input only digits and +|-|*|/ is valid\n");}
%%
int main()
{

yyin=fopen("input.txt","r");
yylex();
if(intcount==opcount+1)
{
    if(check==1)
    {
        printf("Expression is CORRECT!\n");
    }
}
else{
```

```
        printf("' bracket missing from expression\n");
    }
}
else{
    printf("Expression is INCORRECT!\n");
}
}
```

```
int yywrap(){
return 1;
}
```

```
input.txt
45+23
49*66+63
*562/5
7*8*856+23
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P8$ ./a.out
```

```
Expression is CORRECT!
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P8$ █
```

9. Write a YACC program to find the validity of a given expression (for operators + - * and /)

Lex file

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include "y.tab.h"  
%}  
  
%%  
[a-zA-Z]+ return VARIABLE;  
[0-9]+ return NUMBER;  
[\t] ;  
[\n] return 0;  
. return yytext[0];  
%%  
int yywrap()  
{  
return 1;  
}
```

Yacc file

```
%{  
    #include<stdio.h>  
%}  
%token NUMBER  
%token VARIABLE
```

%left '+' '-'

%left '*' '/' '%'

%left '(' ')'

%%

```
S: VARIABLE='E' {  
    printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Valid\n\n");  
    return 0;  
}
```

E:E+'E

|E-'E

|E'*E

|E'/E

|E'%E

|('E')

| NUMBER

| VARIABLE

;

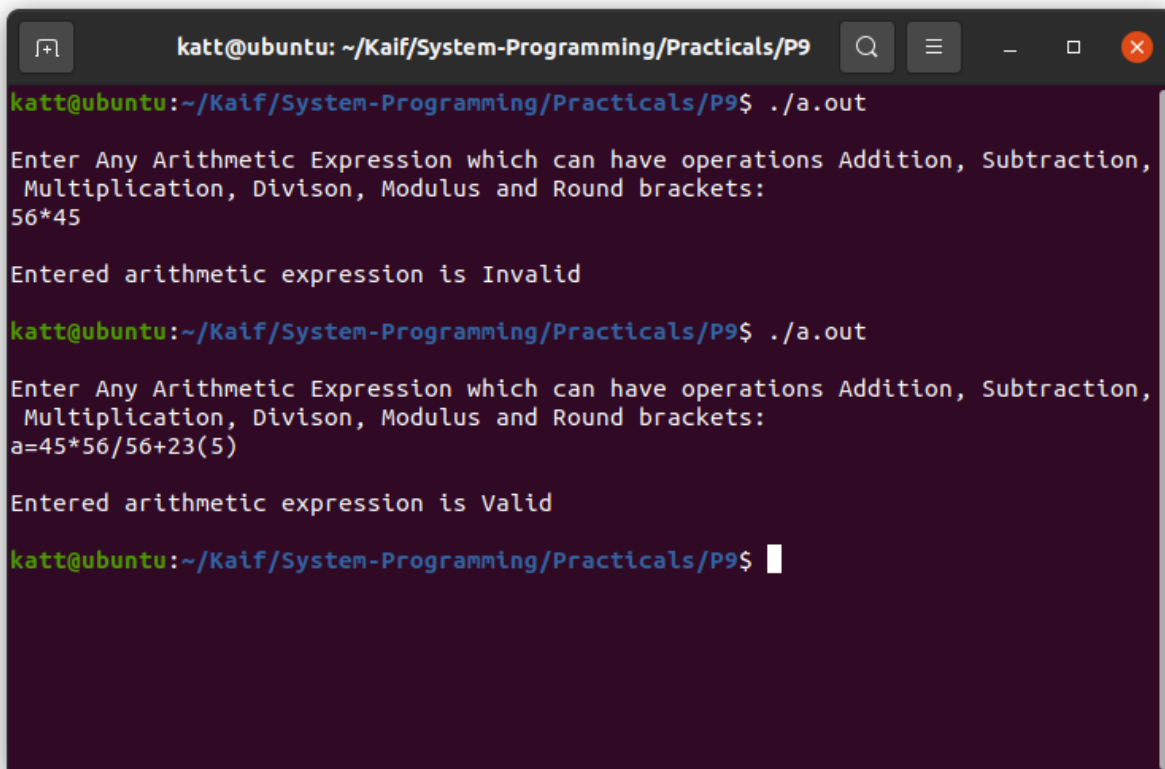
%%

void main()

