

**IESC**Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

1 Identificação

Aluna	Mônica Miguel Brochini	
E-mail	monicabrochini@yahoo.com.br	
(X) Pós-Graduação	Curso: Doutorado em Saúde Coletiva Linha: Epidemiologia e Políticas de Saúde Ano: 2022/2	
Orientadores: Prof. Antonio José Leal Costa & Profa. Natalia Santana Paiva	Bibliotecário: Roberto Unger	Endereço: Rua Orácio Macedo

1.1 Questão/problema de pesquisa

Quais as modelagens estatísticas e ou matemáticas são utilizadas para corrigir o atraso das notificações de Síndrome Respiratória Aguda Grave (SRAG) na Pandemia de Covid-19 e produzir o *Nowcasting* para tomada de decisão na vigilância epidemiológica?

P	Patients population	Atrasos das notificações (SRAG ou óbito)
I	Intervention	Correção do atraso e predições
C	Comparison	nowcasting
O	Outcomes	Impacto na saúde pública

1.2 Objetivos da pesquisa (geral e específicos)

Identificar o estado da arte das modelagens estatísticas e matemáticas utilizadas na correção do atraso das notificações e nowcasting na Pandemia de Covid-19.

Identificar se a Lógica Fuzzy já foi aplicada em correções do atraso das notificações e, ou construção de nowcasting na vigilância em saúde.

2 Estratégia de busca

2.1 Assunto(s)

- Nas Ciências da Saúde os assuntos (descritores) e os sinônimos podem ser consultados no DeCS (<http://decs.bvs.br>) e no MeSH (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh>).
- Para outras áreas do conhecimento verifique se existem Tesouros/Vocabulários Controlados que possam ser utilizados para consulta de termos.



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

	Assunto/palavras-chave sinônimos em português	Assunto/palavras-chave e sinônimos em inglês
Assunto 1	Correção das notificações	Correcting notification
Assunto 2	Covid-19	Covid-19
Assunto 3	Síndrome respiratória aguda grave (SRAG)	severe acute respiratory illness (SARI)
Assunto 4	Atraso das notificações	Reporting delay
Assunto 5	Predição em tempo real	Nowcasting
Assunto 6	Correção do atraso das notificações	Correcting reporting delay

2.2 Critérios de inclusão

- Indique os critérios para seleção dos resultados de busca.

Tipo de documento (artigos, teses, dissertações etc.)	Artigos científicos (publicados e preprint)
Área geográfica	Sem limitação
Período de tempo	Sem limitação
Idioma	inglês
Outros	Trabalhos que aplicaram correções do atraso das notificações para SRAG

2.3 Bases de Dados

- Indique as bases de dados e demais fontes de informação que deseja utilizar em sua pesquisa.

Bases de dados
PubMed/MEDLINE (Ciências da Saúde; abrangência mundial) Acesso gratuito: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed
Scopus (Elsevier) (Multidisciplinar; abrangência mundial) Acesso via VPN ou Acesso CAFE e busca no Portal de Periódicos da CAPES pelo menu "Acervo" > "Lista de bases"
Web of Science (Clarivate Analytics) (Multidisciplinar; abrangência mundial) Acesso via VPN ou Acesso CAFE e busca no Portal de Periódicos da CAPES pelo menu "Acervo" > "Lista de bases"



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

3 Resultados da busca

PubMed/MEDLINE

- Acesso gratuito: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed>

(((((covid-19 OR SARI OR covid19))) AND (("correcting reporting delay" OR "correcting notification" OR "delay reporting")))) AND (nowcasting)

<https://pubmed-ncbi-nlm-nih.ez29.periodicos.capes.gov.br/?term=%28%28covid-19+OR+SARI+OR+covid19%29+AND+%28%28%28%22correcting+reporting+delay%22+OR+%22correcting+notification%22+OR+%22delay+reporting%22%29%29+AND+%28nowcasting%29&sort=>

Quoted phrases not found in phrase index: "correcting reporting delay", "correcting notification"

Quantidade de resultados:

1: Greene SK, McGough SF, Culp GM, Graf LE, Lipsitch M, Menzies NA, Kahn R. Nowcasting for Real-Time COVID-19 Tracking in New York City: An Evaluation Using Reportable Disease Data From Early in the Pandemic. JMIR Public Health Surveill. 2021 Jan 15;7(1):e25538. doi: 10.2196/25538. PMID: 33406053; PMCID: PMC7812916.

2: Equiza-Goñi J. Correcciones para las cifras diarias de mortalidad acumulada en España durante la pandemia de COVID-19 [Corrections to daily excess mortality estimates in Spain during the COVID-19 pandemic.]. Rev Esp Salud Publica. 2021 Apr 7;95:e202104048. Spanish. PMID: 33824266.

Chave:

((((Covid-19 OR SARI)) AND ("reporting delay" OR "correcting reporting delay"))) AND nowcasting

Resultados:

Delay in death reporting affects timely monitoring and modeling of the COVID-19 pandemic.
Carvalho CA, Carvalho VA, Campos MAG, Oliveira BLCA, Diniz EM, Santos AMD, Souza BF, Silva AAMD. Cad Saude Publica. 2021 Aug 13;37(7):e00292320. doi: 10.1590/0102-311X00292320. eCollection 2021. PMID: 34406216 Free article.

Nowcasting the COVID-19 pandemic in Bavaria.

Günther F, Bender A, Katz K, Küchenhoff H, Höhle M. Biom J. 2021 Mar;63(3):490-502. doi: 10.1002/bimj.202000112. Epub 2020 Dec 1. PMID: 33258177 Free PMC article.

Bayesian back-calculation and nowcasting for line list data during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Li T, White LF. PLoS Comput Biol. 2021 Jul 12;17(7):e1009210. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009210. eCollection 2021 Jul. PMID: 34252078 **Free PMC article.**

Nowcasting COVID-19 deaths in England by age and region.



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Seaman SR, Samartsidis P, Kall M, De Angelis D.J R Stat Soc Ser C Appl Stat. 2022 Jun 15;10.1111/rssc.12576. doi: 10.1111/rssc.12576. Online ahead of print.PMID: 35942006 **Free PMC article.**

Evaluation of **Nowcasting** for Real-Time **COVID-19** Tracking - New York City, March-May 2020.
Greene SK, McGough SF, Culp GM, Graf LE, Lipsitch M, Menzies NA, Kahn R.medRxiv. 2020 Oct 20;2020.10.18.20209189. doi: 10.1101/2020.10.18.20209189. Preprint.PMID: 33106814 **Free PMC article. Updated.**

Nowcasting for Real-Time **COVID-19** Tracking in New York City: An Evaluation Using **Reportable** Disease Data From Early in the Pandemic.

Greene SK, McGough SF, Culp GM, Graf LE, Lipsitch M, Menzies NA, Kahn R.JMIR Public Health Surveill. 2021 Jan 15;7(1):e25538. doi: 10.2196/25538.PMID: 33406053 **Free PMC article.**

Forecasting of **COVID-19** onset cases: a data-driven analysis in the early stage of **delay**.

Wang X, Li Y, Jia J.Environ Sci Pollut Res Int. 2021 Apr;28(16):20240-20246. doi: 10.1007/s11356-020-11859-w. Epub 2021 Jan 6.PMID: 33405171 **Free PMC article.**

Near real-time surveillance of the **SARS-CoV-2** epidemic with incomplete data.

De Salazar PM, Lu F, Hay JA, Gómez-Barroso D, Fernández-Navarro P, Martínez E, Astray-Mochales J, Amillategui R, García-Fulgueiras A, Chirlaque MD, Sánchez-Migallón A, Larrauri A, Sierra MJ, Lipsitch M, Simón F, Santillana M, Hernán MA.medRxiv. 2021 Jan 26;2021.01.25.20230094. doi: 10.1101/2021.01.25.20230094. Preprint.

[**Corrections** to daily excess mortality estimates in Spain during the **COVID-19** pandemic.].

Equiza-Goñi J.Rev Esp Salud Publica. 2021 Apr 7;95:e202104048.PMID: 33824266 **Free article.** Spanish.

Near real-time surveillance of the **SARS-CoV-2** epidemic with incomplete data.

