# Theme: Statistical Related Risk: Volatility & Statistical Related Risk: Correlation

## **Statistics**

# Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import yfinance as yf
# from ydata_profiling import ProfileReport
# from IPython.display import IFrame
#statistical tests
import statsmodels.api as sm
from scipy import stats
#import yfinance as yf
btcusdt_ticker = "BTC-USD"
start_date = "2020-01-01"
end_date = "2023-04-25"
df = yf.download(btcusdt_ticker, start=start_date, end=end_date)
print(df.head())
```

[******** 100%***************************						
	0pen	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	\
Date						
2020-01-01	7194.892090	7254.330566	7174.944336	7200.174316	7200.174316	
2020-01-02	7202.551270	7212.155273	6935.270020	6985.470215	6985.470215	
2020-01-03	6984.428711	7413.715332	6914.996094	7344.884277	7344.884277	
2020-01-04	7345.375488	7427.385742	7309.514160	7410.656738	7410.656738	
2020-01-05	7410.451660	7544.497070	7400.535645	7411.317383	7411.317383	

Volume
Date
2020-01-01 18565664997
2020-01-02 20802083465
2020-01-03 28111481032
2020-01-04 18444271275

X

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Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
# installing additional package for desriptive statistics in html format
!pip install ydata profiling
import ydata profiling as ypr
from ydata profiling import ProfileReport
     Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheel
    Collecting ydata profiling
      Downloading ydata_profiling-4.1.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (345 kB)
                                         ----- 345.9/345.9 kB 2.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
    Collecting matplotlib<3.7,>=3.2
      Downloading matplotlib-3.6.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86
                                         ----- 11.8/11.8 MB 79.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: pydantic<1.11,>=1.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/
     Requirement already satisfied: PyYAML<6.1,>=5.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
    Collecting tqdm<4.65,>=4.48.2
      Downloading tqdm-4.64.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (78 kB)
                                            ---- 78.5/78.5 kB 9.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: jinja2<3.2,>=2.11.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
    Collecting scipy<1.10,>=1.4.1
      Downloading scipy-1.9.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.w
                                 ----- 33.7/33.7 MB 16.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: seaborn<0.13,>=0.10.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy<1.24,>=1.16.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
    Collecting phik<0.13,>=0.11.1
      Downloading phik-0.12.3-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.w
                                             --- 679.5/679.5 kB 49.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
    Collecting typeguard<2.14,>=2.13.2
      Downloading typeguard-2.13.3-py3-none-any.whl (17 kB)
     Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels<0.14,>=0.13.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3
    Collecting multimethod<1.10,>=1.4
      Downloading multimethod-1.9.1-py3-none-any.whl (10 kB)
    Requirement already satisfied: requests<2.29,>=2.24.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10
    Collecting htmlmin==0.1.12
      Downloading htmlmin-0.1.12.tar.gz (19 kB)
      Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
     Requirement already satisfied: pandas!=1.4.0,<1.6,>1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
     Collecting visions[type_image_path] == 0.7.5
      Downloading visions-0.7.5-py3-none-any.whl (102 kB)
                                          ---- 102.7/102.7 kB 12.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
    Collecting imagehash==4.3.1
      Downloading ImageHash-4.3.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (296 kB)
                                           ---- 296.5/296.5 kB 12.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
    Requirement already satisfied: PyWavelets in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag
     Requirement already satisfied: pillow in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (
     Requirement already satisfied: networkx>=2.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
     Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=19.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
```