{

```
printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression which can
have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication,
Divison, Modulus and Round brackets:\n");
    yyparse();
}

void yyerror()
{
    printf("\nEnter arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");
}
```



A terminal window titled 'katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P9' showing the execution of a program. The program prompts the user to enter an arithmetic expression. In the first run, the user enters '56*45', and the program outputs 'Entered arithmetic expression is Invalid'. In the second run, the user enters 'a=45*56/56+23(5)', and the program outputs 'Entered arithmetic expression is Valid'.

```
katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P9$ ./a.out
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction,
Multiplication, Divison, Modulus and Round brackets:
56*45

Entered arithmetic expression is Invalid

katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P9$ ./a.out
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction,
Multiplication, Divison, Modulus and Round brackets:
a=45*56/56+23(5)

Entered arithmetic expression is Valid

katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P9$
```

10. A Program in YACC which recognizes a valid variable which starts with letter followed by a digit. The letter should be in lowercase only.

Lex file

```
%{  
#include "y.tab.h"  
%}  
%%  
[0-9]+ {return DIGIT;}  
[a-z]+ {return LETTER;}  
[ \t] {;}  
\n { return 0;}  
. {return yytext[0];}  
%%
```

Yacc file

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
%}  
%token DIGIT LETTER  
%%  
stmt:A  
    ;  
A: LETTER B  
    ;
```

B: LETTER B

| DIGIT B

| LETTER

| DIGIT

;

%%

void main(){

printf("enter string \n");

yyparse();

printf("valid \n");

exit(0);

}

void yyerror()

{

printf("invalid \n");

exit(0);

}

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P10$ ./a.out
enter string
k9
valid
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P10$ ./a.out
enter string
aK9
invalid
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P10$
```

11. A Program in YACC to evaluate an expression (simple calculator program for addition and subtraction, multiplication, division).

Lex file

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include "y.tab.h"  
extern int yylval;  
%}  
  
%%  
[0-9]+ {  
    yylval=atoi(yytext);  
    return NUMBER;  
}  
[\\t] ;  
[\\n] return 0;  
. return yytext[0];  
%%  
int yywrap()  
{  
    return 1;  
}
```

Yacc file

```
%{
```



```

#include<stdio.h>
int flag=0;

%}
%token NUMBER

%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/' '%'
%left '(' ')'
%%
ArithmeticExpression: E{
    printf("\nResult=%d\n",$$);
    return 0;
}
E:E+'E' {$$=$1+$3;}
|E '-'E {$$=$1-$3;}
|E '*'E {$$=$1*$3;}
|E '/'E {$$=$1/$3;}
|E '%'E {$$=$1%$3;}
| '('E' {$$=$2;}
| NUMBER {$$=$1;}
;
%%

void main()
{
    printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression :\n");

```

```
    yyparse();  
    if(flag==0)  
        printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Valid\n\n");  
  
}  
void yyerror()  
{  
    printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");  
    flag=1;  
}
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P11$ ./a.out
```

```
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression :
```

```
45*45+4(2)
```

```
Result=2029
```

```
Entered arithmetic expression is Valid
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P11$ ./a.out
```

