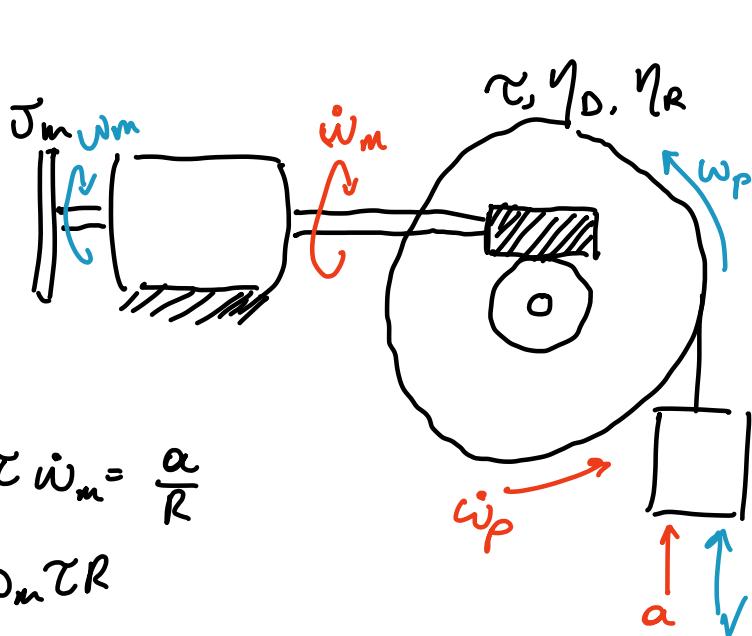


Oratow 7 -

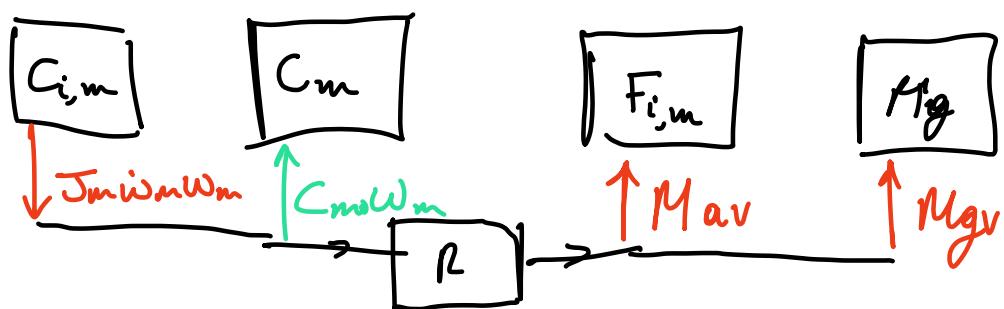
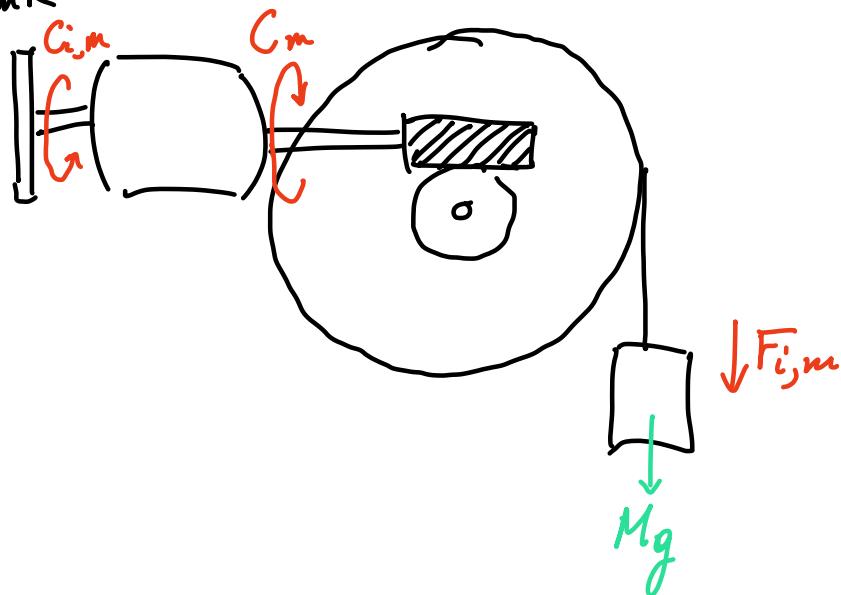


$$\dot{\omega}_p = \tau \dot{\omega}_m = \frac{a}{R}$$

$$a = \dot{\omega}_m \tau R$$

$$\omega_p = \tau \omega_m = \frac{v}{R}$$

$$v = \tau \omega_m R$$



$$(C_m \omega_m - J_m \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m) \eta_D - (M_{av} + M_{gv}) = 0$$

$$C_m \omega_m \eta_0 - J_m \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m \eta_D - M \omega_m \omega_m (\tau R)^2 - Mg \omega_m (\tau R) = 0$$

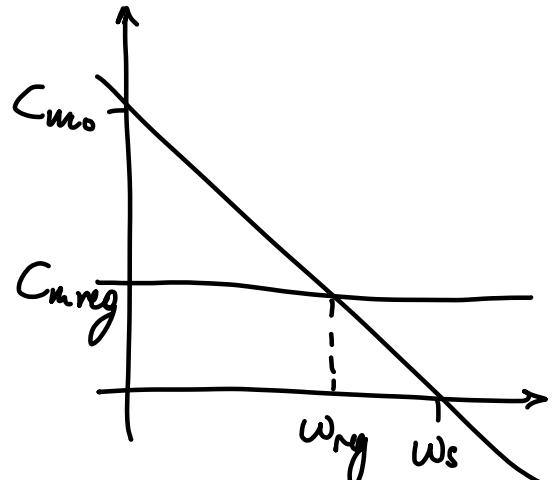
$$C_m \omega_m \eta_0 - Mg \omega_m (\tau R) = J_m \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m \eta_D + M \omega_m \omega_m (\tau R)^2$$

$$\frac{C_m \dot{\omega}_m \eta_0 - Mg \omega_m (\tau R)}{J_m \dot{\omega}_m \eta_D + M \omega_m (\tau R)^2} = \dot{\omega}_m$$

