index

August 29, 2024

1 1. Introduction

The Seattle Police Department (SPD) conducts Terry Stops as part of their law enforcement efforts to address public safety concerns. Terry Stops involve stopping, questioning, and sometimes frisking individuals based on reasonable suspicion of involvement in criminal activity. However, the effectiveness and fairness of these stops have been scrutinized, particularly regarding potential biases and the frequency of resulting arrests.

To address these concerns, this analysis aims to build a predictive model that can estimate the likelihood of an arrest occurring during a Terry Stop. By leveraging historical data, we can identify patterns and factors that are most indicative of an arrest outcome, which can inform policy decisions and improve the fairness and efficiency of law enforcement practices.

2 2. Problem Statement

The goal of this analysis is to develop a predictive model using historical Terry Stops data from the Seattle Police Department to estimate the likelihood of an arrest during these stops. The primary challenge lies in accurately predicting arrests in a dataset that exhibits significant class imbalance, with most stops not resulting in an arrest. Addressing this imbalance and ensuring the model's predictions are both accurate and fair are critical to the success of this project.

3 3. Objectives

Major Objective:

a. Derive the most important features in predicting an arrest:

Over and above getting insights into why officers make arrests, this is important to assess whether the future arrest trends are being influenced by changing dynamics.

Minor Objectives

b.Develop a Predictive Model for Arrests During Terry Stops:

Create a logistic regression model that accurately predicts whether a Terry Stop will result in an arrest, using features derived from the dataset.

c. EDA and Feature Engineering:

- Perform an exploratory data analysis (EDA) to identify the distribution, relationships, and potential issues with the variables, such as missing values, which could impact model performance.
- Implement and compare different encoding techniques (one-hot encoding for low cardinality features and target encoding for high cardinality features) to effectively incorporate categorical variables into the model without increasing dimensionality.

d. Class Imbalance Management:

Evaluate and apply resampling techniques like SMOTE to address the class imbalance in the dataset, ensuring that the model can reliably predict both outcomes (arrests and non-arrests) without bias toward the majority class.

4. Data Understanding

4.0.1 Imports & Data Loading

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder
     from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, DecisionTreeRegressor
     from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
     from sklearn.metrics import classification report, accuracy_score, roc_curve, __
      →roc_auc_score
     df = pd.read csv('Terry Stops 20240819.csv')
     df.head()
```

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[2]:
       Subject Age Group
                            Subject ID
                                           GO / SC Num
                                                       Terry Stop ID \
                  1 - 17
                                        20150000002502
                                                                 47107
                                    -1
                                        20220000318696
     1
                 36 - 45
                           32643034540
                                                           38698204851
     2
                 18 - 25
                                        20180000003995
                                                                497654
                                    -1
     3
                 46 - 55
                                        20150000299600
                                    -1
                                                                109376
     4
                 26 - 35
                                    -1 20160000438879
                                                                219794
```

```
Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer ID
                                             Officer YOB Officer Gender
  Offense Report
                          None
                                      6358
                                                    1970
0
                                                                        М
1
           Arrest
                                      7560
                                                    1986
                                                                       М
    Field Contact
2
                          None
                                      7428
                                                    1963
                                                                       М
                                      6805
3
   Field Contact
                          None
                                                    1973
                                                                        М
4 Offense Report
                          None
                                      5781
                                                    1963
                                                                        М
```

Reported Time \ Officer Race ...

```
0
                        White ... 23:52:00.0000000
1
                        White
                                  12:24:59.0000000
2
          Hispanic or Latino
                                  16:18:00.0000000
3
                        White
                                  15:53:00.0000000
  Black or African American
                                  15:51:00.0000000
                               Initial Call Type \
0
   ORDER - CRITICAL VIOLATION OF DV COURT ORDER
1
2
3
     SUSPICIOUS STOP - OFFICER INITIATED ONVIEW
      THEFT (DOES NOT INCLUDE SHOPLIFT OR SVCS)
                                 Final Call Type
                                                                   Call Type
0
  --DV - ENFORCE COURT ORDER (ARREST MANDATED)
1
                                                   TELEPHONE OTHER, NOT 911
2
3
                           --DISTURBANCE - OTHER
                                                                      ONVIEW
4
                              --THEFT - SHOPLIFT
                                                                      ONVIEW
                           Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag
                                                                    Precinct
0
      WEST PCT 3RD W - MARY - PLATOON 1
                                                    N
                                                                N
1
           SOUTH PCT 1ST W - R/S RELIEF
                                                    Y
                                                                N
                                                                       South
2
                      WEST PCT OPS - CPT
                                                    N
                                                                N
3
     WEST PCT 2ND W - DAVID - PLATOON 1
                                                    N
                                                                N
                                                                        West
   SOUTHWEST PCT 2ND WATCH - F/W RELIEF
                                                    N
                                                                   Southwest
 Sector Beat
0
       S
1
           S1
2
3
           D3
       D
4
           W2
[5 rows x 23 columns]
```

4.0.2 Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) & Feature Engineering

```
[3]: df.shape
[3]: (60962, 23)
[4]:
    df.describe()
[4]:
              Subject ID
                           GO / SC Num Terry Stop ID
                                                         Officer YOB
     count 6.096200e+04
                          6.096200e+04
                                          6.096200e+04
                                                        60962.000000
            7.246509e+09
                          2.018660e+13
                                          1.213135e+10
                                                         1984.077474
     mean
```

```
8.575239e+10
                                      1.749055e+10
                                                         9.472551
std
       1.265918e+10
min
      -8.000000e+00 -1.000000e+00
                                      2.802000e+04
                                                      1900.000000
25%
      -1.000000e+00
                      2.017000e+13
                                      2.387742e+05
                                                      1979.000000
50%
      -1.000000e+00
                      2.018000e+13
                                      5.086870e+05
                                                      1986.000000
75%
       7.752270e+09
                                      1.953036e+10
                                                      1991.000000
                      2.021000e+13
       5.845336e+10
                      2.024000e+13
                                      5.845333e+10
                                                      2002.000000
max
```

Given the shape and description of our data, most of our features seem non-numeric

Our data has 23 columns and 609562 rows

```
[5]: df.columns
```

These are the columns in our data and their descriptions based on a review of our data and information from our data source: (https://data.seattle.gov/Public-Safety/Terry-Stops/28ny-9ts8/about_data):

- 1. Subject Age Group Subject Age Group (10 year increments) as reported by the officer (Text)
- 2. Subject ID Key, generated daily, identifying unique subjects in the dataset using a character to character match of first name and last name. "Null" values indicate an "anonymous" or "unidentified" subject. Subjects of a Terry Stop are not required to present identification. (Text)
- 3. GO / SC Num General Offense or Street Check number, relating the Terry Stop to the parent report. This field may have a one to many relationship in the data. (Text)
- 4. Terry Stop ID Key identifying unique Terry Stop reports. (Text)
- 5. Stop Resolution Resolution of the stop as reported by the officer. (Text)
- 6. Weapon Type Type of weapon, if any, identified during a search or frisk of the subject. Indicates "None" if no weapons was found. (Text)
- 7. Officer ID Key identifying unique officers in the dataset. (Text)
- 8. Officer YOB Year of birth, as reported by the officer. (Text)
- 9. Officer Gender Gender of the officer, as reported by the officer. (Text)
- 10. Officer Race Race of the officer, as reported by the officer. (Text)
- 11. Subject Perceived Race Perceived race of the subject, as reported by the officer. (Text)
- 12. Subject Perceived Gender Perceived gender of the subject, as reported by the officer. (Text)

- 13. Reported Date Date the report was filed in the Records Management System (RMS). Not necessarily the date the stop occurred but generally within 1 day. (Floating Timestamp)
- 14. Reported Time Time the stop was reported in the Records Management System (RMS). Not the time the stop occurred but generally within 10 hours. (Text)
- 15. Initial Call Type Initial classification of the call as assigned by 911. (Text)
- 16. Final Call Type Final classification of the call as assigned by the primary officer closing the event. (Text)
- 17. Call Type How the call was received by the communication center. (Text)
- 18. Officer Squad Functional squad assignment (not budget) of the officer as reported by the Data Analytics Platform (DAP). (Text)
- 19. Arrest Flag Indicator of whether a "physical arrest" was made, of the subject, during the Terry Stop. Does not necessarily reflect a report of an arrest in the Records Management System (RMS). (Text)
- 20. Frisk Flag Indicator of whether a "frisk" was conducted, by the officer, of the subject, during the Terry Stop. (Text)
- 21. Precint Precinct of the address associated with the underlying Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) event. Not necessarily where the Terry Stop occurred. (Text)
- 22. Sector Sector of the address associated with the underlying Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) event. Not necessarily where the Terry Stop occurred. (Text)
- 23. Beat Beat of the address associated with the underlying Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) event. Not necessarily where the Terry Stop occurred. (Text)

[6]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 60962 entries, 0 to 60961
Data columns (total 23 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Subject Age Group	60962 non-null	object
1	Subject ID	60962 non-null	int64
2	GO / SC Num	60962 non-null	int64
3	Terry Stop ID	60962 non-null	int64
4	Stop Resolution	60962 non-null	object
5	Weapon Type	60962 non-null	object
6	Officer ID	60962 non-null	object
7	Officer YOB	60962 non-null	int64
8	Officer Gender	60962 non-null	object
9	Officer Race	60962 non-null	object
10	Subject Perceived Race	60962 non-null	object
11	Subject Perceived Gender	60962 non-null	object
12	Reported Date	60962 non-null	object
13	Reported Time	60962 non-null	object

```
14 Initial Call Type
                             60962 non-null object
15 Final Call Type
                             60962 non-null object
                                            object
16 Call Type
                             60962 non-null
17 Officer Squad
                             60401 non-null
                                            object
18 Arrest Flag
                                            object
                             60962 non-null
19 Frisk Flag
                             60962 non-null
                                            object
20 Precinct
                             60962 non-null
                                            object
21 Sector
                             60962 non-null
                                            object
22 Beat
                             60962 non-null
                                            object
```

dtypes: int64(4), object(19)
memory usage: 10.7+ MB

We seem to have a mix of numerical and non-numerical data. However, the numeric data seems to be related to identifiers vs actual numerical data

```
[7]: df.isna().sum()
```

```
[7]: Subject Age Group
                                     0
     Subject ID
                                     0
     GO / SC Num
                                     0
     Terry Stop ID
                                     0
     Stop Resolution
                                     0
     Weapon Type
                                     0
     Officer ID
                                     0
     Officer YOB
                                     0
     Officer Gender
                                     0
     Officer Race
                                     0
     Subject Perceived Race
                                     0
     Subject Perceived Gender
                                     0
     Reported Date
                                     0
     Reported Time
                                     0
     Initial Call Type
                                     0
     Final Call Type
                                     0
     Call Type
                                     0
     Officer Squad
                                   561
     Arrest Flag
                                     0
                                     0
     Frisk Flag
     Precinct
                                     0
     Sector
                                     0
     Beat
                                     0
     dtype: int64
```