2 of 21 5/3/2023, 11:25 AM

Collecting tangled-up-in-unicode>=0.0.4

```
Downloading tangled up in unicode-0.2.0-py3-none-any.whl (4.7 MB)
                                         ----- 4.7/4.7 MB 44.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-r
     Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
     Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-r
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/c
     Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.14.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pa
     Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
     Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
     Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/
     Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer~=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3
     Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fro
     Building wheels for collected packages: htmlmin
      Building wheel for htmlmin (setup.py) ... done
      Created wheel for htmlmin: filename=htmlmin-0.1.12-py3-none-any.whl size=27096 s
      Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/dd/91/29/a79cecb328d01739e64017b6ft
     Successfully built htmlmin
     Installing collected packages: htmlmin, typeguard, tqdm, tangled-up-in-unicode, sc
      Attempting uninstall: tqdm
         Found existing installation: tqdm 4.65.0
        Uninstalling tqdm-4.65.0:
           Successfully uninstalled tqdm-4.65.0
      Attempting uninstall: scipy
         Found existing installation: scipy 1.10.1
         Uninstalling scipy-1.10.1:
           Successfully uninstalled scipy-1.10.1
      Attempting uninstall: matplotlib
         Found existing installation: matplotlib 3.7.1
        Uninstalling matplotlib-3.7.1:
           Successfully uninstalled matplotlib-3.7.1
     Successfully installed htmlmin-0.1.12 imagehash-4.3.1 matplotlib-3.6.3 multimethoc
    WARNING: The following packages were previously imported in this runtime:
       [matplotlib,mpl toolkits]
    You must restart the runtime in order to use newly installed versions.
      RESTART RUNTIME
df btc = df
returns_btc = df
profile = ProfileReport(df_btc)
profile.to_file('df_btc.html')
                                                           51/51 [00:10<00:00, 2.94it/s,
     Summarize dataset:
```

100% Completed]

Generate report structure: 1/1 [00:06<00:00,

100% 6.96s/it]

Render HTMI · 100% 1/1 [00·02<00·00 2 95e/it]

profile

# Overview

## **Dataset statistics**

Number of variables	6
Number of observations	1210
Missing cells	0
Missing cells (%)	0.0%
Duplicate rows	0
Duplicate rows (%)	0.0%
Total size in memory	66.2 KiB
Average record size in memory	56.0 B

## Variable types

Numeric 6

### **Alerts**

Open is highly overall correlated with ніgh and <u>3 other fields (High, Low, Close, Adj Close)</u>	High correlation
High is highly overall correlated with Open and 3 other fields (Open, Low, Close, Adj Close)	High correlation
Low is highly overall correlated with Open and <u>3 other fields (Open, High, Close, Adj Close)</u>	High correlation
Class is highly overall correlated with Open and 3 other fields (Open	Link correlation

I am interested only in the information in df\_btc['Adj Close'], and I will use it for further analysis. So, in case you are interested in the other columns like: Open, High, Low, Close or Volume, the same type of analysis can be applied towards them as well. Let's do some statistical evaluations to prove whether the data is normally distributed. I will use the visual method called: "Q-Q Plot". Here you can see that the data is NOT normally distributed because otherwise it should be very close to the 45-degree line added to the plot (because normally distributed data do so).

```
returns_btc['returns'] = df['Adj Close'].pct_change()
returns_btc = returns_btc.dropna()

profile_returns = ProfileReport(returns_btc)
profile_returns
```

Summarize dataset: 65/65 [00:19<00:00, 3.33it/s,

100% Completed]

Generate report structure: 1/1 [00:09<00:00,

100% 9.93s/it]

Render HTML: 100% 1/1 [00:03<00:00, 3.52s/it]

# Overview

#### **Dataset statistics**

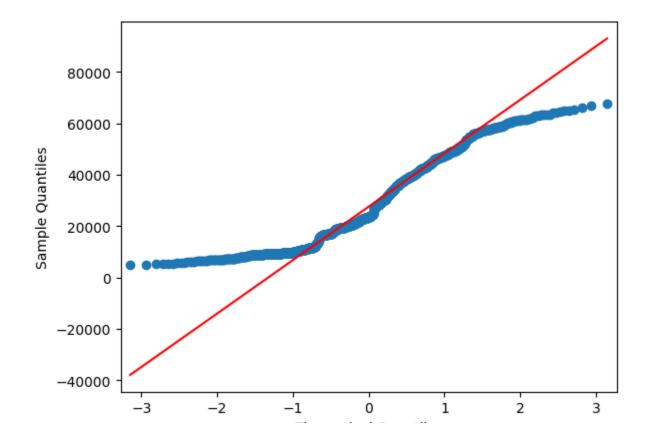
Number of variables	7
Number of observations	1209
Missing cells	0
Missing cells (%)	0.0%
Duplicate rows	0
Dunlicate rows (%)	በ በ%

