

Module 1 (Pose detection)

In this module we detect does image have full pose shots of humans.

Pose Detection with tensorflow lite

- https://www.tensorflow.org/lite/models/pose_estimation/overview
- <https://medium.com/roonyx/pose-estimation-and-matching-with-tensorflow-lite-posenet-model-ea2e9249abbd> (code Referenced link)

Pose estimation refers to computer vision techniques that detect human figures in images and videos, so that one could determine, for example, where someone's elbow shows up in an image. It is important to be aware of the fact that pose estimation merely estimates where key body joints are and does not recognize who is in an image or video.

In []:

```
!wget --header="Host: storage.googleapis.com" --header="User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/89.0.4389.90 Safari/537.36" --header="Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9" --header="Accept-Language: en-IN,en-GB;q=0.9,en-US;q=0.8,en;q=0.7" --header="Referer: https://www.kaggle.com/" "https://storage.googleapis.com/kaggle-data-sets/930393/1613771/bundle/archive.zip?X-Goog-Algorithm=GOOG4-RSA-SHA256&X-Goog-Credential=gcp-kaggle-com%40kaggle-161607.iam.gserviceaccount.com%2F20210326%2Fauto%2Fstorage%2Fgoog4_request&X-Goog-Date=20210326T054515Z&X-Goog-Expires=259199&X-Goog-SignedHeaders=host&X-Goog-Signature=2d8f49dc64d3eee284635585e324a7f27863186954091e43ed1c451d784d564249ee1a468c6cd9eee3cd6183cc3b5992b25ed83a05215c255c0488c05a16f4b481d0a9b84015ee298c9b5b83769d10859a51a07582b4b3ca435d3cc61a923cd22f4f3b929a3f095cd989ba53826954b092fd9f8ca82b99bccdea4bf6f0250d09cb6e3ed8d426a6e79d38e4083d42b0d5bb21d673c7d7c699ccfe7919459080d5bd1c3ff59de8e8083cab6098e31a1bc0b5cb93624da56b79af3d6dfb0010cf2468e48f7bbcca671071fcf9d7506c6bcee5f16aec6ab3ba9a88b45d23ba3b342e190754cbd187a10721a1b9da9223e60b6d03a1f9c089c940051b2062ba94f9e6" -c -O 'archive.zip'
```

```
--2021-03-26 05:45:32-- https://storage.googleapis.com/kaggle-data-sets/930393/1613771/bundle/archive.zip?X-Goog-Algorithm=GOOG4-RSA-SHA256&X-Goog-Credential=gcp-kaggle-com%40kaggle-161607.iam.gserviceaccount.com%2F20210326%2Fauto%2Fstorage%2Fgoog4_request&X-Goog-Date=20210326T054515Z&X-Goog-Expires=259199&X-Goog-SignedHeaders=host&X-Goog-Signature=2d8f49dc64d3eee284635585e324a7f27863186954091e43ed1c451d784d564249ee1a468c6cd9eee3cd6183cc3b5992b25ed83a05215c255c0488c05a16f4b481d0a9b84015ee298c9b5b83769d10859a51a07582b4b3ca435d3cc61a923cd22f4f3b929a3f095cd989ba53826954b092fd9f8ca82b99bccdea4bf6f0250d09cb6e3ed8d426a6e79d38e4083d42b0d5bb21d673c7d7c699ccfe7919459080d5bd1c3ff59de8e8083cab6098e31a1bc0b5cb93624da56b79af3d6dfb0010cf2468e48f7bbcca671071fcf9d7506c6bcee5f16aec6ab3ba9a88b45d23ba3b342e190754cbd187a10721a1b9da9223e60b6d03a1f9c089c940051b2062ba94f9e6
Resolving storage.googleapis.com (storage.googleapis.com)... 209.85.147.128, 142.250.136.128, 209.85.200.128, ...
Connecting to storage.googleapis.com (storage.googleapis.com)|209.85.147.128|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 11894512126 (11G) [application/zip]
Saving to: 'archive.zip'
```

```
archive.zip          100%[=====>]  11.08G  38.4MB/s    in 4m 26s
```

```
2021-03-26 05:49:59 (42.6 MB/s) - 'archive.zip' saved [11894512126/11894512126]
```

```
time: 4min 30s (started: 2021-03-26 05:45:32 +00:00)
```