We have missing data in the Officer Squad column. We will impute this column with a placeholder 'Unknown' Value

```
[8]: df_imputed = df.fillna('Unknown')
df_imputed.head()
```

```
GO / SC Num Terry Stop ID \
[8]:
      Subject Age Group
                          Subject ID
                 1 - 17
                                       20150000002502
    0
                                   -1
                                                                47107
    1
                 36 - 45
                          32643034540
                                      20220000318696
                                                          38698204851
    2
                 18 - 25
                                   -1 20180000003995
                                                               497654
     3
                 46 - 55
                                   -1 20150000299600
                                                               109376
                 26 - 35
                                   -1 20160000438879
                                                               219794
      Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer ID Officer YOB Officer Gender
    0 Offense Report
                              None
                                         6358
                                                      1970
                                                                         М
                                         7560
                                                       1986
                                                                         М
     1
               Arrest
     2
       Field Contact
                              None
                                         7428
                                                       1963
                                                                         М
     3
       Field Contact
                              None
                                         6805
                                                       1973
                                                                         Μ
     4 Offense Report
                                         5781
                              None
                                                       1963
                                                                         Μ
                     Officer Race ...
                                         Reported Time \
                            White ... 23:52:00.0000000
    0
     1
                            White ... 12:24:59.0000000
               Hispanic or Latino ... 16:18:00.0000000
     2
     3
                            White ... 15:53:00.0000000
     4 Black or African American ... 15:51:00.0000000
                                   Initial Call Type \
    0
       ORDER - CRITICAL VIOLATION OF DV COURT ORDER
     1
     2
         SUSPICIOUS STOP - OFFICER INITIATED ONVIEW
     3
     4
          THEFT (DOES NOT INCLUDE SHOPLIFT OR SVCS)
                                     Final Call Type
                                                                      Call Type \
     0
       --DV - ENFORCE COURT ORDER (ARREST MANDATED)
     1
                                                      TELEPHONE OTHER, NOT 911
    2
    3
                               --DISTURBANCE - OTHER
                                                                         ONVIEW
                                  --THEFT - SHOPLIFT
                                                                         ONVIEW
                               Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag
     0
          WEST PCT 3RD W - MARY - PLATOON 1
                                                       N
                                                                   N
                                                       Y
     1
                SOUTH PCT 1ST W - R/S RELIEF
                                                                   N
                                                                          South
                                                       N
     2
                          WEST PCT OPS - CPT
                                                                   N
          WEST PCT 2ND W - DAVID - PLATOON 1
     3
                                                       N
                                                                   N
                                                                           West
        SOUTHWEST PCT 2ND WATCH - F/W RELIEF
                                                       N
                                                                   N Southwest
       Sector Beat
            _
     0
     1
            S
                S1
     2
     3
           D
               D3
```

4 W W2

[5 rows x 23 columns]

```
[9]: df_imputed.duplicated().sum()
```

[9]: 0

Our data does not have any duplicated rows

We also seem to have rows filled with '-'. We will treat these as missing values. First we need to convert these to NaN

```
[10]: for column in df_imputed.columns:
    df_imputed[column] = df_imputed[column].replace('-', np.nan)
```

[11]: df_imputed.isna().sum()

[11]:	Subject Age Group	2200	
	Subject ID	0	
	GO / SC Num	0	
	Terry Stop ID	0	
	Stop Resolution	0	
	Weapon Type	24528	
	Officer ID	24	
	Officer YOB	0	
	Officer Gender	0	
	Officer Race	0	
	Subject Perceived Race	1816	
	Subject Perceived Gender	243	
	Reported Date	0	
	Reported Time	0	
	Initial Call Type	13473	
	Final Call Type	13473	
	Call Type	13473	
	Officer Squad	0	
	Arrest Flag	0	
	Frisk Flag	478	
	Precinct	10617	
	Sector	10768	
	Beat	10762	

dtype: int64

After deeper analysis of our data, we have several more columns with missing data.

We will handle these columns separately to preserve the quality of our data.

1. Subject Age Group - we can impute this with mode to preserve the shape of our data.

- 2. Weapon Type Given that a large portion is missing, it's possible that in many cases, no weapon was found. Imputing missing values with "None" is most logical.
- 3. Officer ID Since only 24 out of 60,962 entries are affected, we will drop these rows.
- 4. Subject Perceived Race Replacing missing values with "Unknown" maintains the data structure without introducing bias.
- 5. Subject Perceived Gender Replacing missing values with "Unknown" maintains the data structure without introducing bias.
- 6. Initial Call Type, Final Call Type, Call Type Missing call types might suggest a lack of information or a specific condition (e.g., not applicable since no call was made and the incident just transpired). Imputing with "Unknown" preserves this possibility.
- 7. Frisk Flag Since the missing values are minimal, using the most frequent value could be effective.
- 8. Precint, Sector, Beat Geographic information might be missing due to unreported locations. We will fill with "Unknown" allows us to retain these rows.

[13]: df_imputed.isna().sum()

```
[13]: Subject Age Group
                                    0
      Subject ID
                                    0
      GO / SC Num
                                    0
      Terry Stop ID
                                    0
      Stop Resolution
                                    0
      Weapon Type
                                    0
      Officer ID
                                    0
      Officer YOB
                                    0
```

```
Officer Gender
                              0
Officer Race
                              0
Subject Perceived Race
                              0
Subject Perceived Gender
                              0
Reported Date
                              0
Reported Time
                              0
Initial Call Type
                              0
Final Call Type
                              0
Call Type
                              0
Officer Squad
                              0
                              0
Arrest Flag
Frisk Flag
                              0
Precinct
                              0
Sector
                              0
                              0
Beat
dtype: int64
```

Our dataset no longer contains missing values.

We can use Officer YOB - Officer Year of Birth to extract and Age and put it this age into bins similar to our Subject Age Group by subtracting their year of birth from the year of the stop.

```
[14]: bins = df_imputed['Subject Age Group'].unique()
      bins
[14]: array(['1 - 17', '36 - 45', '18 - 25', '46 - 55', '26 - 35',
             '56 and Above'], dtype=object)
[15]: # Calculate Officer Age and add this to a new column
      report_year = df_imputed['Reported Date'].str[:4].astype(int)
      df_imputed['Officer Age'] = report_year - df_imputed['Officer YOB']
      df_imputed.head()
        Subject Age Group
                                                         Terry Stop ID
[15]:
                            Subject ID
                                            GO / SC Num
                   1 - 17
                                         20150000002502
                                                                  47107
                                     -1
      0
                  36 - 45
      1
                           32643034540
                                         20220000318696
                                                           38698204851
                  18 - 25
      2
                                         20180000003995
                                                                 497654
                                     -1
      3
                  46 - 55
                                         20150000299600
                                                                 109376
                                     -1
                  26 - 35
                                         20160000438879
                                                                 219794
        Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer ID
                                                 Officer YOB Officer Gender
      O Offense Report
                               None
                                                        1970
                                           6358
                                                                           М
      1
                 Arrest
                               None
                                           7560
                                                                           М
                                                        1986
      2
          Field Contact
                               None
                                           7428
                                                        1963
                                                                           Μ
          Field Contact
                               None
                                           6805
                                                        1973
                                                                           Μ
        Offense Report
                               None
                                           5781
                                                        1963
                                                                           Μ
```

Officer Race ... \

```
1
                              White
      2
                Hispanic or Latino
      3
                              White
         Black or African American
                                     Initial Call Type \
                                                Unknown
      0
         ORDER - CRITICAL VIOLATION OF DV COURT ORDER
      1
      2
           SUSPICIOUS STOP - OFFICER INITIATED ONVIEW
      3
            THEFT (DOES NOT INCLUDE SHOPLIFT OR SVCS)
                                       Final Call Type
                                                                         Call Type
                                                Unknown
                                                                           Unknown
      0
                                                         TELEPHONE OTHER, NOT 911
         --DV - ENFORCE COURT ORDER (ARREST MANDATED)
      1
      2
                                                Unknown
                                                                           Unknown
      3
                                 --DISTURBANCE - OTHER
                                                                            ONVIEW
      4
                                    --THEFT - SHOPLIFT
                                                                            ONVIEW
                                 Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag
                                                                          Precinct
            WEST PCT 3RD W - MARY - PLATOON 1
      0
                                                          N
                                                                           Unknown
      1
                 SOUTH PCT 1ST W - R/S RELIEF
                                                          Y
                                                                      N
                                                                             South
      2
                            WEST PCT OPS - CPT
                                                          N
                                                                      N
                                                                           Unknown
      3
           WEST PCT 2ND W - DAVID - PLATOON 1
                                                          N
                                                                              West
                                                                      N
         SOUTHWEST PCT 2ND WATCH - F/W RELIEF
                                                          N
                                                                         Southwest
          Sector
                      Beat Officer Age
      0
        Unknown
                  Unknown
               S
                        S1
                                    36
      1
         Unknown
                  Unknown
                                    55
      3
               D
                                    42
                        D3
      4
               W
                        W2
                                    53
      [5 rows x 24 columns]
[16]: df_imputed['Officer Age'].describe()
[16]: count
               60938.000000
      mean
                  34.590666
      std
                   8.793464
                  21.000000
      min
      25%
                  28.000000
      50%
                  33.000000
      75%
                  39.000000
                 121.000000
      Name: Officer Age, dtype: float64
```

White

0

It's unlikely we have on duty officers above the age of 65 so we can drop rows with officers above this age

```
[17]: df_imputed = df_imputed[df_imputed['Officer Age'] <= 65]
      df_imputed.head()
[17]:
        Subject Age Group
                                             GO / SC Num
                                                           Terry Stop ID
                             Subject ID
                                          20150000002502
                                                                   47107
                  36 - 45
                            32643034540
                                          20220000318696
                                                             38698204851
      1
      2
                   18 - 25
                                          20180000003995
                                                                  497654
                                      -1
                  46 - 55
      3
                                      -1
                                          20150000299600
                                                                  109376
                  26 - 35
                                      -1
                                          20160000438879
                                                                  219794
        Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer ID Officer YOB Officer Gender
                                None
         Offense Report
                                            6358
                                                          1970
                                                                             Μ
      1
                  Arrest
                                None
                                            7560
                                                          1986
                                                                             Μ
      2
          Field Contact
                                None
                                            7428
                                                          1963
                                                                             Μ
          Field Contact
                                None
      3
                                            6805
                                                          1973
                                                                             М
         Offense Report
                                None
                                            5781
                                                          1963
                                                                             Μ
                       Officer Race
      0
                              White
      1
                              White
      2
                Hispanic or Latino
      3
                              White
         Black or African American
                                      Initial Call Type
      0
                                                Unknown
         ORDER - CRITICAL VIOLATION OF DV COURT ORDER
      2
           SUSPICIOUS STOP - OFFICER INITIATED ONVIEW
      3
            THEFT (DOES NOT INCLUDE SHOPLIFT OR SVCS)
                                        Final Call Type
                                                                          Call Type
      0
                                                Unknown
                                                                            Unknown
         --DV - ENFORCE COURT ORDER (ARREST MANDATED)
                                                          TELEPHONE OTHER, NOT 911
      1
      2
                                                Unknown
                                                                            Unknown
      3
                                 --DISTURBANCE - OTHER
                                                                             ONVIEW
      4
                                     --THEFT - SHOPLIFT
                                                                             ONVIEW
                                 Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag
                                                                           Precinct
      0
            WEST PCT 3RD W - MARY - PLATOON 1
                                                           N
                                                                      N
                                                                           Unknown
      1
                  SOUTH PCT 1ST W - R/S RELIEF
                                                           Y
                                                                      N
                                                                              South
      2
                            WEST PCT OPS - CPT
                                                                      N
                                                           N
                                                                            Unknown
           WEST PCT 2ND W - DAVID - PLATOON 1
                                                                               West
```

```
4 SOUTHWEST PCT 2ND WATCH - F/W RELIEF
                                                        N
                                                                    N Southwest
          Sector
                     Beat Officer Age
        Unknown Unknown
      1
               S
                       S1
                                   36
      2 Unknown Unknown
                                   55
      3
               D
                       D3
                                   42
      4
               W
                       W2
                                   53
      [5 rows x 24 columns]
[18]: df_imputed['Officer Age'].describe()
[18]: count
               60835.000000
     mean
                  34.469467
      std
                   8.238621
     min
                  21.000000
      25%
                  28.000000
      50%
                  33.000000
     75%
                  39.000000
     max
                  65.000000
     Name: Officer Age, dtype: float64
     The distribution of Officer Age now makes more sense
[19]: # Initialize bin_edges list and handle bins, setting the lower bound for the
      ⇔last bin to 56 (similar to Subject Age Group)
      bin_edges = []
      for bin in bins:
          if bin == '56 and Above':
              bin_edges.append(56)
          else:
              lower_bound = int(bin.split(' - ')[0])
              bin_edges.append(lower_bound)
      # Add the upper bound from the last bin
      max_age = df_imputed['Officer Age'].max()
      bin_edges.append(max_age)
      # Remove duplicates and sort bin_edges
      bin_edges = sorted(set(bin_edges))
      bin_edges
```

