

# Esercitazione 9 - Turbo gas / Gas-Turbine Cycles

## Esercizio 2

$$\dot{L}_v = \dot{L}_{el} = 10 \text{ MW}$$

useful

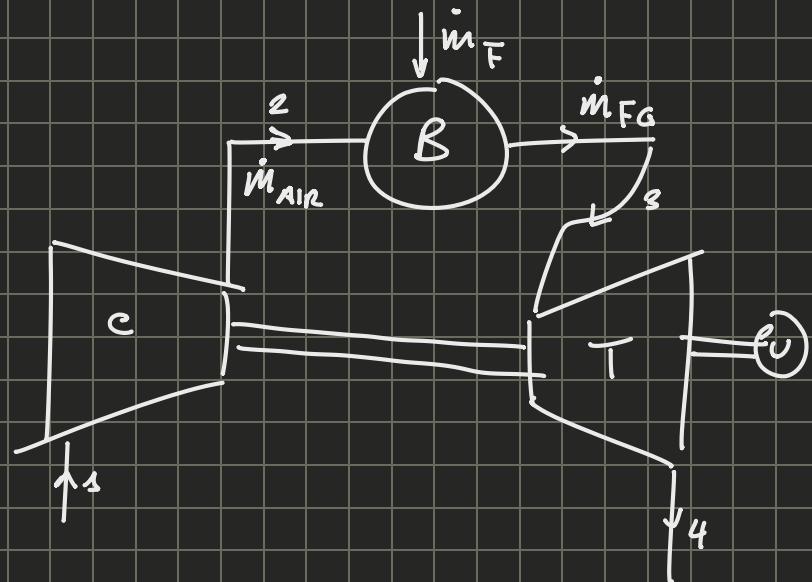
$$P_1 = 1 \text{ bar}$$

$$T_1 = 15^\circ\text{C} = 288 \text{ K}$$

$$T_{max} = 1373 \text{ K} = T_s$$

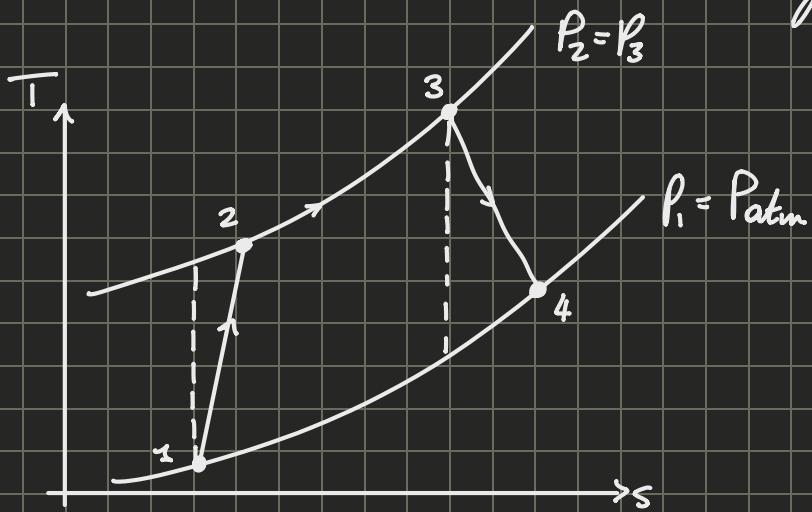
$$\beta = 2.5$$

$$\eta_{J50,C} = 80\%, \quad \eta_{J50,T} = 85\%$$



$$T_3 \gg T_1$$

$m_F$  is negligible with respect to  $m_{air}$



For the whole cycle we can use air.

$$\Rightarrow C_{pair} = C_{pturb} = C_{pFG} = \bar{C_p} = 1004 \text{ J/kg} \left( = C_{pair} \right)$$

$$\gamma_{air} = \gamma_F = \gamma_{FG} = \gamma = 1.4$$

$$LHV = 44 \text{ MJ/kg}$$

$$T_{ref} = 298 \text{ K} \longrightarrow h_f(T_{ref}) + C_p(T - T_{ref})$$

e)  $m_{air}$ ,  $m_F$ ?

unknowns:

