Ammere to the 9. NO-01(a)

Now,

$$q_1 = 1$$
 one

$$q_3 = 3$$
 or more ones.

Start
$$q_0$$
 q_1 q_2 q_3 q_3 q_3

Fig: DFA diagram forc L1

commerce to the g. NO - 01 (b)

Given,

L2 = { w starts and ends with different symbols}

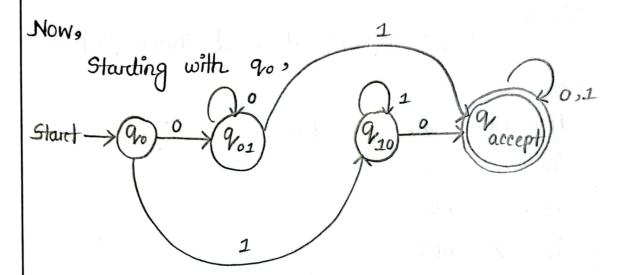


Fig : DFA diagram forc L2

Amswere to the g. NO - 01(C)

Given, L3 = { a doesn't contain o1 as a subsequence}

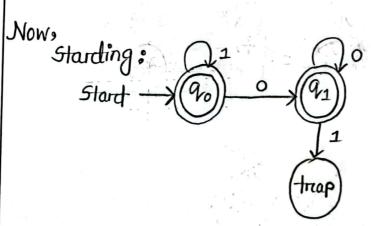


Fig: DFA diagream fore L3

[P.T.O]



Amover to the g. NO-01 (d)

Given,

Jon 1 La 1 L4.

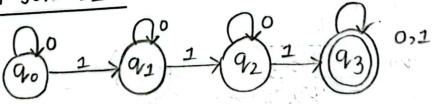
The straings:

- (1) 1110
- (1) 1100
- (11) 1010
- (IV) 0110

commerce to the g. NO- 01(e)

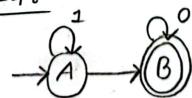
Fore L1 1 L4,

The DFA for L1:



The DFA forc L4:

1 4



[p.T.0.]

$$M_1 = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\}$$

 $M_2 = \{A, B\}$

$$: M = M_1 \times M_2$$

$$= \{ (q_0 A), (q_1 A), (q_2 A), (q_3 A), (q_0 B), (q_1 B), (q_2 B), (q_3 B) \}$$

Непе,

Start State =
$$\{90A\}$$

Set of final states, $L_1 = \{93\}$
and $L_2 = \{B\}$

Now,

Transition Table for L1:

		1 1
qo	90	91
Q1	1.91	92
92	92	193
	93	9/3
÷	(A) *	
	Q ₁	Q ₁

Transition Table forc L4:

100	0	1
A	В	A
₩ B	В	A

[P.T.O]



Transition of the new DFA (Imput symbol () and 1)

$$\delta = (q_0A, 0) = q_0A$$

$$\delta(q_2\theta, o) = q_2\theta$$

$$S(q_3B,1) = q_3A$$

DFA: (92A)

1/92A) 92B 913

Fig: State diagram of DFA for LINLY

P.1.0.7

commerc to the g. NO - 01 (f)

Given,

Now, all four- letter strangs for L2 1 L4 will be :

- (1) 1000
- 0 100
- (III) 0101

Amswere to the 9. NO - 01 (9)

[P.T.O]



here,

$$M_1 = \{ P, g, R, 5 \}$$

 $M_2 = \{ A, B \}$

$$: M = M_{1} \times M_{2}$$

$$= \left\{ (PA), (QA), (RA), (SA), (PB), (QB), (RB), (SB) \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ (AP), (AQ), (AR), (AS), (BP), (BQ), (BR), (BS) \right\}$$

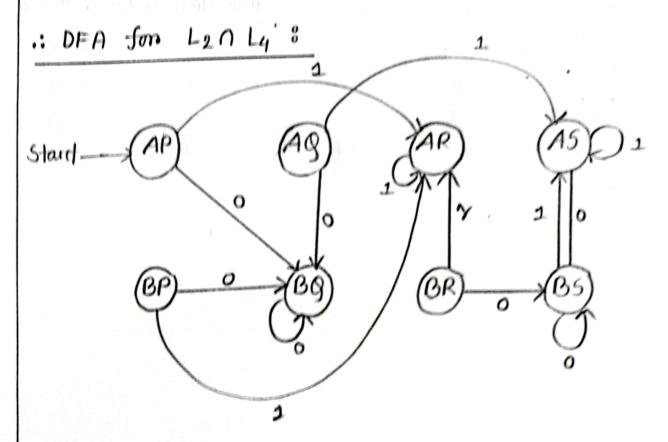
Now, Starting with state = AP Final on ending state = B5

Transition	Table	for	L2 8

1	0	1 1
P	8	R
a	9	5
R	5	R.
5	5	5

Treansition	Table :	for L48
11 1 1 m	0	1
A	В	Α
B	В	A ·

Transition for DFA (new) - 1 L2 1148



diagroom for L2NL4 DFA