

Experiment 5

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Subject Name:- Business Analytics Subject Code:- 22CAH-703

Aim of Experiment:- Implement appropriate analytical methods to find solutions.

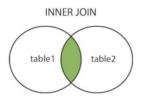
1. How do you perform an inner join in SQL?

SQL INNER JOIN Keyword

The $\overline{\mbox{INNER}}$ JOIN keyword selects records that have matching values in both tables.

INNER JOIN Syntax

SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1
INNER JOIN table2
ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name;





2. How do you perform a left join in SQL?

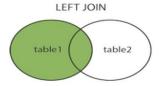
SQL LEFT JOIN Keyword

The LEFT JOIN keyword returns all records from the left table (table1), and the matching records from the right table (table2). The result is 0 records from the right side, if there is no match.

LEFT JOIN Syntax

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1
LEFT JOIN table2
ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name;
```

Note: In some databases LEFT JOIN is called LEFT OUTER JOIN.



3. How do you perform a right join in SQL?

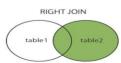
SQL RIGHT JOIN Keyword

The RIGHT JOIN keyword returns all records from the right table (table2), and the matching records from the left table (table1). The result is 0 records from the left side, if there is no match.

RIGHT JOIN Syntax

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1
RIGHT JOIN table2
ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name;
```

Note: In some databases RIGHT JOIN is called RIGHT OUTER JOIN .





4. How do you perform a full outer join in SQL?

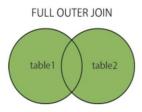
SQL FULL OUTER JOIN Keyword

The FULL OUTER JOIN keyword returns all records when there is a match in left (table1) or right (table2) table records.

Tip: FULL OUTER JOIN and FULL JOIN are the same.

FULL OUTER JOIN Syntax

SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1
FULL OUTER JOIN table2
ON table1.column_name = table2.column_name
WHERE condition;



Note: FULL OUTER JOIN can potentially return very large result-sets!