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1/28/20
Phys 510
Homework #1

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a)

$$-1/3 \approx -0.33333334 = 101111101010101010101010101011$$

b)

$$x_1 = 0.11258762 \times 10^2 \quad \& \quad x_2 = 0.11244891 \times 10^2 \quad (1)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = (0.11258762 \times 10^2) + (0.11244891 \times 10^2) \quad (2)$$

$$= (0.11258762 + 0.11244891) \times 10^2 \quad (3)$$

$$= (0.22503653) \times 10^2 \quad (4)$$

$$= 22.50 \quad (5)$$

$$\text{relative error} = (22.503653 - 22.50)/22.503653 = 0.0162\%$$

$$x_1 - x_2 = (0.11258762 \times 10^2) - (0.11244891 \times 10^2) \quad (6)$$

$$= (0.11258762 - 0.11244891) \times 10^2 \quad (7)$$

$$= (0.00013871000000000022) \times 10^2 \quad (8)$$

$$= (0.0001 \times 10^2) = 0.01 \quad (9)$$

$$\text{relative error} = (0.0139 - 0.01)/0.0139 = 28.06\%$$

(10)

c)

16777217

d)

$$\exp(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k!} \quad (11)$$

For single precision we have $e^1 = 2.7182817$ and for double precision we have $e^1 = 2.718281828459045$

For k summed up to 10 and beyond we have $e^1 = 2.7182817$

For k summed up to 17 and beyond we have $e^1 = 2.718281828459045$

(12)

e)

Machine epsilon for single precision $2^{-23} = 1.1920929 \times 10^{-7}$

Machine epsilon for double precision $2^{-52} = 2.220446049250313 \times 10^{-16}$

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