Exercici 2 - Teoria dimarts 13 de març 2018

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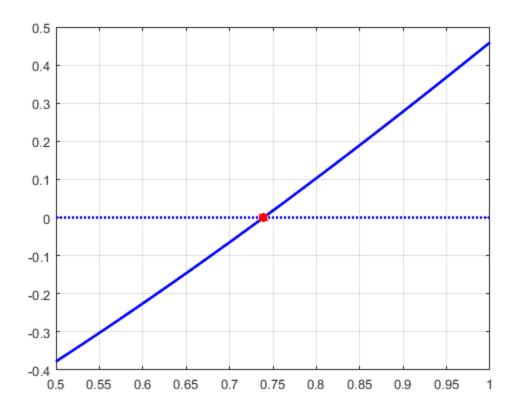
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by M. Àngela Grau Gotés

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```

Gràfica

```
t=0.5:0.01:1;
f=@(x)x-cos(x);
figure(1)
alpha = fzero(f,1)
plot(t,f(t),'b',t,zeros(size(t)),'b:',alpha,0,'r*','LineWidth',2),grid
alpha =
    0.739085133215161
```



Mètode de Newton

```
f=@(x)x-\cos(x); \\ df=@(x)1+\sin(x); \\ a=0.5; tol = 0.00005; \\ [xnw] = newton(f,df,a,tol); \\
```

iteration	xns	/	f(xns)	error re
0 1 2 3 4	0.50000 0.75522 0.73914 0.73909 0.73909	 	-0.37758 0.02710 0.00009 0.00000 0.00000	0.00000 0.33794 0.02176 0.00008 0.00000

```
final solution:

x = 0.7390851332

time elapsed in milliseconds:

t = 3.8297481249
```

Mètodes de la iteració simple

```
Mètode 1. x=(x+cos(x))/2
a=0; b=1; tol = 0.0000000005;
```

```
g1=@(x)(x+cos(x))/2; dg1=@(x)(1-sin(x))/2;
if abs(dq1(a)) < 1
   [ xi ] = fixedpt( f, g1, a, b, tol );
   fprintf('\nMètode divergent\n')
end
fprintf('\n\n')
iteration | xns | f(xns) | error rel
   0 | 0.00000000 | -1.00000000 | 1.00000000
   1 | 0.50000000 | -0.37758256 | 1.00000000
   2 | 0.68879128 | -0.08322357 | 0.27409070
   3 | 0.73040306 | -0.01450249 | 0.05697099
   4 | 0.73765431 | -0.00239389 | 0.00983014
   5 | 0.73885125 | -0.00039141 | 0.00162001
   6 | 0.73904696 | -0.00006389 | 0.00026480
   7 | 0.73907890 | -0.00001043 | 0.00004323
   8 | 0.73908412 | -0.00000170 | 0.00000705
   9 | 0.73908497 | -0.00000028 | 0.00000115
  10 | 0.73908511 | -0.00000005 | 0.00000019
  11 | 0.73908513 | -0.00000001 | 0.00000003
  12 | 0.73908513 | -0.00000000 | 0.00000001
  13 | 0.73908513 | -0.00000000 | 0.00000000
  14 | 0.73908513 | -0.00000000 | 0.00000000
______
final solution:
x = 0.7390851332
time elapsed in milliseconds:
t = 5.2993189123
Mètode 2. x=(2x+cos(x))/3
a=0; b=1; tol = 0.0000000005;
q2=@(x)(2*x+cos(x))/3; dq2=@(x)(2-sin(x))/3;
if abs(dg2(a)) < 1
   [ xi ] = fixedpt( f, g2, a, b, tol );
   fprintf('\nMètode divergent\n')
end
fprintf('\n\n')
iteration | xns | f(xns) | error rel
   0 | 0.00000000 | -1.00000000 | 1.00000000
   1 | 0.33333333 | -0.61162361 | 1.00000000
   2 | 0.53720787 | -0.32193300 | 0.37950773
   3 | 0.64451887 | -0.15487006 | 0.16649784
   4 | 0.69614222 | -0.07117951 | 0.07415633
   5 | 0.71986873 | -0.03202355 | 0.03295949
   6 | 0.73054325 | -0.01426877 | 0.01461175
   7 | 0.73529950 | -0.00633037 | 0.00646846
```

```
8 | 0.73740963 | -0.00280311 | 0.00286154
   9 | 0.73834400 | -0.00124017 | 0.00126549
   10 | 0.73875739 | -0.00054848 | 0.00055958
  11 | 0.73894021 | -0.00024253 | 0.00024742
  12 | 0.73902106 | -0.00010724 | 0.00010939
  13 | 0.73905680 | -0.00004741 | 0.00004837
  14 | 0.73907261 | -0.00002096 | 0.00002138
  15 | 0.73907960 | -0.00000927 | 0.00000945
  16 | 0.73908268 | -0.00000410 | 0.00000418
final solution:
x = 0.7390826847
time elapsed in milliseconds:
t = 0.8327567795
Mètode 3. x=x-cos(x)
a=1; b=0.6; tol = 0.0000000005;
g3=@(x)\cos(x); dg3=@(x)\sin(x);
if abs(dq3(a)) < 1
   [ xi ] = fixedpt( f, g3, a, b, tol );
   fprintf('\nMètode divergent\n')
fprintf('\n\n')
iteration | xns | f(xns) | error rel
   0 | 1.00000000 | 0.45969769 | 0.66666667
   1 | 0.54030231 | -0.31725091 | 0.85081572
   2 | 0.85755322 | 0.20326343 | 0.36994895
   3 | 0.65428979 | -0.13919057 | 0.31066269
   4 | 0.79348036 | 0.09211159 | 0.17541779
   5 | 0.70136877 | -0.06259091 | 0.13133117
   6 | 0.76395968 | 0.04185726 | 0.08192960
   7 | 0.72210243 | -0.02831534 | 0.05796582
      | 0.75041776 | 0.01901372 | 0.03773276
   8
   9 | 0.73140404 | -0.01283331 | 0.02599619
  10 | 0.74423735 | 0.00863261 | 0.01724357
  11 | 0.73560474 | -0.00582035 | 0.01173540
  12 | 0.74142509 | 0.00391820 | 0.00785021
  13 | 0.73750689 | -0.00264045 | 0.00531276
  14 | 0.74014734 | 0.00177813 | 0.00356746
  15 | 0.73836920 | -0.00119800 | 0.00240819
  16 | 0.73956720 | 0.00080688 | 0.00161986
final solution:
x = 0.7395672022
time elapsed in milliseconds:
```