In []:

```
import pandas as pd
position = []
for i in range(17):
    position.append(i)
```

```
part = ["nose", "leftEye", "rightEye", "leftEar", "rightEar", "leftShoulder", "rightShoulder", "leftElbow", "rightElbow", "leftWrist", "rightWrist", "leftHip", "rightHip", "leftKnee", "rightKnee", "leftAnkle", "rightAnkle"]
```

```
position_df = pd.DataFrame(list(zip(position, part)),
                             columns = ['id', 'part'])
```

```
position_df
```

Out[]:

	id	part
0	0	nose
1	1	leftEye
2	2	rightEye
3	3	leftEar
4	4	rightEar
5	5	leftShoulder
6	6	rightShoulder
7	7	leftElbow
8	8	rightElbow
9	9	leftWrist
10	10	rightWrist
11	11	leftHip
12	12	rightHip
13	13	leftKnee
14	14	rightKnee
15	15	leftAnkle
16	16	rightAnkle

In []:

```
!unzip archive.zip
```

```
!rm -rf archive.zip
```

In []:

```
import tensorflow as tf
```

In []:

```
!wget --header="Host: storage.googleapis.com" --header="User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/89.0.4389.90 Safari/537.36" --header="Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9" --header="Accept-Language: en-IN,en-GB;q=0.9,en-US;q=0.8,en;q=0.7" --header="Referer: https://www.tensorflow.org/" "https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/models/tflite/posenet_mobilenet_v1_100_257x257_multi_kpt_stripped.tflite" -c -O 'posenet_mobilenet_v1_100_257x257_multi_kpt_stripped.tflite'
```

```
--2021-04-22 04:14:57-- https://storage.googleapis.com/download.tensorflow.org/models/tflite/posenet_mobilenet_v1_100_257x257_multi_kpt_stripped.tflite
Resolving storage.googleapis.com (storage.googleapis.com)... 142.250.73.208, 142.250.65.80, 172.253.62.128, ...
Connecting to storage.googleapis.com (storage.googleapis.com)|142.250.73.208|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 13269068 (13M) [application/octet-stream]
Saving to: 'posenet_mobilenet_v1_100_257x257_multi_kpt_stripped.tflite'
```

posenet_mobilenet_v 100%[=====>] 12.65M 53.5MB/s in 0.2s

2021-04-22 04:14:58 (53.5 MB/s) - 'posenet_mobilenet_v1_100_257x257_multi_kpt_stripped.tflite' saved [13269068/13269068]

Code Reference :

https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/lite/Interpreter

<https://programmer.group/analysis-of-official-post-energy-model-of-tensorflow.html>

In []:

```
pose_detector = tf.lite.Interpreter(model_path="posenet_mobilenet_v1_100_257x257_multi_kpt_stripped.tflite")
pose_detector.allocate_tensors()

# Get input and output tensors information from the model file
input_details = pose_detector.get_input_details()
# from input details it's clear that we have shape of 257x257 with dtype float32 [ 'shape_signature': array([ 1, 257, 257, 3], dtype=int32), 'dtype': <class 'numpy.float32'>]
output_details = pose_detector.get_output_details()
# output details [ 'shape_signature': array([ 1, 9, 9, 17], dtype=int32), 'dtype': <class 'numpy.float32'> ]
```

In []:

```
def heat_offset(path):
    '''
    Input: path of the image
    Output: HeatMap, Offsets'''
    input_image = cv.imread(path)
    input_image = cv.resize(input_image, (257, 257))
    # (257, 257, 3)
    input_image = np.expand_dims(input_image.copy(), axis=0)
    # (1, 257, 257, 3)

    input_image = (np.float32(input_image) - 127.5) / 127.5
    # Sets the value of the input tensor
    pose_detector.set_tensor(input_details[0]['index'], input_image)
    # Runs the computation
    pose_detector.invoke()
    #output data and offset data
    heatmap_data = pose_detector.get_tensor(output_details[0]['index'])
    offset_data = pose_detector.get_tensor(output_details[1]['index'])
    # Getting rid of the extra dimension
    heatmaps = np.squeeze(heatmap_data)
    offsets = np.squeeze(offset_data)
    return heatmaps,offsets
```