[19]: [1, 18, 26, 36, 46, 56, 65]

```
[20]: # We will use labels similar to those in Subject Age Group
      labels = df_imputed['Subject Age Group'].unique().tolist()
      labels
[20]: ['1 - 17', '36 - 45', '18 - 25', '46 - 55', '26 - 35', '56 and Above']
[21]: print('length of bin edges: ', len(bin edges)-1)
      print('length of labels: ', len(labels))
     length of bin_edges: 6
     length of labels: 6
[22]: #compares the labels we extracted from the Subject Age Group column with the
       solubels we created from the bins we created for Officer Age Group
      labels = df_imputed['Subject Age Group'].unique().tolist()
      if len(bin edges) - 1 != len(labels):
          raise ValueError("The number of labels does not match the number of bins")
[23]: # Use pd.cut to create the bins for Officer Age
      df_imputed['Officer Age Group'] = pd.cut(df_imputed['Officer Age'],__
       ⇔bins=bin_edges, labels=labels, right=True)
      print('Officer Age Group:', bins)
      print('Subject Age Group:', labels)
      df imputed.head()
     Officer Age Group: ['1 - 17' '36 - 45' '18 - 25' '46 - 55' '26 - 35' '56 and
     Above'l
     Subject Age Group: ['1 - 17', '36 - 45', '18 - 25', '46 - 55', '26 - 35', '56
     and Above']
[23]:
       Subject Age Group
                            Subject ID
                                           GO / SC Num Terry Stop ID \
      0
                   1 - 17
                                    -1 20150000002502
                                                                47107
                  36 - 45
      1
                           32643034540 20220000318696
                                                          38698204851
      2
                  18 - 25
                                    -1 20180000003995
                                                               497654
                  46 - 55
      3
                                    -1 20150000299600
                                                               109376
      4
                  26 - 35
                                    -1 20160000438879
                                                               219794
       Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer ID Officer YOB Officer Gender
      O Offense Report
                               None
                                          6358
                                                       1970
                                                                         Μ
      1
                 Arrest
                               None
                                          7560
                                                       1986
                                                                         Μ
         Field Contact
                               None
                                          7428
                                                       1963
                                                                         Μ
      3
         Field Contact
                               None
                                          6805
                                                       1973
                                                                         М
      4 Offense Report
                                          5781
                               None
                                                       1963
                                                                         М
                      Officer Race ... \
      0
                             White ...
```

```
1
                        White
2
          Hispanic or Latino
3
                        White
   Black or African American
                                  Final Call Type
                                                                    Call Type
0
                                                                      Unknown
                                          Unknown
   --DV - ENFORCE COURT ORDER (ARREST MANDATED)
1
                                                    TELEPHONE OTHER, NOT 911
2
                                                                      Unknown
                                          Unknown
3
                           --DISTURBANCE - OTHER
                                                                        ONVIEW
                               --THEFT - SHOPLIFT
4
                                                                        ONVIEW
                           Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag
                                                                     Precinct
0
      WEST PCT 3RD W - MARY - PLATOON 1
                                                     N
                                                                 N
                                                                      Unknown
           SOUTH PCT 1ST W - R/S RELIEF
                                                     Y
1
                                                                 N
                                                                        South
2
                      WEST PCT OPS - CPT
                                                     N
                                                                 N
                                                                      Unknown
3
     WEST PCT 2ND W - DAVID - PLATOON 1
                                                     N
                                                                 N
                                                                         West
   SOUTHWEST PCT 2ND WATCH - F/W RELIEF
                                                     N
                                                                 N
                                                                    Southwest
    Sector
                Beat Officer Age Officer Age Group
                               45
0
   Unknown
            Unknown
                                             46 - 55
         S
                  S1
                               36
                                             18 - 25
1
2
                               55
                                             26 - 35
  Unknown
            Unknown
3
         D
                  D3
                               42
                                             46 - 55
4
         W
                                             26 - 35
                  W2
                               53
```

[5 rows x 25 columns]

Columns to drop: Next, we will drop some columns that do not provide useful information for our analysis. From a review of the column descriptions, we can ignore the following columns:

- 1. Subject ID: This is a unique identifier for each subject, not useful for modeling.
- 2. GO / SC Num: Unique identifier for reports, irrelevant for prediction.
- 3. Terry Stop ID: Another unique identifier.
- 4. Officer ID: Identifies each officer; may introduce bias and is not necessary.
- 5. Reported Date & Reported Time: Since they represent when the report was filed, not when the stop occurred, they may not be useful.

```
[24]: #change the datatype so Officer Age Group and Subject Age Group to ordinal

categorical values.

df_imputed['Officer Age Group'] = pd.Categorical(df_imputed['Officer Age
Group'],

categories=bins,

ordered=True)
```

```
df_imputed['Subject Age Group'] = pd.Categorical(df_imputed['Subject Age_
       Group'],
                                                 categories=labels,
                                                 ordered=True)
[25]: columns_to_drop = ['Subject ID', 'GO / SC Num', 'Terry Stop ID', 'Officer ID', L
       → 'Reported Date', 'Reported Time', 'Officer Age', 'Officer YOB']
      df_preprocessed = df_imputed.drop(columns=columns_to_drop, axis =1)
      df_preprocessed.head()
        Subject Age Group Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer Gender
                   1 - 17
                           Offense Report
                                                   None
                  36 - 45
                                                   None
      1
                                    Arrest
                                                                     М
                  18 - 25
                             Field Contact
      2
                                                   None
                                                                     М
      3
                  46 - 55
                            Field Contact
                                                  None
                                                                     М
      4
                  26 - 35 Offense Report
                                                  None
                                                                     М
                      Officer Race
                                               Subject Perceived Race
      0
                              White
                                                               Unknown
      1
                              White
                                                               Unknown
      2
                Hispanic or Latino
                                                                 White
      3
                              White
                                     American Indian or Alaska Native
         Black or African American
                                                                 White
        Subject Perceived Gender
                                                               Initial Call Type \
                           Female
      0
                                                                          Unknown
                                   ORDER - CRITICAL VIOLATION OF DV COURT ORDER
      1
                             Male
      2
                             Male
                          Female
                                     SUSPICIOUS STOP - OFFICER INITIATED ONVIEW
      3
                          Female
                                      THEFT (DOES NOT INCLUDE SHOPLIFT OR SVCS)
                                       Final Call Type
                                                                         Call Type
      0
                                                Unknown
                                                                           Unknown
         --DV - ENFORCE COURT ORDER (ARREST MANDATED)
                                                         TELEPHONE OTHER, NOT 911
      1
      2
                                                Unknown
                                                                           Unknown
      3
                                 --DISTURBANCE - OTHER
                                                                            ONVIEW
      4
                                    --THEFT - SHOPLIFT
                                                                            ONVIEW
                                 Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag
                                                                          Precinct
      0
            WEST PCT 3RD W - MARY - PLATOON 1
                                                          N
                                                                     N
                                                                           Unknown
      1
                 SOUTH PCT 1ST W - R/S RELIEF
                                                          Υ
                                                                     N
                                                                             South
                            WEST PCT OPS - CPT
                                                          N
                                                                           Unknown
                                                                     N
      3
           WEST PCT 2ND W - DAVID - PLATOON 1
                                                          N
                                                                              West
                                                                     N
         SOUTHWEST PCT 2ND WATCH - F/W RELIEF
                                                                        Southwest
                                                          N
```

```
Sector
                Beat Officer Age Group
  Unknown
                                46 - 55
0
            Unknown
1
         S
                  S1
                                18 - 25
2
                                26 - 35
   Unknown
            Unknown
3
         D
                  D3
                                46 - 55
                  W2
                                26 - 35
         W
```

We have dropped 6 columns 'Subject ID', 'Officer YOB', 'GO / SC Num', 'Terry Stop ID', 'Officer ID', 'Reported Date',and 'Reported Time' from our original dataset and added one new column - Officer Age Group

Let us look at what our dataset looks like now

```
[26]: df_preprocessed.shape
[26]: (60835, 17)
[27]: df_preprocessed.duplicated().sum()
```

[27]: 5967

Let's drop our duplicated rows - these may be rows entered multiple times under different IDs that we dropped

```
[28]: df_preprocessed.drop_duplicates(inplace = True)
```

```
[29]: print('Shape: ',df_preprocessed.shape)
print('Duplicates: ',df_preprocessed.duplicated().sum())
```

Shape: (54868, 17) Duplicates: 0

Our dataset now has 17 columns and 54,868 rows and no duplicates

```
[30]: df_preprocessed.columns
```

```
[31]: df_preprocessed.describe()
```

```
[31]:
             Subject Age Group Stop Resolution Weapon Type Officer Gender \
                          54868
      count
                                           54868
                                                       54868
                                                                       54868
                                                          22
                                                                           2
      unique
                              6
                                  Field Contact
      top
                        26 - 35
                                                        None
                                                                           М
```

```
freq
                    20144
                                     25055
                                                  51063
                                                                  48582
       Officer Race Subject Perceived Race Subject Perceived Gender \
               54868
                                       54868
                                                                  54868
count
unique
                   8
                                          10
                                                                      6
                                                                  Male
top
               White
                                       White
               38884
                                       26448
                                                                  43031
freq
       Initial Call Type Final Call Type Call Type \
                    54868
                                     54868
                                               54868
count
unique
                      180
                                       196
                                                    7
top
                 Unknown
                                   Unknown
                                                  911
                     9769
freq
                                      9769
                                               27519
                           Officer Squad Arrest Flag Frisk Flag Precinct \
                                    54868
                                                 54868
count
                                                            54868
                                                                      54868
                                                     2
                                                                2
unique
                                      271
                                                                          8
        TRAINING - FIELD TRAINING SQUAD
                                                     N
top
                                                                       West
freq
                                     5801
                                                 48364
                                                            40928
                                                                      15917
         Sector
                     Beat Officer Age Group
          54868
                    54868
                                       54868
count
unique
             20
                       55
                                           5
                                     18 - 25
        Unknown
top
                 Unknown
freq
           7324
                     7318
                                       29457
```

We are left with only categorical data from a review of the description. We will continu

Types of Variables: Next we will look at the types of variables in our dataset.

