Syntax and Semantics of Dependant Types

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Introduction

Definition

A dependant type is a family of types varying on the elements of another type.

Exemple:

$$Vec_{\sigma}(M), M: \mathbb{N}$$

Built on:

- nil_{σ} : $Vec_{\sigma}(0)$
- $Cons_{\sigma}(U, V) : Vec_{\sigma}(Succ(M))$

with $U : \sigma$ and $V : Vec_{\sigma}(M)$

Syntax

$$\begin{split} \varGamma ::= & \diamond \\ & \mid \varGamma, \mathsf{X} : \sigma \quad \text{provided } \mathsf{x} \text{ is not declared in } \varGamma \\ & \sigma, \tau ::= \varPi \mathsf{X} : \sigma.\tau \mid \varSigma \mathsf{X} : \sigma.\tau \mid \mathit{Id}_{\sigma}(\mathsf{M}, \mathsf{N}) \mid \mathbb{N} \\ & \mathsf{M}, \mathsf{N}, \mathsf{H}, \mathsf{P} ::= \mathsf{x} \mid \lambda \mathsf{x} : \sigma.\mathsf{M}^{\tau} \mid \mathsf{App}_{[\mathsf{x}:\sigma]_{\tau}}(\mathsf{M}, \mathsf{N}) \mid \mathsf{Pair}_{[\mathsf{x}:\sigma]_{\tau}}(\mathsf{M}, \mathsf{N}) \\ & \mid R^{\varSigma}_{[\mathsf{z}:\varSigma \mathsf{x}:\sigma.\tau]_{\rho}}([\mathsf{x} : \sigma, \mathsf{y} : \tau]\mathsf{H}, \mathsf{M}) \mid \mathsf{Refl}_{\sigma}(\mathsf{M}) \\ & \mid R^{\mathit{Id}}_{[\mathsf{x}:\sigma, \mathsf{y}:\sigma, \mathsf{p}: \mathit{Id}_{\sigma}(\mathsf{x}, \mathsf{y})]_{\tau}}([\mathsf{z} : \sigma]\mathsf{H}, \mathsf{M}, \mathsf{N}, \mathsf{P}) \mid \mathsf{0} \mid \mathsf{Suc}(\mathsf{M}) \mid \\ & R^{\mathbb{N}}_{[\mathsf{n}:\mathbb{N}]_{\sigma}}(\mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{z}}, [\mathsf{n} : \mathbb{N}, \mathsf{x} : \sigma]\mathsf{H}_{\mathsf{s}}, \mathsf{M}) \end{split}$$

Context morphisms

Let Γ and $\Delta \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} x_1 : \sigma_1, ..., x_n : \sigma_n$ be valid contexts. $f \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (M_1, ..., M_n)$ is a context morphism (we write $\Gamma \vdash f \implies \Delta$) when the following n judgements hold:

$$\Gamma \vdash M_1 : \sigma_1$$
 $\Gamma \vdash M_2 : \sigma_2[M_1/x_1]$
...
 $\Gamma \vdash M_n : \sigma_n[M_1/x_1][M_2/x_2] \dots [M_{n-1}/x_{n-1}]$

Generalized substitution & Composition

If we have:

$$\vdash \Gamma, \Delta \text{ context} \quad \Gamma \vdash \tau \text{ type}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash f \implies \Delta$$

$$f \equiv (M_1, ..., M_n)$$

$$\Delta \equiv x_1 : \sigma_1, ..., x_n : \sigma_n$$

Then:

$$\tau[f/\Delta] \equiv \tau[M_1/x_1][M_2/x_2]...[M_n/x_n]$$

Thanks to **substitution** we can now define context morphism **composition**:

Let
$$\Delta \vdash g \implies \Theta$$
 a context morphism, with $g \equiv (N_1, ..., N_k)$
 $f \circ g \equiv (N_1[f/\Delta], ..., N_k[f/\Delta])$

Semantic frameworks

Objects

Let's first define some data structures in our semantic model:

- $\ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}$ category of contexts and context morphisms
- for $\Gamma \in \mathcal{C}$ a collection $Ty_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma)$ of semantic types
- for $\Gamma \in \mathcal{C}$ and $\sigma \in \mathit{Ty}_{\mathcal{C}}$ a collection $\mathit{Tm}_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma, \sigma)$ of semantic terms

Context formation & type extension

Formation:

- \top a terminal object in $\mathcal C$
- $\forall \Gamma \in \mathcal{C}, \ \langle \rangle_{\Gamma}$ denotes the unique morphism from Γ to \top

Type Extension:

- $\forall (\Gamma, \sigma) \in \mathcal{C} \times \mathit{Ty}_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma), \ \Gamma.\sigma \in \mathcal{C} \ \text{is the comprehension of} \ \sigma$
- in the term model:

$$\frac{\vdash \Gamma \text{ context} \quad \Gamma \vdash \sigma \text{ type}}{\Gamma, \mathsf{X} : \sigma \text{ context}}$$

Substitution

Semantic substitution is described by one operation for types and one for terms.

