



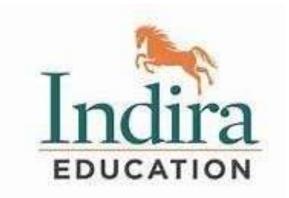




# INDIRA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING &TECHNOLOGY PANDUR, THIRUVALLUR

#### PROJECT RECORD NOTE BOOK

#### ANNA UNIVERSITY CHENNAI



### **NM1028-AWS CLOUD PRACTIONER**

# B.E.COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

**V SEMESTER / III YEAR** 

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

## INDIRA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING &TECHNOLOGY Pandur, Thiruvallur - 631 203



	TITOTIO
	EDUCATION
University Register No:	
	CERTIFICATE
	ecord of work done by
FACULTY-IN-CHARGE	HEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT
NAAN MUDHALVAN	DEPARTMENT OF CSE
Submitted for the University Practical Examination held on	

**External Examiner** 

**Internal Examiner** 

## Project Title: <u>Stocker: Cloud-Based Stock Trading Platform With Flask on Aws</u> Ec2 and Rds

#### **Introduction**

#### 1.Background:

The stock market has been a cornerstone of modern finance, providing a platform for individuals and institutions to invest in publicly traded companies. However, traditional stock trading systems have several limitations, including:

- •Geographical constraints: Investors are often limited to trading on local exchanges or through brokers with international access.
- Limited accessibility: Trading platforms can be complex and intimidating, making it difficult for new investors to enter the market.
- Inefficient trading processes: Traditional trading systems often rely on manual processes, leading to delays and increased costs.
- Lack of real-time data: Investors may not have access to real-time market data, making it difficult to make informed decisions.

Cloud-based stock trading platforms can address these issues by providing:

- •Global accessibility: Cloud-based platforms can be accessed from anywhere with an internet connection.
- •Real-time data: Cloud-based platforms can provide real-time market data, enabling investors to make informed decisions.
- •Efficient trading processes: Cloud-based platforms can automate many trading processes, reducing delays and costs.
- •Scalability and reliability: Cloud-based platforms can scale to meet the needs of a growing user base, while also providing high levels of reliability and uptime.

#### 2.Problem Statement:

Traditional stock trading systems face several challenges, including:

Limited accessibility and geographical constraints

- •Inefficient trading processes and delayed market data
- Lack of scalability and reliability
- High costs and complexity

These issues can hinder investors' ability to make informed decisions and trade efficiently.

#### 3.Project Objective:

The objective of this project is to design and develop a cloud-based stock trading platform, "Stocker," using Flask on AWS EC2 and RDS. The platform aims to provide a secure, efficient, and accessible trading environment for global investors.

#### **System Architecture**

#### 1.Project Overview:

"Stocker" is a cloud-based stock trading platform built using Flask on AWS EC2 and RDS. The platform provides a secure, efficient, and accessible trading environment for global investors, enabling real-time trading, market data analysis, and portfolio management.

#### 2.Components:

The platform consists of the following components:

- •Frontend: User interface built using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.
- •Backend: Server-side logic built using Flask, a Python web framework.
- •Database: Relational database management system using AWS RDS.
- •Infrastructure: Cloud infrastructure provided by AWS EC2.
- •APIs: Integration with stock market APIs for real-time data.

#### <u>Implementation</u>

#### 1.Frontend Implementation:

The frontend of the platform is built using:

•UI Framework: Bootstrap for responsive design

- Client-side Scripting: JavaScript with jQuery library
- Templating Engine: Jinja2 for dynamic HTML templates
- •User Interface: Designed using HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript
- •Responsive Design: Ensures compatibility with various devices and screen sizes

#### 2.Backend Implementation:

The backend of the platform is built using:

Programming Language: Python

•Web Framework: Flask

•API Integration: Stock market APIs for real-time data

•Database Interaction: Flask-SQLAlchemy for AWS RDS integration

Server: Hosted on AWS EC2 instance

#### 3.Database Implementation:

The database is implemented using:

- Database Management System: AWS RDS (Relational Database Service)
- Database Engine: MySQL
- •Schema Design: Designed to store user, stock, and transaction data
- •Database Interaction: Flask-SQLAlchemy ORM (Object-Relational Mapping) tool

#### **4.Infrastructure Implementation**:

The infrastructure is implemented using:

- •Cloud Provider: Amazon Web Services (AWS)
- •Compute Service: AWS EC2 (Elastic Compute Cloud)
- •Database Service: AWS RDS (Relational Database Service)
- Security: AWS IAM (Identity and Access Management) for access control

#### **Testing and Quality Assurance**

#### **1.Testing Strategy**:

The testing strategy includes:

- •Unit Testing: Test individual components using Python's unittest framework.
- •Integration Testing: Test API integrations and database interactions.
- •UI Testing: Test user interface using Selenium WebDriver.
- •Security Testing: Test for vulnerabilities using OWASP ZAP.
- •Deployment Testing: Test deployment on AWS EC2 and RDS.