We have three columns with binary data - officer gender, arrest flag and frisk flag. We will convert these data to booleans

[32]:	Arrest Flag	Frisk Flag	Officer Gender
0	False	False	True
1	True	False	True
2	False	False	True
3	False	False	True
4	False	False	True

The goal of our analysis is to predict whether an arrest was made during a Terry Stop. Therefore, our target will be "Arrest Flag".

```
[33]: X = df_preprocessed.drop('Arrest Flag', axis = 1)
y = df_preprocessed['Arrest Flag']
```

Summary of Features

There are 0 numerical variables

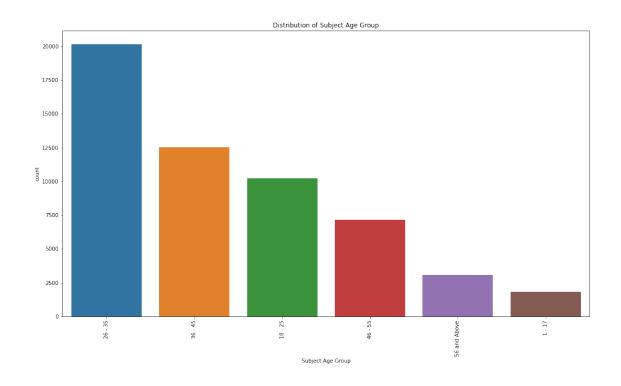
The numerical variables are : []
There are 16 categorical variables

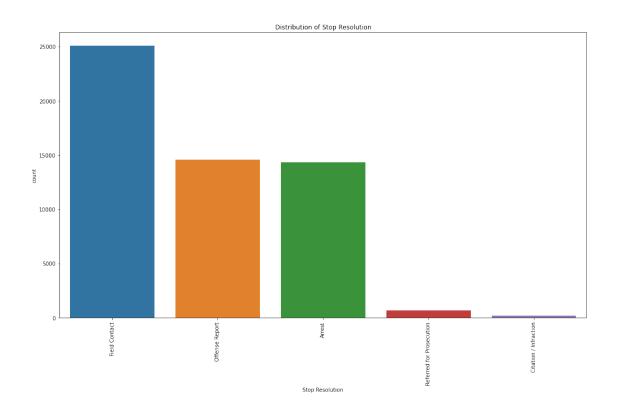
The categorical variables are : ['Subject Age Group', 'Stop Resolution', 'Weapon Type', 'Officer Gender', 'Officer Race', 'Subject Perceived Race', 'Subject Perceived Gender', 'Initial Call Type', 'Final Call Type', 'Call Type', 'Officer Squad', 'Frisk Flag', 'Precinct', 'Sector', 'Beat', 'Officer Age Group']

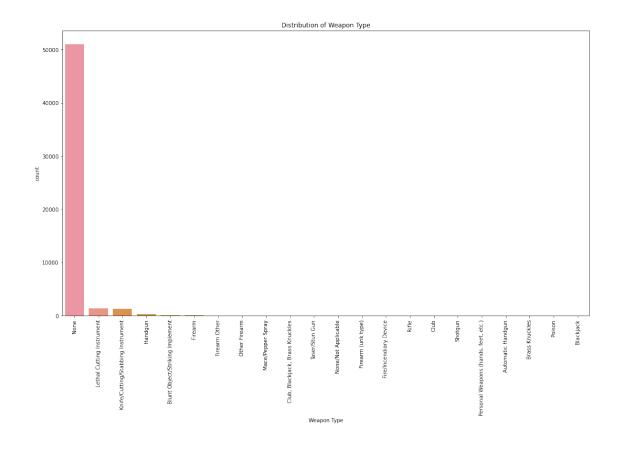
All our features are categorical variables.

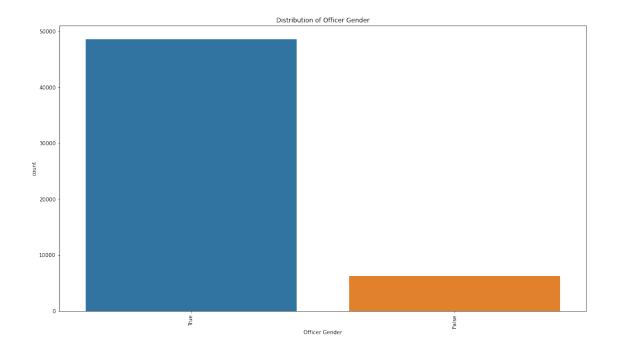
4.0.3 Visualizing the distribution of our dataset

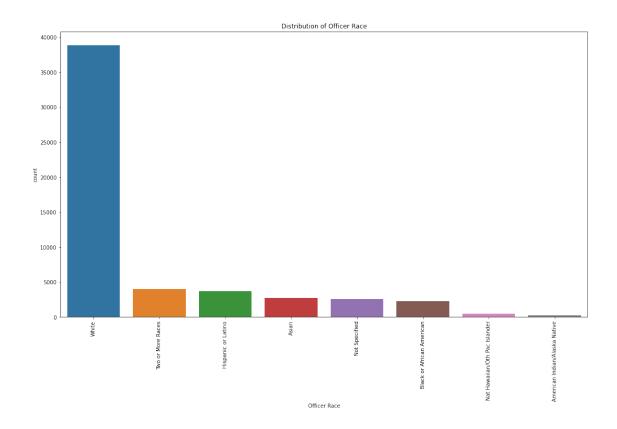
```
[35]: for column in df_preprocessed.columns:
    plt.figure(figsize = (18,10))
        sns.countplot(data=df_preprocessed, x=column, order=df_preprocessed[column].
        value_counts().index)
        plt.xticks(rotation=90)
        plt.title(f'Distribution of {df_preprocessed[column].name}')
        plt.show;
```

