

```

# This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics
libraries installed
# It is defined by the kaggle/python Docker image:
https://github.com/kaggle/docker-python
# For example, here's several helpful packages to load

import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)

# Input data files are available in the read-only "../input/"
directory
# For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter)
will list all files under the input directory

import os
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'):
    for filename in filenames:
        print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))

# You can write up to 20GB to the current directory (/kaggle/working/)
that gets preserved as output when you create a version using "Save &
Run All"
# You can also write temporary files to /kaggle/temp/, but they won't
be saved outside of the current session

/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/
country_vaccinations_by_manufacturer.csv
/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations.cs
v

import folium

# Create a base map centered around Chennai, India
m = folium.Map(location=[13.0827, 80.2707], zoom_start=12)

# Add markers for confirmed cases, vaccination rates, and preferences
folium.Marker([13.0827, 80.2707], popup='Confirmed Cases: 5000',
tooltip='Click for Details').add_to(m)
folium.Marker([13.0837, 80.2717], popup='Vaccination Rate: 65%',
tooltip='Click for Details').add_to(m)
folium.Marker([13.0847, 80.2727], popup='Vaccine Preferences:
Covishield', tooltip='Click for Details').add_to(m)

# Display the map
m

<folium.folium.Map at 0x78c1c70d7fd0>

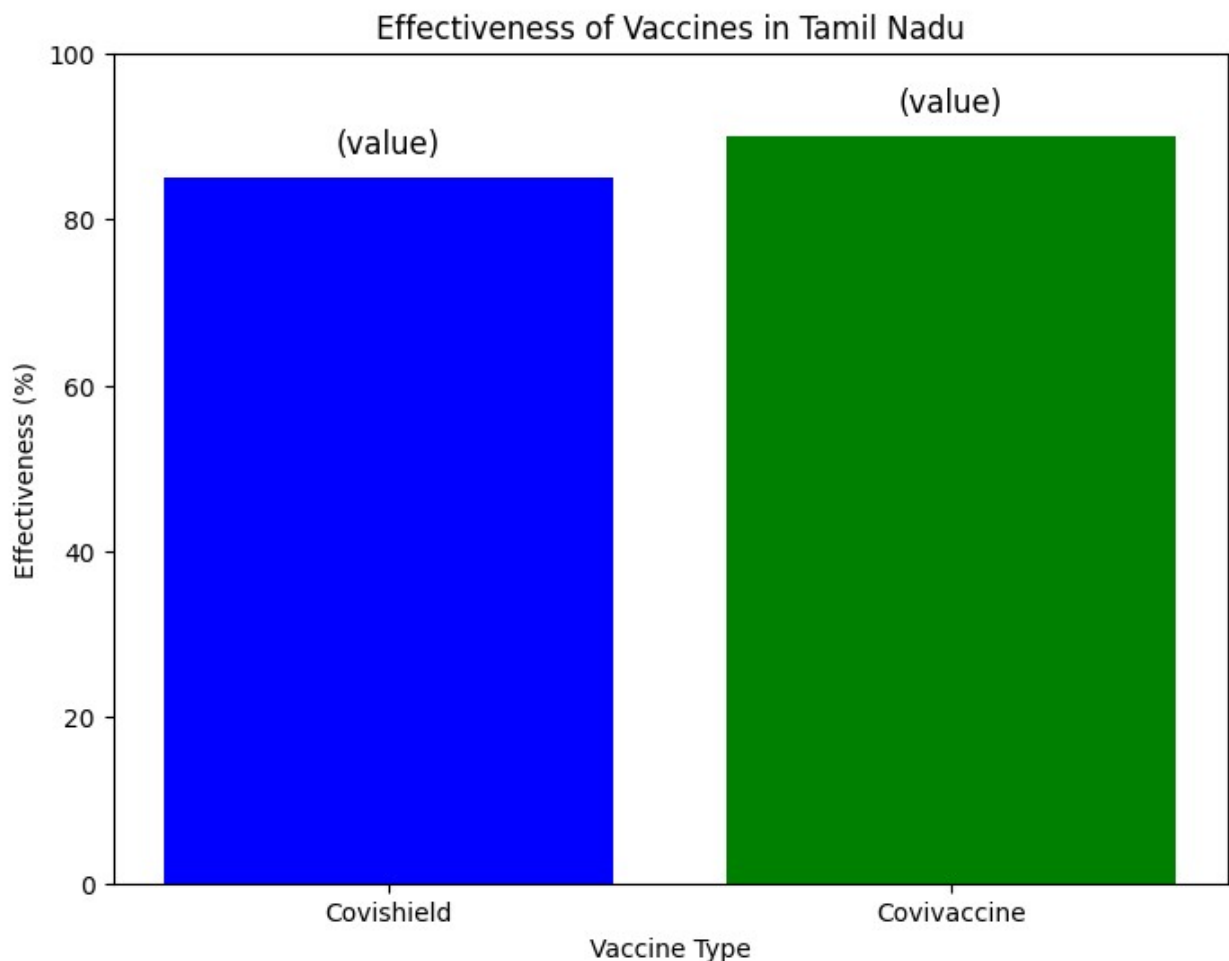
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Example Data