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Dapiloato lotto (70)	0.070
Total size in memory	75.6 KiB
Average record size in memory	64.0 B
Variable types	
Numeric	7
Alerts	
Open is highly overall correlated with High and <u>3 other fields (High, Low, Close, Adj Close)</u>	High correlation
High is highly overall correlated with Open and <u>3 other fields (Open, Low, Close, Adj Close)</u>	High correlation
Low is highly overall correlated with Open and 3 other fields (Open,	High correlation

# import statsmodels.api as sm

```
# create Q-Q plot with 45-degree line added to the plot
"""
this plot can be uset for seen the qqplo of:
- returns_btc['Adj Close']
- returns_btc['returns']
"""
fig = sm.qqplot(returns_btc['Adj Close'], line='q')
plt.show()
```



#### Theoretical Quantiles

Visualizations are not exactly scientific proof for anything because every human being has his own interpretations and abstract thinking, and it is possible for someone not to be able to see it as it is. In this case I will use the very formal statistical test: Shapiro-Wilk test and it will mathematically (statistically) prove or not whether there is a normal distribution. If the value of the Shapiro test's p-value is less than 0.05. This means that with 95% confidence the data is NOT normally distributed

```
#from scipy import stats
# perform Shapiro-Wilk test
shapiro_test = stats.shapiro(returns_btc['returns'])
print(shapiro_test)

ShapiroResult(statistic=0.9171086549758911, pvalue=3.349220646237701e-25)
```

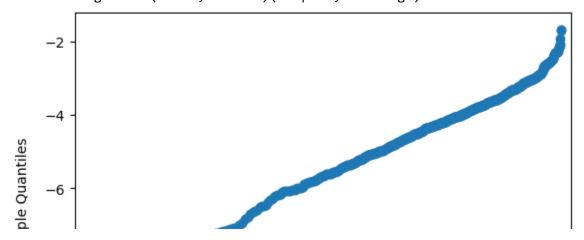
So, what can we do in this case?

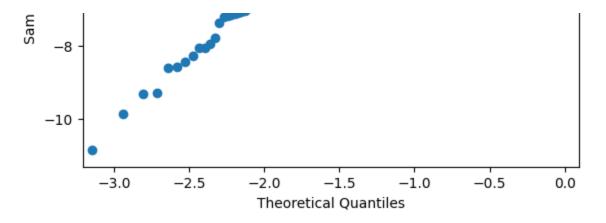
I will try to normalize the data be using the so called numpy.log() method which is a simple logarithm transformation over all the values in the data.

And the I will use once more the previous methods to check for normallity

```
logged_btc = np.log(returns_btc['returns'])
fig = sm.qqplot(logged_btc)
plt.show()
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/pandas/core/arraylike.py:402: RuntimeWarni
result = getattr(ufunc, method)(\*inputs, \*\*kwargs)





```
# perform Shapiro-Wilk test
shapiro_test = stats.shapiro(logged_btc)
print(shapiro_test)
```

ShapiroResult(statistic=nan, pvalue=1.0)

And now with a p-value of 1 from the Shapiro Wilk test for normallity we can say that the loged data of Bitcoin returns is normally distributed with very few outliers in the tails.

## Correlations

```
!pip install statsmodels
!pip install pmdarima
!pip install vectorbt
```

Looking in indexes: <a href="https://pypi.org/simple">https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheel</a>
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.25 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packaguirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packaguirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packaguirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packaguirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.16
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (frc Looking in indexes: <a href="https://pypi.org/simple">https://pypi.org/simple</a>, <a href="https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheel">https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheel</a>
Collecting pmdarima

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.19 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.22 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack Requirement already satisfied: setuptools!=50.0.0,>=38.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python Requirement already satisfied: Cython!=0.29.18,!=0.29.31,>=0.29 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.13.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/

