

$$P(A, B) = P(A|B) P(B) = P(B|A) P(A)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A) P(A)}{P(B)}$$

$$\mathcal{D} = \{x_i, y_i\} \quad i=1, \dots, N$$

$$P(\theta, \mathcal{D}) = P(\theta|\mathcal{D}) P(\mathcal{D}) = P(\mathcal{D}|\theta) P(\theta)$$

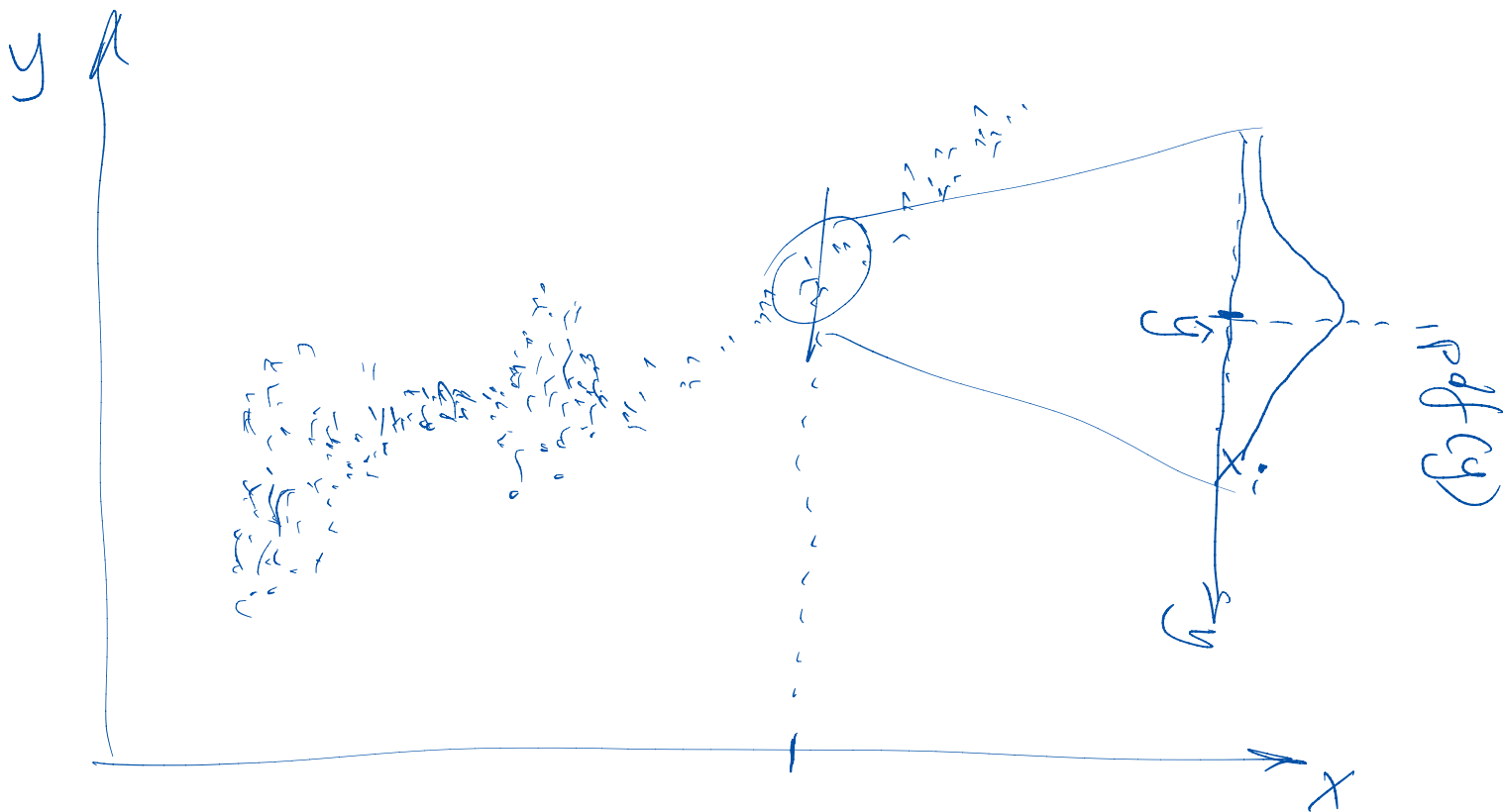
$$P(\theta|\mathcal{D}) = \frac{P(\mathcal{D}|\theta) \underbrace{P(\theta)}_{\text{evidence}}}{P(\mathcal{D})}$$

$P(\theta)$ — априорное распр. — θ
prior

$P(\mathcal{D}|\theta)$ — likelihood
правдоподобие выборки

$P(\theta|\mathcal{D})$ — апостериорное распр. — θ

$$\theta^* = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} P(\mathcal{D}|\theta)$$



$$\mu(x_i)$$

$$\sigma^2(x_i)$$

$$y_i \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

LINE

$$L: \mu_i = \theta^T x_i$$

linear

I : i.i.d.

$$N: y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

normal

$$E: \sigma_i^2 = \sigma^2$$

equivariance

$$P(x_i, y_i, \theta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(y_i - \mu_i)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$L(\mathcal{Y}, \theta) = P(\mathcal{Y}|\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(y_i - \mu_i)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$\theta^* = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} P(\mathcal{Y}|\theta) = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} \ln P(\mathcal{Y}|\theta)$$

$$\ell(\mathcal{Y}|\theta) = \ln \prod_{i=1}^N = \sum_{i=1}^N \ln \dots =$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\ln \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} \right) + \ln e^{-\frac{(y_i - \mu_i)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \right) =$$

$$= N \cdot \ln \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} - \sum_{i=1}^N \left(\frac{(y_i - \mu_i)^2}{2\sigma^2} \right)$$

$$\underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmax}} \ell(\mathcal{Y}|\theta) = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmin}} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \mu_i)^2$$

$$= \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmin}} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \theta^T x_i)^2$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \theta^T x_i)^2$$