In []:

```
def pose_detection(heat_map,offset_data, threshold):
    '''
    Input:
    heat_map - heatmaps for an image. Three dimension array
    offset_data - offset vectors for an image. Three dimension array
    threshold - probability threshold for the keypoints. Scalar value
    Output:
    array with coordinates of the keypoints and flags for those that have low probability
    Condition : If nose and (two eye) and ( one shoulder ) and (one hip) and (one ankle)
    is detected , then it will return TRUE
    '''

    key_points = 17
    # as we have 17 key points like nose, shoulder ..etc;
    pose_points = np.zeros((key_points,3), np.uint32)
```

```

for i in range(17):

    joint_heatmap = heat_map[...,i]
    pos_with_max_val = np.squeeze(np.argwhere(joint_heatmap==np.max(joint_heatmap)))
    #Remove axes of length one from a
    remap_pos = np.array(pos_with_max_val/8*257,dtype=np.int32)
    pose_points[i,0] = int(remap_pos[0] + offset_data[pos_with_max_val[0],pos_with_max_val[1],i])
    pose_points[i,1] = int(remap_pos[1] + offset_data[pos_with_max_val[0],pos_with_max_val[1],i+key_points])
    max_prob = np.max(joint_heatmap)

    if max_prob > threshold:
        if pose_points[i,0] < 257 and pose_points[i,1] < 257:
            pose_points[i,2] = 1
            bool = (pose_points[0][2]==1) and ((pose_points[1][2] and pose_points[2][2]) ==1)
and ((pose_points[5][2] or pose_points[6][2]) ==1) and ((pose_points[11][2] or pose_points[12][2]) ==1) and ((pose_points[15][2] or pose_points[16][2]) ==1)
            return bool

```

In []:

```

def final(path):
    '''
    Input: path of the Image
    output: Bool true or flase
    Explanation : it takes path and it sends to model to get the
    output and it sends to parse output function to get wheater it is a full pose or not'
    ''

    heatmaps,offsets = heat_offset(path)
    bool = pose_detection(heatmaps,offsets,0.7)
    return bool

```

In []:

```

def final_custom(path):
    '''
    Input: Image path
    output: Provided image is a full pose or not
    This function will the plot images based on condition. full pose or not. This is visu
    lazier the results for Module_1
    '''

    bool = final(path)
    if bool:
        print("Full Pose Image")
        image=cv.imread(path)
        plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
        plt.imshow(image)
        plt.show()
        print("\n")
    else:
        print("Not Full-Pose-Image")
        image=cv.imread(path)
        plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
        plt.imshow(image)
        plt.show()
        print("\n")

```

time: 7.65 ms (started: 2021-03-26 09:49:56 +00:00)

In []:

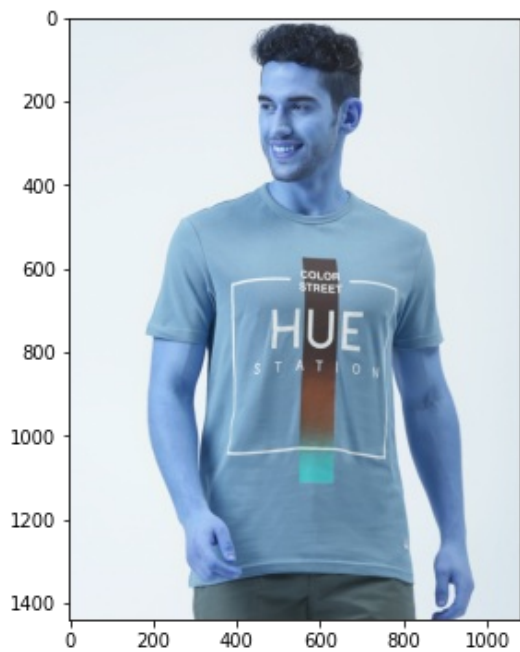
```

import os
path='/content/test'

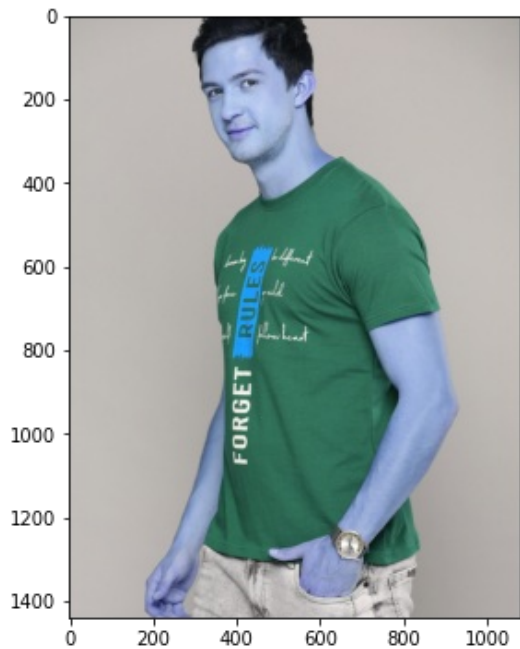
for image in os.listdir(path):
    Image = os.path.join(path,image)
    final_custom(Image)