$T_2, T_4, m_{air}, m_F \rightarrow 4 \text{ unknown} \Rightarrow 4 \text{ equations}$

(Generally  $P_u = P_i$ , unless explicitly stated in text)

Compressor:

$$h_c = c_{pair} T_1 \left( \beta^{\frac{k-1}{k}} - 1 \right) = 436.2 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\eta_{iso,c} = \frac{h_{c,i}}{h_c} \rightarrow h_c = 545.3 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$h_c = c_{pair} (T_2 - T_1) \rightarrow T_2 = T_1 + \frac{h_c}{c_{pair}} = 831.1 \text{ K}$$

Turbine:

$$h_{iso,T} = C_{p,FG} \left( T_{4,iso} - T_3 \right) \quad \Rightarrow \quad T_{4,iso} = T_{max}$$

$$= C_{p,FG} T_3 \left( \frac{T_{4,iso}}{T_3} - 1 \right) = C_{p,FG} T_3 \left( \beta^{\frac{1-C_{p,FG}}{C_{p,FG}}} - 1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{P_4}{P_3} \frac{k-1}{k} = \beta^{\frac{1-C_{p,FG}}{C_{p,FG}}}$$

since  $T_{4,iso}$

because turbine  
is not compressor one

$$\rightarrow h_{iso,T} = 829 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\eta_{iso,T} = \frac{h_T}{h_{iso,T}} = -704.65 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\overline{T_4} = \overline{T_3} + \frac{\dot{L}_T}{C_{p,FG}} = 671.2\text{ K}$$

Based on the balance on the shaft we know:

$$\dot{L}_o + \dot{L}_T + \dot{L}_c = 0$$

$$\dot{L}_o - |\dot{L}_T| + \dot{L}_c = 0$$

$$\dot{L}_o = |\dot{L}_T| - \dot{L}_c = (\dot{m}_{air} + \dot{m}_{FUEL})|\dot{L}_T| - \dot{m}_{air} \dot{L}_c$$

$$\frac{\dot{L}_o}{\dot{m}_f} = (\alpha + 1)|\dot{L}_T| - \alpha \dot{L}_c$$

We don't know  $\dot{m}_f$  or  $\alpha$ , so we need another equation to solve.

We can use the burner to find  $\alpha$ :

(We start from scratch in the burner, since it's good to review)

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{L}_o + \dot{Q} &= \dot{m}_{FG} \left( h_{f,FG} + C_{p,FG} (\overline{T}_{FG} - T_{ref}) \right) \\ &\quad - \dot{m}_{ox} \left( h_{f,ox} + C_{p,ox} (\overline{T}_{ox} - T_{ref}) \right) \\ &\quad - \dot{m}_F \left( h_{f,F} + C_{p,F} (\overline{T}_F - T_{ref}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Gassily air is our oxidizer but we just write a general formula for now

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{m}_{ox} C_{p,ox} (\overline{T}_{ox} - T_{ref}) + \dot{m}_F C_{p,F} (\overline{T}_F - T_{ref}) + \\ + \dot{m}_{ox} h_{f,ox} + \dot{m}_F h_{f,F} - \dot{m}_{FG} h_{f,FG} = \dot{m}_{FG} C_{p,FG} (\overline{T}_{FG} - T_{ref}) \end{aligned}$$

Dividing by  $\dot{m}_F$ :

$$\dot{L} \text{HV}_F$$

$$\alpha C_{p,ox} (\overline{T}_{ox} - T_{ref}) + C_{p,F} (\overline{T}_F - T_{ref}) + \underbrace{\left[ h_{f,F} + \alpha h_{f,ox} - (1+\alpha) h_{f,FG} \right]}_{\dot{L}}$$

$$= (1 + \alpha) C_{p,FG} (\bar{T}_{FG} - \bar{T}_{ref})$$

Approximations:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} C_{p,ox} = C_{p,F} \\ \bar{T}_{ox} = \bar{T}_F \rightarrow \text{more realistic} \end{array} \right.$$

Applying these:

$$\alpha + 1 C_{p,ox} (\bar{T}_{ox} - \bar{T}_{ref}) + L V H_F = (1 + \alpha) C_{p,FG} (\bar{T}_{FG} - \bar{T}_{ref})$$