```

```

vaccines = ['Covishield', 'Covivaccine']
effectiveness = [85, 90] # Example effectiveness rates in percentage
# Create a bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.bar(vaccines, effectiveness, color=['blue', 'green'])
plt.xlabel('Vaccine Type')
plt.ylabel('Effectiveness (%)')
plt.title("Effectiveness of Vaccines in Tamil Nadu")
plt.ylim(0, 100)
# Add data labels
for i, value in enumerate(effectiveness):
    plt.text(i, value + 2, f'(value)', ha='center', va='bottom',
             fontsize=12, color="black")
# Show the chart
plt.show()

```



```

import pandas as pd

df =

```

```
pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations.csv")
```

```
num_rows_before = df.shape[0]
```

```
df = df.dropna(subset=['total_vaccinations', 'people_vaccinated', 'people_fully_vaccinated'], how='all')
```

```
num_rows_after = df.shape[0]
```

```
rows_removed = num_rows_before - num_rows_after
```

```
print(f"Number of rows removed: {rows_removed}")
```

```
Number of rows removed: 42483
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')
```

```
num_rows_before = df.shape[0]
```

```
df = df[(df['total_vaccinations'].notna()) & (df['total_vaccinations'] != 0)]
```

```
num_rows_after = df.shape[0]
```

```
rows_removed = num_rows_before - num_rows_after
```

```
print(f"Number of rows removed: {rows_removed}")
```

```
Number of rows removed: 1482
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
df_vaccinations = pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations.csv")
```

```
df_manufacturer = pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')
```

```
merged_df = pd.merge(df_vaccinations, df_manufacturer, on='total_vaccinations')
```

```
print(merged_df)
```

	country	iso_code	date_x	total_vaccinations	\
0	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	
1	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	
2	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	
3	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	
4	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0	
...	...	...	...	...	

187750	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-02-18	39.0
187751	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-02-18	39.0
187752	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-02-18	39.0
187753	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-09	36307.0
187754	Zimbabwe	ZWE	2021-03-23	45743.0

	people_vaccinated	people_fully_vaccinated
daily_vaccinations_raw \		
0	0.0	NaN
NaN		
1	0.0	NaN
NaN		
2	0.0	NaN
NaN		
3	0.0	NaN
NaN		
4	0.0	NaN
NaN		
...	...	...
...		
187750	39.0	NaN
NaN		
187751	39.0	NaN
NaN		
187752	39.0	NaN
NaN		
187753	36307.0	NaN
243.0		
187754	44681.0	1062.0
1623.0		

	daily_vaccinations	total_vaccinations_per_hundred \
0	NaN	0.00
1	NaN	0.00
2	NaN	0.00
3	NaN	0.00
4	NaN	0.00
...	...	...
187750	NaN	0.00
187751	NaN	0.00
187752	NaN	0.00
187753	1568.0	0.24
187754	807.0	0.30

	people_vaccinated_per_hundred
people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred \	
0	0.00
NaN	
1	0.00
NaN	

2	0.00
NaN	
3	0.00
NaN	
4	0.00
NaN	
...	...
...	
187750	0.00
NaN	
187751	0.00
NaN	
187752	0.00
NaN	
187753	0.24
NaN	
187754	0.30
0.01	

	daily_vaccinations_per_million \
0	NaN
1	NaN
2	NaN
3	NaN
4	NaN
...	...
187750	NaN
187751	NaN
187752	NaN
187753	104.0
187754	53.0

	vaccines \
0	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
1	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
2	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
3	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
4	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
...	...
187750	Oxford/AstraZeneca, Sinopharm/Beijing, Sinovac...
187751	Oxford/AstraZeneca, Sinopharm/Beijing, Sinovac...
187752	Oxford/AstraZeneca, Sinopharm/Beijing, Sinovac...
187753	Oxford/AstraZeneca, Sinopharm/Beijing, Sinovac...
187754	Oxford/AstraZeneca, Sinopharm/Beijing, Sinovac...

	source_name \
0	World Health Organization
1	World Health Organization
2	World Health Organization
3	World Health Organization

```

4      World Health Organization
...
187750      Ministry of Health
187751      Ministry of Health
187752      Ministry of Health
187753      Ministry of Health
187754      Ministry of Health