A regime $\alpha=0 \Rightarrow \dot{\omega}_m=0$

$$C_m^{(\text{reg})} \omega_m \eta_0 - Mg \omega_m (\tau R) = 0$$

$$\cancel{\omega_m (C_m \eta_0 - Mg \tau R) = 0}$$



$$C_m(\omega_{\text{reg}}) = \frac{Mg \tau R}{\eta_0}$$

$$\omega_s = \frac{2\pi n_s}{60} = 78,54 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_m(\omega_{\text{reg}}) = C_{m0} \left(1 - \frac{\omega_{\text{reg}}}{\omega_s} \right)$$

$$\frac{C_m(\omega_{\text{reg}})}{C_{m0}} = 1 - \frac{\omega_{\text{reg}}}{\omega_s}$$

$$\omega_{\text{reg}} = \omega_s \left(1 - \frac{C_m(\omega_{\text{reg}})}{C_{m0}} \right) = 30,38 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$= \omega_s \left(1 - \frac{Mg \tau R}{\eta_D C_0} \right)$$

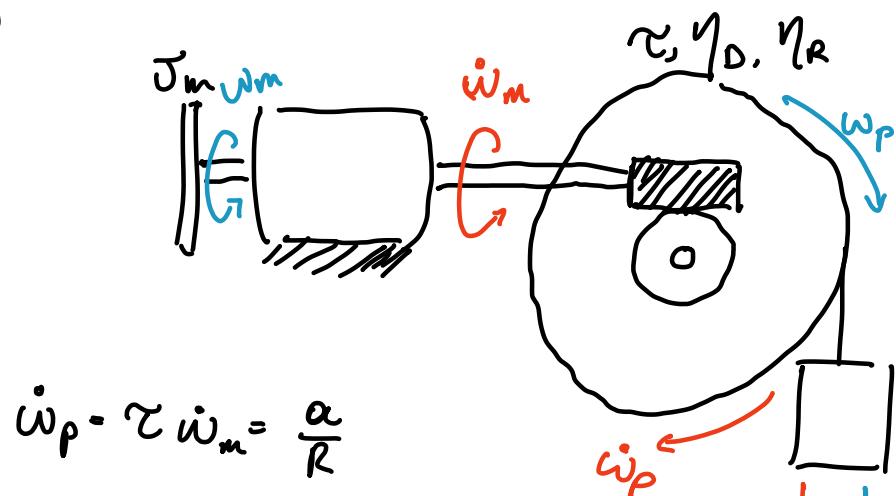
$$C_m \omega_m \eta_D - J \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m \eta_D - M \omega_m \omega_m (\tau R)^2 - Mg \omega_m (\tau R) = 0$$

$$C_m \omega_m \eta_D - \frac{Mg \omega_m (\tau R)}{\eta_D} = \frac{M \omega_m \omega_m (\tau R)^2 + J \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m \eta_D}{\eta_D}$$

\downarrow

$J_T^{\text{real}} \cdot \dot{\omega}_m$

4)