Solving for  $\alpha$ :

$$\boxed{\alpha = \frac{L V H_F}{C_{p,FG} (\bar{T}_{FG} - \bar{T}_{ref}) - C_{p,ox} (\bar{T}_{ox} - \bar{T}_{ref})} - 1}$$

To simplify more:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{C}_p &= \frac{\dot{m}_F C_{p,F} + \dot{m}_{ox} C_{p,ox} + \dot{m}_{FG} C_{p,FG}}{\dot{m}_F + \dot{m}_{ox} + \dot{m}_{FG}} \\ &= \frac{(1+\alpha)(C_{p,ox} + C_{p,FG})}{2(1+\alpha)} = \frac{C_{p,ox} + C_{p,FG}}{\alpha} \end{aligned}$$

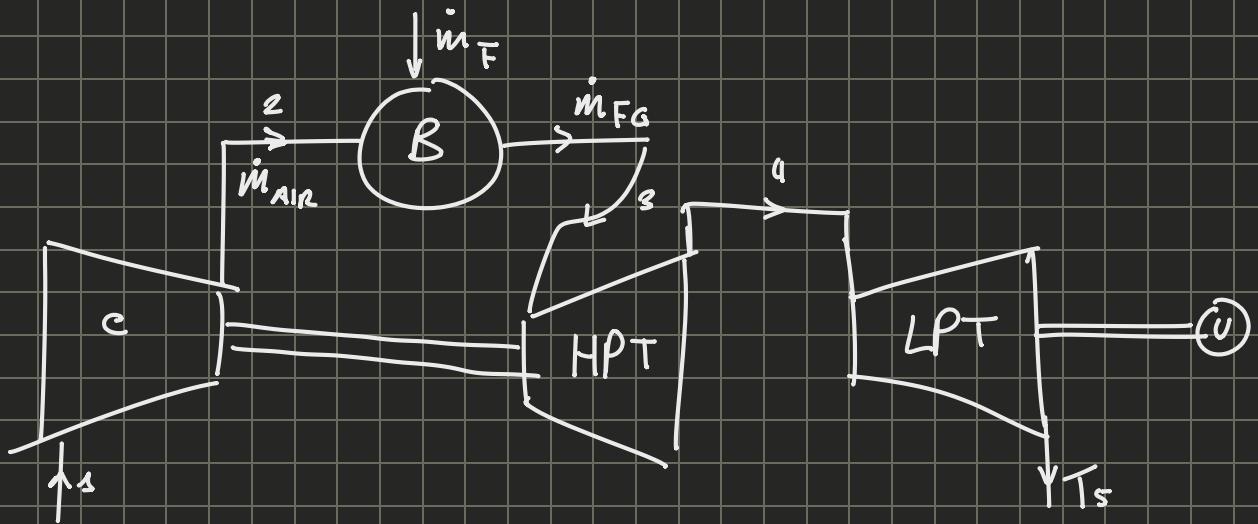
$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{L V H_F}{\bar{C}_p (\bar{T}_{FG} - \bar{T}_{ox})} - 1 = 79.9 = \frac{\dot{m}_{air}}{\dot{m}_F}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{m}_F = 0.744 \text{ kg/s} \rightarrow \text{Using in combination with other equation.}$$

$$\dot{m}_{air} = \alpha \dot{m}_F = 59.4 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$2) \eta_{cycle} = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{\dot{m}_F LHV_F} = 30.5\%$$

Exercise 2



$$\dot{m}_{air} = 15 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$T_1 = 293 \text{ K}$$

$$\beta = 8$$

$$T_{max} = 1250 \text{ K}$$

$$LHV = 45 \text{ MJ/kg}$$

$$\eta_{BURNER} = 1$$

$$\eta_c = 0.8 \quad \eta_{HPT} = \eta_{LPT} = 0.85$$

$$\eta_{GEN} = 0.97 = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{|\dot{L}_{cpt}|}$$

$$T_{ref} = 298 \text{ K}$$

$$C_p, air = C_p, F = 1004 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kgK}}$$

$$\gamma_{air} = \gamma_F = 1.4$$

$$C_p, FG = 1.2 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kgK}}$$

$$\gamma_{FG} = 1.32$$

a)  $\dot{m}_F = ?$

unknowns ~~T<sub>2</sub>, T<sub>4</sub>, P<sub>4</sub>, m<sub>F</sub>, T<sub>s</sub>, L<sub>ee</sub>~~  
 $(\alpha) \downarrow$  either is fine