```

```

                                source_website
location \
0                                https://covid19.who.int/
Austria
1                                https://covid19.who.int/
Austria
2                                https://covid19.who.int/
Austria
3                                https://covid19.who.int/
Austria
4                                https://covid19.who.int/
Austria

```

```

...
..
187750 https://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html...
Germany
187751 https://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html...
Italy
187752 https://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html...
Liechtenstein
187753 https://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html...
Latvia
187754 https://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html...
Uruguay

```

```

                                date_y      vaccine
0      2021-01-08      Moderna
1      2021-01-08      Novavax
2      2021-01-08  Oxford/AstraZeneca
3      2021-01-15      Novavax
4      2021-01-15  Oxford/AstraZeneca
...
187750 2021-02-04  Johnson&Johnson
187751 2021-02-03  Oxford/AstraZeneca
187752 2021-01-15  Pfizer/BioNTech
187753 2021-03-18  Pfizer/BioNTech
187754 2021-06-02  Oxford/AstraZeneca

```

```
[187755 rows x 18 columns]
```

```

df =
pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_va

```

```
ccinations.csv").head (5)
df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
df.fillna(0, inplace=True)
df
```

	country	iso_code	date	total_vaccinations
people_vaccinated \				
0	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-22	0.0
0.0				
1	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-23	0.0
0.0				
2	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-24	0.0
0.0				
3	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-25	0.0
0.0				
4	Afghanistan	AFG	2021-02-26	0.0
0.0				

	people_fully_vaccinated	daily_vaccinations_raw	daily_vaccinations
\			
0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	0.0	1367.0
2	0.0	0.0	1367.0
3	0.0	0.0	1367.0
4	0.0	0.0	1367.0

	total_vaccinations_per_hundred	people_vaccinated_per_hundred
\		
0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	0.0

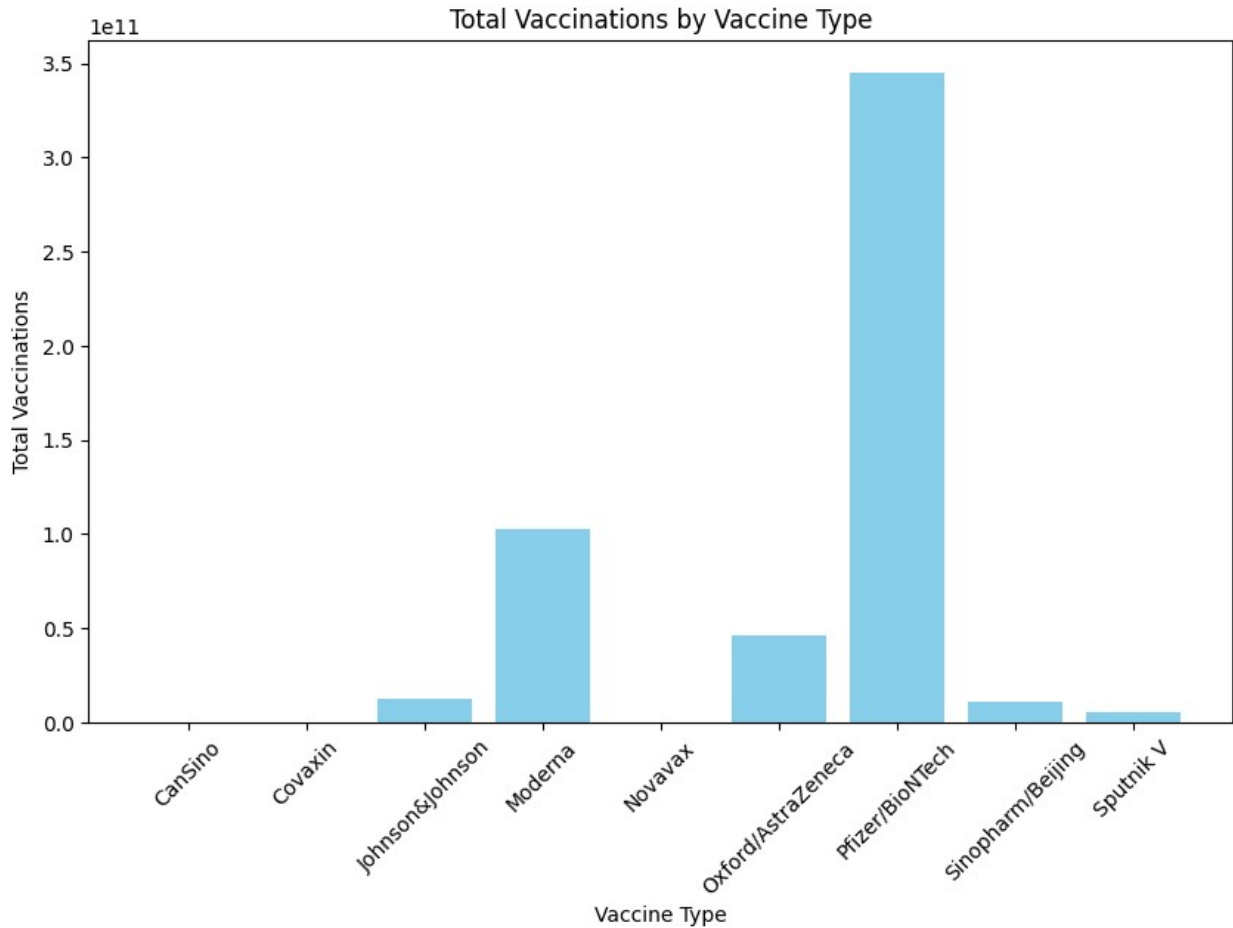
	people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred	daily_vaccinations_per_million
\		
0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	34.0
2	0.0	34.0
3	0.0	34.0
4	0.0	34.0

