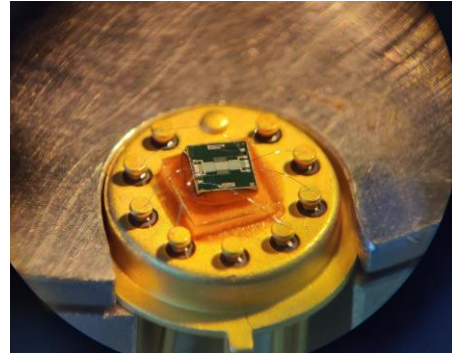


Low Power Gas Sensor based on tungsten trioxide nanoparticles

Features:

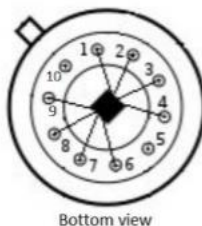
- Small in size
- Detection of C₂H₆O
- Detection of NH₃
- Low cost
- Low power consumption
- Short response time



Description

This gas sensor was developed at the multi-university laboratory of micro-nano electronics (AIME). The sensor is based on nanoparticles of tungsten trioxide, which is a metal oxide semiconductor. Two identical sensing elements composed of interdigitated combs of silicon substrate allow accurate gas measurement. A thin layer of tungsten trioxide deposited on the sensing elements form the active component of the sensor. Foreign gases react with the tungsten trioxide, altering the resistivity of the interdigitated combs. An aluminium resistor acts as a temperature sensor for additional measurement. The high sensitivity and selectivity of the sensor can be adjusted by altering the temperature via the aluminium resistor.

Pin Description



Pin number	Usage
1/6	Temperature sensor (aluminium resistor)
2/4	Gas sensor (WO ₃ nanoparticles integrated on aluminium interdigital combs)
3/8	Heater resistor (polysilicon resistor)
7/9	Gas sensor (WO ₃ nanoparticles integrated on aluminium interdigital combs)
5	Not connected
10	Not connected

Specifications

Type	Nanoparticle-based sensor
Materials	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• N-doped poly-silicon (heater)• Aluminium (for temperature measurement)• Silicon• Tungsten trioxide nanoparticles
Sensor type	Active (power supply required)
Temperature measurement	Resistive measure
Gas measurement	Resistive measure
Detectable gas	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• NH₃• C₂H₆O
Diameter	9.5mm
Mounting	Through fixed hole
Time response	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ethanol < 30s• Ammonia < 15s
Package	10-Lead TO-5 metal