```

Not Full-Pose-Image



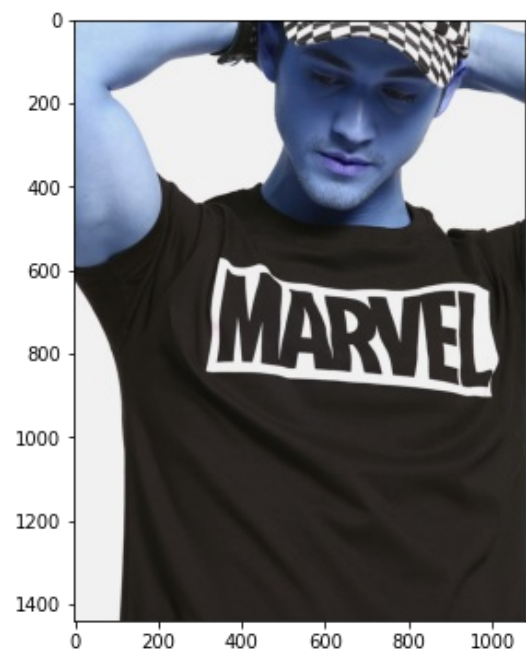
Not Full-Pose-Image



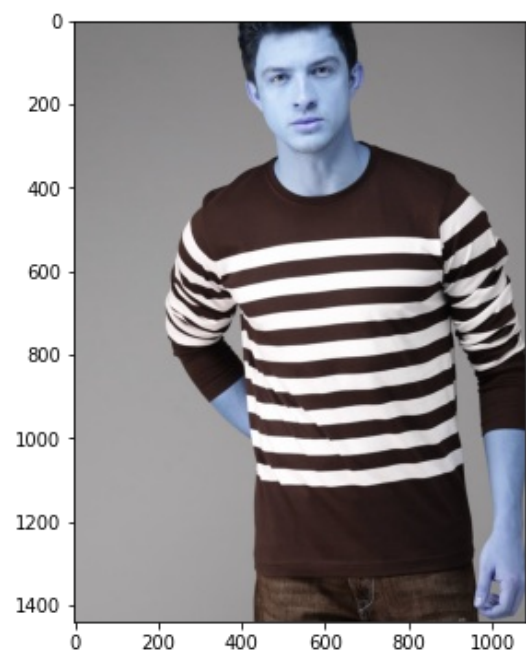
Full Pose Image



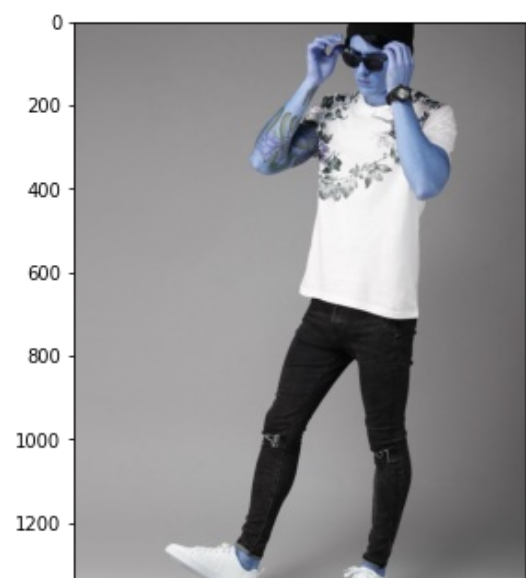
Not Full-Pose-Image

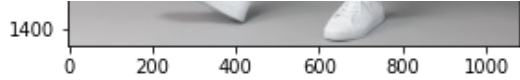


Not Full-Pose-Image

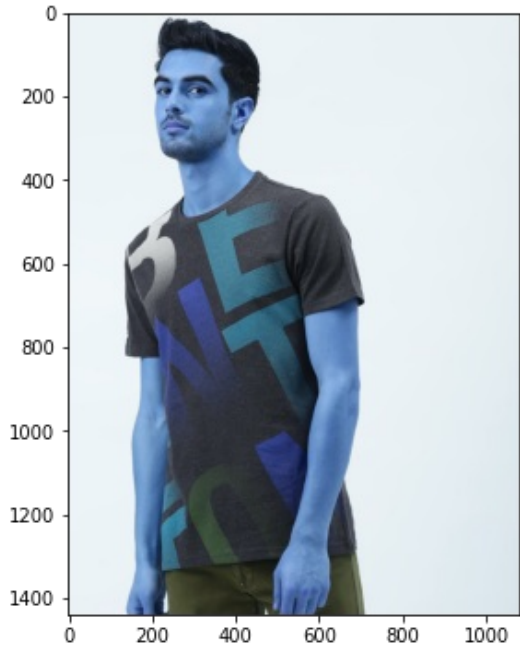