```
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression :
```

```
(2)*+2
```

```
Entered arithmetic expression is Invalid
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P11$ █
```

12. Program in YACC to recognize the strings “ab”, “aabb”, “aaabbb”,... of the language ($an\ bn, n \geq 1$).

Lex file

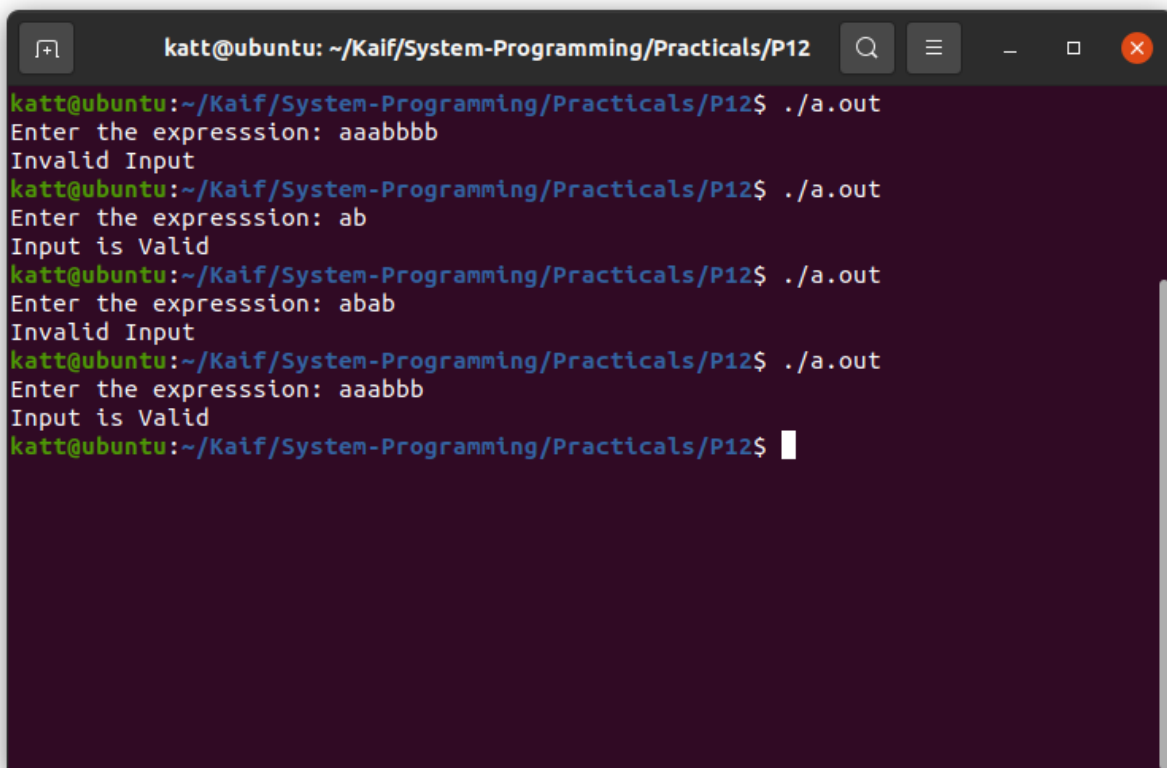
```
%{  
#include "y.tab.h"  
%}  
alpha [Aa]  
beta [Bb]  
newline [\n]  
%%  
{alpha} { return alpha ;}  
{beta} {return beta;}  
{newline} { return newline ;}  
. { printf("Invalid Expression\n");exit(0); }  
%%
```

Yacc file

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<strings.h>  
%}  
%token alpha beta newline  
%%  
line : term newline {printf("Input is Valid\n"); exit(0);};  
term: alpha term beta | ;  
%%
```

```
int yyerror(char *msg)
{
    printf("Invalid Input\n");
    exit(0);
}
```

```
int main ()
{
    printf("Enter the expresssion: ");
    yyparse();
}
```

A terminal window titled 'katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P12' with standard window controls. The terminal shows the execution of a program named 'a.out'. It prompts the user to 'Enter the expresssion:' and shows the results of four different inputs: 'aaabbbb' (Invalid Input), 'ab' (Input is Valid), 'abab' (Invalid Input), and 'aaabbb' (Input is Valid). The prompt is currently at the end of the last line.

```
katt@ubuntu: ~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P12$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aaabbbb
Invalid Input
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P12$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: ab
Input is Valid
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P12$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: abab
Invalid Input
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P12$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aaabbb
Input is Valid
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P12$
```

13. Program in YACC to recognize the language (anb , $n \geq 10$). (Output to say input is valid or not)

Lex File

```
%{
#include "y.tab.h"
}%
alpha [a]{10,}
beta [b]
newline [\n]
%%
{alpha} { return alpha ;}
{beta} {return beta;}
{newline} { return newline ;}
. { printf("Invalid Expression\n");exit(0); }
%%
```

Yacc file

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<strings.h>
}%
%token alpha beta newline
%%
line : term beta newline {printf("Input is Valid\n"); exit(0);};
term: alpha term |;
```

%%

```
int yyerror(char *msg)
{
    printf("Invalid Input\n");
    exit(0);
}
```

```
int main ()
{
    printf("Enter the expresssion: ");
    yyparse();
}
```

```
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aaaaaaaaaaaaaab
Input is Valid
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbb
Invalid Input
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: ab
Invalid Expression
katt@ubuntu:~/Kaif/System-Programming/Practicals/P13$
```