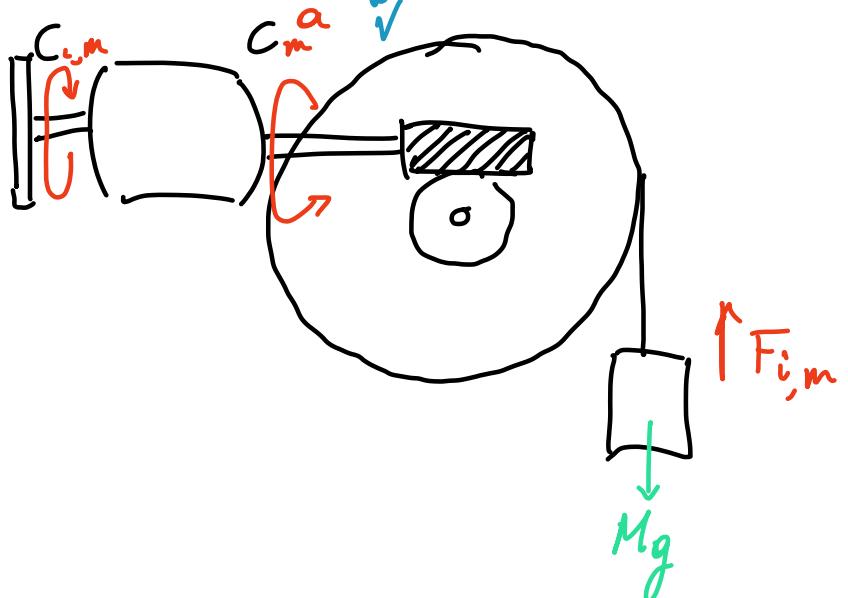


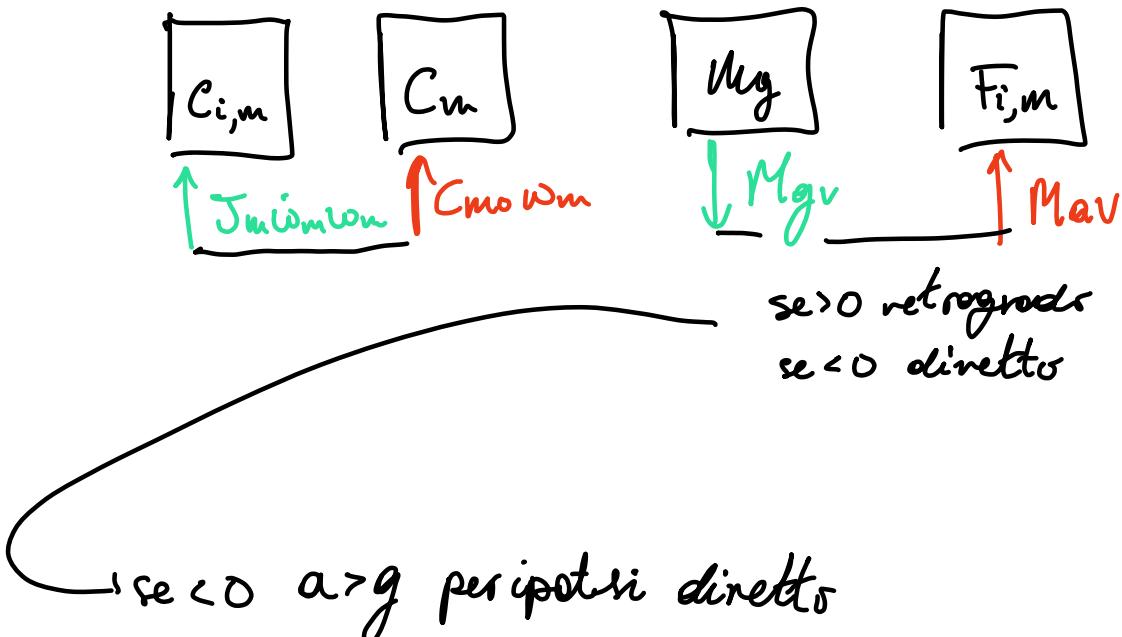
$$\dot{w}_p = \zeta \dot{\omega}_m = \frac{\alpha}{R}$$

$$\alpha = \dot{\omega}_m \tau R$$

$$\omega_p = \zeta \omega_m = \frac{v}{R}$$

$$v = \zeta \omega_m R$$



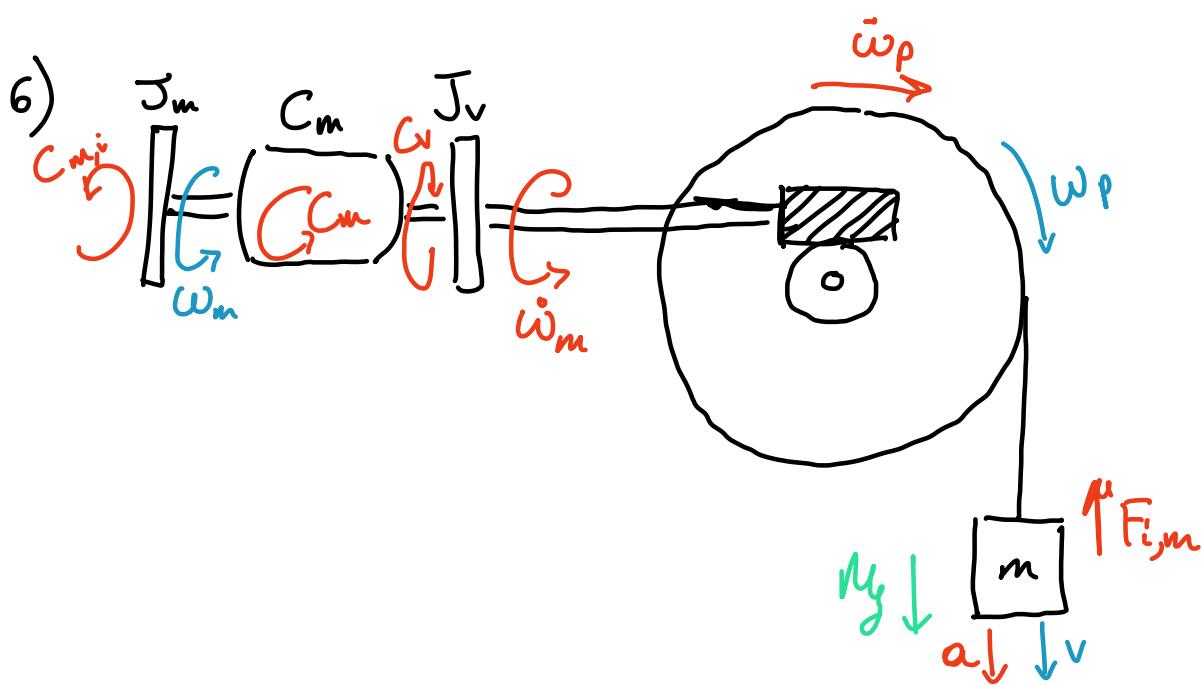


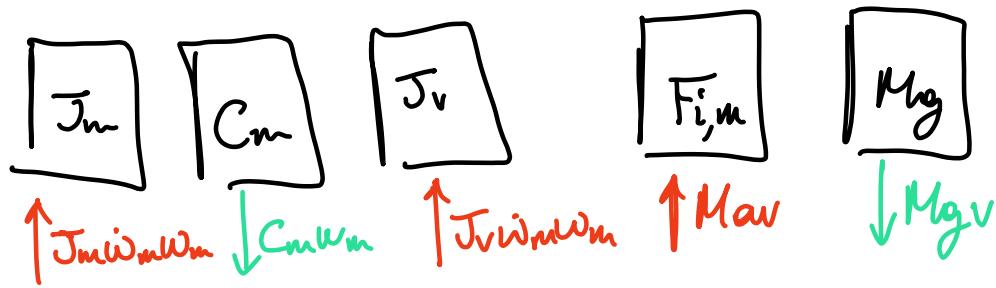
$$(-J_{mim}\omega_m + C_{mo}\omega_m)\eta_0 + Mg_{av} - M_{av} = 0$$

$$J_m\omega_m\dot{\omega}_m\eta_0 - C_{mo}\dot{\omega}_m\eta_0 + Mg\dot{\omega}_m\tau R - M_{av}\dot{\omega}_m(\tau R)^2 = 0$$

$$\omega_m = \frac{Mg\tau R + C_{mo}\eta_0}{M(\tau R)^2 + J_m\eta_0} = \frac{51,62}{0,016} = 3226 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\alpha = 12,905 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$