Not Full-Pose-Image

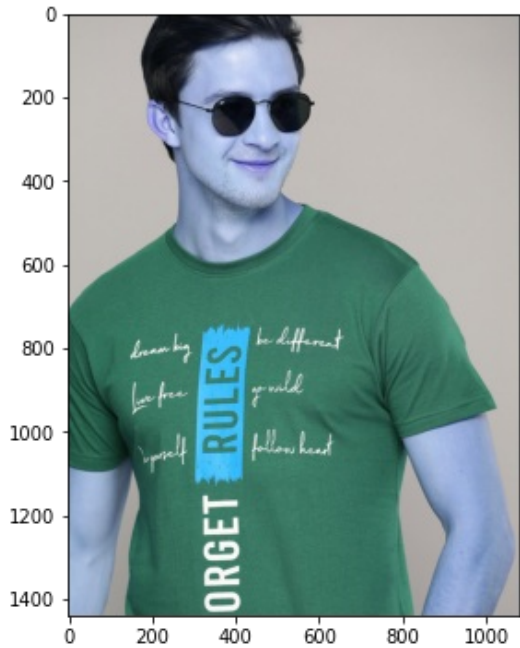




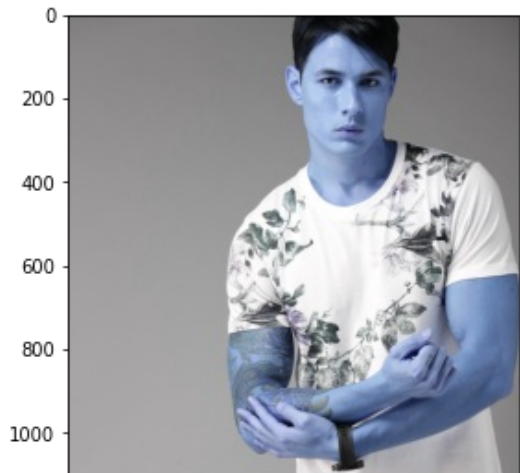
Not Full-Pose-Image

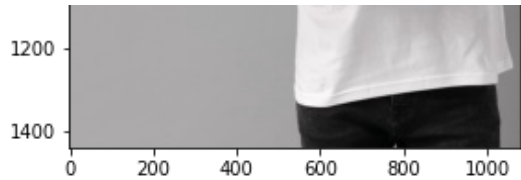


Not Full-Pose-Image

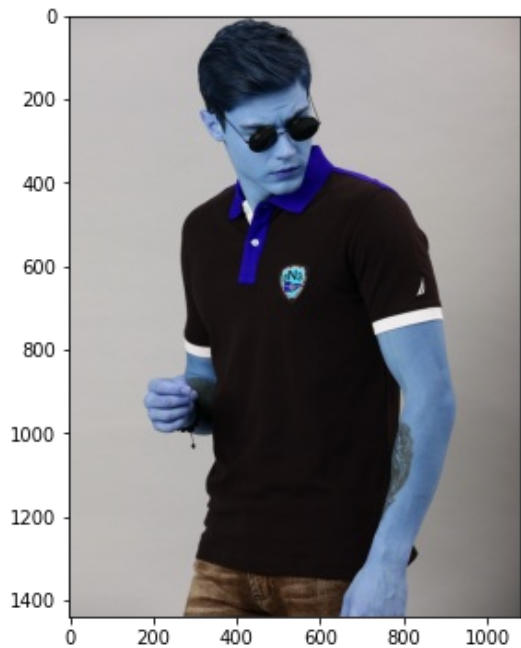


Not Full-Pose-Image

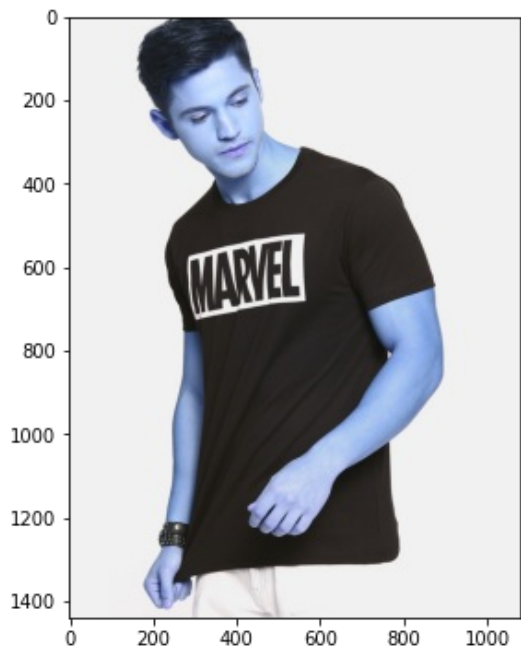




Not Full-Pose-Image

