

# Assignment Report part-1

Karan Nijhawan

January 8, 2025

## Introduction

This report outlines the development and evaluation of a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model for a regression task. The dataset consists of three parts, each loaded, preprocessed, and combined for training, validation, and testing. The goal is to predict continuous outputs using image data as input.

## Dataset Loading and Preprocessing

The dataset files were stored in NumPy format (`data{i}.npz` for features and `lab{i}.npz` for labels). The following steps were undertaken:

- Loaded individual datasets using the `load_data` function.
- Combined the datasets using `np.concatenate`.
- Expanded the data dimensions to include a channel dimension (grayscale images) using `np.expand_dims`.
- Normalized pixel values to the range  $[0, 1]$  by dividing by 255.0.

The combined data was split into training, validation, and test sets using `train_test_split` with a test size of 30% and further splitting the validation set into validation and test sets (33% of the validation set).

## Model Architecture

The CNN model, implemented using TensorFlow's Keras API, consists of the following layers:

1. **Convolutional Layer:** 32 filters of size (3, 3) with ReLU activation.
2. **MaxPooling Layer:** Pool size of (2, 2).
3. **Convolutional Layer:** 64 filters of size (3, 3) with ReLU activation.
4. **MaxPooling Layer:** Pool size of (2, 2).

5. **Flatten Layer:** Converts 2D feature maps into a 1D vector.
6. **Dense Layer:** 128 units with ReLU activation.
7. **Dropout Layer:** Dropout rate of 0.5 to reduce overfitting.
8. **Output Layer:** Single neuron with linear activation for regression.

## Model Training

The model was compiled with the following configurations:

- **Optimizer:** Adam with a learning rate of 0.001.
- **Loss Function:** Mean Squared Error (MSE).
- **Metric:** Mean Squared Error.

Training was performed for 10 epochs with a batch size of 32. Validation data was used to monitor the performance during training.

## Evaluation and Results

### Validation Results

The validation loss after training is:

- **Validation Loss:** 12.09

## Learning Curves

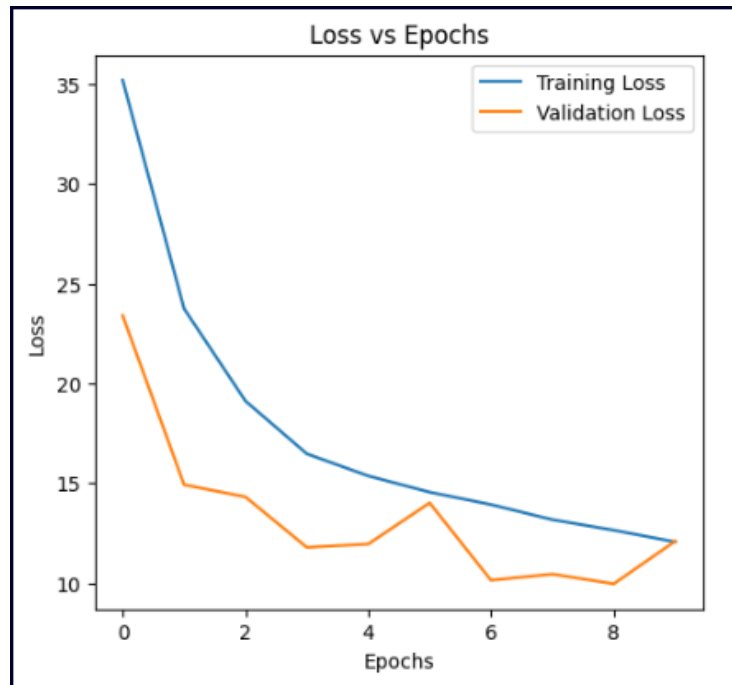


Figure 1: Training and Validation Loss over Epochs

## Test Set Evaluation

The model was evaluated on the test set:

- Predictions were rounded to the nearest integer.
- **Test Accuracy:** 10.67 %