De Salazar PM, Lu F, Hay JA, Gómez-Barroso D, Fernández-Navarro P, Martínez EV, Astray-Mochales J, Amillategui R, García-Fulgueiras A, Chirlaque MD, Sánchez-Migallón A, Larrauri A, Sierra MJ, Lipsitch M, Simón F, Santillana M, Hernán MA.PLoS Comput Biol. 2022 Mar 31;18(3):e1009964. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009964. eCollection 2022 Mar.PMID: 35358171 **Free PMC article.**

Chave:

(covid-19 OR SARI) AND (nowcasting) excluída essa chave!

Quantidade de resultados:

1: Garcia LP, Gonçalves AV, Andrade MP, Pedebôs LA, Vidor AC, Zaina R, Hallal ALC, Canto GL, Traebert J, Araújo GM, Amaral FV. Estimating underdiagnosis of COVID-19 with nowcasting and machine learning. Rev Bras Epidemiol. 2021 Oct 29;24:e210047. doi: 10.1590/1980-549720210047. PMID: 34730709.

2: Günther F, Bender A, Katz K, Küchenhoff H, Höhle M. Nowcasting the COVID-19 pandemic in Bavaria. Biom J. 2021 Mar;63(3):490-502. doi: 10.1002/bimj.202000112. Epub 2020 Dec 1. PMID: 33258177; PMCID: PMC7753318.

3: Wu JT, Leung K, Lam TTY, Ni MY, Wong CKH, Peiris JSM, Leung GM. Nowcasting epidemics of novel pathogens: lessons from COVID-19. Nat Med. 2021

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Mar;27(3):388-395. doi: 10.1038/s41591-021-01278-w. Epub 2021 Mar 15. PMID: 33723452.

4: Alaimo Di Loro P, Divino F, Farcomeni A, Jona Lasinio G, Lovison G, Maruotti A, Mingione M. Nowcasting COVID-19 incidence indicators during the Italian first outbreak. *Stat Med*. 2021 Jul 20;40(16):3843-3864. doi: 10.1002/sim.9004. Epub 2021 May 6. PMID: 33955571; PMCID: PMC8242495.

5: Arslan S, Ozdemir MY, Ucar A. Nowcasting and Forecasting the Spread of COVID-19 and Healthcare Demand in Turkey, a Modeling Study. *Front Public Health*. 2021 Jan 20;8:575145. doi: 10.3389/fpubh.2020.575145. PMID: 33553085; PMCID: PMC7855976.

6: Birrell P, Blake J, van Leeuwen E, Gent N, De Angelis D. Real-time nowcasting and forecasting of COVID-19 dynamics in England: the first wave. *Philos Trans R Soc Lond B Biol Sci*. 2021 Jul 19;376(1829):20200279. doi: 10.1098/rstb.2020.0279. Epub 2021 May 31. PMID: 34053254; PMCID: PMC8165585.

7: Li T, White LF. Bayesian back-calculation and nowcasting for line list data during the COVID-19 pandemic. *PLoS Comput Biol*. 2021 Jul 12;17(7):e1009210. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009210. PMID: 34252078; PMCID: PMC8297945.

8: Su SY, Lee WC. Nowcasting the prevalence of asymptomatic, preclinical, and clinical COVID-19 infections. *J Formos Med Assoc*. 2021 Sep;120(9):1790-1792. doi: 10.1016/j.jfma.2021.03.026. Epub 2021 Mar 31. PMID: 33840544; PMCID: PMC8011633.

9: Schneble M, De Nicola G, Kauermann G, Berger U. Nowcasting fatal COVID-19 infections on a regional level in Germany. *Biom J*. 2021 Mar;63(3):471-489. doi: 10.1002/bimj.202000143. Epub 2020 Nov 20. PMID: 33215765.

10: Wu JT, Leung K, Leung GM. Nowcasting and forecasting the potential domestic and international spread of the 2019-nCoV outbreak originating in Wuhan, China: a modelling study. *Lancet*. 2020 Feb 29;395(10225):689-697. doi: 10.1016/S0140-6736(20)30260-9. Epub 2020 Jan 31. Erratum in: *Lancet*. 2020 Feb 4;; PMID: 32014114; PMCID: PMC7159271.

11: Seaman SR, Samartsidis P, Kall M, De Angelis D. Nowcasting COVID-19 deaths in England by age and region. *J R Stat Soc Ser C Appl Stat*. 2022 Jun 15;10.1111/rssc.12576. doi: 10.1111/rssc.12576. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 35942006; PMCID: PMC9349735.

12: Cont R, Kotlicki A, Xu R. Modelling COVID-19 contagion: risk assessment and targeted mitigation policies. *R Soc Open Sci*. 2021 Mar 31;8(3):201535. doi: 10.1098/rsos.201535. PMID: 34035936; PMCID: PMC8101016.

13: Greene SK, McGough SF, Culp GM, Graf LE, Lipsitch M, Menzies NA, Kahn R. Nowcasting for Real-Time COVID-19 Tracking in New York City: An Evaluation Using



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Reportable Disease Data From Early in the Pandemic. *JMIR Public Health Surveill.* 2021 Jan 15;7(1):e25538. doi: 10.2196/25538. PMID: 33406053; PMCID: PMC7812916.

14: Garcia LP, Traebert J, Boing AC, Santos GFZ, Pedebôs LA, d'Orsi E, Prado PI, Veras MASM, Boava G, Boing AF. The potential spread of Covid-19 and government decision-making: a retrospective analysis in Florianópolis, Brazil. *Rev Bras Epidemiol.* 2020 Sep 30;23:e200091. Portuguese, English. doi: 10.1590/1980-549720200091. PMID: 33027433.

15: Carvalho CA, Carvalho VA, Campos MAG, Oliveira BLCA, Diniz EM, Santos AMD, Souza BF, Silva AAMD. Delay in death reporting affects timely monitoring and modeling of the COVID-19 pandemic. *Cad Saude Publica.* 2021 Aug 13;37(7):e00292320. doi: 10.1590/0102-311X00292320. PMID: 34406216.

16: Jimenez AJ, Estevez-Reboredo RM, Santed MA, Ramos V. COVID-19 Symptom-Related Google Searches and Local COVID-19 Incidence in Spain: Correlational Study. *J Med Internet Res.* 2020 Dec 18;22(12):e23518. doi: 10.2196/23518. PMID: 33156803; PMCID: PMC7757783.

17: Dzaye O, Adelhoefer S, Boakye E, Blaha MJ. Cardiovascular-related health behaviors and lifestyle during the COVID-19 pandemic: An infodemiology study. *Am J Prev Cardiol.* 2021 Mar;5:100148. doi: 10.1016/j.ajpc.2021.100148. Epub 2021 Jan 13. PMID: 33521755; PMCID: PMC7834537.

18: Salas J. Improving the estimation of the COVID-19 effective reproduction number using nowcasting. *Stat Methods Med Res.* 2021 Sep;30(9):2075-2084. doi: 10.1177/09622802211008939. Epub 2021 May 5. PMID: 33951962.

19: Greene SK, McGough SF, Culp GM, Graf LE, Lipsitch M, Menzies NA, Kahn R. Evaluation of Nowcasting for Real-Time COVID-19 Tracking - New York City, March-May 2020. *medRxiv [Preprint].* 2020 Oct 20:2020.10.18.20209189. doi: 10.1101/2020.10.18.20209189. Update in: *JMIR Public Health Surveill.* 2021 Jan 15;7(1):e25538. PMID: 33106814; PMCID: PMC7587834.

20: Khalil A, Al Handawi K, Mohsen Z, Abdel Nour A, Feghali R, Chamseddine I, Kokkolaras M. Weekly Nowcasting of New COVID-19 Cases Using Past Viral Load Measurements. *Viruses.* 2022 Jun 28;14(7):1414. doi: 10.3390/v14071414. PMID: 35891394; PMCID: PMC9317659.

21: Akman O, Chauhan S, Ghosh A, Liesman S, Michael E, Mubayi A, Perlin R, Seshaiyer P, Tripathi JP. The Hard Lessons and Shifting Modeling Trends of COVID-19 Dynamics: Multiresolution Modeling Approach. *Bull Math Biol.* 2021 Nov 19;84(1):3. doi: 10.1007/s11538-021-00959-4. PMID: 34797415; PMCID: PMC8602007.

