Create an ARIMA model for time series forecasting.

AIM:

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Procedure and Code:

Step 1 - Import the Files and Libraries .

import pandas as pd import numpy as np from statsmodels.tsa.arima.model import ARIMA from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Step 2 - Describe and Read the Data

df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/TimeSereisDatasets/Ex-8/Copy of daily-website-visitors.csv')

```
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])
df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)

df['Unique.Visits'] = df['Unique.Visits'].str.replace(',', ").astype(int)
df['Page.Loads'] = df['Page.Loads'].str.replace(',', ").astype(int)

ts = df['Unique.Visits']
```

```
Step 3 -Stationary Models
```

from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller

```
result = adfuller(ts)
print('ADF Statistic:', result[0])
print('p-value:', result[1])
print('Critical Values:', result[4])
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1, figsize=(12,8))
plot_acf(ts.diff().dropna(), ax=ax1)
plot_pacf(ts.diff().dropna(), ax=ax2)
plt.show()
```

Step 4 - ARIMA Model training and Evaluation

```
train_size = int(len(ts) * 0.8)
train, test = ts[:train_size], ts[train_size:]

model = ARIMA(train, order=(2,1,2))
model_fit = model.fit()
print(model_fit.summary())

forecast = model_fit.forecast(steps=len(test))

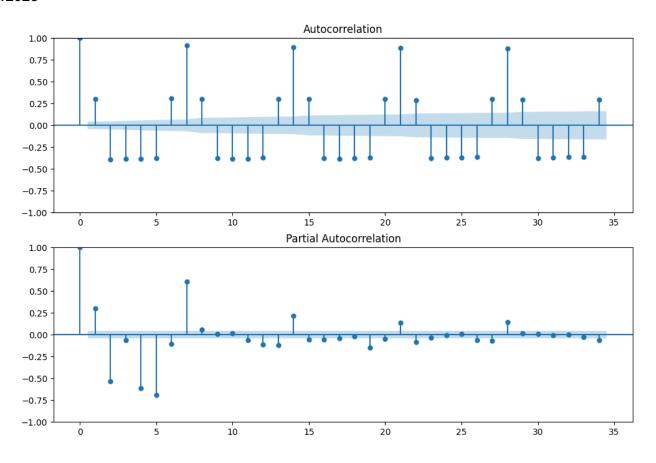
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
plt.plot(train.index, train, label='Training Data')
```

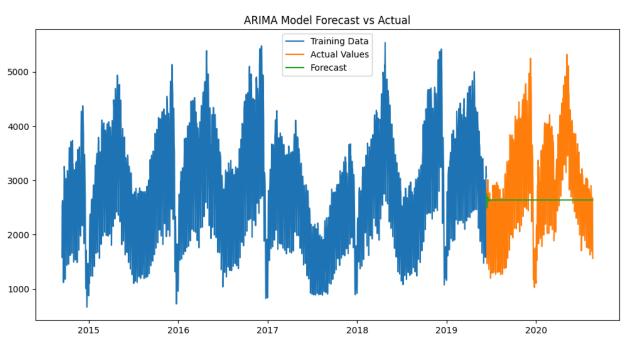
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plt.show()

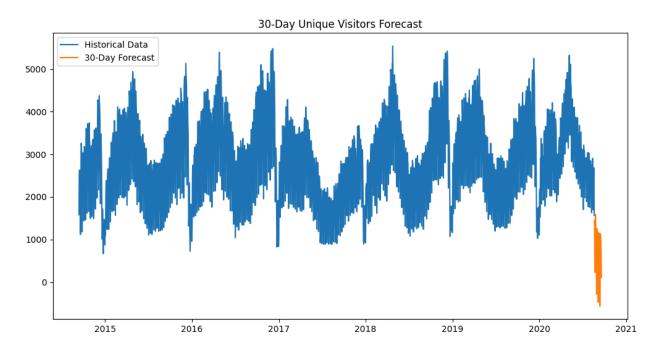
```
plt.plot(test.index, test, label='Actual Values')
plt.plot(test.index, forecast, label='Forecast')
plt.title('ARIMA Model Forecast vs Actual')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
rmse = np.sqrt(mean squared error(test, forecast))
print(f'Test RMSE: {rmse:.2f}')
Step 5 - Forecasting Using ARIMA Model
      final model = SARIMAX(ts, order=(2,1,2), seasonal order=(1,1,1,7))
      final fit = final model.fit()
      forecast days = 30
      forecast = final fit.forecast(steps=forecast days)
      plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
      plt.plot(ts.index, ts, label='Historical Data')
      plt.plot(pd.date range(ts.index[-1], periods=forecast days+1)[1:], forecast,
label='30-Day Forecast')
      plt.title('30-Day Unique Visitors Forecast')
      plt.legend()
```

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Result:

Thus the Program has been Executed Successfully.