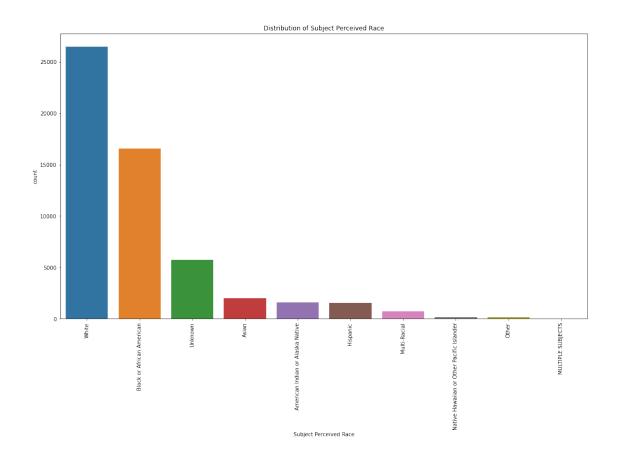


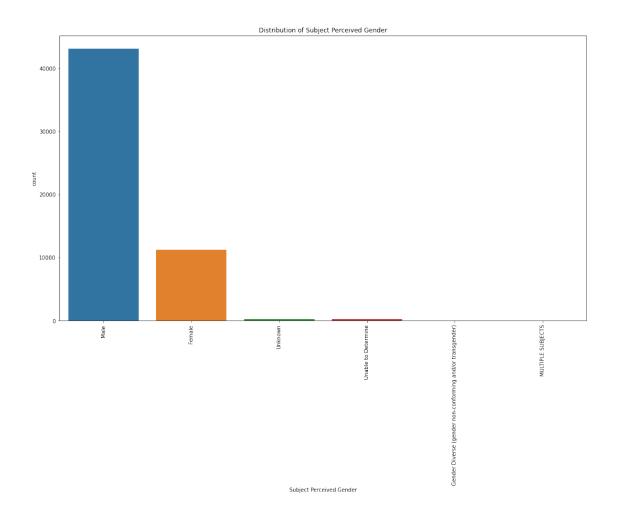


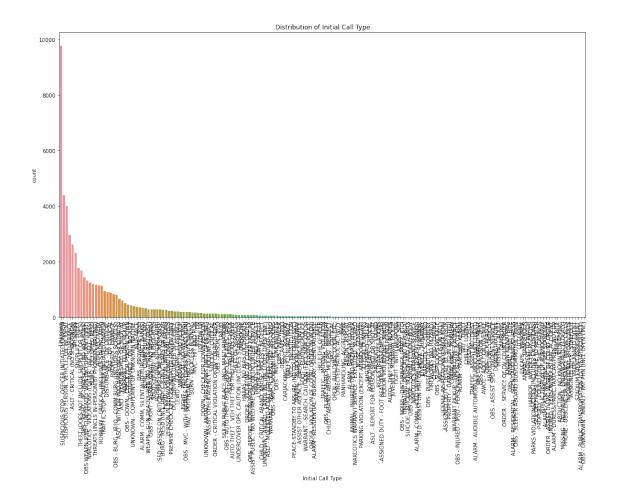


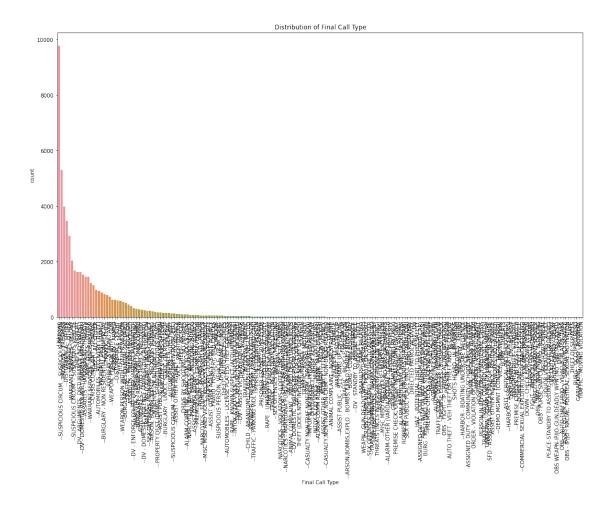


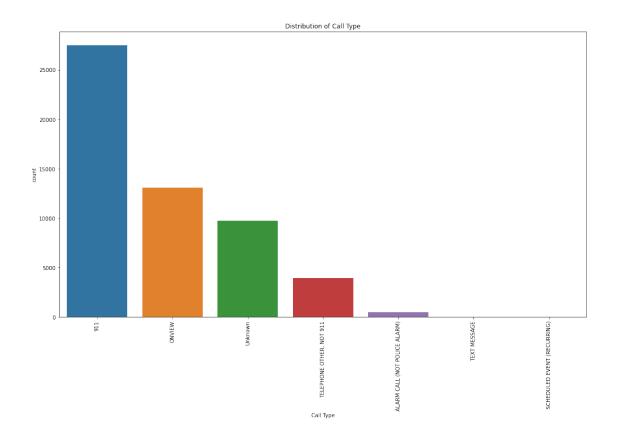


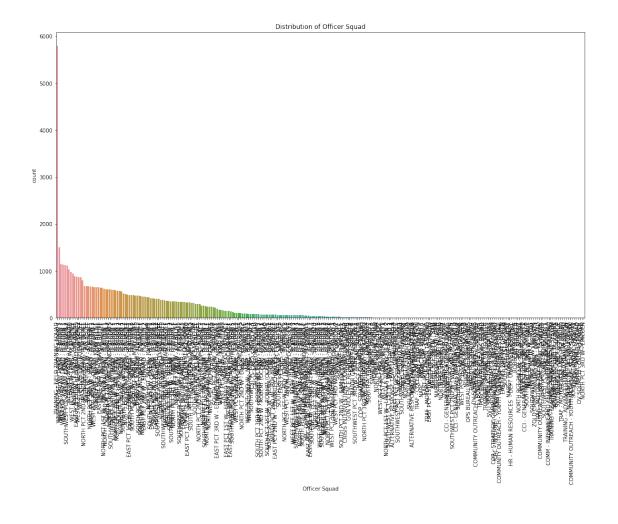


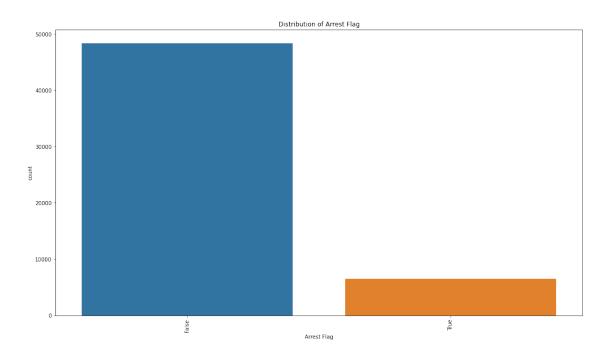


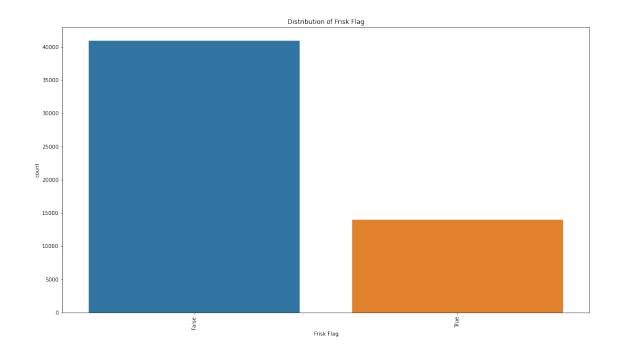


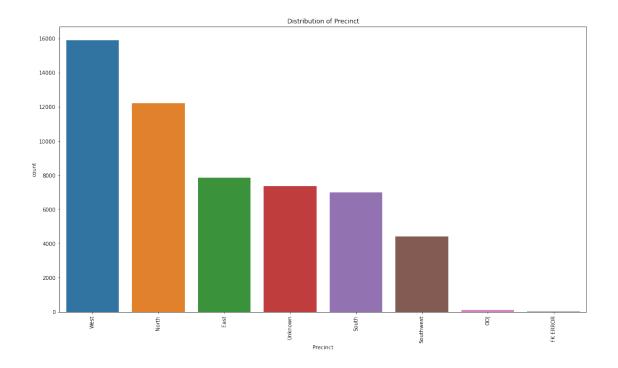


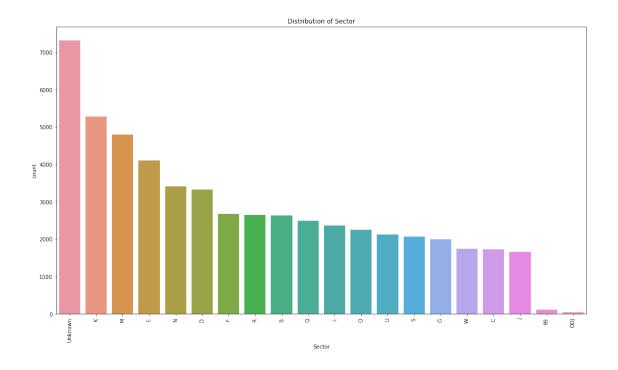


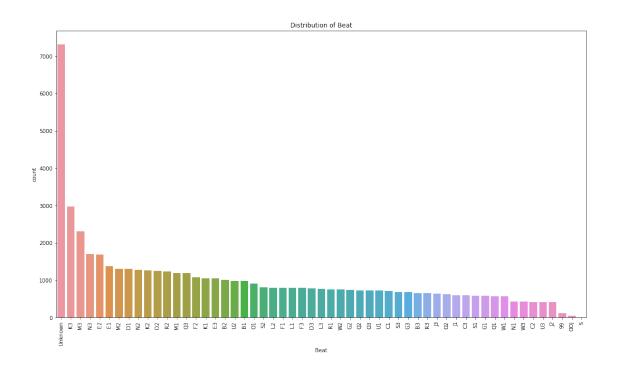


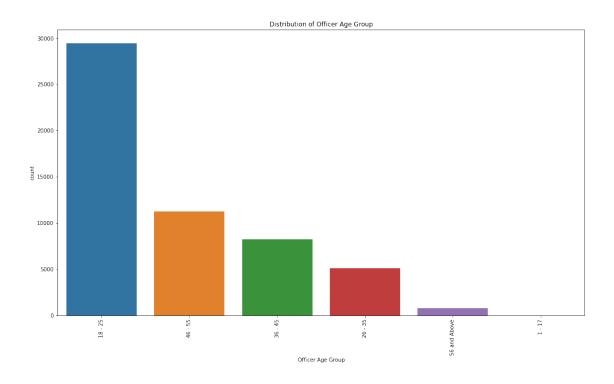












```
[36]: print('Summary of Frequency Distribution in our Features\n')
for column in X.columns:
    print(f'{column} has {X[column].nunique()} unique values')
```

Summary of Frequency Distribution in our Features

Subject Age Group has 6 unique values Stop Resolution has 5 unique values Weapon Type has 22 unique values Officer Gender has 2 unique values Officer Race has 8 unique values Subject Perceived Race has 10 unique values Subject Perceived Gender has 6 unique values Initial Call Type has 180 unique values Final Call Type has 196 unique values Call Type has 7 unique values Officer Squad has 271 unique values Frisk Flag has 2 unique values Precinct has 8 unique values Sector has 20 unique values Beat has 55 unique values Officer Age Group has 5 unique values

Some of our features have high cardinality as exhibited by their high frequency:

High Cardinality Features

- 1. Initial Call Type: 180 unique values
- 2. Final Call Type: 196 unique values
- 3. Officer Squad: 271 unique values
- 4. Beat: 55 unique values
- 5. Weapon Type: 22 unique value
- 6. Sector: 20 unique values

These features could lead to a high dimensional feature space if we apply one hot encoding (OHE) directly to our entire feature set.

Low Cardinality Features

- 1. Subject Age Group: 6 unique values
- 2. Stop Resolution: 5 unique values
- 3. Officer Gender: 2 unique values
- 4. Officer Race: 8 unique values
- 5. Subject Perceived Race: 10 unique values
- 6. Subject Perceived Gender: 6 unique values
- 7. Call Type: 7 unique values
- 8. Frisk Flag: 2 unique values
- 9. Precinct: 8 unique values
- 10. Officer Age Group: 5 unique values

5 5. Data Preparation

We will start by splitting our data into a training and test set before proceeding to avoid any data leakage

```
[37]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.5, u arandom_state=42)
```

Target Encoding We will use target encoding to deal with our high cardinality features.

Target encoding replaces each category with the mean of the target variable for that category. This reduces the dimensionality by not increasing the number of features, which can help in preventing overfitting. Example: If a category is frequently associated with positive outcomes (e.g., arrests), the encoding will reflect that association. Target encoding should not alter the shape of our data

```
[38]: from category_encoders.target_encoder import TargetEncoder

high_cardinality_cols = ['Initial Call Type', 'Final Call Type', 'Call Type',

o'Officer Squad', 'Beat', 'Weapon Type','Sector']

target_encoder = TargetEncoder(cols = high_cardinality_cols)

#fit the target encoder to the high cardinality features
target_encoder.fit(X_train[high_cardinality_cols], y_train)
```

```
#transform the high cardinality features
      X_train_te = target_encoder.transform(X_train[high_cardinality_cols])
      X test_te = target_encoder.transform(X test[high_cardinality_cols])
      #assign the transform values into a dataframe
      X_train_te_df = pd.DataFrame(X_train_te, columns=X_train[high_cardinality_cols].
       ⇔columns)
      X_test_te_df = pd.DataFrame(X_test_te, columns=X_test[high_cardinality_cols].
       ⇔columns)
      #drop the original low cardinality features from our train and test set
      X_train = X_train.drop(columns=high_cardinality_cols)
      X_test = X_test.drop(columns=high_cardinality_cols)
      # reset index of Train and Test
      X_train = X_train.reset_index(drop=True)
      X_test = X_test.reset_index(drop=True)
      #reset index of te df
      X_train_te_df = X_train_te_df.reset_index(drop=True)
      X_test_te_df = X_test_te_df.reset_index(drop=True)
      #update train and test feature set with the encoded values
      X_train = pd.concat([X_train, X_train_te_df], axis=1)
      X_test = pd.concat([X_test, X_test_te_df], axis=1)
      X_train.head()
[38]:
       Subject Age Group Stop Resolution Officer Gender Officer Race \
                  26 - 35
                                                     True
                                                                 White
                                   Arrest
                                                     True
      1
                  46 - 55
                                                                 White
                            Field Contact
      2
                  36 - 45
                                   Arrest
                                                     True
                                                                 White
      3
                  46 - 55
                           Offense Report
                                                     True
                                                                 White
                  26 - 35
                                   Arrest
                                                     True
                                                                 White
            Subject Perceived Race Subject Perceived Gender Frisk Flag Precinct \
      0
                           Unknown
                                                       Male
                                                                   True
                                                                           South
                                                       Male
                                                                  False
                                                                           North
      1 Black or African American
                             White
                                                       Male
                                                                  False Unknown
      3 Black or African American
                                                       Male
                                                                  False
                                                                           North
                                                       Male
                                                                   True Unknown
        Officer Age Group Initial Call Type Final Call Type Call Type \
                  36 - 45
                                    0.204152
                                                     0.093189
                                                                0.159758
```

```
1
                  18 - 25
                                     0.020547
                                                       0.020547
                                                                  0.020547
      2
                  18 - 25
                                     0.084399
                                                       0.215190
                                                                  0.126020
      3
                  26 - 35
                                     0.129316
                                                       0.247191
                                                                   0.126020
                  18 - 25
      4
                                     0.231481
                                                       0.163708
                                                                   0.159758
         Officer Squad
                             Beat Weapon Type
                                                   Sector
      0
              0.123333
                                      0.111489
                        0.162857
                                                0.136159
      1
              0.123333
                        0.090767
                                      0.111489
                                                0.083767
      2
              0.121591
                        0.044037
                                      0.111489
                                                 0.044001
      3
              0.057554
                        0.100604
                                      0.111489
                                                 0.088740
              0.131849 0.044037
                                      0.428571
                                                0.044001
[39]: X test.head()
[39]:
        Subject Age Group Stop Resolution Officer Gender Officer Race \
                  18 - 25
                             Field Contact
                                                       True
                                                                    White
      1
                  36 - 45
                            Offense Report
                                                       True
                                                                    White
      2
                  26 - 35
                            Offense Report
                                                       True
                                                                    White
      3
                  26 - 35
                                    Arrest
                                                       True
                                                                    White
             56 and Above
                                    Arrest
                                                       True
                                                                    White
            Subject Perceived Race Subject Perceived Gender Frisk Flag Precinct \setminus
      0
        Black or African American
                                                         Male
                                                                     False
                                                                            Unknown
                                                                     False
                                                                              South
      1
                              White
                                                         Male
      2
                              Asian
                                                         Male
                                                                     False
                                                                               East
      3 Black or African American
                                                         Male
                                                                     False
                                                                               West
      4 Black or African American
                                                                     False
                                                                              North
                                                         Male
        Officer Age Group
                            Initial Call Type Final Call Type Call Type
                  46 - 55
                                     0.020547
                                                       0.020547
                                                                  0.020547
      0
                                                                  0.159758
      1
                  46 - 55
                                     0.096286
                                                       0.058811
      2
                  18 - 25
                                                       0.041856
                                     0.088028
                                                                  0.100016
      3
                  46 - 55
                                     0.059748
                                                       0.093969
                                                                  0.100016
      4
                  18 - 25
                                     0.101770
                                                       0.201677
                                                                  0.159758
         Officer Squad
                             Beat
                                  Weapon Type
                                                   Sector
      0
              0.155280 0.044037
                                      0.111489
                                                0.044001
                        0.144695
      1
              0.074534
                                      0.111489
                                                0.104300
      2
              0.147059
                        0.127072
                                      0.111489
                                                 0.127551
      3
              0.073772
                        0.130293
                                      0.111489
                                                 0.140967
              0.025397
                        0.044118
                                      0.111489
                                                0.083767
```

We will do some checks on our data to make sure we have preserved the integrity of our data

```
[40]: print(X_train.index[:5]) print(X_train_te_df.index[:5])
```

RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)

RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)

```
[41]: print(X_test.index[:5])
print(X_test_te_df.index[:5])
```

RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)
RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)

```
[42]: X_train.isna().sum()
```

```
[42]: Subject Age Group
                                    0
      Stop Resolution
                                    0
      Officer Gender
                                    0
      Officer Race
                                    0
      Subject Perceived Race
                                    0
      Subject Perceived Gender
                                    0
      Frisk Flag
                                    0
      Precinct
                                    0
      Officer Age Group
                                    0
      Initial Call Type
                                    0
      Final Call Type
                                    0
      Call Type
                                    0
      Officer Squad
                                    0
                                    0
      Beat
      Weapon Type
                                    0
      Sector
                                    0
      dtype: int64
```

Let's compare the shape of our encoded data with the original data.

```
No. of rows in encoded data: 54868
No. of rows in original data: 54868
No of features in encoded data 16 in Train Set and 16 in test set:
No. of features in original data: 16
```

As expected, target encoding does not change the shape of our data, we did not alter the shape of our data or create missing values