22: Brum M, De Rosa M. Too little but not too late: nowcasting poverty and cash transfers' incidence during COVID-19's crisis. *World Dev.* 2021 Apr;140:105227. doi: 10.1016/j.worlddev.2020.105227. Epub 2020 Dec 6. PMID: 34580558; PMCID: PMC8457750.

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

- 23: Foroni C, Marcellino M, Stevanovic D. Forecasting the Covid-19 recession and recovery: Lessons from the financial crisis. *Int J Forecast.* 2022 Apr-Jun;38(2):596-612. doi: 10.1016/j.ijforecast.2020.12.005. Epub 2020 Dec 26. PMID: 35185230; PMCID: PMC8846941.
- 24: Spreco A, Jöud A, Eriksson O, Soltesz K, Källström R, Dahlström Ö, Eriksson H, Ekberg J, Jonson CO, Fraenkel CJ, Lundh T, Gerlee P, Gustafsson F, Timpka T. Nowcasting (Short-Term Forecasting) of COVID-19 Hospitalizations Using Syndromic Healthcare Data, Sweden, 2020. *Emerg Infect Dis.* 2022 Mar;28(3):564-571. doi: 10.3201/eid2803.210267. PMID: 35201737; PMCID: PMC8888224.
- 25: Wang Y, Xu C, Yao S, Zhao Y. Forecasting the epidemiological trends of COVID-19 prevalence and mortality using the advanced α -Sutte Indicator. *Epidemiol Infect.* 2020 Oct 5;148:e236. doi: 10.1017/S095026882000237X. PMID: 33012300; PMCID: PMC7562786.
- 26: Albani VVL, Albani RAS, Massad E, Zubelli JP. Nowcasting and forecasting COVID-19 waves: the recursive and stochastic nature of transmission. *R Soc Open Sci.* 2022 Aug 24;9(8):220489. doi: 10.1098/rsos.220489. PMID: 36016918; PMCID: PMC9399708.
- 27: Leung K, Wu JT, Leung GM. Real-time tracking and prediction of COVID-19 infection using digital proxies of population mobility and mixing. *Nat Commun.* 2021 Mar 8;12(1):1501. doi: 10.1038/s41467-021-21776-2. PMID: 33686075; PMCID: PMC7940469.
- 28: Friston KJ, Flandin G, Razi A. Dynamic causal modelling of COVID-19 and its mitigations. *Sci Rep.* 2022 Jul 20;12(1):12419. doi: 10.1038/s41598-022-16799-8. PMID: 35859054; PMCID: PMC9298167.
- 29: Ding W, Li Y, Bai Y, Li Y, Wang L, Wang Y. Estimating the Effects of the COVID-19 Outbreak on the Reductions in Tuberculosis Cases and the Epidemiological Trends in China: A Causal Impact Analysis. *Infect Drug Resist.* 2021 Nov 6;14:4641-4655. doi: 10.2147/IDR.S337473. PMID: 34785913; PMCID: PMC8580163.
- 30: Sologon DM, O'Donoghue C, Kyzyma I, Li J, Linden J, Wagener R. The COVID-19 resilience of a continental welfare regime - nowcasting the distributional impact of the crisis. *J Econ Inequal.* 2022 Feb 22:1-33. doi: 10.1007/s10888-021-09524-4. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 35221832; PMCID: PMC8861260.
- 31: Jersakova R, Lomax J, Hetherington J, Lehmann B, Nicholson G, Briers M, Holmes C. Bayesian imputation of COVID-19 positive test counts for nowcasting under reporting lag. *J R Stat Soc Ser C Appl Stat.* 2022 Apr 23;10.1111/rssc.12557. doi: 10.1111/rssc.12557. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 35601481; PMCID: PMC9115539.

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

- 32: Li J, Vidyattama Y, La HA, Miranti R, Sologon DM. Estimating the Impact of Covid-19 and Policy Responses on Australian Income Distribution Using Incomplete Data. *Soc Indic Res.* 2022;162(1):1-31. doi: 10.1007/s11205-021-02826-0. Epub 2021 Oct 26. PMID: 34720335; PMCID: PMC8546393.
- 33: Larson WD, Sinclair TM. Nowcasting unemployment insurance claims in the time of COVID-19. *Int J Forecast.* 2022 Apr-Jun;38(2):635-647. doi: 10.1016/j.ijforecast.2021.01.001. Epub 2021 Jan 11. PMID: 35185232; PMCID: PMC8846950.
- 34: Rouabah MT, Tounsi A, Belaloui NE. Genetic algorithm with cross-validation-based epidemic model and application to the early diffusion of COVID-19 in Algeria. *Sci Afr.* 2021 Nov;14:e01050. doi: 10.1016/j.sciaf.2021.e01050. Epub 2021 Nov 18. PMID: 34812413; PMCID: PMC8600802.
- 35: Wang Y, Xu C, Yao S, Zhao Y, Li Y, Wang L, Zhao X. Estimating the Prevalence and Mortality of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) in the USA, the UK, Russia, and India. *Infect Drug Resist.* 2020 Sep 29;13:3335-3350. doi: 10.2147/IDR.S265292. PMID: 33061481; PMCID: PMC7532899.
- 36: Sandhir V, Kumar V, Kumar V. Prognosticating the Spread of Covid-19 Pandemic Based on Optimal Arima Estimators. *Endocr Metab Immune Disord Drug Targets.* 2021;21(4):586-591. doi: 10.2174/1871530320666201029143122. PMID: 33121426.
- 37: Burzyński M, Machado J, Aalto A, Beine M, Goncalves J, Haas T, Kemp F, Magni S, Mombaerts L, Picard P, Proverbio D, Skupin A, Docquier F. COVID-19 crisis management in Luxembourg: Insights from an epidemionomic approach. *Econ Hum Biol.* 2021 Dec;43:101051. doi: 10.1016/j.ehb.2021.101051. Epub 2021 Jul 31. PMID: 34411841; PMCID: PMC8628655.
- 38: Sahai SY, Gurukar S, KhudaBukhsh WR, Parthasarathy S, Rempała GA. A machine learning model for nowcasting epidemic incidence. *Math Biosci.* 2022 Jan;343:108677. doi: 10.1016/j.mbs.2021.108677. Epub 2021 Nov 27. PMID: 34848217; PMCID: PMC8635898.
- 39: Leung GM. Nowcasting towards sustainable SARS-CoV-2 endemicity. *Lancet.* 2021 Nov 13;398(10313):1781-1783. doi: 10.1016/S0140-6736(21)02386-2. Epub 2021 Oct 28. PMID: 34717830; PMCID: PMC8550937.
- 40: Paula-Júnior W, Nascimento RCRMD, Matiles RS, Lima-Neto FF, Leles MCR, Guimarães HN, Grabe-Guimarães A. COVID-19 in medium-sized municipalities in the 14 health macro-regions of Minas Gerais, Brazil. *Braz J Med Biol Res.* 2021 Aug 20;54(11):e11191. doi: 10.1590/1414-431X2021e11191. PMID: 34431872; PMCID: PMC8389611.
- 41: Molenberghs G, Buyse M, Abrams S, Hens N, Beutels P, Faes C, Verbeke G, Van Damme P, Goossens H, Neyens T, Herzog S, Theeten H, Pepermans K, Abad AA, Van

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Keilegom I, Speybroeck N, Legrand C, De Buyser S, Hulstaert F. Infectious diseases epidemiology, quantitative methodology, and clinical research in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic: Perspective from a European country. *Contemp Clin Trials*. 2020 Dec;99:106189. doi: 10.1016/j.cct.2020.106189. Epub 2020 Oct 22. PMID: 33132155; PMCID: PMC7581408.

42: O'Donoghue C, Sologon DM, Kyzyma I, McHale J. Modelling the Distributional Impact of the COVID-19 Crisis. *Fisc Stud*. 2020 Jun;41(2):321-336. doi: 10.1111/1475-5890.12231. Epub 2020 Jul 6. PMID: 32836540; PMCID: PMC7323411.

43: Adelhoefer S, Berning P, Solomon SB, Maybody M, Whelton SP, Blaha MJ, Dzaye O. Decreased public pursuit of cancer-related information during the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States. *Cancer Causes Control*. 2021 Jun;32(6):577-585. doi: 10.1007/s10552-021-01409-1. Epub 2021 Mar 8. PMID: 33683506; PMCID: PMC7938033.