Ipotesi rettangolare perché $g > a$

$$\dot{\omega}_m = \frac{a}{R\tau}$$

$$C_m \dot{\omega}_m - J_m \dot{\omega}_m \dot{\omega}_m - J_v \dot{\omega}_m \dot{\omega}_m + Mg \ddot{\omega}_m \tau R \eta_R - M \dot{\omega}_m \dot{\omega}_m \\ (\tau R)^2 \eta_R$$

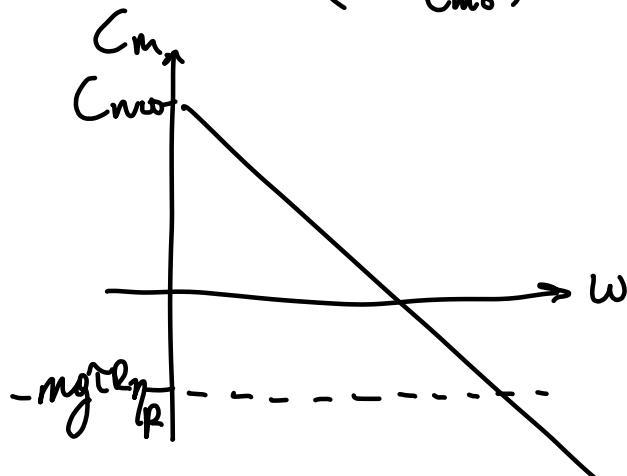
$$J_v = 0,0088 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow C_m \dot{\omega}_m + Mg \dot{\omega}_m \tau R \eta_R = 0$$

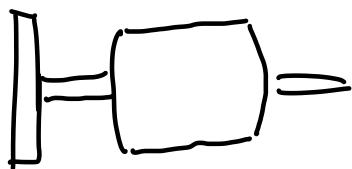
$$C_m = -Mg \tau R \eta_R$$

$$C_{mo} \left(1 - \frac{\omega_m}{\omega_s} \right) = C_m$$

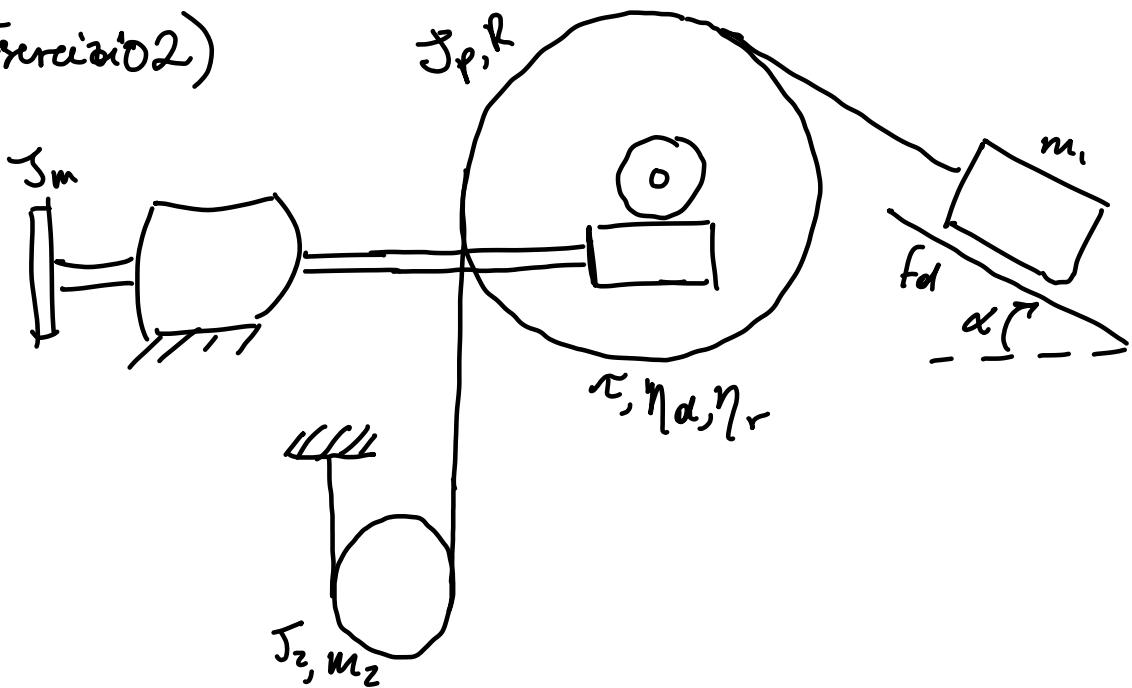
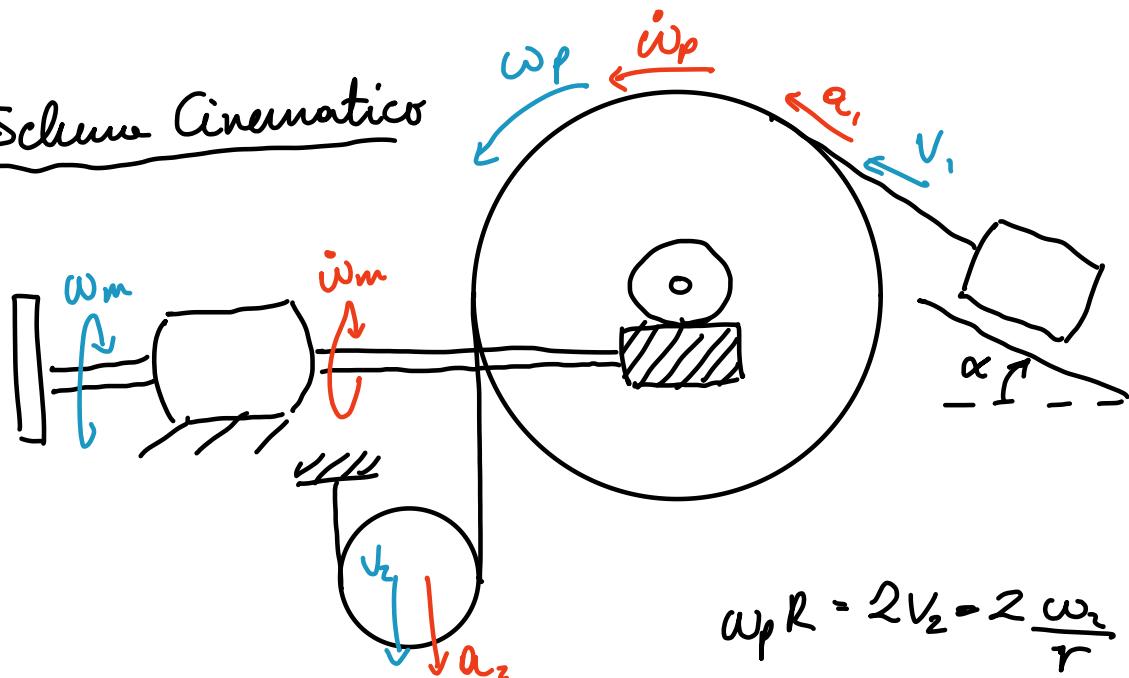
$$\omega_m = \left(1 - \frac{C_m}{C_{mo}} \right) \omega_s = 105 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$



