

A Binary Search Template III

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Template #3:

C++JavaPython

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```

1 int binarySearch(int[] nums, int target) {
2     if (nums == null || nums.length == 0)
3         return -1;
4
5     int left = 0, right = nums.length - 1;
6     while (left + 1 < right){
7         // Prevent (left + right) overflow
8         int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
9         if (nums[mid] == target) {
10             return mid;
11         } else if (nums[mid] < target) {
12             left = mid;
13         } else {
14             right = mid;
15         }
16     }
17
18     // Post-processing:
19     // End Condition: left + 1 == right

```

Template #3 is another unique form of Binary Search. It is used to search for an element or condition which requires *accessing the current index and its immediate left and right neighbor's index* in the array.

Key Attributes:

- An alternative way to implement Binary Search
- Search Condition needs to access element's immediate left and right neighbors
- Use element's neighbors to determine if condition is met and decide whether to go left or right
- Guarantees Search Space is at least 3 in size at each step
- Post-processing required. Loop/Recursion ends when you have 2 elements left. Need to assess if the remaining elements meet the condition.

Distinguishing Syntax:

- Initial Condition: `left = 0, right = length-1`
- Termination: `left + 1 == right`
- Searching Left: `right = mid`
- Searching Right: `left = mid`