Let
$$f: \Gamma \to \Delta$$
, $g: \Delta \to \Theta$, $\sigma \in \mathit{Ty}(\Theta)$ and $M \in \mathit{Tm}(\Theta, \sigma)$

- $-\{g\}: Ty(\Theta) \to Ty(\Delta)$
- $-\{g\}: \mathsf{Tm}(\Theta,\sigma) \to \mathsf{Tm}(\Delta,\sigma\{g\})$
- compatible with composition and identities:

$$\begin{split} \sigma\{id_{\varTheta}\} &= \sigma &\in \mathit{Ty}(\varTheta) \\ \sigma\{g \circ f\} &= \sigma\{g\}\{f\} \in \mathit{Ty}(\varGamma) \\ M\{id_{\varTheta}\} &= M &\in \mathit{Tm}(\varTheta, \sigma) \\ M\{g \circ f\} &= M\{g\}\{f\} \in \mathit{Tm}(\varGamma, \sigma\{g \circ f\}) \end{split}$$

p & v Morphisms

p morphism:

- $p(\sigma): \Gamma.\sigma \to \Gamma$ is the projection associated to σ
- in the term model:

$$\Gamma, \mathsf{X} : \sigma \vdash \mathsf{p} \implies \Gamma$$

v morphism:

- $v_{\sigma}: \Gamma.\sigma \to \sigma$ is the second projection
- $\mathbf{v}_{\sigma} \in Tm_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma.\sigma, \sigma\{\mathbf{p}(\sigma)\})$
- in the term model:

$$\Gamma, \mathbf{X} : \sigma \vdash \mathbf{v} \implies \mathbf{X} : \sigma$$

Term Extension

Let
$$f : \Gamma \to \Delta$$
, $\sigma \in Ty(\Delta)$ and $M \in Tm(\Gamma, \sigma\{f\})$.

- $\langle f, M \rangle_{\sigma} : \Gamma \to \Delta.\sigma$ is the extension of f by M
- if $g:\Theta\to \Gamma$ then it satisfies the following:

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{p}(\sigma) \circ \langle f, \mathsf{M} \rangle_{\sigma} &= f &: \varGamma \to \varDelta \\ \mathbf{v}\{\langle f, \mathsf{M} \rangle_{\sigma}\} &= \mathsf{M} &\in \mathit{Tm}(\varGamma, \sigma\{f\}) \\ \langle f, \mathsf{M} \rangle_{\sigma} \circ g &= \langle f \circ g, \mathsf{M}\{g\} \rangle_{\sigma} : \varTheta \to \varDelta.\sigma \\ \langle \mathbf{p}(\sigma), \mathbf{v} \rangle_{\sigma} &= \mathit{id}_{\varDelta.\sigma} &: \varDelta.\sigma \to \varDelta.\sigma \end{split}$$

CwF: first definition

To recap, a **Category with families** is the following tuple:

$$(\mathcal{C}, \textit{Ty}, \textit{Tm}, -\{-\}, \top, \langle \rangle_{-}, -..., p, v, \langle -, -\rangle_{-})$$

Definitions & Fam **Category**

The category \mathcal{F} am of families of sets has:

- as objects pairs $A = (A^0, A^1)$
- as arrows f between A and B a pair (f^0, f^1)

We also define the functor $\mathcal{F}:\mathcal{C}^{op}\to\mathcal{F}$ am such that:

$$\mathcal{F}(\Gamma) = (\mathsf{Ty}_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma), (\mathsf{Tm}_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma, \sigma))_{\sigma \in \mathsf{Ty}_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma)})$$

CwF: second definition

We can now define a category with families with:

- a category ${\mathcal C}$ with terminal object
- a functor $\mathcal{F} = (\mathit{Ty}, \mathit{Tm}) : \mathcal{C}^{\mathit{op}} \to \mathcal{F}\mathit{am}$
- a comprehension for each $\Gamma \in \mathcal{C}$ and $\sigma \in \mathit{Ty}_{\mathcal{C}}(\Gamma)$

${\bf q}$ morphism & Weakening

- q morphism:

Let
$$f: \Theta \to \Gamma$$
 and $\sigma \in Ty(\Gamma)$

$$\mathbf{q}(f,\sigma):\Theta.\sigma\{f\}\to\Gamma.\sigma$$

$$\stackrel{\mathsf{def}}{=} \langle f\circ \mathbf{p}(\sigma\{f\}), \mathbf{v}_{\sigma\{f\}}\rangle_{\sigma}$$