1)



Exercicio 2)

Scheme Cinematico

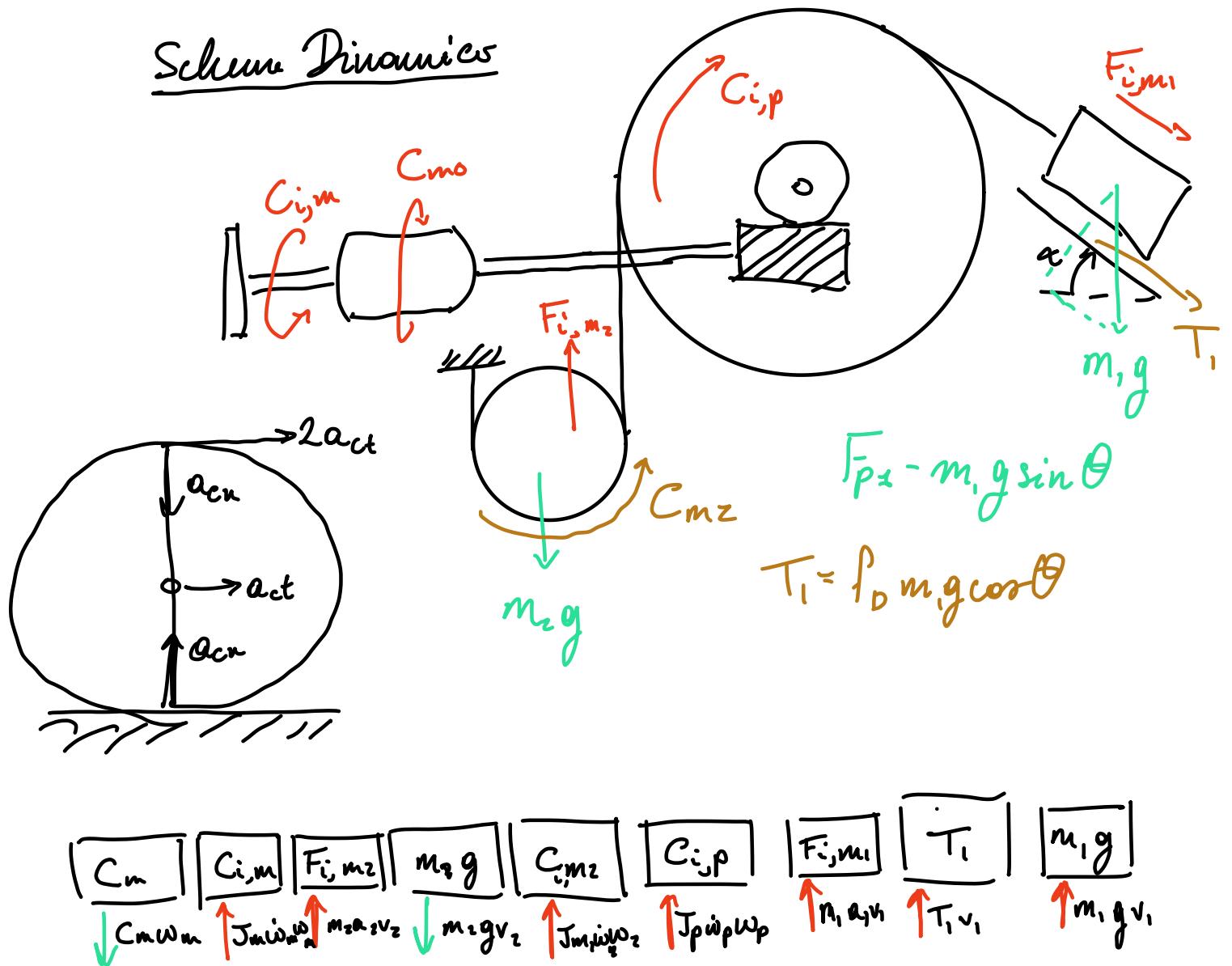
$$\omega_p R = 2v_2 - 2 \frac{\omega_r}{r}$$

