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In [1]: #Imports
import panel as pn
pn.extension('plotly')
import plotly.express as px
import pandas as pd
import hvplot.pandas
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from pathlib import Path
from dotenv import load_dotenv
import requests
import alpaca_trade_api as tradeapi
import numpy as np
from vaderSentiment.vaderSentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
%matplotlib inline
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In [2]: # Initialize the Panel Extensions (for Plotly)
import panel as pn
pn.extension("plotly")
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In [3]: #Stock Annaylsis
# Reading nasdaq returns
stock_price_csv = Path("Data/StockPriceData.csv")
nasdaq_stock_price = pd.read_csv(stock_price_csv, index_col=["Date"], parse_dates=True)
nasdaq_stock_price.drop("Unnamed: 0", axis=1, inplace=True)
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In [4]: # Stock Close Price change
stock_change_csv = Path("Data/StockPriceChange.csv")
nasdaq_stock_change = pd.read_csv(stock_change_csv, index_col=["Unnamed: 0"])
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In [5]: #Sentiment Annaylsis
# Reading nasdaq sentiment
stock_sentiment_csv = Path("Data\stock_tweet_sentiment.csv")
nasdaq_stock_sentiment = pd.read_csv(stock_sentiment_csv, index_col=["Date"], parse_
# whale_returns.describe
nasdaq_stock_sentiment.drop("Unnamed: 0", axis=1, inplace=True)
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In [6]: # Stock Sentiment Annalysis
# Join the sentiment Score and Ticker Pricing for cross analysis

# Set up unique Index
# Reset index
nasdaq_stock_price.reset_index(inplace = True)
nasdaq_stock_sentiment.reset_index(inplace = True)

# Set up Referance to be able to match the data sets
nasdaq_stock_price['Ref'] = nasdaq_stock_price['Ticker'].astype(str) + nasdaq_stock_
nasdaq_stock_sentiment['Ref'] = nasdaq_stock_sentiment['Ticker'].astype(str) + nasda
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# set Ref as new index
nasdaq_stock_price.set_index('Ref', inplace = True)
nasdaq_stock_sentiment.set_index('Ref', inplace = True)

# concatenate Stock price to Sentiment score
cross_analysis = pd.concat([nasdaq_stock_price, nasdaq_stock_sentiment],
                             join = 'outer',
                             axis = 'columns')

cross_analysis.reset_index(inplace = True)
#uniquily identify each coloum, and mark columns for deletion
cross_analysis.columns = ['Ref-Del', 'Date', 'Close', 'Ticker', 'Date-Del', 'Ticker-Del',
cross_analysis.drop(labels = ['Ref-Del', 'Date-Del', 'Ticker-Del'], axis = 'columns',

cross_analysis['Sentiment_Score'] = cross_analysis['Sentiment_Score']*1000
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In [7]:

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# Correlation
cross_analysis_corr = cross_analysis.groupby('Ticker')[['Close', 'Sentiment_Score']].

cross_analysis_corr.reset_index(inplace = True)

cross_analysis_corr = cross_analysis_corr[cross_analysis_corr['level_1'].isin(['Close', 'Sentiment_Score'])]
cross_analysis_corr.drop(labels = ['level_1', 'Close'], inplace = True, axis = 'columns')
cross_analysis_corr.columns = ['Ticker', 'Correlation']

cross_analysis_corr.dropna(inplace = True)

cross_analysis_corr.sort_values(by = 'Correlation', inplace = True, ascending = False)
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In [8]:

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# Standard Deviation

#Calculate Standard Deviation of Percentage Change per Ticker
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price = nasdaq_stock_price
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price['Close'].pct_change()
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price = df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.groupby(by = "Ticker")
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.columns = ["Standard_Deviation"]
#remove NaNs
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.dropna(inplace = True)
# Add Comparison to Market
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.loc['00_Market Mean'] = df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price['Standard_Deviation'].mean()
# Check Output
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.sort_values(by = 'Ticker', inplace = True)
df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.reset_index(inplace = True)
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In [9]:

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# Current Sentiment Tool
# In[2]:

#Load environment Variables
load_dotenv()

## Set Alpaca and Twitter API keys and secret keys
alpaca_api_key = os.getenv("ALPACA_API_KEY")
alpaca_secret_key = os.getenv("ALPACA_SECRET_KEY")
twitter_bearer_token = os.getenv("TWITTER_BEARER_TOKEN")