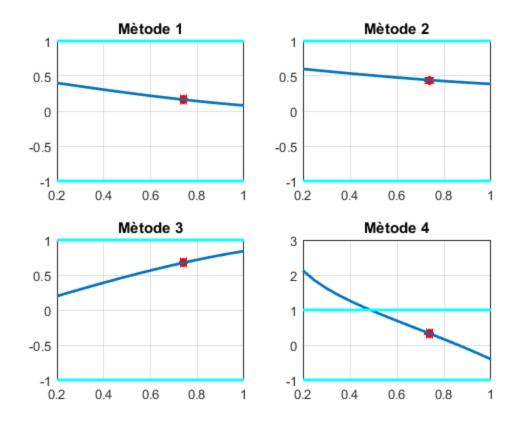
t = 0.5645017945

Mètode 4. x=sqrt(x*cos(x))

Mètode divergent

Estudi convergència

```
t=0.2:0.05:1;
figure(2)
subplot(2,2,1),plot(alpha,dg1(alpha),'r*',t,-
ones(size(t)),'c',t,dg1(t),t,ones(size(t)),'c','LineWidth',2),grid,title('Mètode
1')
subplot(2,2,2),plot(alpha,dg2(alpha),'r*',t,-
ones(size(t)),'c',t,dg2(t),t,ones(size(t)),'c','LineWidth',2),grid,title('Mètode
2')
subplot(2,2,3),plot(alpha,dg3(alpha),'r*',t,-
ones(size(t)),'c',t,dg3(t),t,ones(size(t)),'c','LineWidth',2),grid,title('Mètode
3')
subplot(2,2,4),plot(alpha,dg4(alpha),'r*',t,-
ones(size(t)),'c',t,dg4(t),t,ones(size(t)),'c','LineWidth',2),grid,title('Mètode
4')
```



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