Compressor:

$$l_{c, \text{iso}} = C_p, \text{air} \bar{T}_i \left( \beta^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} - 1 \right) = 237.8 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$l_c = \frac{l_{c, \text{iso}}}{\eta_c} = 297.2 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\bar{T}_2 = \bar{T}_1 + \frac{l_c}{C_p, \text{air}} = 590.2 \text{ K}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{LMV_F}{\frac{C_p, FG (\bar{T}_{TGA} - \bar{T}_{ref}) - C_p, ox (\bar{T}_{ox} - \bar{T}_{ref})}{\bar{T}_3} - 1}$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha = 51.9 = \frac{\dot{m}_{air}}{\dot{m}_F}$$

$$\dot{m}_F = \frac{\dot{m}_{air}}{\alpha} = 0.29 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

b)  $\dot{L}_{el}$ ,  $\eta_{cycle} = ?$

$$l_{c, HPT} = C_p, FG \bar{T}_3 \left( \beta_{HPT}^{\frac{1-\gamma_F}{\gamma_F}} - 1 \right) \rightarrow \text{Can't use}$$

Through a balance on the chart we find  $\dot{L}_c = \dot{L}_{HPT}$   
 high pressure

$$\dot{L}_v + \dot{L}_c - |\dot{L}_{HPT}| = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{L}_c = |\dot{L}_{HPT}| \rightarrow \dot{m}_{air} l_c = (\dot{m}_{air} + \dot{m}_F) |\dot{L}_{HPT}|$$

$$\alpha l_c = (1+\alpha) |\dot{L}_{HPT}|$$

$$|\ell_{HPT}| = \frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha} \quad \ell_c = -291.6 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

$$\overline{T_4} = \overline{T_3} + \frac{\ell_{HPT}}{C_{p,FG}} = 1007 \text{ K}$$

$$\ell_{is,HPT} = \frac{\ell_{HPT}}{\eta_{HPT,is}} = -343.06 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

$$\rightarrow \beta_{HPT} = 2.92 = \frac{P_3}{P_4} = \frac{\beta P_i}{P_i} \rightarrow P_4 = \frac{\beta P_i}{\beta_{HPT}} = 2.74 \text{ bar}$$

$$\beta_{LPT} = \frac{P_4}{P_s} = \frac{P_4}{P_{0TM}} = 2.74$$

$$\ell_{is,LPT} = C_{p,FG} \overline{T_4} \left( \beta_{LPT}^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1 \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \ell_{is,LPT} = -261.97 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

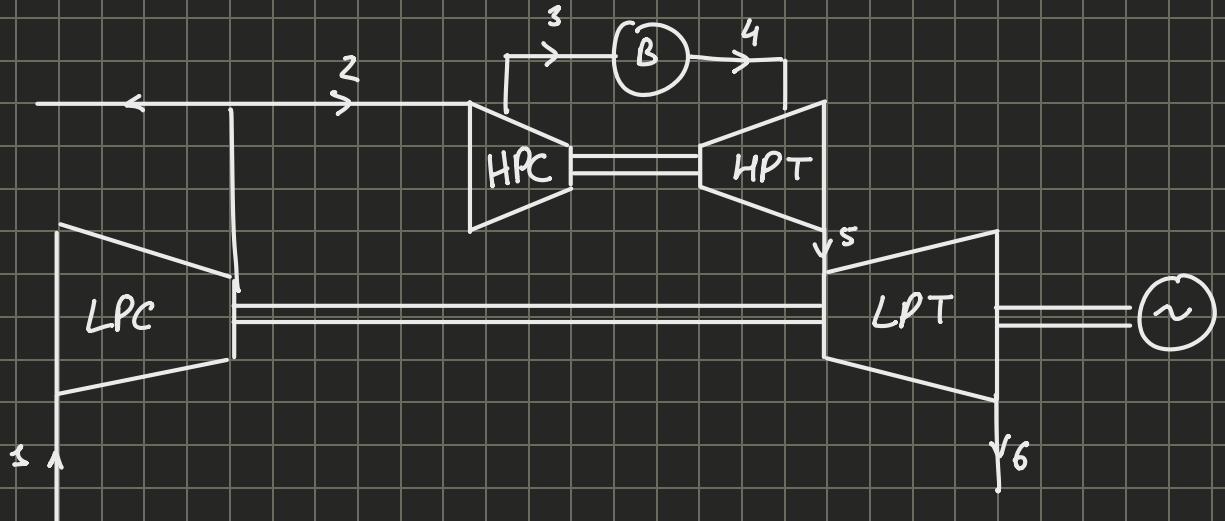
$$\ell_{LPT} = \ell_{is,LPT} \cdot \eta_{LPT} = -222.67 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