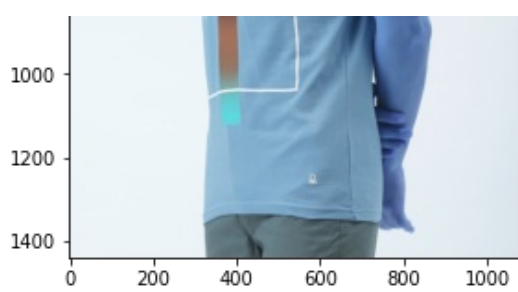


Not Full-Pose-Image

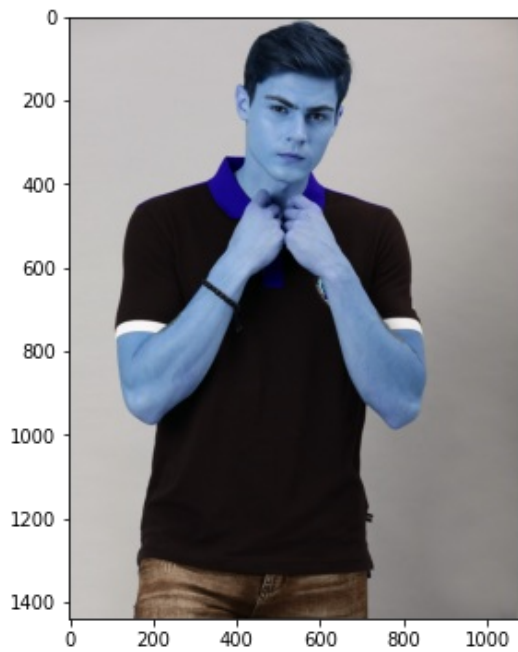


Not Full-Pose-Image





Not Full-Pose-Image



Not Full-Pose-Image



```
Out[ ]:
'for i in image:\n    pa = os.path.join(path,i)\n    final_custom(pa) '
time: 6.12 s (started: 2021-03-26 09:54:19 +00:00)
```