```
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     Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
    Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/c
     Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-r
     Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (frc
     Installing collected packages: pmdarima
    Successfully installed pmdarima-2.0.3
    Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheel
    Collecting vectorbt
      Downloading vectorbt-0.25.0-py3-none-any.whl (526 kB)
                                            ---- 526.7/526.7 kB 7.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
    Collecting dateparser
      Downloading dateparser-1.1.8-py2.py3-none-any.whl (293 kB)
                                               - 293.8/293.8 kB 26.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: pytz in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fr
    Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (
     Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag
    Collecting dill
      Downloading dill-0.3.6-py3-none-any.whl (110 kB)
                                            ---- 110.5/110.5 kB 12.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
     Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fr
     Requirement already satisfied: imageio in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
    Collecting schedule
      Downloading schedule-1.2.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
     Requirement already satisfied: numba>=0.56.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: plotly>=4.12.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pa
    Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (f
     Requirement already satisfied: ipywidgets>=7.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
    Collecting mypy-extensions
      Downloading mypy extensions-1.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (4.7 kB)
     Requirement already satisfied: ipykernel>=4.5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller, grangercausalitytests
from statsmodels.tools.tools import add constant
from statsmodels.tsa.tsatools import lagmat2ds
from statsmodels.regression.linear_model import OLS
from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA
import statsmodels.api as sm
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import acf, pacf, ccf
from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot acf, plot pacf
import yfinance as yf
import vectorbt as vbt
import pmdarima as pmd
from scipy.ndimage import shift
```

```
import plotly.graph_objects as go
```

```
df = yf.download("BTC-USD", start="2020-01-01", end="2023-04-25")
df_10yt = yf.download("^TNX", start="2020-01-01", end="2023-04-25")[['Adj Close']].rena
df_10yt['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield'] *= 0.01
df = df.join(df_10yt, how='left')
df = df.dropna(subset=['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield'])
df['Return'] = df['Adj Close'].pct_change()
df.index = pd.to_datetime(df.index)
df = df[['Return', 'US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield']].iloc[1:].copy()
df['Return'].describe()
    [********** 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
    [********* 100%********** 1 of 1 completed
    count
            832.000000
             0.002676
    mean
    std
              0.044690
    min
            -0.371695
    25%
             -0.016921
    50%
              0.001386
    75%
              0.022990
              0.211097
    max
    Name: Return, dtype: float64
```

df

## Return US\_10\_Year\_Treasury\_Yield 🥻

Date		
2020-01-03	0.051452	0.01788
2020-01-06	0.057773	0.01811
2020-01-07	0.050774	0.01827
2020-01-08	-0.010269	0.01874
2020-01-09	-0.024851	0.01858
•••		
2023-04-18	0.032349	0.03572
2023-04-19	-0.051809	0.03602
2023-04-20	-0.020008	0.03545
2023-04-21	-0.034309	0.03570
2023-04-24	0.009108	0.03515

832 rows × 2 columns

Augmented Dickey–Fuller test: The testing procedure for the ADF test is the same as for the Dickey–Fuller test [16] but it is applied to the model

$$\Delta y_t = lpha + eta t + \gamma y_{t-1} + \sum_{i=1}^{p-1} \delta_i \Delta y_{t-i} + \epsilon_t$$

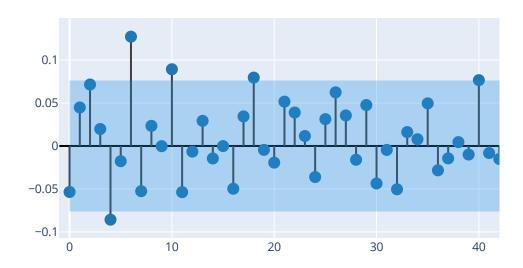
The unit root test is then carried out under the null hypothesis  $\gamma = 0$  [17]

To ensure the stability of the results, it is essential to verify that both time series are stationary before conducting a Granger causality analysis. We will employ the Augmented Dickey-Fuller (ADF) test to confirm stationarity, with the p-value being used as a threshold, where a value exceeding 0.05 indicates non-stationarity.

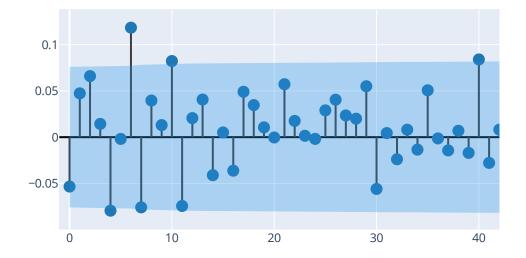
```
for col in ['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield', 'Return']:
    p_value = adfuller(df[col])[1]
    if p_value > 0.05:
        print(f'{col} is nonstationary with p-value {p_value}, so we need to do differe
    else:
        print(f'{col} is stationary with p-value {p_value}')
    US 10 Year Treasury Yield is nonstationary with p-value 0.9419752839401622, so we
     Return is stationary with p-value 1.797948926210907e-17
df['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield'] = df['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield'].diff()
df = df.rename(columns={'US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield': f'US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield_diff_1
df = df.dropna(subset=['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield_diff_1'])
p_value = adfuller(df['US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield_diff_1'])[1]
print(p_value)
     6.883099792070528e-13
split_point = int(0.2*len(df))
df_test = df.iloc[-split_point:]
df = df.iloc[:-split_point]
print(f"df length: {len(df)}, df_test length: {len(df_test)}")
     df length: 665, df_test length: 166
def create_corr_plot(df, factor='', plot_pacf=False):
    Code source: https://community.plotly.com/t/plot-pacf-plot-acf-autocorrelation-plot
    series = df[factor]
    corr_array = pacf(series.dropna(), nlags=100, alpha=0.05) if plot_pacf else acf(ser
    corr array = (corr array[0][1:], corr array[1][1:])
```