	vaccines \
0	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
1	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
2	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
3	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...
4	Johnson&Johnson, Oxford/AstraZeneca, Pfizer/Bi...

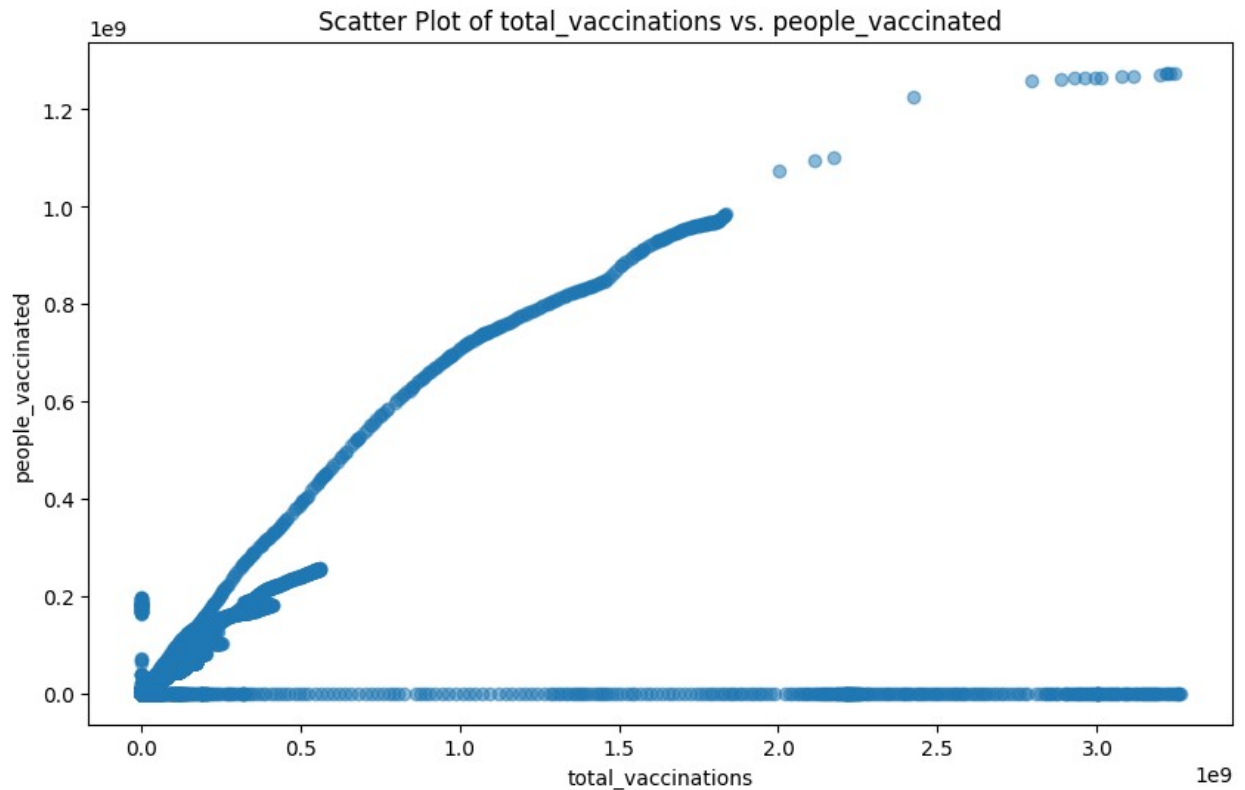
	source_name	source_website
0	World Health Organization	<a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>
1	World Health Organization	<a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>
2	World Health Organization	<a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>
3	World Health Organization	<a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>
4	World Health Organization	<a href="https://covid19.who.int/">https://covid19.who.int/</a>