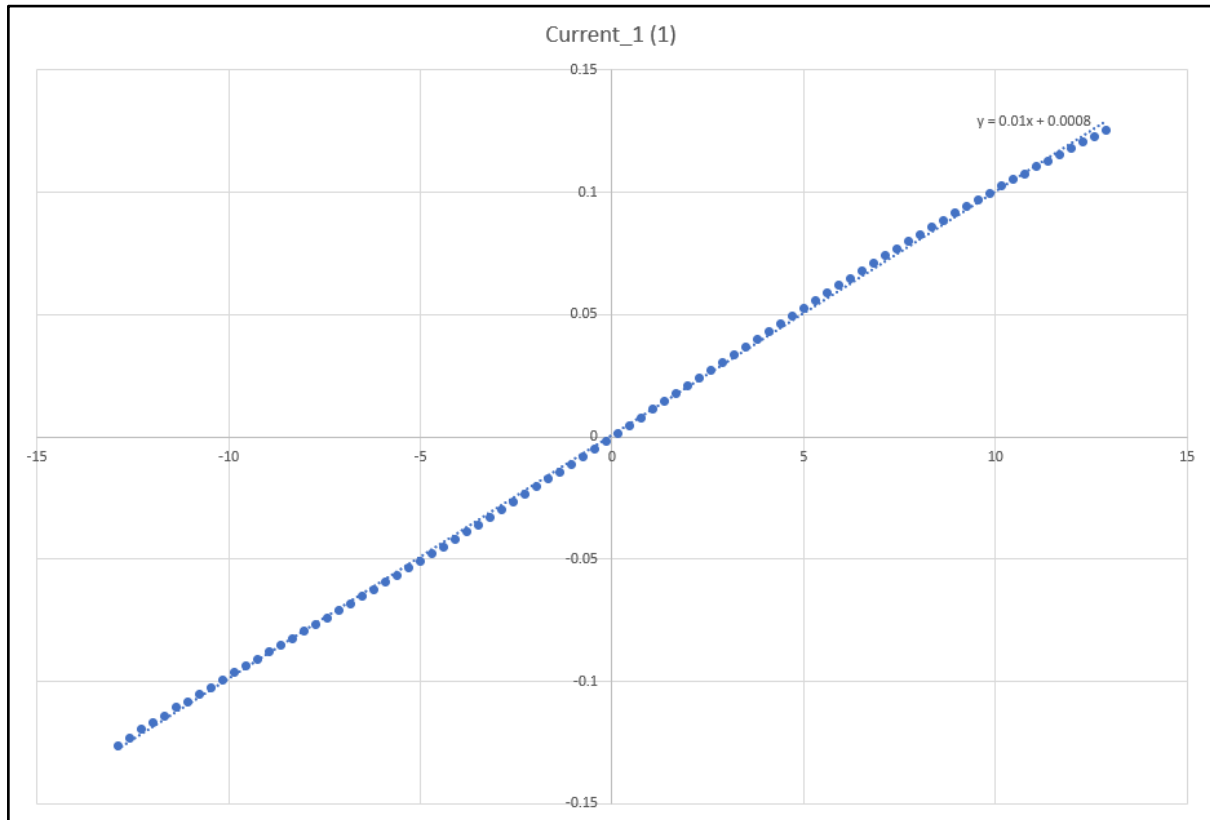
Standard use conditions

	Unit	Typical value
Temperature	°C	20±5
Humidity	%	60±5
Air quality	%N ₂ /O ₂	80/20