```
lower_y = corr_array[1][:,0] - corr_array[0]
    upper_y = corr_array[1][:,1] - corr_array[0]
    fig = go.Figure()
    [fig.add_scatter(x=(x,x), y=(0,corr_array[0][x]), mode='lines',line_color='#3f3f3f'
    for x in range(len(corr_array[0]))]
    fig.add_scatter(x=np.arange(len(corr_array[0])), y=corr_array[0], mode='markers', m
                   marker_size=12)
    fig.add_scatter(x=np.arange(len(corr_array[0])), y=upper_y, mode='lines', line_colo
    fig.add_scatter(x=np.arange(len(corr_array[0])), y=lower_y, mode='lines', fillcolor
            fill='tonexty', line_color='rgba(255,255,255,0)')
    fig.update_traces(showlegend=False)
    fig.update_xaxes(range=[-1,42])
    fig.update_yaxes(zerolinecolor='#000000')
    title=f'Partial Autocorrelation (PACF): {factor}' if plot_pacf else f'Autocorrelati
    fig.update_layout(title=title, width=600, height=400)
    fig.show()
create_corr_plot(df, 'Return', True)
create_corr_plot(df, 'Return', False)
create_corr_plot(df, 'US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield_diff_1', True)
create_corr_plot(df, 'US_10_Year_Treasury_Yield_diff_1', False)
```

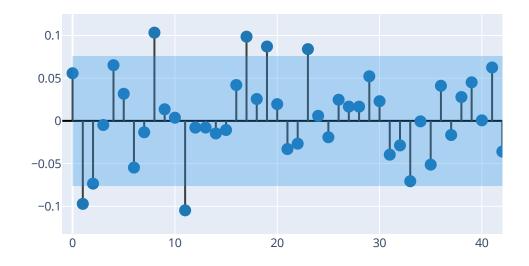
#### Partial Autocorrelation (PACF): Return



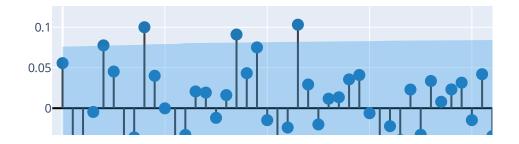
#### Autocorrelation (ACF): Return

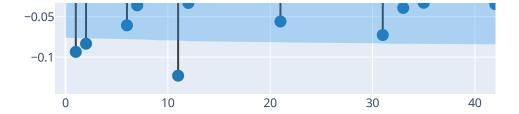


Partial Autocorrelation (PACF): US\_10\_Year\_Treasury\_Yield\_diff\_1



Autocorrelation (ACF): US\_10\_Year\_Treasury\_Yield\_diff\_1

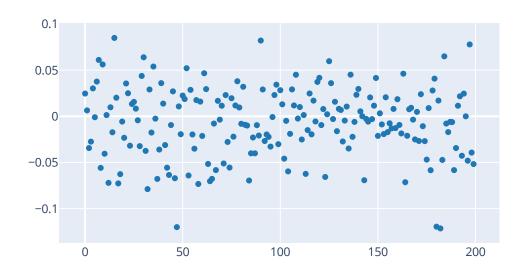




We can observe that there were no outliers in the earlier periods, but a persistent pattern of nondecay and frequent outliers outside of the range appeared in the later periods.

If we observe the correlation between US Treasury bond yields and Bitcoin we can see that there is no obvious relationship. However, we should do granger causality after we consider each lags of themself

## Cocorrelation of Return and US\_10\_Year\_Treasury\_Yield\_diff\_1



X Granger-causes Y if the addition of the lagged values of X to the prediction of Y improves the prediction of Y, where the prediction is made using a linear regression model of the form:

$$Y_t = \alpha + \sum_{i=1}^p \beta_i Y_{t-i} + \sum_{i=1}^q \gamma_i X_{t-i} + \epsilon_t$$

Df Model:

94

**x1** -0.0560 0.041 -1.364 0.173 -0.137

t

P>|t|

[0.025

Covariance Type: nonrobust coef std err

Granger causality is a statistical technique used to determine whether a time series X can predict future values of another time series Y. Specifically, X is said to Granger-cause Y if past values of X, along with past values of Y, are statistically significant predictors of future values of Y. This is typically established using t-tests and F-tests on lagged values of X and Y.[15]

