Programming Assignment 1

Graded

Student

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Total Points

19 / 20 pts

Autograder Score 10.0 / 10.0

Passed Tests

Code compiled Succesfully HashDictionary Tests Configurations Tests

Question 2

HashDictionary 3 / 4 pts

2.1 All methods of Data.class implemented correctly

0.5 / 0.5 pts

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 0.5 pts Wrong

2.2 All methods of HashDictionary and primarily hashFunction. HashDictionary 2.5 / 3.5 pts does not use hashCode and is an Array of List implemented correctly

- 0 pts Correct
- 2 pts Wrong hash function implementation.
- ✓ 1 pt Partially Correct
 - 3.5 pts No submission
- As taught in class, it is always better to use a large prime number as hash multiplier.

Question 3

Configurations 4 / 4 pts

3.1 Method Wins is implemented correctly and takes into account all possible scenarios(Column, Row, Diagonal and inverse Diagonal

3 / 3 pts

- ✓ 0 pts Correct
 - 1 pt missing one scenario
 - 2 pts missing two scenarios
 - 3 pts missing implementation

3.2 All methods are implemented as required

1 / 1 pt

- ✓ 0 pts Correct
 - 1 pt No submission
 - 0.5 pts Partially Correct

Question 4

Programming Style Points

2 / 2 pts

- 4.1 Meaningful names for variables and constants: All instance variables are private 0.5 / 0.5 pts and all are required
 - ✓ 0 pts Correct
 - 0.5 pts methods missing/public instance variables/unnecessary instance variables
- 4.2 Readibility: Good Indentation

0.5 / 0.5 pts

- ✓ 0 pts Correct
 - 0.5 pts No identation
- 4.3 Code Comments : Instance variables and methods, Comments within code to explain 1/1 pt algorithms
 - ✓ 0 pts Correct
 - 1 pt Missing comments.
 - 0.5 pts Partially Correct
 - **+ 5 pts** This is only for specific cases where the autograder was not able to the grade the submission but the code was working on student's local machine.

Autograder Results

Autograder Output

Note: HashDictionary.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.

Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.

Code compiled Succesfully

HashDictionary Tests

Configurations Tests

Submitted Files

20

21

}

```
▼ Data.java
                                                                                               ≛ Download
1
     public class Data {
2
       private String config;
       private int score;
3
4
       // Constructor to initialize Data objects
5
6
       public Data(String config, int score) {
7
         this.config = config;
         this.score = score;
8
9
       }
10
       // Getter method for configuration, returns the configuration stored in Data object.
11
       public String getConfiguration() {
12
         return config;
13
14
       }
15
       // Getter method for score, returns the score in this Data.
16
       public int getScore() {
17
         return score;
18
19
       }
```

▼ HashDictionary.java

```
1
     import java.util.LinkedList;
2
     public class HashDictionary implements DictionaryADT {
3
4
       // Array LinkedLists to implements chaining for hash collisions
5
       private LinkedList<Data>[] table;
6
       private int size;
7
8
       //Constructor initalizes hash table with specified size
9
       public HashDictionary(int size) {
10
          this.size = size;
11
          table = (LinkedList<Data>[]) new LinkedList[size]; // Safe cast
12
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
13
14
            table[i] = new LinkedList<>();
15
         }
16
       }
17
18
       //Computes the index of a key
19
       private int hashFunction(String key) {
20
         int hash = 0;
21
         int prime = 10; // Polynomial hash with a small prime number
22
         //Generate a hashvalue
23
         for (int i = 0; i < \text{key.length}(); i++) {
24
            hash = (prime * hash + key.charAt(i)) % size;
25
         }
26
         return hash;
27
       }
28
29
       //Adds record to the dictionary
30
       @Override
31
       public int put(Data record) throws DictionaryException {
32
          int index = hashFunction(record.getConfiguration());
33
          for (int i = 0; i < table[index].size(); i++) {
34
35
            // Get element at index i
            Data data = table[index].get(i);
36
            if (data.getConfiguration().equals(record.getConfiguration())) {
37
38
              // Throw exception if configuration exists in dictionary
              throw new DictionaryException();
39
40
            }
41
         }
          table[index].add(record); // Add the new record to the chain
42
43
          return table[index].size() > 1 ? 1 : 0; // Return 1 if there was a collision, 0 otherwise
44
       }
45
46
47
       @Override
48
       //Removes record from hashtble
49
       public void remove(String config) throws DictionaryException {
```

```
50
          int index = hashFunction(config);
51
         //Iterate throught the chain
52
          for (int i = 0; i < table[index].size(); <math>i++) {
53
            Data data = table[index].get(i); // Get each element by index
54
            if (data.getConfiguration().equals(config)) { //Compare and each if we found it
55
              table[index].remove(i); // Remove element at the current index
56
              return; // Exit after removing the element
57
            }
58
         }
59
          throw new DictionaryException(); // Throw exception if config not found
60
61
       }
62
63
64
       @Override
       //Returns the score given config
65
       public int get(String config) {
66
67
          int index = hashFunction(config);
68
         // Iterate thrugh the chain
69
         for (int i = 0; i < table[index].size(); i++) {
70
71
            Data data = table[index].get(i); // Get each element by index
72
            if (data.getConfiguration().equals(config)) {
73
              return data.getScore(); // Return the score if found
74
            }
75
         }
76
          return -1; // Configuration not found
77
78
79
80
       @Override
       //Number of objects in the dictionary
81
82
       public int numRecords() {
          int numRecords =0; //intialize numRecords
83
         //Iterate throught the table
84
85
         for (int i = 0; i < table.length; i++){
            //Add the size when not null
86
87
            if (table[i] != null){
              numRecords += table[i].size();
88
89
            }
90
         }
91
92
          return numRecords;//Return the total size.
93
       }
     }
94
95
```

