

Structural Bioinformatics

CHAPERONES PROTEIN FUNCTION

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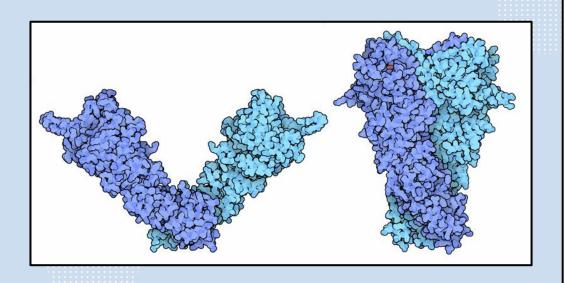
06

MUTATION ANALYSIS

CHAPERONES FUNCTION

KEY ROLES	DIVERSE ROLES	DISEASE PREVENTION	VERSATILITY
Ensures correct 3D structure of proteins. Crucial in: Cell cycle control Signal transduction	Unique co-chaperones and client proteins lead to varied cellular processes involvement. Unique co-chaperones and client proteins lead to varied cellular processes involvement. Unique co-chaperones and client proteins lead to varied cellular processes involvement. Uital in avoidir diseases linker protein misfoldi Protein trafficking Signal transduction Immune response Stress response	Vital in avoiding diseases linked to	Acts as a cellular quality control manager. Adapts to various needs and conditions.
 Mitochondrial import Maintains stability and function of various proteins. 		protein misfolding . Function conserved across species.	ATP-dependent, interacts with co-chaperones and client proteins for correct protein structure

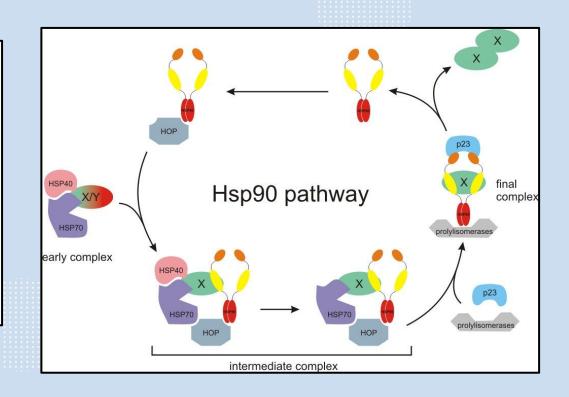
HSP90 FUNCTION



- Refolds proteins in stressed cells
- Secretory chaperon in prokaryotes
- Cytoprotection and intracellular signaling
- Controls protein homeostasis
- Has a critical ATPase activity, ATP binding and hydrolysis → modulates conformation dynamics

CHAPERONE CYCLE

- X/Y represents an immature incompletely folded protein such a steroid receptor.
- **Hsp40**, **Hsp70**, and **p23** are partner chaperones.
- **Hop** is a co-chaperone.
- X-X represents a mature properly folded protein dimer.



FOLD OF THE PROTEIN HSP90

FOLD

Hsp90 co-chaperone CDC37

multihelical, consists of 2 all-alpha subdomains connected by a long helix

FOLD

GHKL domain-like

2 layers: alpha/beta; 8-stranded mixed beta-sheet, order: 87126345, strands 1 and 7 are parallel to each other

FOLD

HSP90 C-terminal domain

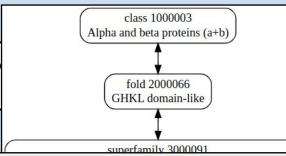
alpha-beta(3)-alpha(3), 2 layers, a/b, mixed beta-sheet, order:132, crossing loops

FOLD

HSP90 middle pre-C-terminal domain

3 layers, a/b/a; mixed beta-sheet of 4 strands, first strand antiparallel to the rest, order 1324

We chose **6XG6** as a repres family.



ike

FOLD

GHKL domain-like

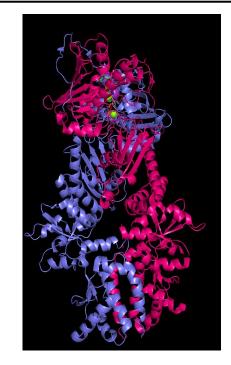
2 layers: alpha/beta; 8-stranded mixed beta-sheet, order: 87126345, strands 1 and 7 are parallel to each other