One Hot Encoding Next, we will one hot encode our low cardinality features. Unlike with target encoding, one hot encoding will alter the shape of our data by creating additional columns for each unique value of our low cardinality features (and dropping the first column of each category

since it does not add any new information that we cannot get by aggregating the rest of the columns for similar categories).

```
[44]: #select low cardinality features from our dataframe and drop the target
     low cardinality cols = df preprocessed.drop(columns = high cardinality cols_1
       #fit the ohe
     ohe = OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown="ignore")
     ohe.fit(X_train[low_cardinality_cols])
      #transform our train and test feature set
     X train ohe = ohe.transform(X train[low cardinality cols])
     X_test_ohe = ohe.transform(X_test[low_cardinality_cols])
     #assign the transform values into a dataframe
     X_train_ohe_df = pd.DataFrame(X_train_ohe.toarray(), columns=ohe.
       →get_feature_names_out(X_train[low_cardinality_cols].columns))
     X_test_ohe_df = pd.DataFrame(X_test_ohe.toarray(), columns=ohe.
       →get_feature_names_out(X_test[low_cardinality_cols].columns))
     #drop the original low cardinality features from our train and test set
     X_train = X_train.drop(low_cardinality_cols, axis=1)
     X_test = X_test.drop(low_cardinality_cols, axis=1)
     # reset index of Train and Test
     X_train = X_train.reset_index(drop=True)
     X_test = X_test.reset_index(drop=True)
     #reset index of ohe
     X_train_ohe_df = X_train_ohe_df.reset_index(drop=True)
     X_test_ohe_df = X_test_ohe_df.reset_index(drop=True)
      #update train and test feature set with the encoded values
     X train = pd.concat([X train, X train ohe df], axis=1 )
     X_test = pd.concat([X_test, X_test_ohe_df], axis=1)
     X_train.head()
```

```
[44]:
        Initial Call Type Final Call Type Call Type Officer Squad
                                                                       Beat \
                 0.204152
                                 0.093189 0.159758
                                                          0.123333 0.162857
     0
     1
                 0.020547
                                 0.020547
                                           0.020547
                                                          0.123333 0.090767
     2
                 0.084399
                                 0.215190
                                           0.126020
                                                          0.121591 0.044037
     3
                 0.129316
                                 0.247191
                                           0.126020
                                                          0.057554 0.100604
                                 0.163708 0.159758
                                                          0.131849 0.044037
                 0.231481
```

```
Sector Subject Age Group_1 - 17 Subject Age Group_18 - 25 \
   Weapon Type
0
      0.111489 0.136159
                                                 0.0
                                                                             0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                                             0.0
      0.111489 0.083767
1
2
                                                 0.0
      0.111489 0.044001
                                                                             0.0
3
      0.111489 0.088740
                                                 0.0
                                                                             0.0
      0.428571 0.044001
                                                 0.0
                                                                             0.0
   Subject Age Group_26 - 35 ... Precinct_00J Precinct_South \
0
                                           0.0
                                                            1.0
                          1.0 ...
1
                          0.0 ...
                                           0.0
                                                            0.0
2
                                           0.0
                                                            0.0
                          0.0 ...
3
                          0.0 ...
                                            0.0
                                                            0.0
4
                          1.0 ...
                                            0.0
                                                            0.0
   Precinct_Southwest Precinct_Unknown Precinct_West \
0
                                                     0.0
                  0.0
                                     0.0
                  0.0
                                     0.0
                                                     0.0
1
                  0.0
                                                     0.0
2
                                     1.0
3
                  0.0
                                     0.0
                                                     0.0
4
                                     1.0
                  0.0
                                                     0.0
   Officer Age Group_18 - 25 Officer Age Group_26 - 35 \
0
                          0.0
                                                      0.0
1
                          1.0
                                                      0.0
2
                          1.0
                                                      0.0
3
                          0.0
                                                      1.0
4
                          1.0
                                                      0.0
   Officer Age Group_36 - 45
                               Officer Age Group_46 - 55 \
0
                                                      0.0
                          1.0
1
                          0.0
                                                      0.0
2
                          0.0
                                                      0.0
3
                                                      0.0
                          0.0
4
                          0.0
                                                      0.0
   Officer Age Group_56 and Above
0
                               0.0
                               0.0
1
2
                               0.0
3
                               0.0
                               0.0
[5 rows x 57 columns]
```

[45]: X_test.head()

```
[45]:
         Initial Call Type Final Call Type Call Type Officer Squad
                  0.020547
                                    0.020547
                                               0.020547
                                                               0.155280 0.044037
     0
     1
                  0.096286
                                    0.058811
                                               0.159758
                                                               0.074534
                                                                         0.144695
      2
                  0.088028
                                    0.041856
                                               0.100016
                                                               0.147059
                                                                         0.127072
                                                               0.073772 0.130293
      3
                  0.059748
                                    0.093969
                                               0.100016
      4
                  0.101770
                                    0.201677
                                               0.159758
                                                               0.025397 0.044118
         Weapon Type
                        Sector Subject Age Group_1 - 17 Subject Age Group_18 - 25 \
      0
            0.111489 0.044001
                                                      0.0
                                                                                  1.0
                                                      0.0
                                                                                  0.0
      1
            0.111489 0.104300
                                                      0.0
      2
            0.111489 0.127551
                                                                                  0.0
      3
            0.111489 0.140967
                                                      0.0
                                                                                  0.0
                                                      0.0
      4
            0.111489 0.083767
                                                                                  0.0
         Subject Age Group_26 - 35 ... Precinct_OOJ Precinct_South \
                                                                  0.0
     0
                                0.0
                                                 0.0
      1
                                0.0 ...
                                                 0.0
                                                                  1.0
      2
                                                 0.0
                                                                  0.0
                                1.0 ...
      3
                                1.0 ...
                                                 0.0
                                                                  0.0
      4
                                                 0.0
                                                                  0.0
                                0.0 ...
         Precinct_Southwest Precinct_Unknown Precinct_West \
                        0.0
                                           1.0
                                                           0.0
      0
                        0.0
                                           0.0
                                                           0.0
      1
      2
                        0.0
                                           0.0
                                                           0.0
      3
                        0.0
                                           0.0
                                                           1.0
      4
                        0.0
                                           0.0
                                                           0.0
         Officer Age Group_18 - 25 Officer Age Group_26 - 35 \
      0
                                0.0
                                                            0.0
                                0.0
                                                            0.0
      1
      2
                                1.0
                                                            0.0
      3
                                0.0
                                                            0.0
      4
                                1.0
                                                            0.0
         Officer Age Group_36 - 45 Officer Age Group_46 - 55 \
      0
                                0.0
                                                            1.0
                                0.0
      1
                                                            1.0
      2
                                0.0
                                                            0.0
      3
                                0.0
                                                            1.0
      4
                                0.0
                                                            0.0
         Officer Age Group_56 and Above
      0
                                     0.0
      1
                                     0.0
      2
                                     0.0
      3
                                     0.0
```

4 0.0

[5 rows x 57 columns]

As above, we will do some checks on our data to make sure we have preserved the integrity of our data

```
[46]: X_train.isna().sum()
[46]: Initial Call Type
      Final Call Type
      Call Type
      Officer Squad
      Beat
      Weapon Type
      Sector
      Subject Age Group_1 - 17
      Subject Age Group_18 - 25
      Subject Age Group_26 - 35
      Subject Age Group_36 - 45
      Subject Age Group_46 - 55
      Subject Age Group_56 and Above
      Stop Resolution_Arrest
      Stop Resolution_Citation / Infraction
      Stop Resolution_Field Contact
      Stop Resolution_Offense Report
      Stop Resolution_Referred for Prosecution
      Officer Gender_False
```

```
Officer Gender_True
Officer Race_American Indian/Alaska Native
Officer Race_Asian
Officer Race_Black or African American
Officer Race_Hispanic or Latino
Officer Race_Nat Hawaiian/Oth Pac Islander
Officer Race_Not Specified
Officer Race_Two or More Races
Officer Race_White
Subject Perceived Race_American Indian or Alaska Native
Subject Perceived Race_Asian
Subject Perceived Race_Black or African American
Subject Perceived Race_Hispanic
Subject Perceived Race_Multi-Racial
Subject Perceived Race_Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
Subject Perceived Race_Other
Subject Perceived Race_Unknown
Subject Perceived Race_White
Subject Perceived Gender_Female
Subject Perceived Gender_Gender Diverse (gender non-conforming and/or
transgender)
Subject Perceived Gender_Male
Subject Perceived Gender_Unable to Determine
Subject Perceived Gender_Unknown
Frisk Flag_False
```

```
Frisk Flag_True
     Precinct_East
     Precinct_FK ERROR
     Precinct_North
     Precinct_00J
     Precinct_South
     Precinct_Southwest
     Precinct_Unknown
     Precinct_West
     Officer Age Group_18 - 25
     Officer Age Group_26 - 35
     Officer Age Group_36 - 45
     Officer Age Group_46 - 55
     Officer Age Group_56 and Above
     dtype: int64
[47]: print(X_train.index[:5])
     print(X_train_ohe_df.index[:5])
     RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)
     RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)
[48]: print(X_test.index[:5])
     print(X_test_ohe_df.index[:5])
     RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)
     RangeIndex(start=0, stop=5, step=1)
[49]: print('No. of rows in encoded data:', (X_train.shape[0]+X_test.shape[0]))
     print('No. of rows in original data:', (df_preprocessed.shape[0]))
     print(f'No of features in encoded data {X_train.shape[1]} in Train Set and ⊔
```

0

```
print('No. of features in original data:', (df_preprocessed.drop('Arrest Flag', ⊔ ⇔axis=1).shape[1]))
```

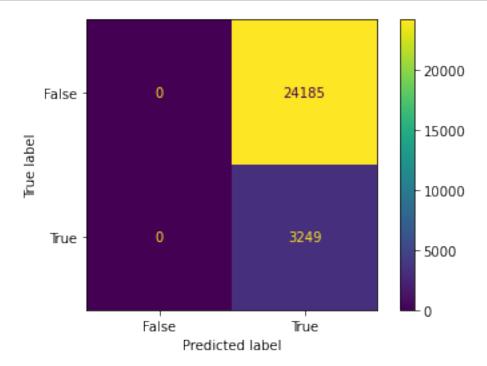
```
No. of rows in encoded data: 54868
No. of rows in original data: 54868
No of features in encoded data 57 in Train Set and 57 in test set:
No. of features in original data: 16
```

As expected, our rows are preserved but our encoded data now has additional columns

6 6. Modeling

6.0.1 Baseline Metrics

We will create a baseline model that always predicts the positive class. We will use the model's score to evaluate our logistic models.



Baseline Model Accuracy: 0.1184

Baseline Model Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False	0.00	0.00	0.00	24185
True	0.12	1.00	0.21	3249
accuracy			0.12	27434
macro avg	0.06	0.50	0.11	27434
weighted avg	0.01	0.12	0.03	27434

Baseline Model Results

Baseline Model Accuracy: 0.1184:

This indicates that the baseline model, which always predicts the positive class (Arrest), has an accuracy of about 11.84%. This is expected since the positive class makes up only a small fraction of the total cases in the dataset.

Classification Report:

False Class (No Arrest):

The model's precision, recall, and F1-score are all 0.00 because it never predicts the negative class (No Arrest). Hence, the precision and F1-score are undefined (zero)

True Class (Arrest): - Precision: 0.12 — This is low because the model predicts the positive class (Arrest) regardless of the actual outcome, which means it gets all the negatives wrong. - Recall: 1.00 — This is perfect because, by always predicting the positive class, the model captures all actual positive instances. - F1-Score: 0.21 — This is the harmonic mean of precision and recall, and it's low due to the very poor precision.

6.0.2 Logistic Regression

We will start by training our model by fitting the training data to a logistic regression model.

1. Model 1

- C: This parameter controls the regularization strength. A higher C reduces the penalty on the model for large coefficients allowing to fit the data more optimally but with additional risk of overfitting.
- *solver*: This parameter specifies the algorithm used to optimize the model. 'lbfgs' is a limited-memory solver that can be efficient for large datasets.
- random_state: This parameter sets the random seed for the model, ensuring reproducibility.
- max_iter: This parameter sets the maximum number of iterations for the solver.