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df =
pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccina
tions_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')
additional_vaccines = ['CanSino', 'Pfizer/BioNTech',
'Johnson&Johnson', 'Covaxin', 'Novavax']
selected_vaccines = ['Moderna', 'Oxford/AstraZeneca',
'Sinopharm/Beijing', 'Sputnik V']+ additional_vaccines
df_selected_vaccines = df[df['vaccine'].isin (selected_vaccines)]
vaccine_totals=df_selected_vaccines.groupby('vaccine')
['total_vaccinations'].sum()
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
plt.bar(vaccine_totals.index, vaccine_totals.values, color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Vaccine Type')
plt.ylabel('Total Vaccinations')
plt.title('Total Vaccinations by Vaccine Type')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```





```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df =
pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations.csv")
df['date'] = pd.to_datetime (df['date'])
df.fillna(0,inplace=True)
df = pd.get_dummies (df, columns=['country','iso_code'],
drop_first=True)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
x_variable='total_vaccinations'
y_variable="people_vaccinated"
plt.scatter(df[x_variable], df[y_variable], alpha=0.5)
plt.xlabel(x_variable)
plt.ylabel(y_variable)
plt.title(f'Scatter Plot of {x_variable} vs. {y_variable}')
plt.show()
```



```
import seaborn as sns

colors = sns.color_palette('pastel', len(vaccine_totals))

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

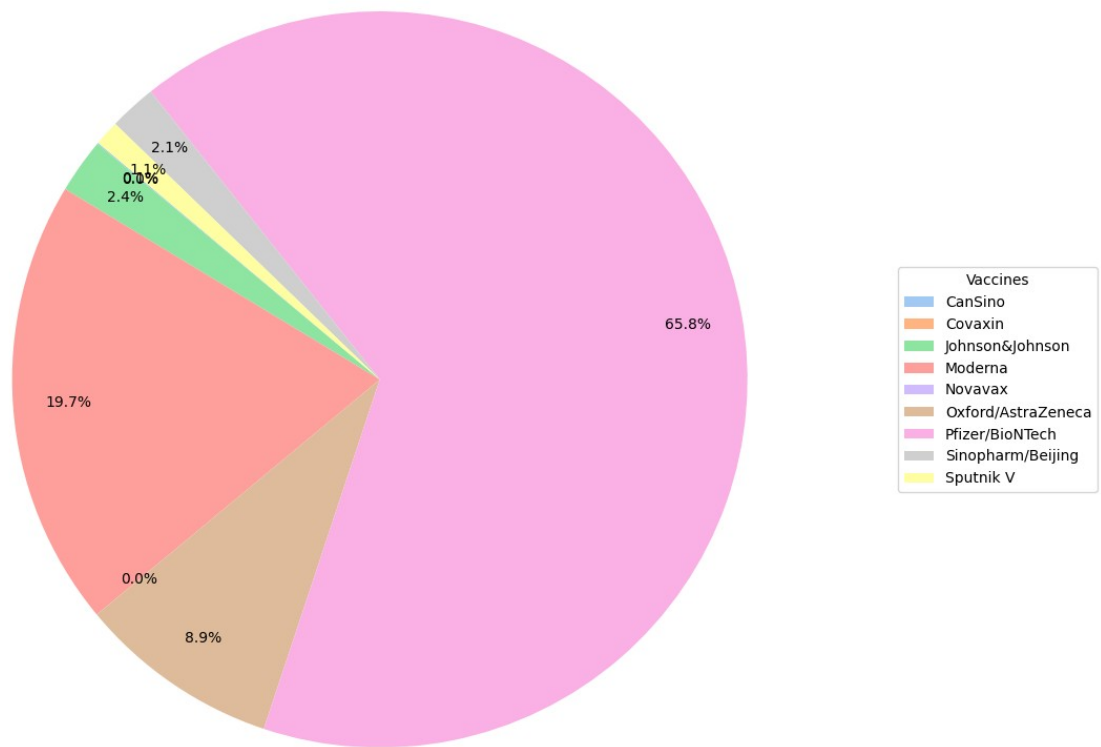
wedges, texts, autotexts = plt.pie(vaccine_totals, autopct='%1.1f%%',
startangle=140, colors=colors, pctdistance=0.85)

plt.axis('equal')

plt.legend(wedges, vaccine_totals.index, title="Vaccines", loc="center
left", bbox_to_anchor=(1, 0, 0.5, 1))

plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```