# In[3]:
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# Define functions to be used

## Function to read 100 recent tweets related to ticker and from the date time speci
def read_100_Tweets(ticker, tweet_date_time):
    ## Function to read 100 recent tweets from the specific dates
    ## Input : ticker - Stock Ticker
    ##          tweet_date_time - UTC Date/Time Format YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ssZ (ISO 860
    ##
    ## Output: List of 100 tweets
    auth_token = "Bearer " + twitter_bearer_token
    headers = {"Authorization": auth_token}
    twitter_api_url = f"https://api.twitter.com/2/tweets/search/recent?max_results=
    response = requests.get(twitter_api_url, headers=headers)
    ## Check for 200 status code which means it was successful
    tweets_list = []
    if(response.status_code == 200):
        json_response = response.json()
        #Check if there are any tweets at all
        if('data' in json_response.keys()):
            all_tweets = response.json()["data"]
            for tweet in all_tweets:
                tweets_list.append(tweet["text"])

    else:
        print(f"Response code: {response.status_code}. Error in getting the tweet")
        print(response.text)
    return tweets_list

## Perform Vader Sentiment Analysis
## Define Sentiment Object for Sentiment Analysis
sentiment_obj = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
def perform_sentiment_analysis(tweets_list):
    ## Function to read 100 recent tweets from the specific dates
    ## Input : tweets_list - List of 100 tweets
    ##
    ##
    ## Output: sentiment score average

    ##Check if there are tweets to analyse
    if (len(tweets_list) > 0):
        sentiment_scores_all = []
        for tweet in tweets_list:
            sentiment_dict = sentiment_obj.polarity_scores(tweet)
            sentiment_scores_all.append(sentiment_dict["compound"])

        #Average the sentiment of all tweets
        average_sentiment = np.average(sentiment_scores_all)
        return average_sentiment
    else:
        return 0;

# In[4]:

# Input ticker to analyse using Select Widget

# Import Ticker List
ticker_list = pd.read_csv('Data/TickerList.csv', header=None)
ticker_list = list(ticker_list[0])
ticker_list.sort()

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# Set up Select ticker widget
select_ticker = pn.widgets.Select(options = ticker_list, name = 'Choose Ticker')

def collect_clean_data_API(input_ticker):

    if type(input_ticker) == str:
        ticker = input_ticker
    else:
        ticker = input_ticker.value

#     ticker = input_ticker.value

## Set time Variables
# Set adjustable variables
seven_day_delta = timedelta(days=6)
one_day_delta = timedelta(days=1)
#Set the end date as yesterday
end_date_time = datetime.today() - one_day_delta
end_date = end_date_time#.date()
#Set the start date as end date - 7 days
start_date_time = end_date_time - seven_day_delta
start_date = start_date_time#.date()
#Set the time to 1PM for tweet retrieval
start_date_time = start_date_time.replace(minute=0, hour=13, second=0)
end_date_time = end_date_time.replace(minute=0, hour=13, second=0)

## Fetch and capture Ticker price data
# Create the Alpaca API object
alpaca = tradeapi.REST(
    alpaca_api_key,
    alpaca_secret_key,
    api_version="v2")
# Format current date as ISO format
start_date = pd.Timestamp(start_date, tz="America/New_York").isoformat()
end_date = pd.Timestamp(end_date, tz="America/New_York").isoformat()
# Set timeframe of stock bars to collect
timeframe = "4Hour"
# make API call to Alpaca to receive a data frame of selected ticker stock data
df_stock_data = alpaca.get_bars(
    ticker,
    timeframe,
    end = end_date,
    start = start_date
).df
# clean df_stock_data
# remove unneeded columns
df_stock_data.drop(['open', 'high', 'low', 'volume', 'trade_count', 'vwap'], axis='columns')
# reset index
df_stock_data.reset_index(inplace = True)
# change timestamp to date only
# df_stock_data.loc[:, 'timestamp'] = df_stock_data.loc[:, 'timestamp'].dt.date
# change column names to more suitable names
df_stock_data.columns = ['Date', 'Close']