$$\omega_p = \omega_m \tau = \frac{v_1}{R} = \frac{2v_2}{R}$$

$$\dot{\omega}_p = \dot{\omega}_m \tau - \frac{a_1}{R} = \frac{2a_2}{R}$$

$$\omega_r = \frac{v_z}{r} \quad \dot{\omega}_r = \frac{a_z}{r}$$

Scheme Dynamics



se C_m , $J_{m \times m} \Rightarrow$ diretto ipotesi: η_0

$$(C_m w_{mz} - J_{mz} i_w D_m) \eta_0 + m_2 g v_2 - m_2 a_2 v_2 - J_{mz} \dot{w}_2 w_2 - J_p \dot{w}_p w_p - m_1 a_1 v_1 - T_1 v_1 - m_1 g h$$

$\frac{\dot{w}_{mzR}}{2}$ $\frac{\dot{w}_{mzR}}{2}$ $\frac{\dot{w}_{mzR}}{2}$ \dot{w}_{mz} \dot{w}_{mzR} \dot{w}_{mzR}
 \downarrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \downarrow \uparrow
 $\frac{\dot{w}_{mzR}}{2}$ $\frac{\dot{w}_{mzR}}{r}$ \dot{w}_{mz} \dot{w}_{mzR} \dot{w}_{mzR}
 \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow

$$C_m \eta_0 - J_m \dot{w}_m \eta_0 + \frac{m_2 g}{2} \frac{\gamma R^2}{z} - \frac{m_2 \dot{w}_m (\gamma R)^2}{4} - J_m \frac{m_2 \dot{w}_m (\gamma R)^2}{2r^2} - J_p \dot{w}_m \gamma^2 - m_1 \dot{w}_m (\gamma R)^2 - T_i \gamma R$$

$$C_m \eta_0 + m_2 g \frac{\gamma R}{z} = T_i \gamma R - m_1 g \gamma R \sin \alpha - m_1 g \gamma R$$

$$1) \quad \ddot{\omega}_m = \frac{C_m \eta_D + \frac{m_2 g \gamma R^2}{2} - T_1 \gamma R - m_1 g \gamma R \sin \alpha}{J_m \eta_D + \frac{m_2 (\gamma R)^2}{4} + \frac{J_m (\gamma R)^2}{2r^2} + J_p \gamma^2 + m_1 (\gamma R)^2} = 6,85 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$2) C_m \eta_D + \frac{m_2 g \gamma_R}{2} \cdot T_i \gamma_R - m_1 g \gamma_R^{\sin \alpha} = 0$$

$$C_m \eta_D + \frac{m_2 g \gamma_R}{2} - f_0 m_1 g \cos \alpha \gamma_R - m_1 g \gamma_R \sin \alpha = 0$$

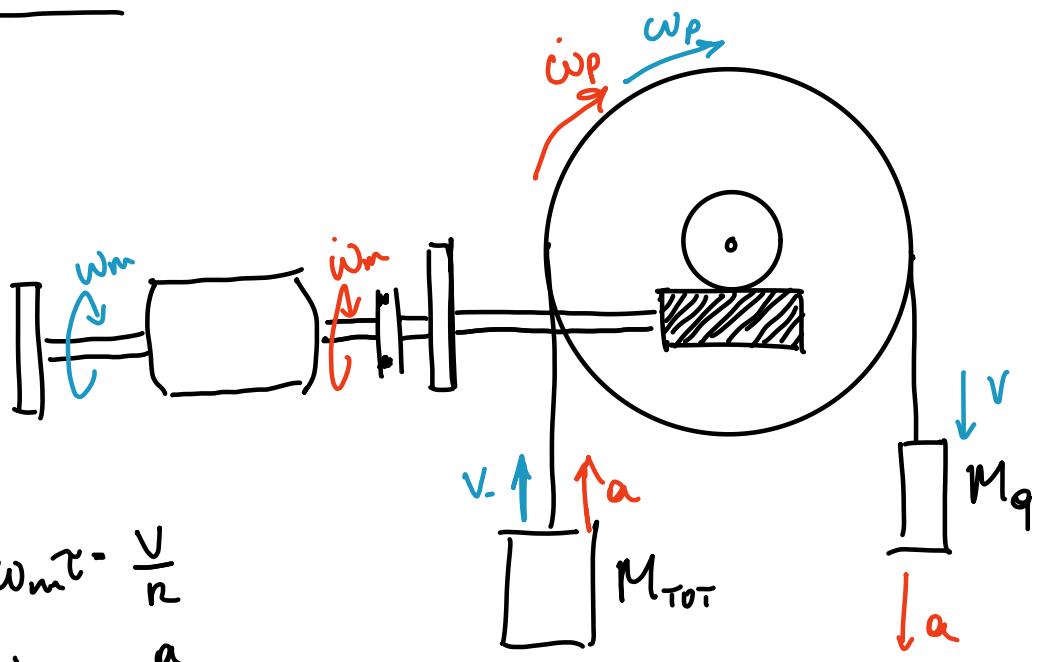
$$C_m = \frac{m_1 g \gamma_R \sin \alpha + f_0 m_1 g \cos \alpha \gamma_R - m_2 g \frac{\gamma_R}{2 \eta_D}}{\eta_D}$$