```
MAX LAG = 100
result = grangercausalitytests(df, MAX_LAG, verbose=False)
for i in range(1, MAX_LAG + 1):
    if all(pvalue < 0.05 for pvalue in [r[1] for r in result[i][0].values()]):
        break
print(f"The lag number we consider to form the AR model with max lags = {i}")
print(result[i])
     The lag number we consider to form the AR model with max lags = 47
     ({'ssr_ftest': (1.4640301942385112, 0.027184323824048208, 523.0, 47), 'ssr_chi2tes
             [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 0., 0., 0.]
            [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 0., 0., 0.]
            [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 0., 0., 0.]
            [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., \ldots, 0., 1., 0.]])
train_data = lagmat2ds(df.values, i, trim="both", dropex=1)
model = OLS(train_data[:, 0], add_constant(train_data[:, 1:], prepend=False)).fit()
model.summary()
                      OLS Regression Results
       Dep. Variable:
                                                     0.201
                     У
                                        R-squared:
          Model:
                     OLS
                                      Adj. R-squared: 0.058
         Method:
                     Least Squares
                                        F-statistic:
                                                     1.404
           Date:
                     Wed, 03 May 2023 Prob (F-statistic): 0.0119
          Time:
                     08:23:31
                                      Log-Likelihood: 1109.3
     No. Observations: 618
                                           AIC:
                                                     -2029.
       Df Residuals:
                     523
                                           BIC:
                                                     -1608.
```

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0.975]

0.025

<b>x2</b>	0.0745 0.0	41 1.821	0.069 -0.006	0.155
х3	0.0513 0.0	41 1.250	0.212 -0.029	0.132
х4	-0.0222 0.0	41 -0.542	0.588 -0.103	0.058
х5	-0.0815 0.0	41 -1.989	0.047 -0.162	-0.001
х6	-0.0223 0.0	41 -0.542	0.588 -0.103	0.059
х7	0.1346 0.0	41 3.268	0.001 0.054	0.216
<b>x8</b>	-0.0637 0.0	42 -1.530	0.127 -0.146	0.018
х9	-0.0047 0.0	42 -0.112	0.911 -0.087	0.077
x10	0.0174 0.0	0.414	0.679 -0.065	0.100
x11	0.0728 0.0	1.732	0.084 -0.010	0.155
x12	-0.0754 0.0	42 -1.790	0.074 -0.158	0.007
x13	0.0268 0.0	0.634	0.526 -0.056	0.110
x14	0.0350 0.0	42 0.827	0.409 -0.048	0.118
x15	-0.0417 0.0	42 -0.989	0.323 -0.124	0.041
x16	-0.0378 0.0	42 -0.899	0.369 -0.121	0.045
x17	-0.0295 0.0	42 -0.699	0.485 -0.112	0.053
x18	0.0459 0.0	1.094	0.274 -0.036	0.128
x19	0.0735 0.0		0.080 -0.009	0.156
x20	-0.0324 0.0	142 -0.771	0.441 -0.115	0.050
x21	-0.0036 0.0	42 -0.085	0.933 -0.086	0.079
x22	0.1019 0.0		0.015 0.020	0.184
x23	0.0362 0.0			0.119
x24			0.802 -0.093	0.072
x25			0.811 -0.093	0.073
x26	0.0413 0.0		0.326 -0.041	0.124
x27			0.266 -0.036	0.130
x28			0.564 -0.059	0.108
x29			0.800 -0.094	0.072
x30			0.202 -0.029	0.137
x31			0.781 -0.094	0.071
x32			0.824 -0.092	