```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

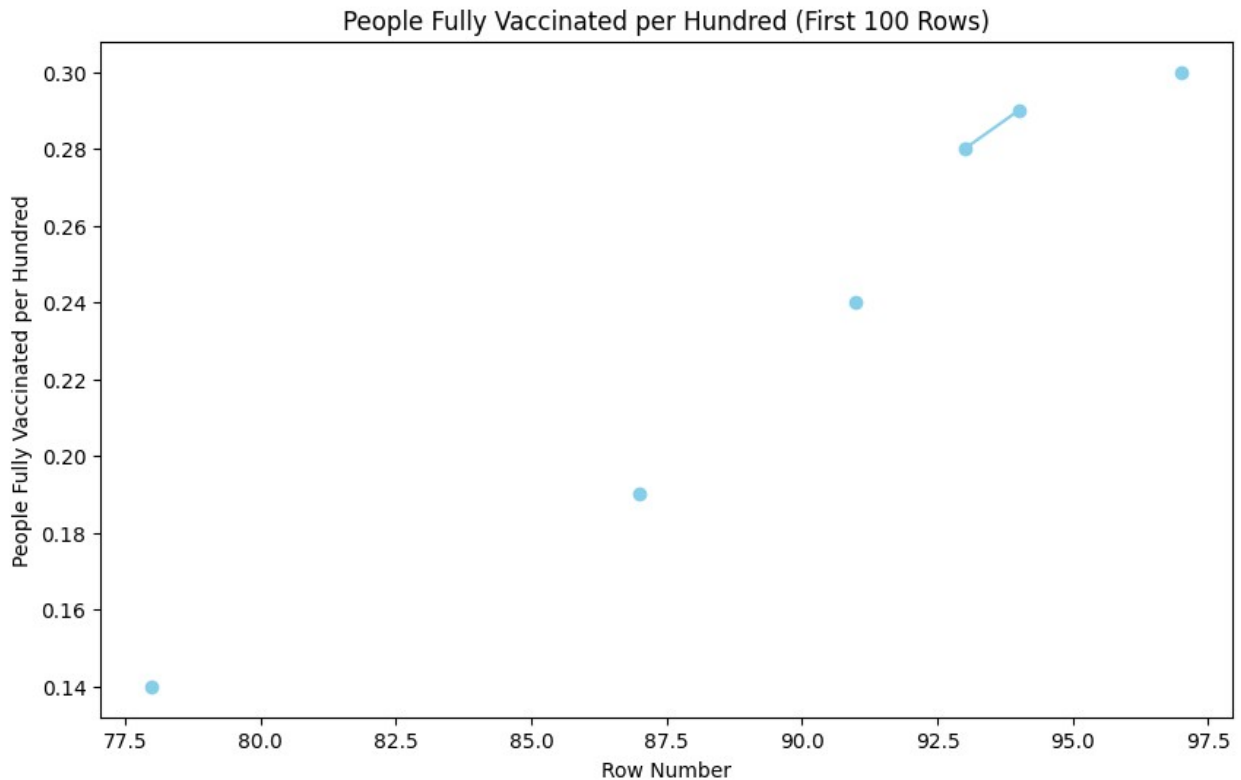
df =
pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations.csv").head(100)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

plt.plot(df['people_fully_vaccinated_per_hundred'], marker='o',
color='skyblue', linestyle='--')

plt.xlabel('Row Number')
plt.ylabel('People Fully Vaccinated per Hundred')
plt.title('People Fully Vaccinated per Hundred (First 100 Rows)')

plt.show()
```



```
import pandas as pd

df =
pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations.csv")

# Convert 'date' column to datetime format
df['date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date'])

# Extract year and month
df['year'] = df['date'].dt.year
df['month'] = df['date'].dt.month

# Calculate the percentage
df['percentage_fully_vaccinated'] = (df['people_fully_vaccinated'] /
df['total_vaccinations']) * 100

# Sort the DataFrame by country, year, and month
df_sorted = df.sort_values(by=['country', 'year', 'month'])

# Group by country, year, and month, then calculate the average
percentage for each month
result = df_sorted.groupby(['country', 'year', 'month'])
['percentage_fully_vaccinated'].mean()

# Reset the index to get the DataFrame format
```

```
result_df = result.reset_index()
```

```
# Print the result DataFrame
```

```
print(result_df)
```

	country	year	month	percentage_fully_vaccinated
0	Afghanistan	2021	2	NaN
1	Afghanistan	2021	3	NaN
2	Afghanistan	2021	4	NaN
3	Afghanistan	2021	5	16.675279
4	Afghanistan	2021	6	23.651193
...	...	...	...	...
3013	Zimbabwe	2021	11	43.366796
3014	Zimbabwe	2021	12	42.953565
3015	Zimbabwe	2022	1	43.225408
3016	Zimbabwe	2022	2	43.138566
3017	Zimbabwe	2022	3	41.875884

```
[3018 rows x 4 columns]
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import folium
```

```
# Load the dataset with total vaccinations by manufacturer
```

```
data =
```

```
pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccinations_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')
```

```
# Filter data for Argentina, we can give any country we want.
```

```
argentina_data = data[data['location'] == 'Argentina']
```

```
total_vaccinations_by_vaccine = argentina_data.groupby('vaccine')  
['total_vaccinations'].sum().reset_index()
```