44: Rabiolo A, Alladio E, Morales E, McNaught AI, Bandello F, Afifi AA, Marchese A. Forecasting the COVID-19 Epidemic by Integrating Symptom Search Behavior Into Predictive Models: Infoveillance Study. *J Med Internet Res*. 2021 Aug 11;23(8):e28876. doi: 10.2196/28876. PMID: 34156966; PMCID: PMC8360333.

45: Rossman H, Segal E. Nowcasting the spread of SARS-CoV-2. *Nat Microbiol*. 2022 Jan;7(1):16-17. doi: 10.1038/s41564-021-01035-2. PMID: 34972824.

46: Köksal S, Pesando LM, Rotondi V, Şanlıtürk E. Harnessing the Potential of Google Searches for Understanding Dynamics of Intimate Partner Violence Before and After the COVID-19 Outbreak. *Eur J Popul*. 2022 May 30;38(3):517-545. doi: 10.1007/s10680-022-09619-2. PMID: 35668864; PMCID: PMC9150629.

47: Zhang X, Liu H, Tang H, Zhang M, Yuan X, Shen X. The effect of population size for pathogen transmission on prediction of COVID-19 spread. *Sci Rep*. 2021 Sep 9;11(1):18024. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-97578-9. PMID: 34504277; PMCID: PMC8429718.

48: Costa GS, Cota W, Ferreira SC. Data-driven approach in a compartmental epidemic model to assess undocumented infections. *Chaos Solitons Fractals*. 2022 Oct;163:112520. doi: 10.1016/j.chaos.2022.112520. Epub 2022 Aug 17. PMID: 35996714; PMCID: PMC9385215.

49: Bilek-Steindl S, Url T. Nowcasting and monitoring SDG 8. *Empirica (Dordr)*. 2022;49(2):313-345. doi: 10.1007/s10663-022-09533-0. Epub 2022 Mar 2. PMID: 35505948; PMCID: PMC8890028.

50: De Nicola G, Schneble M, Kauermann G, Berger U. Regional now- and forecasting for data reported with delay: toward surveillance of COVID-19 infections. *Adv Stat Anal*. 2022;106(3):407-426. doi: 10.1007/s10182-021-00433-5. Epub 2022 Jan 18. PMID: 35069920; PMCID: PMC8764329.

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

- 51: Bekiros S, Kouloumpou D. SBDiEM: A new mathematical model of infectious disease dynamics. *Chaos Solitons Fractals*. 2020 Jul;136:109828. doi: 10.1016/j.chaos.2020.109828. Epub 2020 Apr 23. PMID: 32327901; PMCID: PMC7177179.
- 52: Chu AMY, Chan TWC, So MKP, Wong WK. Dynamic Network Analysis of COVID-19 with a Latent Pandemic Space Model. *Int J Environ Res Public Health*. 2021 Mar 19;18(6):3195. doi: 10.3390/ijerph18063195. PMID: 33808764; PMCID: PMC8003574.
- 53: Kline D, Hyder A, Liu E, Rayo M, Malloy S, Root E. A Bayesian Spatiotemporal Nowcasting Model for Public Health Decision-Making and Surveillance. *Am J Epidemiol*. 2022 May 20;191(6):1107-1115. doi: 10.1093/aje/kwac034. PMID: 35225333.
- 54: Hayashi F, Tachi Y. Nowcasting Japan's GDP. *Empir Econ*. 2022 Sep 20:1-37. doi: 10.1007/s00181-022-02301-w. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 36158993; PMCID: PMC9485027.
- 55: Spelta A, Pagnottoni P. Mobility-based real-time economic monitoring amid the COVID-19 pandemic. *Sci Rep*. 2021 Jun 22;11(1):13069. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-92134-x. PMID: 34158531; PMCID: PMC8219782.
- 56: Wang X, Li Y, Jia J. Forecasting of COVID-19 onset cases: a data-driven analysis in the early stage of delay. *Environ Sci Pollut Res Int*. 2021 Apr;28(16):20240-20246. doi: 10.1007/s11356-020-11859-w. Epub 2021 Jan 6. PMID: 33405171; PMCID: PMC7786867.
- 57: Krishnamurthy K, Ambikapathy B, Kumar A, Britto L. Prediction of the Transition From Subexponential to the Exponential Transmission of SARS-CoV-2 in Chennai, India: Epidemic Nowcasting. *JMIR Public Health Surveill*. 2020 Sep 18;6(3):e21152. doi: 10.2196/21152. PMID: 32609621; PMCID: PMC7505694.
- 58: Adelhoefer S, Henry TS, Blankstein R, Graham G, Blaha MJ, Dzaye O. Declining interest in clinical imaging during the COVID-19 pandemic: An analysis of Google Trends data. *Clin Imaging*. 2021 May;73:20-22. doi: 10.1016/j.clinimag.2020.11.037. Epub 2020 Nov 25. PMID: 33260013.
- 59: Cascante-Vega J, Cordovez JM, Santos-Vega M. Estimating and forecasting the burden and spread of Colombia's SARS-CoV2 first wave. *Sci Rep*. 2022 Aug 9;12(1):13568. doi: 10.1038/s41598-022-15514-x. PMID: 35945249; PMCID: PMC9427755.
- 60: Caperna G, Colagrossi M, Geraci A, Mazzarella G. A babel of web-searches: Googling unemployment during the pandemic. *Labour Econ*. 2022 Jan;74:None. doi: 10.1016/j.labeco.2021.102097. PMID: 35153384; PMCID: PMC8819719.
- 61: Buonanno P, Puca M. Using newspaper obituaries to "nowcast" daily mortality: Evidence from the Italian COVID-19 hot-spots. *Health Policy*. 2021

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Apr;125(4):535-540. doi: 10.1016/j.healthpol.2021.01.006. Epub 2021 Jan 27.

PMID: 33579561; PMCID: PMC8529307.

62: Rauch W, Schenk H, Insam H, Markt R, Kreuzinger N. Data modelling recipes for SARS-CoV-2 wastewater-based epidemiology. *Environ Res.* 2022 Nov;214(Pt 1):113809. doi: 10.1016/j.envres.2022.113809. Epub 2022 Jul 5. PMID: 35798267; PMCID: PMC9252867.

63: De Salazar PM, Lu F, Hay JA, Gómez-Barroso D, Fernández-Navarro P, Martínez E, Astray-Mochales J, Amillategui R, García-Fulgueiras A, Chirlaque MD, Sánchez-Migallón A, Larrauri A, Sierra MJ, Lipsitch M, Simón F, Santillana M, Hernán MA. Near real-time surveillance of the SARS-CoV-2 epidemic with incomplete data. *medRxiv [Preprint]*. 2021 Jan 26:2021.01.25.20230094. doi: 10.1101/2021.01.25.20230094. PMID: 33532788; PMCID: PMC7852239.

64: Brännström Å, Sjödin H, Rocklöv J. A Method for Estimating the Number of Infections From the Reported Number of Deaths. *Front Public Health.* 2022 Jan 20;9:648545. doi: 10.3389/fpubh.2021.648545. PMID: 35111706; PMCID: PMC8802715.

65: Equiza-Goñi J. Correcciones para las cifras diarias de mortalidad acumulada en España durante la pandemia de COVID-19 [Corrections to daily excess mortality estimates in Spain during the COVID-19 pandemic.]. *Rev Esp Salud Publica.* 2021 Apr 7;95:e202104048. Spanish. PMID: 33824266.

66: Wei YY, Zhao Y, Chen F, Shen HB. [Principles of dynamics model and its application in forecasting the epidemics and evaluation the efforts of prevention and control interventions]. *Zhonghua Yu Fang Yi Xue Za Zhi.* 2020 Jun 6;54(6):602-607. Chinese. doi: 10.3760/cma.j.cn112150-20200315-00340. PMID: 32842277.

67: Jin S, Dickens BL, Lim JT, Cook AR. EpiRegress: A Method to Estimate and Predict the Time-Varying Effective Reproduction Number. *Viruses.* 2022 Jul 20;14(7):1576. doi: 10.3390/v14071576. PMID: 35891556; PMCID: PMC9323923.