[52]: LogisticRegression(C=100, max_iter=1000, random_state=0)

Next, we apply the model to our test set to see its predictive performance

```
[53]: y_pred_test = logreg.predict(X_test)
y_pred_test
```

[53]: array([False, False, False, ..., False, False, False])

Let us to see the no. of unique values in our target again before assessing the perfomance of our model.

```
[54]: true_proportion = y_test.value_counts(normalize=True)[1]

false_proportion = y_test.value_counts(normalize=True)[0]
print(f"True: {true_proportion:.2f}")
print(f"False: {false_proportion:.2f}")
```

True: 0.12 False: 0.88

The data summary shows that the 'Arrest Flag' is imbalanced, with the 'False' class (no arrest) comprising 88% and the 'True' class (arrest) only 12% of the dataset. This means that most stops

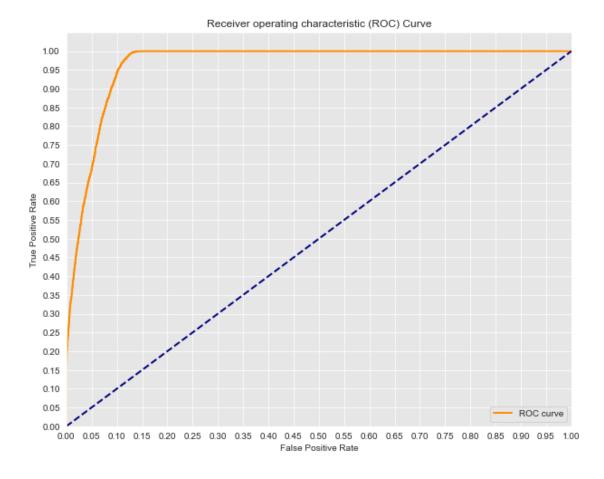
do not result in an arrest.

```
[55]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report
      print('Model accuracy score: {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_test,_

y_pred_test)))
      print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_test))
     Model accuracy score: 0.9213
                   precision
                                recall f1-score
                                                    support
            False
                        0.95
                                  0.96
                                            0.96
                                                      24185
             True
                        0.69
                                  0.61
                                            0.65
                                                       3249
                                            0.92
                                                      27434
         accuracy
        macro avg
                        0.82
                                  0.79
                                            0.80
                                                      27434
     weighted avg
                        0.92
                                  0.92
                                            0.92
                                                      27434
[56]: # print the scores on training and test set
      print('Training set score: {:.4f}'.format(logreg.score(X_train, y_train)))
      print('Test set score: {:.4f}'.format(logreg.score(X_test, y_test)))
     Training set score: 0.9267
     Test set score: 0.9213
[57]: from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
      # First calculate the probability scores of each of the datapoints:
      y_score = logreg.fit(X_train, y_train).decision_function(X_test)
      fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_score)
[58]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      %matplotlib inline
      sns.set_style('darkgrid', {'axes.facecolor': '0.9'})
      print('AUC: {}'.format(auc(fpr, tpr)))
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
      lw = 2
      plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange',
               lw=lw, label='ROC curve')
      plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
```

```
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.yticks([i/20.0 for i in range(21)])
plt.xticks([i/20.0 for i in range(21)])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) Curve')
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.show()
```

AUC: 0.965091830548774



Model 1 Analysis Model 1 Performance:

****a. Overall Model Accuracy:****

Our training set score of 92.1% and test set score of 92.7% imply that our model is highly accurate. The minimal difference between the test and training scores suggest our model generalizies well ie. not overfitting or undefitting.

****b. Classification Report:****

Precision and Recall for the False Class: - Precision: 0.95 - Recall: 0.96 - F1-Score: 0.96

These scores indicate the model performs very well in predicting the majority class (False).

Precision and Recall for the True Class: - Precision: 0.69 - Recall: 0.61 - F1-Score: 0.65

This shows the model struggles to accurately predict the minority class (True), missing 39% of the actual positives.

```
****c. ROC Curve:****
```

The ROC curve shows a high True Positive Rate (TPR) or Sensitivity against a low False Positive Rate (FPR) across the threshold range, indicating strong performance in distinguishing between the classes. The curve is close to the top-left corner, which represents excellent performance.

Comparison vs Baseline Model:

Our model shows general improvement from our baseline model.

Accuracy:

The logistic regression model's accuracy (92.13%) is significantly higher than the baseline (11.84%), indicating our logistic regression model performs much better at correctly classifying instances overall.

Precision:

For the baseline model, precision is 0 for the False class, as it never predicts False. For the True class, precision is 0.12, which is very low and reflects a high number of False Positives. Precision is notably higher in our logistic regression, especially for the True class (0.69), suggesting that when the logistic regression predicts True, it is correct about 69% of the time, which is a substantial improvement.

Recall:

The baseline model has perfect recall (1.00) for the True class because it predicts True for all cases, but it misses all False cases (recall = 0 for False). The logistic regression has balanced recall between False (0.96) and True (0.61), showing it is capable of detecting both classes, albeit less so for True cases due to class imbalance.

F1 Score:

The F1-score is low overall in our baseline model, with the False class scoring 0 and the True class at 0.21, reflecting poor precision and recall balance. In comparison, in our logistic regression mode, the F1-score for both classes is significantly improved (False: 0.96, True: 0.65), indicating a better balance between precision and recall.

****Implications of Class Imbalance:**** - Biased Model Predictions: Class imbalance can cause our logistic regression model to be biased towards predicting the majority class ('False' for no arrest) because predicting the majority class more frequently would still yield a high accuracy. In law enforcement, accurately predicting the 'Arrest Flag' is crucial. Misclassifying an actual arrest situation (False Negative) could have serious implications, such as failing to appropriately flag an encounter where an arrest should have occured.

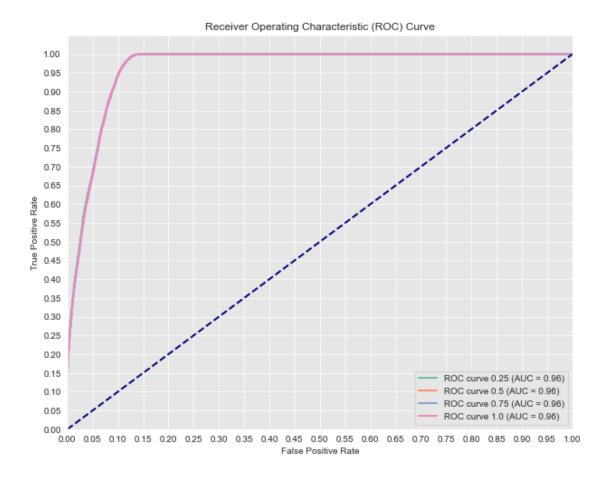
• Underperformance on Minority Class: As seen in the classification report, the precision and recall for the 'True' class (arrest) are significantly lower than for the 'False' class. This suggests that the model struggles to correctly identify and predict arrests, which is the minority class. Overpredicting 'False' (no arrest) could lead to missed opportunities for police intervention, which might not align with the goals of public safety and proper law enforcement.

****Using SMOTE to Address Class Imbalance****

SMOTE (Synthetic Minority Oversampling) generates new sample data using 'synthetic' data from our original dataset, this reduces class imbalance by increasing the number of minority class instances in our dataset.

```
[59]: from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
     print('Original class distribution: \n')
     print(y_train.value_counts())
     colors = sns.color_palette('Set2')
     # Initialize SMOTE and resample the data
     smote = SMOTE()
     X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled = smote.fit_resample(X_train, y_train)
     # Preview synthetic sample class distribution
     print('----')
     print(pd.Series(y_train_resampled).value_counts())
     # Now let's compare a few different ratios of minority class to majority class
     ratios = [0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1.0]
     names = ['0.25', '0.5', '0.75', '1.0']
     plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
     for n, ratio in enumerate(ratios):
         # Fit a model using different SMOTE ratios
         smote = SMOTE(sampling_strategy=ratio)
         X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled = smote.fit_resample(X_train, y_train)
         logreg = LogisticRegression(fit_intercept=False, C=100, solver='lbfgs', 
       \rightarrowmax_iter = 100_000)
         model_log = logreg.fit(X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled)
         # Predict on the test set
         y hat test = logreg.predict(X test)
         y_score = logreg.decision_function(X_test)
          # Compute ROC curve and AUC
         fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_score)
         auc_score = auc(fpr, tpr)
          # Print the AUC for the current ratio
         print(f'AUC for {names[n]}: {auc_score}')
          # Plot the ROC curve
```

```
lw = 2
    plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color=colors[n], lw=lw, label=f'ROC curve {names[n]}_L
 ⇔(AUC = {auc_score:.2f})')
# Plot settings
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=2, linestyle='--')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.yticks([i/20.0 for i in range(21)])
plt.xticks([i/20.0 for i in range(21)])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve')
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.show()
Original class distribution:
False
       24179
True
        3255
Name: Arrest Flag, dtype: int64
_____
True
       24179
False
       24179
Name: Arrest Flag, dtype: int64
AUC for 0.25: 0.9647281875442917
AUC for 0.5: 0.9644108812157848
AUC for 0.75: 0.9643222421198858
______
AUC for 1.0: 0.9640964510445893
```



Let us also generate a classification report to our model performance

```
Model accuracy score: 0.8966 precision recall f1-score support
```

False	1.00	0.89	0.94	24185
True	0.53	0.98	0.69	3249
accuracy			0.90	27434
macro avg	0.77	0.93	0.81	27434
weighted avg	0.94	0.90	0.91	27434

Model 2 Analysis ****Before SMOTE:**** - Accuracy: 0.9213 - Precision (True): 0.69 - Recall (True): 0.61 - F1-score (True): 0.65

****After SMOTE:**** - Accuracy: 0.8966 - Precision (True): 0.53 - Recall (True): 0.97 - F1-score (True): 0.69

While our model's recall has improved greatly, meaning we are able to predict true postives (actual arrests) significantly better based on an improvement from 0.61 to 0.97, our precision has suffered as is evident from the drop from 0.69 to 0.53. Our overall model accuracy has also dropped from 0.9213 to 0.8973. Let's try a different SMOTE ratio to see if we can limit the impact on precision i.e. reduce the amount of false positives (or incorrectly predicted arrests).

Model accuracy score: 0.9166

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False	0.97	0.93	0.95	24185
True	0.61	0.81	0.70	3249
accuracy			0.92	27434
macro avg	0.79	0.87	0.82	27434
weighted avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	27434

Model 3 Analysis ****Before SMOTE:**** - Accuracy: 0.9213 - Precision (True): 0.69 - Recall (True): 0.61 - F1-score (True): 0.65

```
****After SMOTE:**** - Accuracy: 0.9167 - Precision (True): 0.61 - Recall (True): 0.81 - F1-score (True): 0.70
****Kev Observations:****
```

a. Recall for predicting arrests improved significantly from 0.61 to 0.81.

This means the model is now much better at identifying true positives (actual arrests), which is crucial in scenarios where failing to predict an arrest correctly might have serious consequences.

b. Precision for the minority class dropped from 0.69 to 0.61 after SMOTE.

This decrease implies that the model now has more false positives, i.e., it incorrectly predicts arrests more frequently. However, the decline is not material and this is a trade off we are willing to make given the improvements in predicting actual arrests.

c. The F1-score for predicting arrests increased from 0.65 to 0.70.

This balanced metric of precision and recall suggests an overall improvement in predicting the minority class

d. The overall accuracy slightly decreased from 0.9213 to 0.9167

This is a minor reduction and is acceptable given the other improvements in model performance.