```
# Get the latitude and longitude for Argentina
```

```
argentina_lat = -38.4161
```

```
argentina_lon = -63.6167
```

```
# Create a base map centered on Argentina
```

```
map = folium.Map(location=[argentina_lat, argentina_lon],  
zoom_start=4)
```

```
# Generate popup content with vaccine names and total vaccinations
```

```
popup_content = '<br>'.join(f"{row['vaccine']} -  
{row['total_vaccinations']}" for _, row in  
total_vaccinations_by_vaccine.iterrows())
```

```
# Add a marker with the popup content
```

```
folium.Marker(  
    location=[argentina_lat, argentina_lon],  
    popup=folium.Popup(popup_content, max_width=300),
```

```

        icon=folium.Icon(color='blue')
    ).add_to(map)

# Show the map
map

<folium.folium.Map at 0x78c1c71144f0>

import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset
data =
pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccina
tions_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')

# Calculate vaccination rate by vaccine type
vaccination_rate_by_vaccine = data.groupby('vaccine')
['total_vaccinations'].sum() / data.groupby('vaccine').size()

# Create a new DataFrame to store the result
result_df = pd.DataFrame({'vaccination_rate_by_vaccine':
vaccination_rate_by_vaccine})

# Merge the result DataFrame with the original data on 'vaccine'
data = data.merge(result_df, on='vaccine', how='left')

# Show the result
print(data)

```

	location	date	vaccine
total_vaccinations \			
0	Argentina	2020-12-29	Moderna
2			
1	Argentina	2020-12-29	Oxford/AstraZeneca
3			
2	Argentina	2020-12-29	Sinopharm/Beijing
1			
3	Argentina	2020-12-29	Sputnik V
20481			
4	Argentina	2020-12-30	Moderna
2			
...	...	...	...
...			
35618	European Union	2022-03-29	Oxford/AstraZeneca
67403106			
35619	European Union	2022-03-29	Pfizer/BioNTech
600519998			
35620	European Union	2022-03-29	Sinopharm/Beijing
2301516			
35621	European Union	2022-03-29	Sinovac
1809			

```
35622 European Union 2022-03-29 Sputnik V
1845103
```

```
      vaccination_rate_by_vaccine
0      1.552058e+07
1      7.003092e+06
2      7.241682e+06
3      5.923586e+06
4      1.552058e+07
...
35618      7.003092e+06
35619      3.879792e+07
35620      7.241682e+06
35621      5.556222e+06
35622      5.923586e+06
```

```
[35623 rows x 5 columns]
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Load the dataset
```

```
data =
pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccina
tions_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')
```

```
# Calculate total vaccinations by country
```

```
total_vaccinations_by_country = data.groupby('location')
['total_vaccinations'].sum()
```

```
# Convert the result to a DataFrame
```

```
result_df = total_vaccinations_by_country.reset_index()
```

```
# Rename the columns for better clarity
```

```
result_df.columns = ['Country', 'Total Vaccinations']
```

```
# Show the result
```

```
print(result_df)
```

```
      Country  Total Vaccinations
0    Argentina    18678951288
1     Austria     596514759
2     Belgium     834395863
3    Bulgaria     134238313
4      Chile     9931757732
5    Croatia     180468380
6     Cyprus     55063408
7    Czechia     4104977325
8    Denmark     410370596
9    Ecuador     4599104870
10   Estonia      70424761
```

11	European Union	193020139251
12	Finland	373909900
13	France	32177039372
14	Germany	38982830332
15	Hong Kong	2684669290
16	Hungary	591312341
17	Iceland	4560663
18	Ireland	346279647
19	Italy	28306588441
20	Japan	3910422920
21	Latvia	596129865
22	Liechtenstein	2299059
23	Lithuania	154484516
24	Luxembourg	37541839
25	Malta	42587205
26	Nepal	1343230706
27	Netherlands	1116537275
28	Norway	356592335
29	Peru	10520125014
30	Poland	1824070504
31	Portugal	701877350
32	Romania	4151784964
33	Slovakia	223998563
34	Slovenia	99272786
35	South Africa	820872071
36	South Korea	21786515369
37	Spain	3262817401
38	Sweden	629157444
39	Switzerland	3691948362
40	Ukraine	4357666978
41	United States	139944068653
42	Uruguay	1664572676

```

import pandas as pd
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load the dataset
data =
pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccina
tions_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')

# Convert 'date' to numerical format (number of days since the start
date)
data['date'] = (pd.to_datetime(data['date']) -
pd.to_datetime(data['date']).min()).dt.days

# Prepare the feature matrix X and the target variable y
X = data[['date']]
y = data['total_vaccinations']

```



```
# Initialize the Linear Regression model
model = LinearRegression()
# Train the model
model.fit(X, y)