68: De Salazar PM, Lu F, Hay JA, Gómez-Barroso D, Fernández-Navarro P, Martínez EV, Astray-Mochales J, Amillategui R, García-Fulgueiras A, Chirlaque MD, Sánchez-Migallón A, Larrauri A, Sierra MJ, Lipsitch M, Simón F, Santillana M, Hernán MA. Near real-time surveillance of the SARS-CoV-2 epidemic with incomplete data. *PLoS Comput Biol.* 2022 Mar 31;18(3):e1009964. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009964. PMID: 35358171; PMCID: PMC9004750.

PMC: chave

((((Covid-19 OR SARI)) AND ("reporting delay" OR "correcting reporting delay"))) AND nowcasting

Resultados pré-selecionados manualmente:

1: Bayesian back-calculation and nowcasting for line list data during the COVID-19 pandemic

Tenglong Li, Laura F. White

PLoS Comput Biol. 2021 Jul; 17(7): e1009210. Published online 2021 Jul 12. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009210

PMCID: PMC8297945

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

2: Near real-time surveillance of the SARS-CoV-2 epidemic with incomplete data

Pablo M. De Salazar, Fred Lu, James A Hay, Diana Gómez-Barroso, Pablo Fernández-Navarro, Elena V Martínez, Jenaro Astray-Mochales, Rocío Amillategui, Ana García-Fulgueiras, Maria D Chirlaque, Alonso Sánchez-Migallón, Amparo Larrauri, María J Sierra, Marc Lipsitch, Fernando Simón, Mauricio Santillana, Miguel A Hernán
PLoS Comput Biol. 2022 Mar; 18(3): e1009964. Published online 2022 Mar 31. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009964
PMCID: PMC9004750

3: Nowcasting for Real-Time COVID-19 Tracking in New York City: An Evaluation Using Reportable Disease Data From Early in the Pandemic

Sharon K Greene, Sarah F McGough, Gretchen M Culp, Laura E Graf, Marc Lipsitch, Nicolas A Menzies, Rebecca Kahn
JMIR Public Health Surveill. 2021 Jan; 7(1): e25538. Published online 2021 Jan 15. doi: 10.2196/25538
PMCID: PMC7812916

4: Nowcasting the COVID-19 pandemic in Bavaria

Felix Günther, Andreas Bender, Katharina Katz, Helmut Küchenhoff, Michael Höhle
Biom J. 2021 Mar; 63(3): 490–502. Published online 2020 Dec 1. doi: 10.1002/bimj.202000112
PMCID: PMC7753318

5: Transmission dynamics and control measures of COVID-19 outbreak in China: a modelling study

Xu-Sheng Zhang, Emilia Vynnycky, Andre Charlett, Daniela De Angelis, Zhengji Chen, Wei Liu
Sci Rep. 2021; 11: 2652. Published online 2021 Jan 29. doi: 10.1038/s41598-021-81985-z
PMCID: PMC7846591

6: Forecasting of COVID-19 onset cases: a data-driven analysis in the early stage of delay

Xueli Wang, Ying Li, Jinzhu Jia
Environ Sci Pollut Res Int. 2021; 28(16): 20240–20246. Published online 2021 Jan 6. doi: 10.1007/s11356-020-11859-w
PMCID: PMC7786867

7: Evaluation of Nowcasting for Real-Time COVID-19 Tracking — New York City, March–May 2020

Sharon K. Greene, Sarah F. McGough, Gretchen M. Culp, Laura E. Graf, Marc Lipsitch, Nicolas A. Menzies, Rebecca Kahn
Version 1. medRxiv. Preprint. 2020 Oct 20. doi: 10.1101/2020.10.18.20209189
Published in: JMIR Public Health Surveill. 2021 Jan; 7(1): e25538.
PMCID: PMC7587834

8: Timely epidemic monitoring in the presence of reporting delays: anticipating the COVID-19 surge in New York City, September 2020

Jeffrey E. Harris
BMC Public Health. 2022; 22: 871. Published online 2022 May 2. doi: 10.1186/s12889-022-13286-7
PMCID: PMC9058738

9: Near real-time surveillance of the SARS-CoV-2 epidemic with incomplete data

PM De Salazar, F Lu, JA Hay, D Gómez-Barroso, P Fernández-Navarro, E Martínez, J Astray-Mochales, R Amillategui, A García-Fulgueiras, MD Chirlaque, A Sánchez-Migallón, A Larrauri, MJ Sierra, M Lipsitch, F Simón, M Santillana, MA Hernán
Version 1. medRxiv. Preprint. 2021 Jan 26. doi: 10.1101/2021.01.25.20230094
PMCID: PMC7852239

10: Data-driven prediction of COVID-19 cases in Germany for decision making

Lukas Refisch, Fabian Lorenz, Torsten Riedlinger, Hannes Taubenböck, Martina Fischer, Linus Grabenhenrich, Martin Wolkewitz, Harald Binder, Clemens Kreutz
BMC Med Res Methodol. 2022; 22: 116. Published online 2022 Apr 20. doi: 10.1186/s12874-022-01579-9
PMCID: PMC9019290

11: Addressing delayed case reporting in infectious disease forecast modeling



IESC

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Lauren J. Beesley, Dave Osthus, Sara Y. Del Valle

PLoS Comput Biol. 2022 Jun; 18(6): e1010115. Published online 2022 Jun 3. doi: 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1010115

PMCID: PMC9200328

12: Bayesian imputation of COVID-19 positive test counts for nowcasting under reporting lag

Radka Jersakova, James Lomax, James Hetherington, Briec Lehmann, George Nicholson, Mark Briers, Chris Holmes
J R Stat Soc Ser C Appl Stat. 2022 Apr 23 : 10.1111/rssc.12557. doi: 10.1111/rssc.12557 [Epub ahead of print]

PMCID: PMC9115539

13: Nowcasting COVID-19 deaths in England by age and region

Shaun R. Seaman, Pantelis Samartsidis, Meaghan Kall, Daniela De Angelis

J R Stat Soc Ser C Appl Stat. 2022 Jun 15 : 10.1111/rssc.12576. doi: 10.1111/rssc.12576 [Epub ahead of print]

PMCID: PMC9349735

14: Regional now- and forecasting for data reported with delay: toward surveillance of COVID-19 infections

Giacomo De Nicola, Marc Schneble, Göran Kauermann, Ursula Berger

Adv Stat Anal. 2022; 106(3): 407–426. Published online 2022 Jan 18. doi: 10.1007/s10182-021-00433-5

PMCID: PMC8764329

15: A modelling approach for correcting reporting delays in disease surveillance data

Leonardo S Bastos, Theodoros Economou, Marcelo F C Gomes, Daniel A M Villela, Flavio C Coelho, Oswaldo G Cruz, Oliver Stoner, Trevor Bailey, Claudia T Codeço

Stat Med. 2019 Sep 30; 38(22): 4363–4377. Published online 2019 Jul 10. doi: 10.1002/sim.8303

PMCID: PMC6900153

16: Bayesian sequential data assimilation for COVID-19 forecasting

Maria L. Daza-Torres, Marcos A. Capistrán, Antonio Capella, J. Andrés Christen

Epidemics. 2022 Jun; 39: 100564. Published online 2022 Apr 22. doi: 10.1016/j.epidem.2022.100564

PMCID: PMC9023479

17: Multivariate hierarchical frameworks for modeling delayed reporting in count data

Oliver Stoner, Theo Economou

Biometrics. 2020 Sep; 76(3): 789–798. Published online 2019 Nov 29. doi: 10.1111/biom.13188

PMCID: PMC7540263

Scopus (Elsevier)

- Base de dados de acesso restrito/pago. Acesso via Portal de Periódicos da CAPES (<http://periodicos.capes.gov.br/>), utilizando a opção "Acervo" > "Lista de bases".
- Utilize o VPN ou Acesso CAFe para acessá-la quando estiver fora da UFSC.

<https://www-scopus.ez29.periodicos.capes.gov.br/results/results.uri?sort=plf-f&src=s&sid=12c437dee770113803e2111aa624f71e&sot=a&sdt=a&sl=110&s=%28covid-19+OR+SARI+OR+covid19%29+AND+%28%22correcting+reporting+delay%22+OR+%22correcting+notification%22%29+AND+%28nowcasting%29&origin=searchadvanced&editSaveSearch=&txGid=ab1fe9eaacff23858061dc09b1f97352>

(covid-19 OR SARI OR covid19) AND ("correcting reporting delay" OR "correcting notification") AND (nowcasting)

1) Harris, J.E.