6.0.3 Most Important Features

We will get derive the most important features in our model based on their coefficients in our model

```
[62]: feature_names = X_train.columns
    coefficients = logreg.coef_[0]

#add feature names and coefficients to a dataframe
    coef_df = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': feature_names, 'Coefficient': coefficients})

# Sort features by absolute value of the coefficient
    coef_df['Abs_Coefficient'] = coef_df['Coefficient'].abs()
    coef_df = coef_df.sort_values(by='Abs_Coefficient', ascending=False)

print(coef_df[['Feature', 'Coefficient']])
```

```
Feature Coefficient
5
                                           Weapon Type
                                                           25.768720
3
                                         Officer Squad
                                                           13.534317
4
                                                  Beat
                                                           12.503219
15
                        Stop Resolution_Field Contact
                                                          -10.627185
6
                                                 Sector
                                                          -10.179913
13
                                Stop Resolution_Arrest
                                                            9.229411
    Subject Perceived Race_Native Hawaiian or Othe...
33
                                                          8.284227
31
                       Subject Perceived Race_Hispanic
                                                           -7.502964
40
         Subject Perceived Gender_Unable to Determine
                                                           -7.298287
                       Stop Resolution_Offense Report
16
                                                           -6.856855
32
                  Subject Perceived Race_Multi-Racial
                                                           -6.575521
                         Subject Perceived Race_Other
34
                                                           -5.682914
```

45	Precinct_FK ERROR	5.341506
38	Subject Perceived Gender_Gender Diverse (gende	4.872728
19	Officer Gender_True	-4.217510
43	Frisk Flag_True	-4.185280
20	Officer Race_American Indian/Alaska Native	-4.005816
42	Frisk Flag_False	-3.964564
18	Officer Gender_False	-3.932334
0	Initial Call Type	3.865716
41	Subject Perceived Gender_Unknown	-3.655742
17	Stop Resolution_Referred for Prosecution	3.450595
14	Stop Resolution_Citation / Infraction	-3.345809
44	Precinct_East	-3.148677
48	Precinct_South	-3.040931
51	Precinct_West	-2.977518
46	Precinct_North	-2.872584
49	Precinct_Southwest	-2.736910
47	Precinct_00J	2.683829
2	Call Type	2.579885
56	Officer Age Group_56 and Above	-2.046252
7	Subject Age Group_1 - 17	-1.906345
53	Officer Age Group_26 - 35	-1.573596
55	Officer Age Group_46 - 55	-1.529048
54	Officer Age Group_36 - 45	-1.521708
1	Final Call Type	1.497784
52	Officer Age Group_18 - 25	-1.479240
8	Subject Age Group_18 - 25	-1.435268
50	Precinct_Unknown	-1.398558
35	Subject Perceived Race_Unknown	1.332455
11	Subject Age Group_46 - 55	-1.296007
9	Subject Age Group_26 - 35	-1.287234
12	Subject Age Group_56 and Above	-1.220962
37	Subject Perceived Gender_Female	-1.182173
10	Subject Age Group_36 - 45	-1.004028
27	Officer Race_White	-0.907756
25	Officer Race_Not Specified	-0.890745
39	Subject Perceived Gender_Male	-0.886370
24	Officer Race_Nat Hawaiian/Oth Pac Islander	-0.813366
29	Subject Perceived Race_Asian	0.700805
30	Subject Perceived Race_Black or African American	0.662396
36	Subject Perceived Race_White	0.625414
22	Officer Race_Black or African American	-0.576165
26	Officer Race_Two or More Races	-0.521854
21	Officer Race_Asian	-0.278925
23	Officer Race_Hispanic or Latino	-0.155218
28	Subject Perceived Race_American Indian or Alas	0.006257

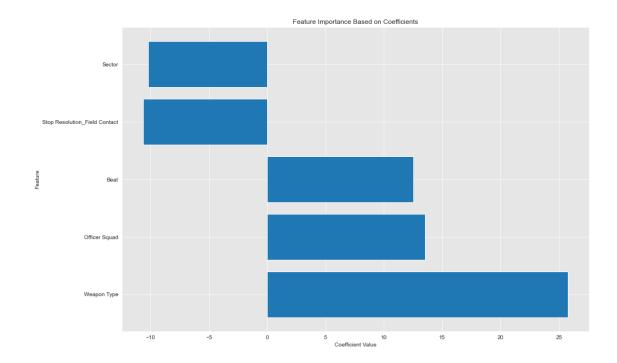
7 7. Conclusion

7.0.1 a. Major Objective: Derive the most important features in predicting an arrest:

Our most important features are the following:

- 1. Stop Resolution_Field Contact (coefficient: -11.1) this is a feature that arose because of one hot encoding our data but signals that most stops arising naturally in the field end up with no arrests as signalled by the negative coefficient.
- 2. Beat (Coefficient: 12.40)- The Beat feature has a significant positive coefficient, indicating that certain beats are more associated with arrests. This could be related to specific crime rates, community issues, or patrol patterns in those beats.
- **3. Officer Squad (coefficient: 13.81)** The positive coefficient for Officer Squad indicates that the specific squad or team involved in the stop is a significant factor in predicting arrests. This may reflect differences in squad practices, experience, or operational focus.
- **4. Weapon Type (Coefficient: 26.14)** -The high positive coefficient for Weapon Type suggests that the presence of a weapon is a strong predictor of an arrest. This is intuitive, as encounters involving weapons are more likely to escalate to an arrest due to safety concerns and legal considerations.
- **5. Sector (Coefficient: -10.90)** The negative coefficient for Sector suggests that certain sectors are less likely to result in an arrest. This could be due to differences in crime patterns or the nature of incidents in different sectors.

```
[63]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
   plt.barh(coef_df['Feature'][:5], coef_df['Coefficient'][:5])
   plt.xlabel('Coefficient Value')
   plt.ylabel('Feature')
   plt.title('Feature Importance Based on Coefficients')
   plt.show()
```



7.0.2 b. Develop a Predictive Model for Arrests During Terry Stops

Our final model gernerally improves upon the baseline model and earlier iterations.

Accuracy Score: 91.67%. This indicates that the model performs well overall.

Precision and Recall:

• Precision for False (No Arrest): 0.97

• Recall for False (No Arrest): 0.93

• Precision for True (Arrest): 0.61

• Recall for True (Arrest): 0.81

While the model has a high accuracy, this is mostly due to predicting situations where no arrest is made as signified by the high precision and recall for the False class. Its performance on predicting arrests (the minority class) reveals a trade-off: higher recall but lower precision. This means the model is good at identifying cases where an arrest is likely but might also incorrectly label some non-arrest cases as arrests. While we tried to reduce this trade-off, given the nature of the data, we cannot resolve it fully. This is an important consideration in the practical use of the model for future prediction.

7.0.3 c. EDA and Feature Engineering:

Our exploratory data analysis (EDA) highlighted some issues with missing values where some rows had blank values and others had been filled in with a placeholder value ('-').

Handling of missing values:

1. Subject Age Group - we imputed this with mode to preserve the shape of our data.

- 2. Weapon Type Imputed with 'None" given that a since several rows were blank, it's possible that in many cases, no weapon was found.
- 3. Officer ID Since only 24 out of 60,962 entries are affected, we dropped these rows.
- 4. Subject Perceived Race We replaced missing values with "Unknown" to maintain the data structure without introducing bias.
- 5. Subject Perceived Gender We replaced missing values with "Unknown" to maintain the data structure without introducing bias..
- 6. Initial Call Type, Final Call Type, Call Type We imputed this with "Unknown" since missing call types might suggest a lack of information or a specific condition (e.g., not applicable since no call was made and the incident just transpired).
- 7. Frisk Flag We imputed missing values with the mode since the missing values are minimal.
- 8. Precint, Sector, Beat We filled missing values with "Unknown" allowing us to retain the rows.
- 9. Officer Squad imputed with "Unknown" to retain the rows

Enchoding Techniques

We used 'Target Encoding' to replace each feature that exhibited high cardinality with the mean of the target variable for that category. This reduced the dimensionality by not increasing the number of features, which can help in preventing overfitting. One hot encoding would not have been suitable for such features as they would have increased the number of features in our dataset by a significant magnitude.

We used 'One Hot Encoding' for features in our dataset with low cardinality One-hot encoding transforms categorical variables into a format that can be easily interpreted by our logistic regression model. Each category is represented by a binary feature (0 or 1), preserving the information contained in the categorical features.

7.0.4 d. Class Imbalance Management:

We used SMOTE to address the class imbalance in our target variable.

Addressing class imbalance using SMOTE (Synthetic Minority Over-sampling Technique) was important in our logistic regression modeling process due to the following reasons:

1. Improvement in Minority Class Recall:

In the initial logistic regression model without addressing class imbalance, the recall for the True class (minority class) was relatively low (0.61), meaning that a significant portion of the actual True cases were being missed. After applying SMOTE, the recall for the True class improved significantly (0.81), indicating that the model became much better at detecting the minority class instances (i.e., Arrests), which is a critical goal in our main objective

2. Balanced Performance Across Classes:

Without addressing the imbalance, the logistic regression model performed extremely well on the majority class (False) but poorly on the minority class (True). This imbalance in performance was reflected in the F1-score and recall differences. Applying SMOTE balanced the dataset, allowing the logistic regression model to learn equally well from both classes. As a result, the F1-score for

the True class improved, leading to a more balanced performance that reflects a model capable of handling both True and False outcomes more equitably.

3. Mitigation of Bias Towards Majority Class:

Imbalanced datasets cause models to be biased towards predicting the majority class e.g., the baseline model's constant prediction of the majority class (No Arrests) resulted in low precision and F1-scores. SMOTE helped mitigate this bias by synthetically oversampling the minority class, providing the model with a more representative training set. This change encouraged our model to learn the features distinguishing Arrests and No Arrests more effectively resulting in the models overall predictive ability given identifying minority class instances (arrests) is crucial, as false negatives (missed True cases) can have significant real-world implications.**

8 7. Recommendations

1. Enhance Training and Protocols for Weapon-Related Stops

Given the strong positive correlation between the presence of a weapon (Weapon Type) and the likelihood of an arrest, SPD should emphasize comprehensive training for officers on handling stops involving weapons. This training can include creating specific modules addressing the handling of weapon-related encounters including simulations and scenario-based derived from the predictions of the model to prepare officers for real-world situations.

Additionally, SPD should continuously monitor the outcomes of weapon-related stops comparing them to the outcomes predicted by the model.

2. Evaluate and Optimize Squad Practices

SPD should analyze practices across different squads to identify successful strategies and areas for improvement. This can be done in the following ways:

- Conduct Performance Reviews: Analyze arrest data and performance metrics for each squad to identify best practices and discrepancies in arrest rates.
- Share Best Practices: Develop a best practices guide based on high-performing squads and distribute it across the department.
- Targeted Training: Provide additional training or support to squads with lower arrest rates to align their practices with successful strategies observed in other squads.

3. Adjust Resource Allocation Based on Beats and Sectors

The analysis of Beat and Sector features indicates varying likelihoods of arrests across different areas. SPD should adjust resource allocation and patrol strategies based on these insights to optimize effectiveness. This can be done in the following ways

- Resource Reallocation: Adjust patrol patterns and allocate resources based on crime rates and arrest patterns observed in different beats and sectors.
- Community Engagement: Increase community policing efforts in beats and sectors with higher arrest rates to build relationships and address underlying issues that may contribute to higher arrest rates.
- Sector-Specific Strategies: Develop targeted strategies for sectors with lower arrest rates to understand if there are specific challenges or factors affecting law enforcement outcomes.

4. Review and Standardize Field Contact Procedures

The negative coefficient for Stop Resolution_Field Contact suggests that stops resulting in field contacts are less likely to lead to arrests. SPD should continue to review the outcomes of actual stops to those predicted by the model to ensure that field contacts are well-justified and in line with department policies.

5. Use Model to Improve Law Enforcement Practices

- Implement Decision-Making Frameworks: Use the model as one tool among many in decision-making processes. Combine model predictions with officer judgment and contextual information to make balanced decisions.
- Continuous Model Improvement: Regularly update and refine the model to improve performance on predicting arrests. Consider exploring other advanced techniques for class imbalance management, such as different sampling methods.
- Evaluation and Feedback: Continuously evaluate the impact of the predictive model on realworld outcomes and gather feedback from officers to make necessary adjustments and improvements.