$$\overline{T_5} = \overline{T_4} + \frac{\ell_{LPT}}{C_{p,FG}} \rightarrow \overline{T_5} = 821.4 \text{ K}$$

$$\eta_{GEN} = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{|\dot{L}_{LPT}|} = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{(m_F + m_{air}) \ell_{LPT}} \Rightarrow \dot{L}_{el} = 3302 \text{ kW} = 3.3 \text{ MW}$$

$$\eta_{cycle} = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{\dot{m}_F LHV_F} = 25.3\%$$

### Exercise 3



$$\beta = 32 \quad \beta_{LPC} = \beta_{HPC} = \sqrt{\beta} = 5.66$$

$$T_{max} = 1473 \text{ K} \quad L_{el} = L_u = 20 \text{ MW}$$

$\eta_{cs} = 0.85 \rightarrow \text{for all the components}$

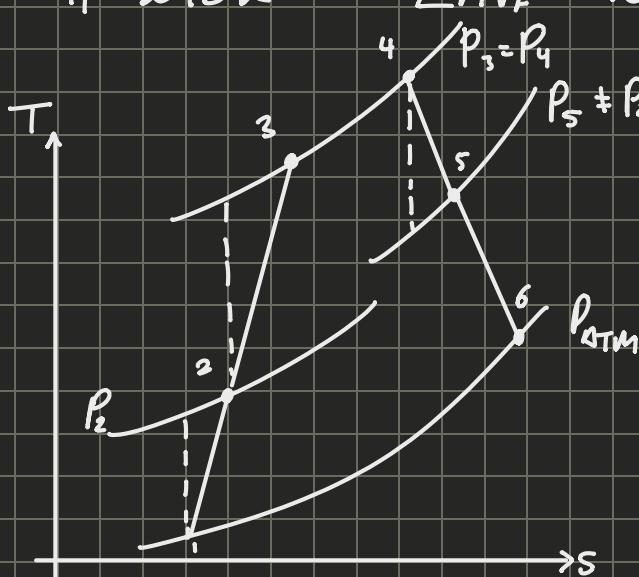
a) in air, in F?

$$C_{p,F} = C_{p,FG} = C_{p,ox} = \pm \frac{hJ}{kg \cdot K}$$

$$\gamma_F = \gamma_{FG} = \gamma_{air} = 1.4$$

$$P_1 = 1 \text{ bar} \quad T_{ref} = 298 \text{ K}$$

$$T_1 = 293 \text{ K} \quad LHV_F = 40 \frac{\text{MJ}}{\text{kg}}$$



unknowns:

$T_2, T_3, T_5, P_5, T_6, \dot{m}_{air}, \dot{m}_F \rightarrow 7$  unknowns, 7 equations

4 Turbomaschinen, 2 shafts, 1 burner  $\rightarrow$  1 equation for each

### LPC

$$\ell_{LPC, is} = C_p, air T_1 \left( \beta_{LPC}^{\frac{k-1}{k}} - 1 \right) = 388.5 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

$$\ell_{LPC} = \frac{\ell_{LPC, is}}{\eta_{LPC}} = 221.8 \frac{hJ}{kg} \rightarrow T_2 = T_1 + \frac{\ell_{LPC}}{C_p, air} = 514K$$