#### 2.Test Cases:

The test cases include:

#### User Registration:

- -Valid registration
- Invalid registration (missing fields)

#### Login Functionality:

- Valid login
- Invalid login (wrong credentials)

#### •Buy/Sell Stocks:

- Valid buy/sell transaction
- Invalid buy/sell transaction (insufficient funds)

#### 3. Quality Assurance:

- •Code Reviews: Regular code reviews to ensure quality and consistency.
- •Testing: Comprehensive testing (unit, integration, UI).
- •Continuous Integration/Deployment (CI/CD): Automated deployment and testing.
- •Security Audits: Regular security audits to identify vulnerabilities.
- •User Acceptance Testing (UAT): Testing with real users to ensure satisfaction.

#### **Deployment And Maintenance**

#### 1.Deployment Strategy:

The deployment strategy includes:

- •Environment Setup: Set up AWS EC2 and RDS instances.
- •Code Deployment: Deploy code using Git and AWS CodePipeline.
- Containerization: Use Docker for containerization.
- Orchestration: Use Kubernetes for orchestration.
- •Monitoring and Logging: Set up monitoring and logging using AWS CloudWatch.

#### **Deployment Steps:**

- 1. Set up AWS EC2 and RDS instances.
- 2. Deploy code using Git and AWS CodePipeline.
- 3. Containerize the application using Docker.
- 4. Orchestrate the containers using Kubernetes.
- 5. Set up monitoring and logging using AWS CloudWatch.

#### 2.Maintenance Strategy:

The maintenance strategy includes:

- •Regular Updates: Regularly update dependencies and libraries.
- •Monitoring: Continuously monitor performance and errors.
- •Backup and Recovery: Regularly backup data and have a recovery plan.
- •Security Patching: Regularly apply security patches and updates.
- •User Feedback: Collect and incorporate user feedback.

#### **Maintenance Steps:**

1. Regularly update dependencies and libraries.

- 2. Continuously monitor performance and errors.
- 3. Regularly backup data and have a recovery plan.
- 4. Regularly apply security patches and updates.
- 5. Collect and incorporate user feedback.

#### **Future Scope**

#### 1. Cloud Computing:

Benefits, types, and applications of cloud computing.

#### 2. Artificial Intelligence in Finance:

Applications of AI in finance, including predictive analytics, risk management, and portfolio optimization.

#### 3. Cybersecurity in Finance:

Threats, vulnerabilities, and best practices for securing financial systems and data.

#### 4. Blockchain in Finance:

Applications of blockchain technology in finance, including cryptocurrencies, smart contracts, and supply chain management.

#### **5. Financial Inclusion:**

Strategies and technologies for promoting financial inclusion, including mobile banking, digital payments, and microfinance.

#### **Conclusion:**

- 1. The "Stocker" project delivers a comprehensive stock management platform, equipped with a robust architecture that ensures exceptional performance, security, and reliability, making it an ideal solution for investors.
- 2. The platform's key features, including real-time market data, efficient trading processes, and scalability, combined with its intuitive user interface, provide a seamless user experience, while thorough testing and quality assurance ensure the platform meets rigorous standards.

#### **Reference:**

- **1. AWS Account Setup:** https://youtu.be/CjKhQoYeR4Q?si=ui8Bvk\_M4FfVM-Dh
- **2.** Understanding of IAM: https://youtu.be/gsgdAyGhV0o?si=3qg-bULgkD4LXNvR
- **3. Knowledge of Amazon EC2:** https://youtu.be/8TlukLu11Yo?si=Muj0nEAOESRhHUIz
- **4. MySQL:** https://www.youtube.com/results?search\_query=mysql+tutorial
- **5. RDS connects MySQL:**

https://www.youtube.com/results?search\_query=mysql+connector+for+rds

**6. RDS:** https://www.youtube.com/live/MPau9c7PT74?si=A8OK-zFGbSKkAFWN