x33 x34	0.0098 0.0		0.122 -0.148 0.817 -0.073	0.018 0.093
x35			0.817 -0.073	0.093
x36			0.359 -0.044	0.031
x37	0.0076 0.0		0.855 -0.075	0.090
x38			0.979 -0.084	0.081
x39	0.0143 0.0		0.733 -0.068	0.097
x40	0.0188 0.0		0.651 -0.063	
x41	0.0758 0.0		0.067 -0.005	0.157
x42			0.601 -0.060	0.103
x43			0.906 -0.086	0.076
x44	-0.0191 0.0	42 -0.458	0.647 -0.101	0.063
x45	-0.0276 0.0	41 -0.666	0.505 -0.109	0.054
x46	0.0690 0.0	41 1.667	0.096 -0.012	0.150

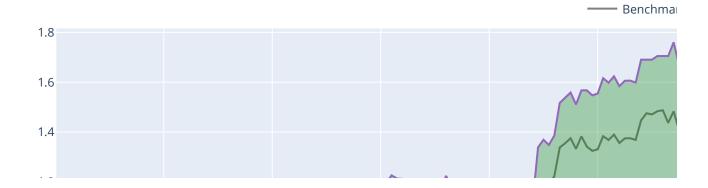
-			
x47	0.0593 0.041	1.439 0.151 -0.022	0.140
x48	-0.1405 3.526	-0.040 0.968 -7.066	6.785
x49	-1.4077 3.520	-0.400 0.689 -8.323	5.507
x50	-3.6921 3.507	-1.053 0.293 -10.581	3.197
x51	-2.3706 3.482	-0.681 0.496 -9.212	4.471
x52	-2.1286 3.439	-0.619 0.536 -8.885	4.628
x53	-0.8455 3.432	-0.246 0.805 -7.587	5.896
x54	4.6089 3.432	1.343 0.180 -2.134	11.352
x55	-5.6301 3.418	-1.647 0.100 -12.345	1.085
x56	1.9945 3.427	0.582 0.561 -4.739	8.728
x57	-5.2990 3.437	-1.542 0.124 -12.051	1.453
x58	-2.7518 3.409	-0.807 0.420 -9.449	3.945
x59	-6.9279 3.392	-2.042 0.042 -13.591	-0.264
x60	-1.2917 3.419	-0.378 0.706 -8.009	5.425
x61	-4.6094 3.450	-1.336 0.182 -11.387	2.168
x62	4.9181 3.457	1.422 0.155 -1.874	11.710
x63	-1.4209 3.444	-0.413 0.680 -8.187	5.345
x64	-6.9054 3.455	-1.998 0.046 -13.694	-0.117
x65	-6.2151 3.464	-1.794 0.073 -13.019	0.589
x66	2.6280 3.484	0.754 0.451 -4.216	9.471
x67	-6.5963 3.479	-1.896 0.059 -13.431	0.238
x68	3.4986 3.492	1.002 0.317 -3.362	10.359
x69	3.4777 3.477	1.000 0.318 -3.352	10.307
x70	0.9705 3.474	0.279 0.780 -5.854	7.795
x71	0.5608 3.481	0.161 0.872 -6.278	7.399
x72	0.6609 3.513	0.188 0.851 -6.241	7.563
x73	4.2869 3.508	1.222 0.222 -2.605	11.179
x74	2.2273 3.509	0.635 0.526 -4.666	9.120
x75	-1.6180 3.508	-0.461 0.645 -8.509	5.273
x76	1.9980 3.509	0.569 0.569 -4.895	8.891
x77	3.7962 3.500	1.085 0.279 -3.079	10.672
x78	-2.1174 3.490	-0.607 0.544 -8.973	4.738
x79	-8.2332 3.489	-2.360 0.019 -15.087	-1.379
x80	1.5128 3.497	0.433 0.665 -5.357	8.383
x81	-3.7095 3.510	-1.057 0.291 -10.604	3.185
x82	3.0143 3.518	0.857 0.392 -3.898	9.926
x83	-1.9300 3.498	-0.552 0.581 -8.801	4.941
x84	-3.5731 3.512	-1.017 0.310 -10.473	3.327
x85	1.5465 3.517	0.440 0.660 -5.363	8.456
x86	1.0002 3.488	0.287 0.774 -5.853	7.853
		-0.455 0.649 -8.463	
		-0.017 0.986 -6.919	
x89	-2.8451 3.498	-0.813 0.416 -9.717	
		-1.710 0.088 -12.821	
x91	-3 5421 3 500	-1 012 0 312 -10 418	3 334

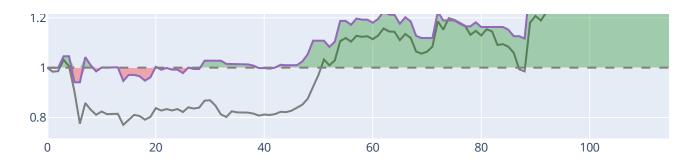
```
x92 2.0373 3.531 0.577 0.564 -4.900
                                        8.975
x93 -6.3790 3.532 -1.806 0.071 -13.318 0.560
x94 -9.9218 3.543 -2.800 0.005 -16.882 -2.962
const 0.0036 0.002 1.926 0.055 -7.24e-05 0.007
  Omnibus:
              28.105 Durbin-Watson: 1.943
Prob(Omnibus): 0.000 Jarque-Bera (JB): 81.417
    Skew:
              -0.014
                         Prob(JB):
                                      2.09e-18
              4.778
   Kurtosis:
                         Cond. No.
                                      2.59e+03
```

#### Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 2.59e+03. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