$$= 8,175 + 2,831 - 10,9 = 10,9 \text{ Nm}$$

$$C_m = \left(1 - \frac{\omega_m}{\omega_s}\right) C_{mo}$$

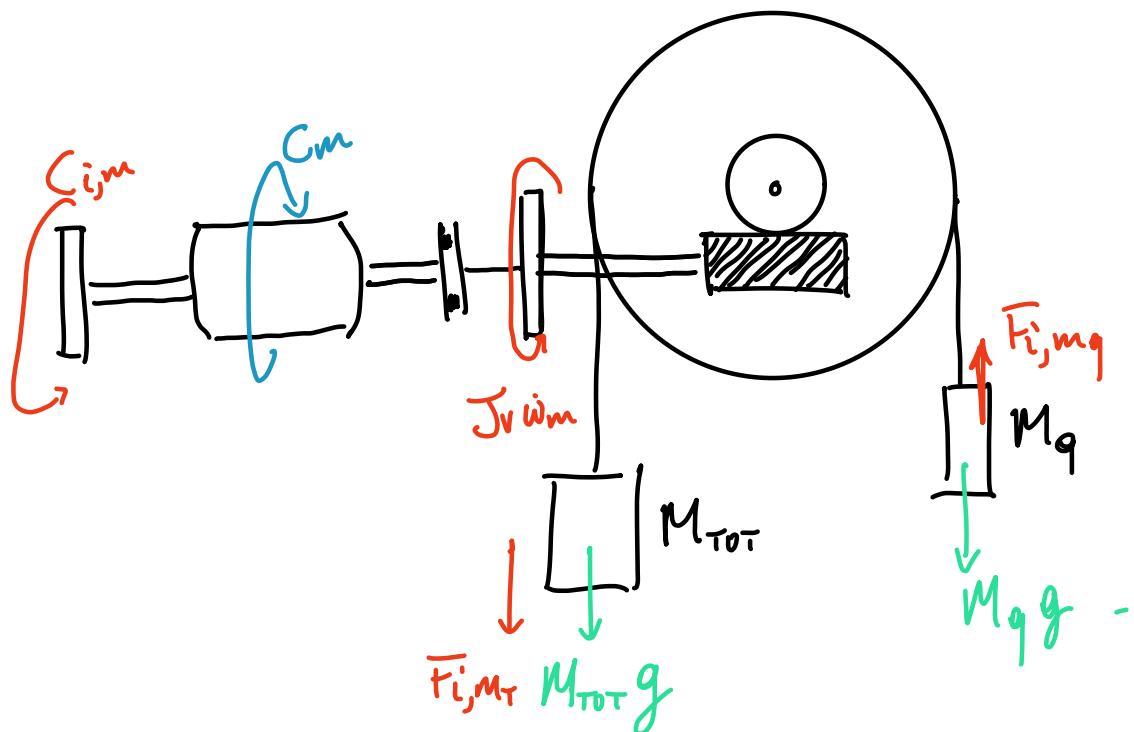
$$\omega_m = \omega_s \left(1 - \frac{C_m}{C_{mo}}\right) = -18,125 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \quad \leftarrow \text{Zeugfaktor}$$