### HPC

$$\ell_{HPC, is} = C_p, air T_2 \left( \beta_{HPC}^{\frac{k-1}{k}} - 1 \right) = 330.8 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

$$\ell_{HPC} = \frac{\ell_{HPC, is}}{\eta_{HPC}} = 389.2 \frac{hJ}{kg}$$

$$T_3 - T_2 + \frac{\ell_{HPC}}{C_p, air} = 901.6 K$$

### Cambustor

since 10% of air taken away.

$$\alpha^* = \frac{LHV_F}{\bar{C}_p(T_4 - T_3)} - 1 = 68.7 = \frac{0.9 \dot{m}_{air}}{\dot{m}_F}$$

$\hookrightarrow$  assuming  $\bar{C}_p$ , the  
Tref is not considered

$$\alpha = \frac{\dot{m}_{air}}{\dot{m}_F} = \frac{\alpha^*}{0.9} = 76.3$$

## HP shaft

$$|L_{HPT}| = L_{HPC}$$

$$(0.9 m_{air} + m_F) \ell_{HPT} = 0.9 m_{air} \ell_{HPC}$$

$$\rightarrow (\alpha^* + 1) | \ell_{HPT} | = \alpha^* \ell_{HPC}$$

$$| \ell_{HPT} | = \frac{\alpha^*}{\alpha^* + 1} \ell_{HPC} = 383.6 \frac{kJ}{kg}$$

$$\ell_{HPT} = -383.6 \frac{kJ}{kg} \rightarrow T_5 = T_4 + \frac{\ell_{HPT}}{C_{p,FG}} = 1091 K$$

$$\eta_{HPT} = \frac{\ell_{HPT}}{\ell_{HPT, is}} \rightarrow \ell_{HPT, is} = \frac{\ell_{HPT}}{\eta_{HPT}} = -451.3 \frac{kJ}{kg}$$

$$\ell_{HPT, is} = C_{p,FG} \cdot T_4 \left( \beta_{HPT}^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} - 1 \right) \rightarrow \beta_{HPT} = \left( \frac{\ell_{HPT, is}}{C_{p,FG} T_4} + 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{1-\gamma_{FG}}} = 3.58$$

$$\frac{P_4}{P_{S-}} = \frac{\beta P_1}{P_S} \rightarrow P_{S-} = \frac{\beta P_1}{\beta_{HPT}} = 8.94 \text{ bar} \quad \begin{matrix} & \\ & \text{as we drew} \end{matrix}$$

## LPT

$$\ell_{LPT, is} = C_{p,FG} T_5 \left( \beta_{LPT}^{\frac{1-\gamma_{FG}}{\gamma_{FG}}} - 1 \right)$$

$$\frac{P_S}{P_5} = 8.94$$

$$\rightarrow \ell_{LPT, is} = -509.6 \frac{kJ}{kg}$$

$$\ell_{LPT} = \eta_{LPT} \ell_{LPT, is} = -433.2 \frac{kJ}{kg}$$

$$T_6 = T_5 + \frac{\ell_{LPT}}{C_p, \bar{T}_A} = 659.5 \text{ K}$$

$L_P$  shaft

$$\dot{L}_v - |\dot{L}_{\text{shaft}}| + \dot{L}_{LPC} =$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{L}_v = |\dot{L}_{LPT}| - \dot{L}_{LPC}$$

$$\dot{L}_{el} = (0.9 m_{air} + \dot{m}_f) |\dot{L}_{LPT}| - m_{air} \cdot \dot{L}_{LPC}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{\dot{m}_f} = (\alpha + 1) |\dot{L}_{LPT}| - \alpha \dot{L}_{LPC}$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{m}_f = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{(\alpha + 1) |\dot{L}_{LPT}| - \alpha \dot{L}_{LPC}}$$

$$\rightarrow \dot{m}_f = 1.51 \text{ kg/s} \rightarrow m_{air} = \alpha \dot{m}_f = 115.2 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\eta_{\text{cycle}} = \frac{\dot{L}_{el}}{\dot{m}_f \cdot LHV_f} = 33.1 \%$$