## Fetch and capture Ticker sentiments
tweet_sentiments = []
analysis_date_time = start_date_time

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while analysis_date_time <= end_date_time:
#     print(f"Executing Tweet Analysis for {ticker} on {analysis_date_time.isoformat() + 'Z'}")
    tweets_list = read_100_Tweets(ticker, analysis_date_time.isoformat() + "Z")
    sentiment_score = perform_sentiment_analysis(tweets_list)
    tweet_sentiment = {}
    tweet_sentiment["Ticker"] = ticker
    tweet_sentiment["Date"] = analysis_date_time
    tweet_sentiment["Sentiment_Score"] = sentiment_score
    tweet_sentiments.append(tweet_sentiment)
    #print("Ticker: " + tweet_sentiment["ticker"] + ", Date : " + str(tweet_
    analysis_date_time += one_day_delta

# convert Tweet sentiment data to Data Frame
stock_tweet_sentiment_df = pd.DataFrame(tweet_sentiments)

return stock_tweet_sentiment_df, df_stock_data

# Plot the Data from collect_clean_data_API()
@pn.depends(select_ticker) # this will automatically push plot_recent_sentiment_vs_
def plot_recent_sentiment_vs_close(input_ticker):
    stock_tweet_sentiment_df, df_stock_data = collect_clean_data_API(input_ticker)

    ##Create Line plot output
    stock_plot = df_stock_data.hvplot.line(x = 'Date',
                                           y = 'Close',
                                           height = 400,
                                           width = 600,
                                           title = 'Stock Close Pr
                                           ylabel = 'Closeing Pric
                                           )

    sent_plot = stock_tweet_sentiment_df.hvplot.line(x = 'Date',
                                                    y = 'Sentiment_Score',
                                                    height = 400,
                                                    width = 600,
                                                    title = 'Sentiment Score
                                                    ylabel = 'Sentiment Scor
                                                    color = 'red')

    line_plot = (stock_plot + sent_plot)

    return line_plot

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In [10]:

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# Define Panel visualization functions

# nasdaq plot to show returns
def nasdaq_stock_plot(nasdaq_stock_price):
    plot = nasdaq_stock_price.hvplot.line(x='Date',
                                           y='Close',
                                           rot=90,
                                           width=800,
                                           groupby='Ticker',
                                           widget_location = 'left_top',
                                           title = "Market Returns",
                                           )

    return plot

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# nasdaq plot to show % change
def nasdaq_stock_change_plot(nasdaq_stock_change, nasdaq_stock_price):
    ticker_list = list(set(nasdaq_stock_price['Ticker']))
    plot = nasdaq_stock_change[nasdaq_stock_change['Ticker'].isin(ticker_list)].hvplot

    return plot

# nasdaq plot to show returns
def nasdaq_stock_sentiment_plot(nasdaq_stock_sentiment):
    plot = nasdaq_stock_sentiment.hvplot.line(x='Date',
                                                y='Sentiment_Score',
                                                rot=90,
                                                width=800,
                                                groupby='Ticker',
                                                title = "Tickers by Twitter Sentiment",
                                                widget_location = 'left_top',
                                                color = 'red')

    return plot

# nasdaq cross analysis (stock vs sentiment)
def nasdaq_cross_annalysis_plot(cross_analysis):
    plot = cross_analysis.hvplot.scatter(x = 'Date',
                                          y = 'Close',
                                          c = 'Sentiment_Score',
                                          size = 'Sentiment_Score',
                                          rot = 90,
                                          width = 800,
                                          groupby = 'Ticker',
                                          widget_location = 'left_top',
                                          title = "Plot to Show Stock Price Against Sentiment Score")

    return plot

# Correlation of stock sentiment
def plot_cross_analysis_corr(cross_analysis_corr):
    plot = cross_analysis_corr.hvplot.bar(x='Ticker',
                                           y='Correlation',
                                           c='Correlation',
                                           rot=90,
                                           width=800,
                                           height = 300,
                                           title = "Stock Price vs Correlation")

    return plot

def def_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price(df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price):

    plot = df_daily_std_nasdaq_stock_price.hvplot.bar(
        x='Ticker',
        y='Standard_Deviation',
        rot=90,
        width=800,
        height = 300,
        title = "Standard Deviation",
        color = 'pink')

    return plot

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# Define a welcome text
welcome_text = pn.pane.Markdown(''
###This is the most awesome dashboard EVER!!!!

This is the outputs of all Sentiment Analysis completed for the Fintech Project 1
'')

# Define a welcome image
# Image source https://www.britannica.com/place/Toronto
welcome_image = pn.pane.Markdown(''

```