EDA

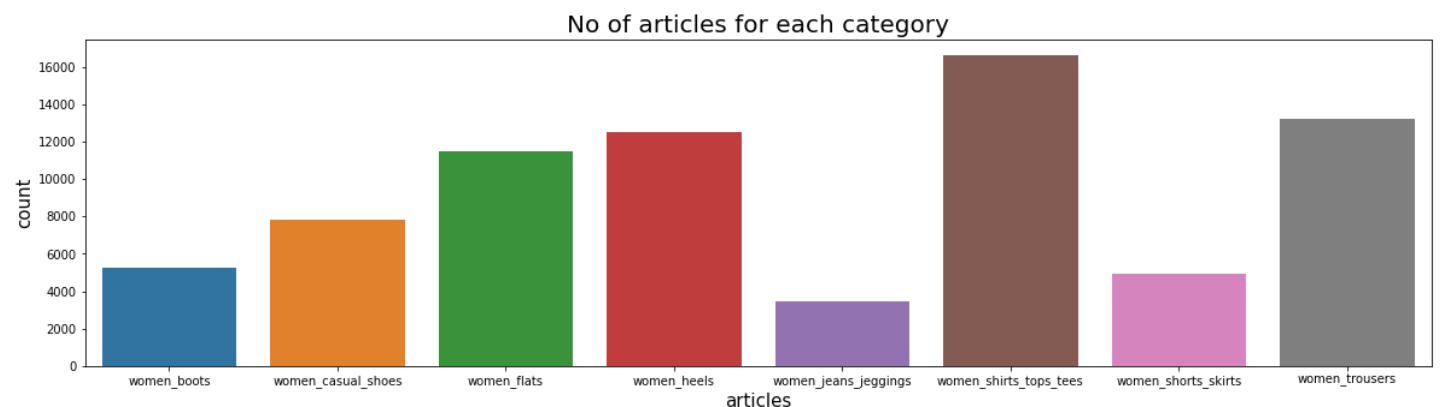
```
In [ ]:
```

```
def count_images(path):
    count=0
    for json in os.listdir(path):
        if json.split('.')[1]=='json':
            count = count+1
    return count
women_boots = count_images('women_boots')
women_casual_shoes = count_images('women_casual_shoes')
women_flats = count_images('women_flats')
women_heels = count_images('women_heels')
women_jeans_jeggings = count_images('women_jeans_jeggings')
women_shirts_tops_tees = count_images('women_shirts_tops_tees')
women_shorts_skirts = count_images('women_shorts_skirts')
women_trousers = count_images('women_trousers')
```

time: 74.3 ms (started: 2021-03-26 08:31:37 +00:00)

In []:

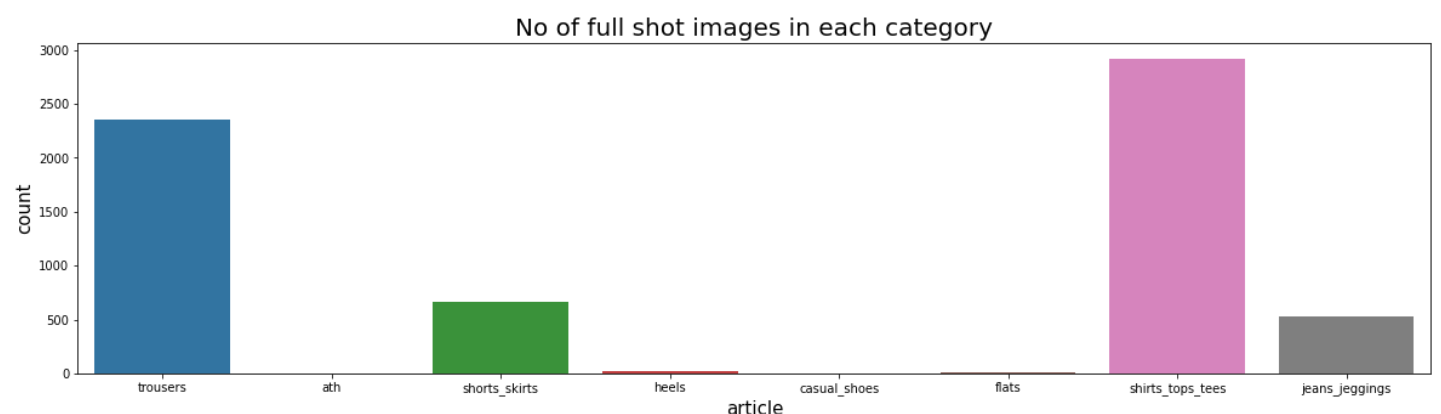
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
sns.barplot(
    ['women_boots','women_casual_shoes','women_flats','women_heels','women_jeans_jeggings',
    'women_shirts_tops_tees','women_shorts_skirts','women_trousers'],
    [women_boots,women_casual_shoes,women_flats,women_heels,women_jeans_jeggings,women_
    shirts_tops_tees,women_shorts_skirts,women_trousers])
plt.title('No of articles for each category',fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel("articles",fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('count',fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