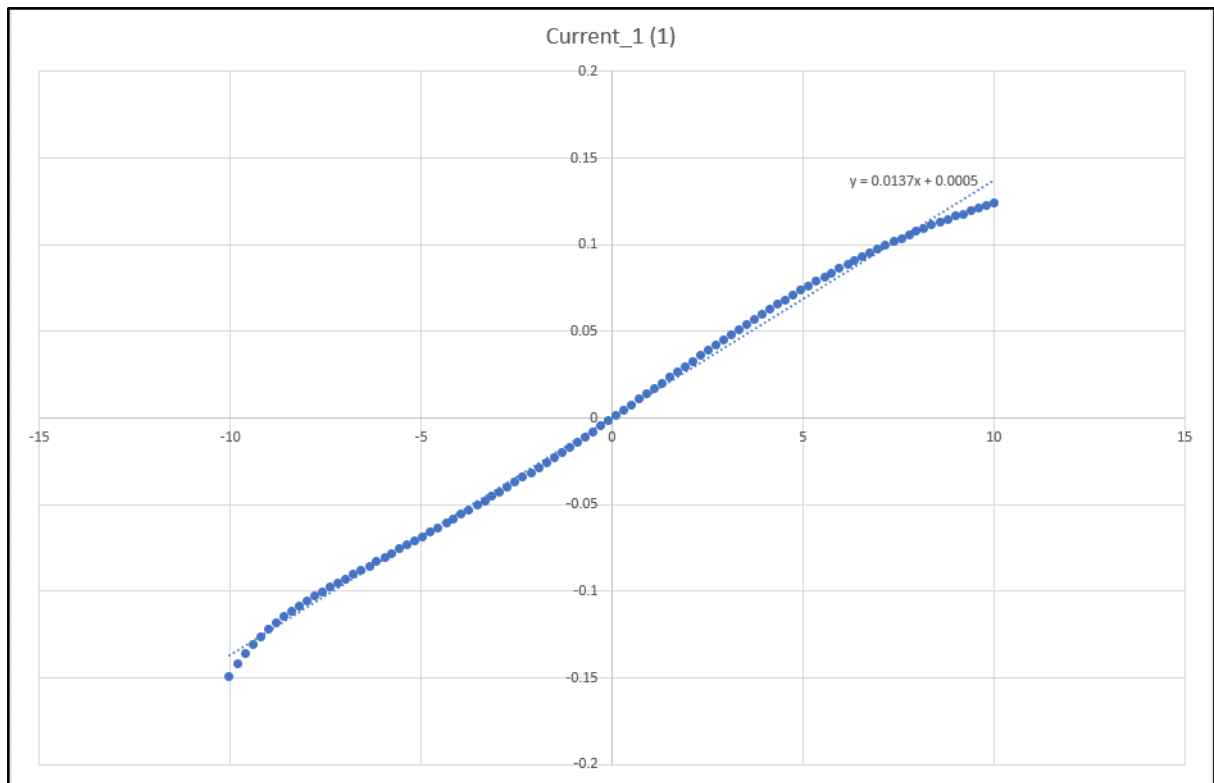
Electrical characteristics

	Unit	Value		
		Min	Typical	Max
Gas sensor resistance	MΩ	0,01	1	100
Temperature sensor	Ω	150	151	350

resistance				
Heater resistance	Ω	67	86	105
Gas sensor voltage	V	-	3,3	-
Temperature sensor	V	3,3	5	-
Heater	V	10	15	20



Current(y) in relation to voltage(x) to determine standard-conditions resistance(slope) in the polymer bar



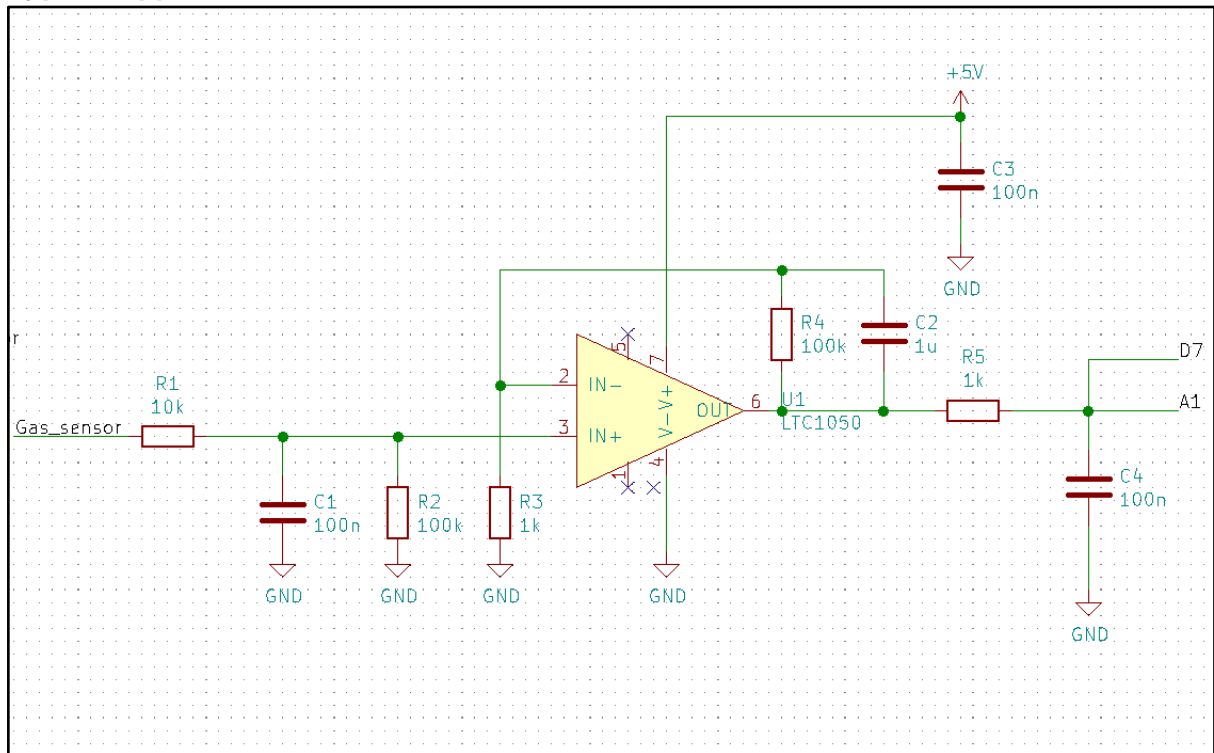
Current(y) in relation to voltage(x) to determine standard-conditions resistance(slope) in the aluminium resistance

Temperature sensor characteristics

[GRAPH]

Temperature(°C)	Resistance(Ω)
20	151
150	270
180	283
250	334

Typical Applications



Above is typical application of the sensor in an analog circuit.