### SUSPECTED ANAPHYLAXIS DURING ANAESTHESIA

### ANAPHYLAXIS

- Prompt diagnosits Autites ethre at the Bound of Signs & Symptoms.
- Early treatment with adrenaline & fluid replacement is crucial
- Severe anaphylaxis can lead to cardiovascular collapse and death

## **Immediate Management**

- CALL FOR HELP and crash cart, note the time.
- Maintain the airway and administer oxygen 100%. Intubate and ventilate with oxygen if necessary.
- Elevate the patient's legs if there is hypotension.
- If appropriate, start cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately according to Pediatric Life Support algorithm.
- · Administer Epinephrine.

The Allergy Immunology Joint Task Force on Practice Parameters (JTFPP) published a 2023 practice parameter update for anaphylaxis. Intramuscular epinephrine is now advised, preferably in the anterolateral part of the thigh in preference to deltoid.

A simplified approach for epinephrine administration is now advised in children based on their body weight (bw). (2023 guidelines)

- < 15 kg bw: inject 0.1 mg (0.1 mg/0.1 mL) or 0.15 mg injector (2023 GL)
- 15–30 kg bw: Inject 0.15 mg (0.15 mg/0.15 mL)
- > 30 kg bw: Inject 0.3 mg (0.3 mg/0.5 mL)

Repeat every 5-15mins.use should be limited to those patients with hypotension unresponsive to IV fluids or in cardiovascular collapse at a dose of 0.01 mg/kg over 5 minutes.

Consider starting a low dose intravenous infusion of epinephrine 0.1 ugs /kg/min (maximum 1 ug/kg/min).

## Secondary management

- Corticosteroids and antihistamine should be used only after epinephrine administration.
- Corticosteroids (Hydrocortisone i.v. 2-4 mg/kg (max dose 200mg)) are of no proven value but may help in preventing biphasic reactions.
- Antihistamines may be helpful in treating pruritis
- If there is persistent wheeze (bronchospasm) treat with an i.v. infusion of salbutamol. If a suitable breathing system connector is available, a metered-dose inhaler may be appropriate.
- If the blood pressure does not recover despite epinephrine infusion, consider:
  - IV vasopressin (bolus 0.03 units/kg then 2 units/h); titrate according to BP
- Administer 20 ml/kg crystalloid at a high rate (large volumes may be required).

# **Immediate Investigations**

If facilities available send sample for Mast cell tryptase. Levels increase within 15 mins, peak at 3 hours and return to baseline at 6-8 hours Take three blood samples in plain tubes (brown top) at following times

- immediately after the reaction has been treated (within 1 hour of the reaction), and.
- 2. up to 6 hours after the reaction
- 3. 24 h after the reaction

It is essential to state the time on samples (and time from onset of reaction) and record this in the notes.

## Postoperative monitoring

The <u>patient should be monitored for a minimum 4</u> hours after last dose of adrenaline because of danger of biphasic response. Biphasic reaction occurs in 3-20% of patients.

# **Later Investigations and management:**

- C1 inhibitor for functional assay (C1INH)
- Urine VMA
- Radioallergosorbent test (RAST) or cutaneous antigen testing by a specialist
- Ensure detailed analysis and proper documentation of events surrounding the suspected anaphylactic reaction.

### References:

- Suspected anaphylactic reactions associated with anaesthesia, revised edition 2009. Association of Anaesthetists of Great Britain and Ireland.
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- Frith K, Smith J, Joshi P, Ford LS, Vale S. Updated anaphylaxis guidelines: management in infants and children. Aust Prescr. 2021 Jun;44(3):91-95. doi: 10.18773/austprescr.2021.016. Epub 2021 Jun 1. PMID: 34211247; PMCID: PMC8236874.
- Jeffrey F Linzer, Sr, Chief Editor: Kirsten A Bechtel, MD. Pediatric Anaphylaxis, Medscape. Updated: Feb 27 2004. <a href="https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/799744-overview">https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/799744-overview</a> (site accessed September 24)
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