Keywords mixed beta-sheet

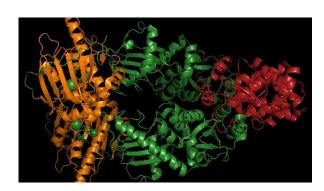
Superfamilies [1 entry]

GHKL (Gyrase, Hsp90, Histidine Kinase, MutL) domain-like SCOP ID 3000091 → Families: 5

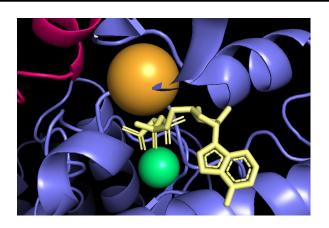
6XG6



Chains: Alpha / Beta

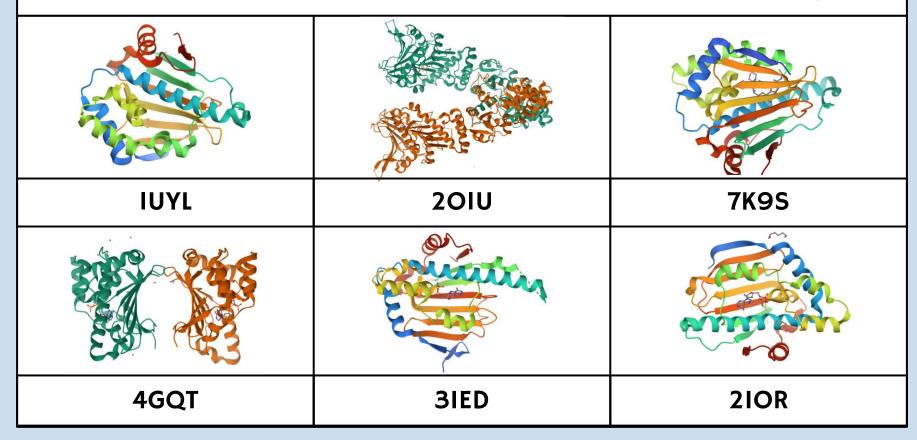


N-terminal
Middle Domain
C-Terminal





Other structures for the chaperone protein family



REGION FUNCTIONALITY



N-Terminal: domain Hsp90 from eukaryotes and its bacterial homologues, known as HtpG (High temperature protein G).



C-Terminal: this domain has an α - $\beta(3)$ - $\alpha(3)$ fold arranged in two layers (α/β) with mixed β -sheet and crossing loops.

REGION FUNCTIONALITY: CONSERVED REGION

Biological Process Molecular Function

Cellular Component

Protein folding (G0:0006457)

ATP binding(G0:0005524)
Unfolded protein binding
(G0:0051082)

None

Domains shared between family protein

InterPro: Protein Family Classification

InterPro: Classification of protein families

Chains	Accession		Туре
A	IPR003594	Histidine kinase/HSP90-like ATPase	Domain
А	IPR020568	Ribosomal protein uS5 domain 2-type superfamily	Homologous Superfamily
A	IPR001404	Heat shock protein Hsp90 family	Family
A	IPR020575	Heat shock protein Hsp90, N-terminal	Domain
А	IPR019805	Heat shock protein Hsp90, conserved site	Conserved Site
А	IPR036890	Histidine kinase/HSP90-like ATPase superfamily	Homologous Superfamily
A.	IPR037196	HSP90, C-terminal domain	Homologous Superfamily

MUTATION ANALYSIS

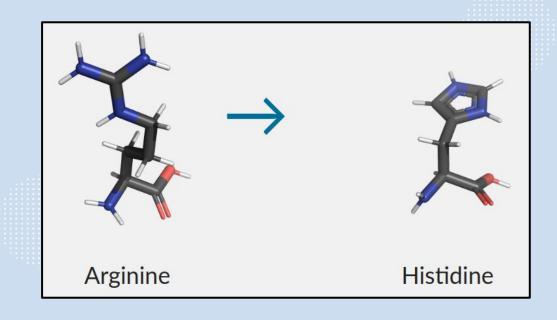
R>H

cGc/cAc (-) Missense

Conservation score: 0.808

Position: 469

 $\Delta\Delta G_{pred}$: 3.91427



THE END!