Timely epidemic monitoring in the presence of reporting delays: anticipating the COVID-19 surge in New York City,



IESC

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

September 2020

(2022) *BMC Public Health*, 22 (1), art. no. 871, .

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 2) Sarnaglia, A.J.Q., Zamprogno, B., Fajardo Molinares, F.A., de Godoi, L.G., Jiménez Monroy, N.A.

Correcting notification delay and forecasting of COVID-19 data

(2022) *Journal of Mathematical Analysis and Applications*, 514 (2), art. no. 125202, . Cited 4 times.

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 3) Costa, G.S., Cota, W., Ferreira, S.C.

Data-driven approach in a compartmental epidemic model to assess undocumented infections

(2022) *Chaos, Solitons and Fractals*, 163, art. no. 112520, .

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 4) Zerenner, T., Di Lauro, F., Dashti, M., Berthouze, L., Kiss, I.Z.

Probabilistic predictions of SIS epidemics on networks based on population-level observations

(2022) *Mathematical Biosciences*, 350, art. no. 108854, .

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 5) Beesley, L.J., Osthus, D., Del Valle, S.Y.

Addressing delayed case reporting in infectious disease forecast modeling

(2022) *PLoS Computational Biology*, 18 (6), art. no. e1010115, .

Document Type: Article



IESC

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 6) Miller, S., Preis, T., Mizzi, G., Bastos, L.S., Gomes, M.F.D.C., Coelho, F.C., Codeço, C.T., Moat, H.S.

Faster indicators of chikungunya incidence using Google searches

(2022) *PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases*, 16 (6), art. no. e0010441, .

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 7) De Salazar, P.M., Lu, F., Hay, J.A., Gómez-Barroso, D., Fernández-Navarro, P., Martínez, E.V., Astray-Mochales, J., Amillategui, R., García-Fulgueiras, A., Chirlaque, M.D., SánchezMigallón, A., Larrauri, A., Sierra, M.J., Lipsitch, M., Simón, F., Santillana, M., Hernán, M.A.

Near real-time surveillance of the SARS-CoV-2 epidemic with incomplete data

(2022) *PLoS Computational Biology*, 18 (3), art. no. e1009964, . Cited 2 times.

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 8) Verbelen, R., Antonio, K., Claeskens, G., Crevecœur, J.

Modeling the Occurrence of Events Subject to a Reporting Delay via an EM Algorithm

(2022) *Statistical Science*, 37 (3), pp. 394-410. Cited 1 time.

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

- 9) Seaman, S.R., Samartsidis, P., Kall, M., De Angelis, D.

Nowcasting COVID-19 deaths in England by age and region

(2022) *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series C: Applied Statistics*, .

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Article in Press

Source: Scopus



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

- 10) Menkir, T.F., Cox, H., Poirier, C., Saul, M., Jones-Weekes, S., Clementson, C., De Salazar, P.M., Santillana, M., Buckee, C.O.

A nowcasting framework for correcting for reporting delays in malaria surveillance
(2021) *PLoS Computational Biology*, 17 (11), art. no. e1009570, .

Document Type: Article
Publication Stage: Final
Source: Scopus

- 11) Turbé, H., Bjelogrić, M., Robert, A., Gaudet-Blavignac, C., Goldman, J.-P., Lovis, C.

Adaptive Time-Dependent Priors and Bayesian Inference to Evaluate SARS-CoV-2 Public Health Measures Validated on 31 Countries
(2021) *Frontiers in Public Health*, 8, art. no. 583401, . Cited 3 times.

Document Type: Article
Publication Stage: Final
Source: Scopus

- 12) Hawryluk, I., Hoeltgebaum, H., Mishra, S., Miscouridou, X., Schnekenberg, R.P., Whittaker, C., Vollmer, M., Flaxman, S., Bhatt, S., Mellan, T.A.

Gaussian Process Nowcasting: Application to COVID-19 Mortality Reporting
(2021) *37th Conference on Uncertainty in Artificial Intelligence, UAI 2021*, pp. 1258-1268. Cited 2 times.

Document Type: Conference Paper
Publication Stage: Final
Source: Scopus

- 13) Warne, D.J., Ebert, A., Drovandi, C., Hu, W., Mira, A., Mengersen, K.

Hindsight is 2020 vision: a characterisation of the global response to the COVID-19 pandemic
(2020) *BMC Public Health*, 20 (1), art. no. 1868, . Cited 10 times.

Document Type: Article
Publication Stage: Final
Source: Scopus

- 14) Bastos, L.S., Economou, T., Gomes, M.F.C., Villela, D.A.M., Coelho, F.C., Cruz, O.G., Stoner,



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

O., Bailey, T., Codeço, C.T.

A modelling approach for correcting reporting delays in disease surveillance data

(2019) *Statistics in Medicine*, 38 (22), pp. 4363-4377. Cited 25 times.

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

Web of Science (Clarivate Analytics)

- Base de dados de acesso restrito/pago. Acesso via Portal de Periódicos da CAPES (<http://periodicos.capes.gov.br/>), utilizando a opção "Acervo" > "Lista de bases".
- Utilize o VPN ou Acesso CAFe para acessá-la quando estiver fora da UFSC.

<https://www.webofscience.com/wos/woscc/summary/c2a99739-1e54-4b07-a2cd-8e56e54f9792-549052fc/relevance/1>

Chave: (((Covid-19 OR SARI)) AND ("reporting delay" OR "correcting reporting delay")) AND nowcasting

Quantidade de resultados:

PT J

AU Gunther, F

Bender, A

Katz, K

Kuchenhoff, H

Hohle, M

AF Guenther, Felix

Bender, Andreas

Katz, Katharina

Kuechenhoff, Helmut

Hohle, Michael

TI Nowcasting the COVID-19 pandemic in Bavaria

WR Ver registro completo no Web of Science

SO BIOMETRICAL JOURNAL

AB To assess the current dynamics of an epidemic, it is central to collect information on the daily number of newly diseased cases. This is especially important in real-time surveillance, where the aim is to gain situational awareness, for example, if cases are currently increasing or decreasing. Reporting delays between disease onset and case reporting hamper our ability to understand the dynamics of an epidemic close to now when looking at the number of daily reported cases only. Nowcasting can be used to adjust daily case counts for occurred-but-not-yet-reported events. Here, we present a novel application of nowcasting to data on the current COVID-19 pandemic in Bavaria. It is based on a hierarchical Bayesian model that considers changes in the reporting delay distribution over time and associated with the weekday of reporting. Furthermore, we present a way to estimate the effective time-varying case reproduction number $Re(t)$ based on predictions of the nowcast. The approaches are based on previously published work, that we considerably extended and adapted to the current task of nowcasting COVID-19 cases. We provide methodological details of the developed approach, illustrate results based on data



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

of the current pandemic, and evaluate the model based on synthetic and retrospective data on COVID-19 in Bavaria. Results of our nowcasting are reported to the Bavarian health authority and published on a webpage on a daily basis (). Code and synthetic data for the analysis are available from and can be used for adaption of our approach to different data.

RI	Bender, Andreas	ABB-9021-2020
OI	Bender, Andreas	0000-0001-5628-8611
	Guenther, Felix	0000-0001-6582-1174
	Hohle, Michael	0000-0002-0423-6702

SN 0323-3847

EI 1521-4036

PD MAR

PY 2021

VL 63

IS 3

BP 490

EP 502

DI 10.1002/bimj.202000112

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1002/bimj.202000112>

EA DEC 2020

UT WOS:000594347400001

PM 33258177

ER

PT J

AU De Nicola, G
Schneble, M
Kauermann, G
Berger, U

AF De Nicola, Giacomo
Schneble, Marc
Kauermann, Goeran
Berger, Ursula

TI Regional now- and forecasting for data reported with delay: toward surveillance of COVID-19 infections

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO ASTA-ADVANCES IN STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

AB Governments around the world continue to act to contain and mitigate the spread of COVID-19. The rapidly evolving situation compels officials and executives to continuously adapt policies and social distancing measures depending on the current state of the spread of the disease. In this context, it is crucial for policymakers to have a firm grasp on what the current state of the pandemic is, and to envision how the number of infections is going to evolve over the next days. However, as in many other situations involving compulsory registration of sensitive data, cases are reported with delay to a central register, with this delay deferring an up-to-date view of the state of things. We provide a stable tool for

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

monitoring current infection levels as well as predicting infection numbers in the immediate future at the regional level. We accomplish this through nowcasting of cases that have not yet been reported as well as through predictions of future infections. We apply our model to German data, for which our focus lies in predicting and explain infectious behavior by district.