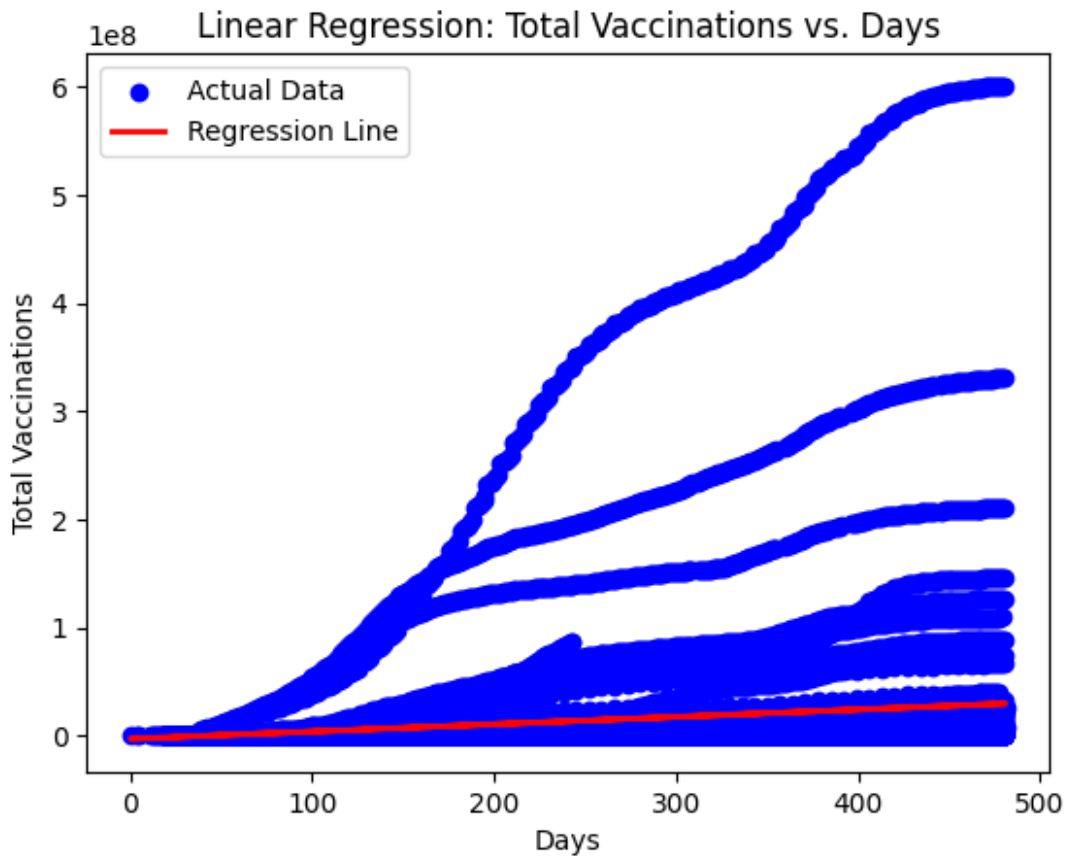
# Print the coefficients
print('Coefficient:', model.coef_[0])
print('Intercept:', model.intercept_)

# Predict total vaccinations
predictions = model.predict(X)

# Create a scatter plot of the actual data
plt.scatter(X, y, color='blue', label='Actual Data')
# Plot the regression line
plt.plot(X, predictions, color='red', linewidth=2, label='Regression
Line')

# Add labels and title
plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Total Vaccinations')
plt.title('Linear Regression: Total Vaccinations vs. Days')
# Add legend
plt.legend()
# Show the plot
plt.show()

Coefficient: 67905.85580252815
Intercept: -2954051.2822800055
```



```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
import numpy as np

# Load the dataset
data =
pd.read_csv('../input/covid-world-vaccination-progress/country_vaccina
tions_by_manufacturer.csv', sep=',')

# Convert 'date' to numerical format (number of days since the start
date)
data['date'] = (pd.to_datetime(data['date']) -
pd.to_datetime(data['date']).min()).dt.days

# Prepare the feature matrix X and the target variable y
X = data[['date']]
y = data['total_vaccinations']

# Initialize the Linear Regression model
model = LinearRegression()
```

```
# Training the model x,y
model.fit(X, y)

# Predicting total vaccinations
predictions = model.predict(X)

# Calculate evaluation metrics
rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y, predictions))
mae = mean_absolute_error(y, predictions)
r_squared = r2_score(y, predictions)

# Printing the evaluation metrics
print(f'Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {rmse:.2f}')
print(f'Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae:.2f}')
print(f'R-squared (R2): {r_squared:.2f}')

Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 51122830.05
Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 20286696.16
R-squared (R2): 0.03
```