Experiment - Call to Action Optimization for Sign Up

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Experiment Details

Experiment URL: Experiment link Project Details: Project document Start date: 25-Jan-2024 End date: Significance reached

Designs link: Figma link

Proof of Problem

buttons. This confusion may be impacting our conversion rates adversely. Problem hypothesis: customers experience confusion between the "Join In" and "Sign In" call-to-action (CTA) buttons

Through data analysis, we have identified that customers experience confusion between the "Join In" and "Sign In" call-to-action (CTA)

Proposed Solution

Design Solution: Change the CTA from "Join In" to "Sign Up" or "Create Account".



Null Hypothesis (H0): Changing the CTA from "Join In" to "Sign Up" or "Create Account" will not result in a statistically significant increase in the install-to-signup conversion rate.

Hypothesis

Alternative Hypothesis (H1): Changing the CTA from "Join In" to "Sign Up" or "Create Account" will result in at least a 6% increase in the install-to-signup conversion rate.

What Success Looks Like

Experiment Setup

Success would be determined when the Amplitude experiment has a leading variant, given the specified goal metric. Specifically, a leader is

determined when the probability to beat the baseline (control variant) of one of the experiment variants reaches 95%.

Experiment key: cta-optimization-signup Control id: control

Treatment id: treatment

• Goals:

Experiment type: Hypothesis testing

- Primary metric: Install-to-signup conversion rate will increase by 6%.
 - button_click where name = "Sign up", product_group = "Onboard", page_view = "Onboard: Welcome"
 - button_click where name = "Sign in", product_group = "Onboard", page_view = "Onboard: Welcome"

Metric Type: Conversion

- Additional Metric: Drop in duplicate account errors.
- Target users: All new users landing on the sign-up page • Set the allocation to 10% of traffic
- Set control weight to 0.5
- Exposure event : Amplitude Exposure (Recommended)

The key metric is conversion from Install to Signup.

Relevant Metrics

Drop in duplicate account errors.

• At least a 6% improvement in the install-to-signup conversion rate.

Primary Metrics

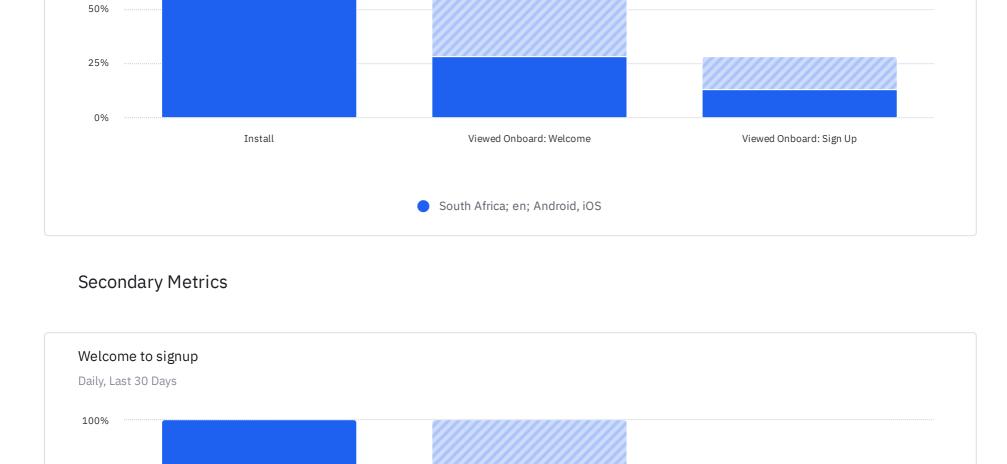
Daily, Last 30 Days

100%

75%

Goals

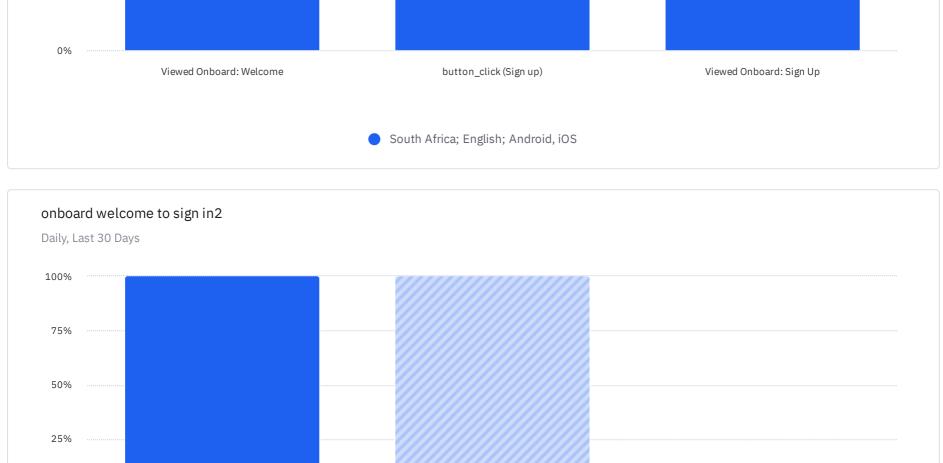
Install to sign-up conversion



25%

75%

50%



button_click (Sign in)

South Africa; English; Android, iOS

Viewed Onboard: Sign Up L..

Sample Requirements

Viewed Onboard: Welcome

Amplitude Experiment uses a sequential testing method of statistical inference. Hence, we don't need to know how many observations we will need to achieve significance before we start the experiment. To compute the p-values and confidence intervals, Amplitude will wait until there are at least 25 conversions and 100 exposures each for the treatment and control. In sequential testing, results are valid whenever we view them. That means we can decide to terminate an experiment early based on

observations made to that point, and that the number of observations we'll need to make an informed decision.

Results The results will be available in Amplitude after the completion of experiment.

Sign off Section Please add name and comments next to your competency, or approve with a V-icon.

Design:

Data:

Backend/Engineer:

Frontend/Engineer: Jake Holdom. iOS Engineer. Looks good. Just to note, this would have to be frontend driven experiment and therefore require changes on all frontend platforms (iOS, Android and web) and the changes on mobile would have to go through the release train cycle before the changes are live on prod, which could take a week or two.

Product Manager: Landi Groenewald. As discussed, would be great if we could do a post-hoc funnel analysis to see if there's any difference in funnel completion between the variants. V