OI

De Nicola, Giacomo	0000-0003-0558-6912
--------------------	---------------------

SN 1863-8171

EI 1863-818X

PD SEP

PY 2022

VL 106

IS 3

BP 407

EP 426

DI 10.1007/s10182-021-00433-5

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10182-021-00433-5>

EA JAN 2022

UT WOS:000743864800001

PM 35069920

ER

PT J

AU de Carvalho, CA
de Carvalho, VA
Campos, MAG
de Oliveira, BLCA
Diniz, EM
Dos Santos, AM
de Souza, BF
da Silva, AAM

AF de Carvalho, Carolina Abreu
de Carvalho, Vitoria Abreu
Garcia Campos, Marcos Adriano
Carneiro Alves de Oliveira, Bruno Luciano
Diniz, Eduardo Moraes
Miranda Dos Santos, Alcione
de Souza, Bruno Feres
Moura da Silva, Antonio Augusto

TI Delay in death reporting affects timely monitoring and modeling of the COVID-19 pandemic

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO CADERNOS DE SAUDE PUBLICA

AB This study describes the COVID-19 death reporting delay in the city of Sao Luis, Maranhao State, Brazil, and shows its impact on timely monitoring and modeling of the COVID-19 pandemic, while seeking to ascertain how nowcasting can improve death reporting delay. We analyzed COVID-19 death data reported daily in the Epidemiological Bulletin of the State Health Secretariat of Maranhao and calculated the reporting delay from March 23 to August 29, 2020. A semi-mechanistic Bayesian hierarchical model was fitted to illustrate the impact of death reporting delay and test the effectiveness

**IESC**

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

of a Bayesian Nowcasting in improving data quality. Only 17.8% of deaths were reported without delay or the day after, while 40.5% were reported more than 30 days late. Following an initial underestimation due to reporting delay, 644 deaths were reported from June 7 to August 29, although only 116 deaths occurred during this period. Using the Bayesian nowcasting technique partially improved the quality of mortality data during the peak of the pandemic, providing estimates that better matched the observed scenario in the city, becoming unusable nearly two months after the peak. As delay in death reporting can directly interfere with assertive and timely decision-making regarding the COVID-19 pandemic, the Brazilian epidemiological surveillance system must be urgently revised and notifying the date of death must be mandatory. Nowcasting has proven somewhat effective in improving the quality of mortality data, but only at the peak of the pandemic.

RI Silva, Antonio B-5410-2009

OI	de Oliveira, Bruno Luciano Carneiro Alves	0000-0001-8053-7972
	Feres de Souza, Bruno	0000-0003-1997-4983
	Diniz, Eduardo	0000-0002-6201-1771
	Garcia Campos, Marcos Adriano	0000-0001-8924-1203
	Silva, Antonio	0000-0003-4968-5138

SN 0102-311X

EI 1678-4464

PY 2021

VL 37

IS 7

AR e00292320

DI 10.1590/0102-311X00292320

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/0102-311X00292320>

UT WOS:000687125000001

PM 34406216

ER

PT J

AU Sahai, SY

Gurukar, S

KhudaBukhsh, WR

Parthasarathy, S

Rempala, GA

AF Sahai, Saumya Yashmohini

Gurukar, Saket

KhudaBukhsh, Wasiur R.

Parthasarathy, Srinivasan

Rempala, Grzegorz A.

TI A machine learning model for nowcasting epidemic incidence

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO MATHEMATICAL BIOSCIENCES



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

AB Due to delay in reporting, the daily national and statewide COVID-19 incidence counts are often unreliable and need to be estimated from recent data. This process is known in economics as nowcasting. We describe in this paper a simple random forest statistical model for nowcasting the COVID-19 daily new infection counts based on historic data along with a set of simple covariates, such as the currently reported infection counts, day of the week, and time since first reporting. We apply the model to adjust the daily infection counts in Ohio, and show that the predictions from this simple data-driven method compare favorably both in quality and computational burden to those obtained from the state-of-the-art hierarchical Bayesian model employing a complex statistical algorithm. The interactive notebook for performing nowcasting is available online at <https://tinyurl.com/simpleMLnowcasting>.

OI	Parthasarathy, Srinivasan	0000-0002-6062-6449
	Sahai, Saumya	0000-0002-4254-5223
	KhudaBukhsh, Wasiur R.	0000-0003-1803-0470

SN 0025-5564

EI 1879-3134

PD JAN

PY 2022

VL 343

AR 108677

DI 10.1016/j.mbs.2021.108677

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.mbs.2021.108677>

UT WOS:000783947800006

PM 34848217

ER

PT J

AU Seaman, S
Samartsidis, P
Kall, M
De Angelis, D

AF Seaman, Shaun
Samartsidis, Pantelis
Kall, Meaghan
De Angelis, Daniela

TI Nowcasting COVID-19 deaths in England by age and region

WR Ver registro completo no Web of Science

SO JOURNAL OF THE ROYAL STATISTICAL SOCIETY SERIES C-APPLIED STATISTICS

AB Understanding the trajectory of the daily number of COVID-19 deaths is essential to decisions on how to respond to the pandemic, but estimating this trajectory is complicated by the delay between deaths occurring and being reported. In England the delay is typically several days, but it can be weeks. This causes considerable uncertainty about how many deaths occurred in recent days. Here we estimate the deaths per day in five age strata within seven English regions, using a Bayesian model that accounts for reporting-day effects and longer-term changes in the delay distribution. We show how the model can be computationally efficiently fitted when the delay distribution is the same in multiple strata, for example, over a wide range of ages.

SN 0035-9254



IESC

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

EI 1467-9876

DI 10.1111/rssc.12576

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/rssc.12576>

EA JUN 2022

UT WOS:000811365700001

PM 35942006

ER

PT J

AU Wang, XL

Li, Y

Jia, JZ

AF Wang, Xueli

Li, Ying

Jia, Jinzhu

TI Forecasting of COVID-19 onset cases: a data-driven analysis in the early stage of delay

WR Ver registro completo no Web of Science

SO ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND POLLUTION RESEARCH

AB The outbreak of COVID-19 has become a global public health event. Many researchers have proposed many epidemiological models to predict the outbreak trend of COVID-19, but all use confirmed cases to predict "onset cases." In this article, a total of 5434 cases were collected from National Health Commission and other provincial Health Commission in China, spanning from 1 December 2019 to 23 February 2020. We studied the delayed distribution of patients from onset to be confirmed. The delay is divided into two stages, which takes about 15 days or even longer. Therefore, considering the right truncation of the data, we proposed a "predict-in-advance" method, used the number of "visiting hospital cases" to predict the number of "onset cases." The results not only show that our prediction shortens the delay of the second stage, but also the predicted value of onset cases is quite close to the real value of onset cases, which can effectively predict the epidemic trend of sudden infectious diseases, and provide an important reference for the government to formulate control measures in advance.

OI

Wang, Xueli	0000-0003-1332-8307
-------------	---------------------

SN 0944-1344

EI 1614-7499

PD APR

PY 2021

VL 28

IS 16

BP 20240

EP 20246

DI 10.1007/s11356-020-11859-w

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s11356-020-11859-w>

EA JAN 2021

UT WOS:000605574200014

PM 33405171

ER



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

PT J

AU Greene, SK
McGough, SF
Culp, GM
Graf, LE
Lipsitch, M
Menzies, NA
Kahn, R

AF Greene, Sharon K.
McGough, Sarah F.
Culp, Gretchen M.
Graf, Laura E.
Lipsitch, Marc
Menzies, Nicolas A.
Kahn, Rebecca

TI Nowcasting for Real-Time COVID-19 Tracking in New York City: An Evaluation Using Reportable Disease Data From Early in the Pandemic

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO JMIR PUBLIC HEALTH AND SURVEILLANCE

AB Background: Nowcasting approaches enhance the utility of reportable disease data for trend monitoring by correcting for delays, but implementation details affect accuracy.

Objective: To support real-time COVID-19 situational awareness, the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene used nowcasting to account for testing and reporting delays. We conducted an evaluation to determine which implementation details would yield the most accurate estimated case counts.