▼ Configurations.java

```
1
     public class Configurations {
2
       private char[][] board; //2D array to show board
3
       private int size;
                            //Size of board
4
       private int lengthToWin; //k needed to win
5
       private int maxLevels; //Maxium levels of game tree
6
7
       //Constructor that intialized the game board and the game settings
8
       public Configurations(int boardSize, int lengthToWin, int maxLevels) {
         //Initalize the variables
9
10
         this.size = boardSize;
         this.lengthToWin = lengthToWin;
11
12
         this.maxLevels = maxLevels;
         board = new char[size][size];
13
14
         //Make all positions as empty
15
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
16
            for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
17
              board[i][j] = ' ';
18
19
         }
20
       }
21
22
       //Create hash dictionary of size
23
       public HashDictionary createDictionary() {
24
          return new HashDictionary(6001); // A prime number size
25
       }
26
27
       //Checks if current configuation of the board is in the table
28
       public int repeatedConfiguration(HashDictionary hashTable) {
29
         String config = boardToString();
30
         //Returns score if found int the table
31
         return hashTable.get(config);
32
       }
33
       //Add current config and score to the table
34
35
       public void addConfiguration(HashDictionary hashTable, int score) {
         String config = boardToString();
36
37
         try {
38
            hashTable.put(new Data(config, score));
39
         } catch (DictionaryException e) {
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());
40
41
         }
42
       }
43
44
       //Places the X or O on the game board at specified loaction
45
       public void savePlay(int row, int col, char symbol) {
46
         board[row][col] = symbol;
47
       }
48
49
       //Checks the selected square is empty.
```

```
50
        public boolean squareIsEmpty(int row, int col) {
51
          return board[row][col] == ' ';
52
        }
53
        // Check all possible diagonals for a win
54
        private boolean checkAllDiagonals(char symbol) {
55
          // Check all down-right diagonals (from top row and left column)
56
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
57
            if (checkLine(symbol, i, 0, 1, 1) |  // Diagonals stating from left col
58
               checkLine(symbol, 0, i, 1, 1)) { // Diagonals starting from top row
59
                                                    // Win detected
60
               return true:
61
            }
62
          }
63
64
          // Check all down-left diagonals (from top row and right column)
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
65
66
            if (checkLine(symbol, i, size - 1, 1, -1) | // Diagonals stating from right col
               checkLine(symbol, 0, i, 1, -1)) { // Diagonals starting from top row
67
                                                   // Win detected
               return true;
68
69
            }
70
          }
71
          return false; //Win not found on the diags
72
        }
73
        // Checks if the given symbol (X or O) has formed a winning line
74
75
        public boolean wins(char symbol) {
76
          // Check all rows and columns for a win
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
77
78
            if (checkLine(symbol, i, 0, 0, 1) |  // Check row i
79
               checkLine(symbol, 0, i, 1, 0)) { // Check column i
80
               return true;
81
            }
82
          }
83
          // Check all possible diagonals
84
85
          return checkAllDiagonals(symbol);
86
        }
87
        // Helper method to check a line (row, column, or diagonal) for a win
88
89
        private boolean checkLine(char symbol, int row, int col, int deltaRow, int deltaCol) {
90
          int count = 0;// Count of consecutive symbol
          while (row \ge 0 \& row \le size \& col \ge 0 \& col \le size) {
91
92
            if (board[row][col] == symbol) {
93
               //If symbol matches we increment count
               count++;
94
95
               if (count >= lengthToWin) {
                 //Win foiund
96
97
                 return true;
               }
98
99
            } else {
               // Reset count if does not match
100
101
               count = 0;
```

```
102
103
            row += deltaRow:
104
            col += deltaCol;
105
          }
          // No win detected in this line
106
107
          return false;
108
       }
109
110
       //Checks game ends in draw
111
        public boolean isDraw() {
112
          //Iterate and check over empty spaces
113
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
114
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
115
              //The board is not empty, not draw
116
              if (board[i][j] == ' ') {
117
                 return false;
118
              }
119
            }
120
          }
121
          //Game ended in a draw
122
          return true;
123
124
125
       //Checks the game board and will return the corresponding score
126
        public int evalBoard() {
127
          if (wins('O')) return 3; // Computer wins
          if (wins('X')) return 0; // Human wins
128
129
          if (isDraw()) return 2;
                                   // Draw
130
          return 1;
                                // Undecided
131
       }
132
133
       //Convert board into a string
134
        private String boardToString() {
135
          StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
136
          for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
137
            for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
138
              sb.append(board[i][j]);
139
            }
140
          }
141
          return sb.toString();
142
       }
143 }
144
145
```