time: 207 ms (started: 2021-03-26 09:36:48 +00:00)

In []:

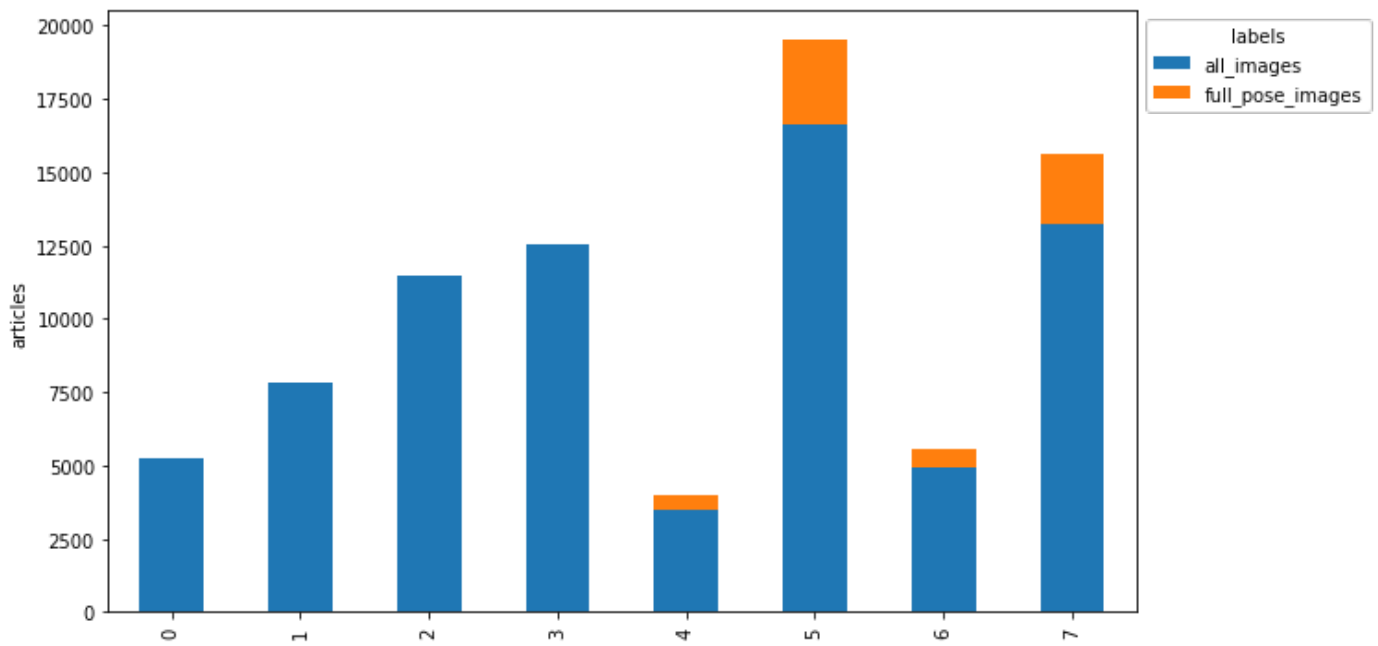
```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
sns.barplot(list(full_pose.keys()),list(full_pose.values()))
plt.title('No of full shot images in each category',fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel("article",fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('count',fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



time: 190 ms (started: 2021-03-26 09:36:28 +00:00)

In []:

```
ax = articles_.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, figsize=(10, 6))
ax.set_ylabel('articles')
plt.legend(title='labels', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 1), loc='upper left')
# plt.savefig('stacked.png') # if needed
plt.show()
```



time: 194 ms (started: 2021-03-26 09:48:33 +00:00)