Methods: A time-correlated Bayesian approach called Nowcasting by Bayesian Smoothing (NobBS) was applied in real time to line lists of reportable disease surveillance data, accounting for the delay from diagnosis to reporting and the shape of the epidemic curve. We retrospectively evaluated nowcasting performance for confirmed case counts among residents diagnosed during the period from March to May 2020, a period when the median reporting delay was 2 days.

Results: Nowcasts with a 2-week moving window and a negative binomial distribution had lower mean absolute error, lower relative root mean square error, and higher 95% prediction interval coverage than nowcasts conducted with a 3-week moving window or with a Poisson distribution. Nowcasts conducted toward the end of the week outperformed nowcasts performed earlier in the week, given fewer patients diagnosed on weekends and lack of day-of-week adjustments. When estimating case counts for weekdays only, metrics were similar across days when the nowcasts were conducted, with Mondays having the lowest mean absolute error of 183 cases in the context of an average daily weekday case count of 2914.

Conclusions: Nowcasting using NobBS can effectively support COVID-19 trend monitoring.

Accounting for overdispersion, shortening the moving window, and suppressing diagnoses on weekends-when fewer patients submitted specimens for testing-improved the accuracy of estimated case counts. Nowcasting ensured that recent decreases in observed case counts were not overinterpreted as true declines and supported officials in anticipating the magnitude and timing of hospitalizations and deaths and allocating resources geographically.

OI

Greene, Sharon K.	0000-0002-3509-2377
Graf, Laura	0000-0003-4249-4283
McGough, Sarah	0000-0003-2448-6714



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

Kahn, Rebecca	0000-0001-9511-6142
Lipsitch, Marc	0000-0003-1504-9213
Menzies, Nicolas	0000-0002-2571-016X

SN 2369-2960

PD JAN

PY 2021

VL 7

IS 1

BP 180

EP 188

AR e25538

DI 10.2196/25538

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.2196/25538>

UT WOS:000615122400017

PM 33406053

ER

PT J

AU Jahja, M

Chin, A

Tibshirani, RJ

AF Jahja, Maria

Chin, Andrew

Tibshirani, Ryan J.

TI Real-Time Estimation of COVID-19 Infections: Deconvolution and Sensor Fusion

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO STATISTICAL SCIENCE

AB We propose, implement, and evaluate a method to estimate the daily number of new symptomatic COVID-19 infections, at the level of individual U.S. counties, by deconvolving daily reported COVID-19 case counts using an estimated symptom-onset-to-case-report delay distribution. Importantly, we focus on estimating infections in real-time (rather than retrospectively), which poses numerous challenges. To address these, we develop new methodology for both the distribution estimation and deconvolution steps, and we employ a sensor fusion layer (which fuses together predictions from models that are trained to track infections based on auxiliary surveillance streams) in order to improve accuracy and stability.

SN 0883-4237

EI 2168-8745

PD MAY

PY 2022

VL 37

IS 2

BP 207

EP 228



IESC

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

DI 10.1214/22-STSS856

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1214/22-STSS856>

UT WOS:000798149000005

ER

PT J

AU Richards, SJ

AF Richards, Stephen J.

TI Real-time measurement of portfolio mortality levels in the presence of shocks and reporting delays

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO ANNALS OF ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

AB The COVID-19 pandemic requires that actuaries track short-term mortality fluctuations in the portfolios they manage. This demands methods that not only operate over much shorter time periods than a year but that also deal with reporting delays. In this paper, we consider a semi-parametric approach for tracking portfolio mortality levels in continuous time. We identify both seasonal patterns and mortality shocks, thus providing a comparison benchmark for the impact of COVID-19 in terms of a portfolio's own past experience. A parametric model is presented to allow for the average impact of seasonal variation and also reporting delays. We find that an estimate of mortality reporting delays can be made from a single extract of experience data. This can be used to forecast unreported deaths and improve estimates of recent mortality levels. Results are given for annuity portfolios in France, the UK and the USA.

OI

Richards, Stephen	0000-0001-6859-6347
-------------------	---------------------

SN 1748-4995

EI 1748-5002

DI 10.1017/S1748499522000021

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S1748499522000021>

EA FEB 2022

UT WOS:000758495500001

ER

PT J

AU Kline, D

Hyder, A

Liu, EH

Rayo, M

Malloy, S

Root, E

AF Kline, David

Hyder, Ayaz

Liu, Enhao

Rayo, Michael

Malloy, Samuel

Root, Elisabeth

TI A Bayesian Spatiotemporal Nowcasting Model for Public Health Decision-Making and Surveillance

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)



PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

SO AMERICAN JOURNAL OF EPIDEMIOLOGY

AB As coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) spread through the United States in 2020, states began to set up alert systems to inform policy decisions and serve as risk communication tools for the general public. Many of these systems included indicators based on an assessment of trends in numbers of reported cases. However, when cases are indexed by date of disease onset, reporting delays complicate the interpretation of trends. Despite a foundation of statistical literature with which to address this problem, these methods have not been widely applied in practice. In this paper, we develop a Bayesian spatiotemporal nowcasting model for assessing trends in county-level COVID-19 cases in Ohio. We compare the performance of our model with the approach used in Ohio and the approach included in decision support materials from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. We demonstrate gains in performance while still retaining interpretability using our model. In addition, we are able to fully account for uncertainty in both the time series of cases and the reporting process. While we cannot eliminate all of the uncertainty in public health surveillance and subsequent decision-making, we must use approaches that embrace these challenges and deliver more accurate and honest assessments to policy-makers.

RI

Kline, David	K-8372-2019
--------------	-------------

OI

Kline, David	0000-0001-6183-3303
Liu, Enhao	0000-0002-9281-900X

SN 0002-9262

EI 1476-6256

PD MAY 20

PY 2022

VL 191

IS 6

BP 1107

EP 1115

DI 10.1093/aje/kwac034

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/aje/kwac034>

EA FEB 2022

UT WOS:000791038800001

PM 35225333

ER

PT J

AU Li, TL
White, LF

AF Li, Tenglong
White, Laura F.

TI Bayesian back-calculation and nowcasting for line list data during the COVID-19 pandemic

WR [Ver registro completo no Web of Science](#)

SO PLOS COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

AB Author summary Interventions meant to control infectious diseases are often determined and judged using surveillance data on the number of new cases of disease. In many diseases, there are substantial delays between the time when an individual is infected or shows symptoms and when the case is



IESC

Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro
Centro de Ciências da Saúde
Instituto de Estudos em Saúde Coletiva

PROTOCOLO PARA ELABORAÇÃO DE ESTRATÉGIA DE BUSCA

actually reported to a public health authority, such as the CDC. This reported data often collects information on symptom onset dates for some individuals. In this paper, we describe a method that imputes missing onset dates for all individuals and recreates the history of the disease progression in a population according to symptom onset dates, which are the best observable proxy available for infection dates. Our method also estimates the instantaneous reproduction number and is robust to many deviations from the assumptions of the model. We show, using a COVID-19 dataset from Massachusetts that our method accurately follows the implementation of control measures in the state.

Surveillance is critical to mounting an appropriate and effective response to pandemics. However, aggregated case report data suffers from reporting delays and can lead to misleading inferences. Different from aggregated case report data, line list data is a table contains individual features such as dates of symptom onset and reporting for each reported case and a good source for modeling delays. Current methods for modeling reporting delays are not particularly appropriate for line list data, which typically has missing symptom onset dates that are non-ignorable for modeling reporting delays. In this paper, we develop a Bayesian approach that dynamically integrates imputation and estimation for line list data. Specifically, this Bayesian approach can accurately estimate the epidemic curve and instantaneous reproduction numbers, even with most symptom onset dates missing. The Bayesian approach is also robust to deviations from model assumptions, such as changes in the reporting delay distribution or incorrect specification of the maximum reporting delay. We apply the Bayesian approach to COVID-19 line list data in Massachusetts and find the reproduction number estimates correspond more closely to the control measures than the estimates based on the reported curve.

OI	White, Laura F	0000-0002-0588-8235
	Li, Tenglong	0000-0002-5243-1254

SN 1553-734X

EI 1553-7358

PD JUL

PY 2021

VL 17

IS 7

AR e1009210

DI 10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009210

DL <http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1009210>

UT WOS:000674291100001

PM 34252078

ER