```
test_data = lagmat2ds(df_test.values, i, trim="both", dropex=1)
y = pd.Series(test_data[:, 0])
yhats = pd.Series(model.predict(add_constant(test_data[:, 1:], prepend=False)))
train_return_describe = pd.Series(model.predict()).describe()
train_return_describe
              618.000000
     count
                0.003379
    mean
                0.020208
     std
               -0.077180
    min
     25%
               -0.008667
     50%
                0.002950
     75%
                0.014720
    max
                0.096807
     dtype: float64
y_model_adjusted = y.copy()
y_model_adjusted[yhats < train_return_describe['25%']] = 0.</pre>
y_model_adjusted.vbt.returns(freq='d').plot_cumulative(benchmark_rets=y).show()
```





y\_model\_adjusted.vbt.returns(freq='d').stats(settings=dict(benchmark\_rets=y))

Start	9
	· ·
End	118
Period	119 days 00:00:00
Total Return [%]	57.927419
Benchmark Return [%]	34.297639
Annualized Return [%]	306.176036
Annualized Volatility [%]	61.704038
Max Drawdown [%]	10.266098
Max Drawdown Duration	43 days 00:00:00
Sharpe Ratio	2.568081
Calmar Ratio	29.823993
Omega Ratio	1.66534
Sortino Ratio	5.378637
Skew	2.242645
Kurtosis	12.329672
Tail Ratio	1.704727
Common Sense Ratio	6.924192
Value at Risk	-0.030879
Alpha	1.088425
Beta	0.730401
dtype: object	

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