Esercizio 3



$$\omega_p = \omega_m \tau - \frac{V}{R}$$

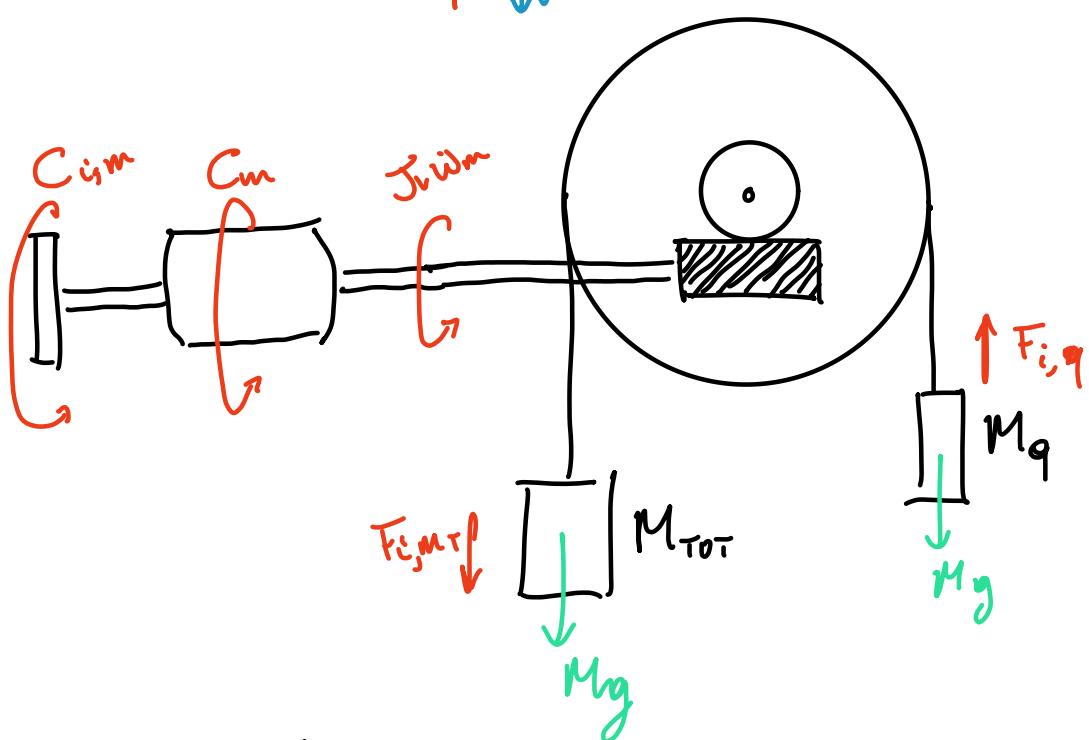
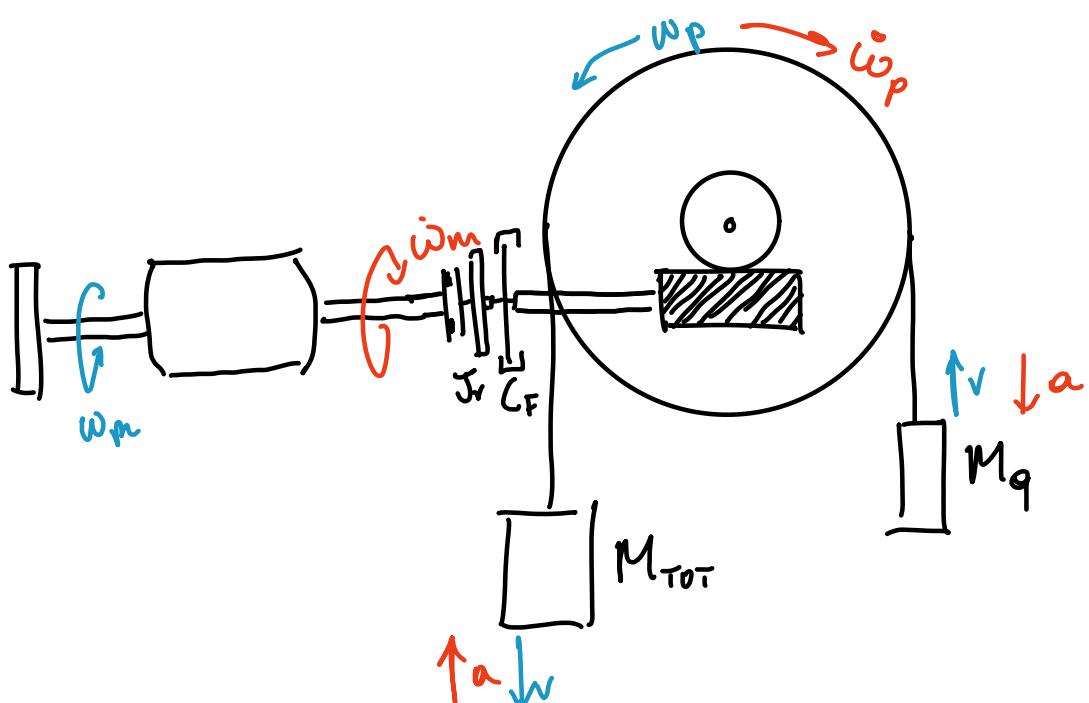
$$\dot{\omega}_p = \dot{\omega}_m \tau = \frac{a}{R}$$



$$C_m \omega_m^{\eta_0} - J_m i \omega_m \dot{\omega}_m^{\eta_0} - J_v i \omega_m \dot{\omega}_m + M_q g \Delta r m \tau_R - M_q i \omega_m (\tau_R)^2 - M_{TOT} i \omega_m (\tau_R)^2 - M_{TOT} g \Delta r m \tau_R$$

$$\dot{\omega}_m = \frac{C_m \eta_0 + M_q g \tau_R - M_{TOT} g \tau_R}{J_m \eta_0 + J_v \eta_0 + M_q (\tau_R)^2 + M_{TOT} (\tau_R)^2} = \\ = \frac{63 + 88,29 - 137,34}{0,18 + 0,72 + 0,18 + 0,28} = \frac{13,95}{1,36} = 10,26 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$C_G = C_m - J_m \dot{\omega}_m = 67,95 \text{ Nm}$$



$$\omega_p \approx \omega_m = \frac{v}{R}$$

$$\dot{\omega}_p \approx \dot{\omega}_m = \frac{a}{R}$$

$$a = \dot{\omega}_m \approx R =$$

$$\frac{a}{\approx R} - \dot{\omega}_m = 50 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_m \omega_m = C_F \omega_m + J_m \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m + J_r \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m + (M_{TOT} g v + M_{TOT} a v + M_q a v - M_q g v) \eta_R$$

$$C_m \omega_m = C_F \omega_m + J_m \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m + J_r \dot{\omega}_m \omega_m + M_{TOT} g \tau_R \omega_m^2 + M_{TOT} (\tau R)^2 \omega_m^2 \eta_R + M_q (\tau R)^2 \omega_m^2 \eta_R - M_q g \omega_m \tau R \eta_R$$

$$C_m \omega_m + (M_{\text{Tot}} g \dot{\gamma}_R - M_q g \dot{\gamma}_n) \eta_n = 0$$

$$C_m = M_q g \dot{\gamma}_R - M_{\text{Tot}} g \dot{\gamma}_n = -39,05 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\omega_m = \omega_s \left(1 - \frac{C_m}{C_{\text{max}}} \right) = 311,017 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_F = C_m + J_m \omega_m + J_R \omega_m + M_{\text{Tot}} g \dot{\gamma}_R \eta_R + M_{\text{Tot}} \omega_m (\dot{\gamma}_R)^2 \eta_R + M_q \omega_m (\dot{\gamma}_n)^2 \eta_n \cdot M_q g \dot{\gamma}_n \eta_n$$

$$= 73,19 \text{ Nm}$$