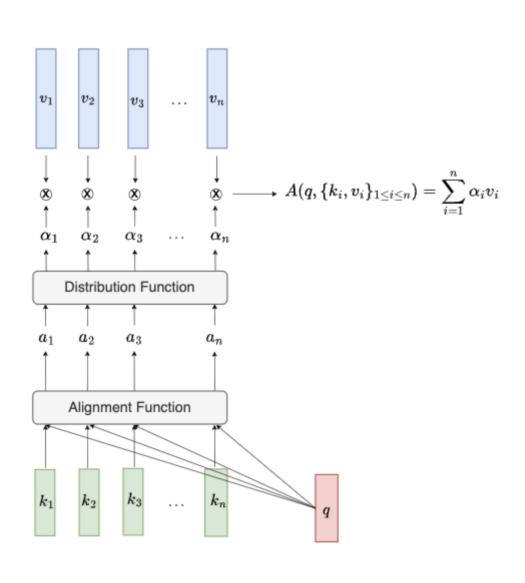
Quiz 9: Introducing the polysemy problem

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НМ

Soft Query Retrieval Model

The following figure represents the soft query retrieval problem (SQRP)



Let d be the dimensionality of the queries, keys and values. Consider the following Alignment Function:

$$orall i \in \{1,\ldots,n\} \quad a(q,k_i) = rac{q.\,k_i}{\sqrt{d}}$$

If the distribution function is the Softmax function, what is the correct expression of the attention weights:

2 points

$$orall i \in \{1,\dots,n\} \quad lpha_i = rac{\exp(q.\,k_i)}{\sum\limits_{j=1}^n \exp(q.\,k_j)}$$

 $orall i \in \{1,\dots,n\} \quad lpha_i = rac{\exp(rac{q.k_i}{\sqrt{d}})}{\sum\limits_{j=1}^n \exp(rac{q.k_j}{\sqrt{d}})}$

(a)

(b)

$$orall i \in \{1,\ldots,n\} \quad lpha_i = rac{q.\,k_i}{\sum\limits_{j=1}^n q.\,k_j}$$

(c)

What is the dimensionality of the attention vector

2 points

$$A(q,\{k_i,v_i\}_{1\leq i\leq n})$$



The Self Attention Layer: Introducing the Problem

Consider the following sentence: "Tom a été entarté cet été" (which means: Tom was with a pie this summer")



Let D be the dimensionality of the embedding vectors. We consider the following embedding vectors associated with the words in "Tom a été entarté cet été".

 X^1

Tom

 X^4

entarté

By using pre-trained word vectors like the Word2vec or the GloVe embedding vectors, we have: 2 points

$$X^3 = X^T$$

- False

By letting the model learn the parameters of the embedding matrix, we have:

2 points

$$X^3 = X^T$$

- False

Which sentence is correct?

2 points

- Although the word "été" has two different meanings in the sentence, it has the same embedding vector.
- The Word2vec/GloVe approach will compute a different embedding vector for the word "été" depending on its position in the sentence
- An Embedding Layer with a trainable embedding matrix will assign different embeddings to the word "été" depending on the position in the sentence.

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