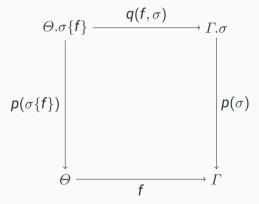
- Weakening maps:

$$w := p(\sigma) : \Gamma . \sigma \to \Gamma$$

$$| q(w, \tau)$$

Pullback property

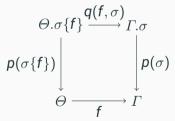
Let C a CwF, $f: \Theta \to \Gamma$ and $\sigma \in Ty(\Gamma)$ the following diagram commutes:



CwA definition

A **category with attributes** consists of:

- A category $\mathcal C$ with terminal object \top
- A functor $Ty: \mathcal{C}^{op} \to Set$
- $\forall \sigma \in Ty(\Gamma)$ an object $\Gamma.\sigma$ and a morphism $p(\sigma) : \Gamma.\sigma \to \Gamma$
- $\forall f: \Theta \to \Gamma$ and $\sigma \in Ty(\Gamma)$ a pullback diagram:



such that $q(id_{\Gamma}, \sigma) = id_{\Gamma, \sigma}$ and $q(f \circ g, \sigma) = q(f, \sigma) \circ q(g, \sigma\{f\})$.

Bonus

∏ Type former

- Type former for the functions with return type depending on the parameter
- Set-theoretic equivalent: Cartesian product over a family of sets: $\Pi_{i \in I}B_i$
- preserved by definitional equality

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \sigma \text{ type} \quad \Gamma, \mathsf{X} : \sigma \vdash \tau \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi \mathsf{X} : \sigma . \tau \text{ type}} \mathsf{Form}$$

Π Rules

$$\frac{\Gamma, \mathbf{x} : \sigma \vdash \mathbf{M} : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda \mathbf{x} : \sigma.\mathbf{M}^{\tau} : \Pi \mathbf{x} : \sigma.\tau} Intro$$

$$\frac{\varGamma \vdash \textit{M} : \varPi\textit{x} : \sigma.\tau \quad \varGamma \vdash \textit{N} : \sigma}{\varGamma \vdash \textit{App}_{[\textit{x}:\sigma]\tau}(\textit{M},\textit{N}) : \tau[\textit{N}/\textit{x}]}\textit{Elim}$$

$$\frac{\varGamma \vdash \lambda x : \sigma.M^{\tau} : \varPi x : \sigma.\tau \quad \varGamma \vdash N : \sigma}{\varGamma \vdash \mathsf{App}_{[x:\sigma]\tau}(\lambda x : \sigma.M^{\tau}, N) = M[N/x] : \tau[N/x]}\mathsf{Comp}$$

Π type former interpretation

For each $\sigma \in Ty(\Gamma)$, $\tau \in Ty(\Gamma.\sigma)$, $L \in Tm(\Gamma.\sigma,\tau)$, $M \in Tm(\Gamma,\Pi(\sigma,\tau))$ and $N \in Tm(\Gamma,\sigma)$ we can define:

- the type $\Pi(\sigma, \tau) \in \mathit{Ty}(\Gamma)$
- the term $\lambda_{\sigma,\tau}(L) \in Tm(\Gamma,\Pi(\sigma,\tau))$
- the term $App_{\sigma,\tau}(M,N) \in Tm(\Gamma,\tau\{\overline{M}\})$

such that

$$\begin{split} App_{\sigma,\tau}(\lambda_{\sigma,\tau}(M),N) &= M\{\overline{N}\} &\qquad \Pi - C \\ \Pi(\sigma,\tau)\{f\} &= \Pi(\sigma\{f\},\tau\{\mathbf{q}(f,\sigma)\}) &\qquad \Pi - S \\ \lambda_{\sigma,\tau}(M)\{f\} &= \lambda_{\sigma\{f\},\tau\{\mathbf{q}(f,\sigma)\}}(M\{\mathbf{q}(f,\sigma)\}) &\qquad \lambda - S \\ App_{\sigma,\tau}(M,N)\{f\} &= App_{\sigma\{f\},\tau\{\mathbf{q}(f,\sigma)\}}(M\{f\},N\{f\}) &\qquad App - S \end{split}$$

Interpretation function

Let [-] an interpretation function such that:

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Soundness properties

$$\Gamma \vdash \stackrel{\$}{\Longrightarrow} \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \in \mathcal{C}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \sigma \stackrel{\$}{\Longrightarrow} \llbracket \Gamma; \sigma \rrbracket \in Ty(\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket)$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \stackrel{\$}{\Longrightarrow} \llbracket \Gamma; M \rrbracket \in Tm(\llbracket \Gamma; \sigma \rrbracket)$$

$$\vdash \Gamma = \Delta \text{ context } \stackrel{\$}{\Longrightarrow} \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket = \llbracket \Delta \rrbracket$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \sigma = \tau \text{ type } \stackrel{\$}{\Longrightarrow} \llbracket \Gamma; \sigma \rrbracket = \llbracket \Gamma; \tau \rrbracket$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M = N : \sigma \stackrel{\$}{\Longrightarrow} \llbracket \Gamma; M \rrbracket = \llbracket \Gamma; N \rrbracket$$