

MTWTFSS

Date: _____

Strings

Run in PowerShell

Commands \Rightarrow strings -n filename

Basic Yara Rule \rightarrow rule Name

rule [Suspicious] {

 Strings:

 \$mz = { 405A }

 \$S-str1 = "VS_VERSION_INFO"

 \$S-str2 = "

 Condition:

 (\$str_1 or \$str_2 or \$mz)

}

PowerShell > yara32 -r rule1.yara -f file

Yara Rules

Yara Tutorial
Chapt#2

Tools

CFF Explorer

40 \Rightarrow m
5A \Rightarrow z

* PE header starts from 000080

\Rightarrow Important things in Optional Headers:-

- Image Base

(Starred)

Relative ~~Virt~~ Virtual Address (RVA)

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Date: 08/03/2022

Lecture 7/8

YARA

file name should be =) name.yara

SYNTAX

rule rule-identifier {

~~String :-~~

Strings :

\$ stringName = "Value"
\$ stringName = {Hexadecimal values}

can
yaraextract
ASCII and
C# code

e.g. 4D5E43

Condition:

(strings operators strings operators string ...)

}

To run :-

yara32 -r name.yara .\file

Types of Strings in YARA :-

Hexadecimal strings ~~Text strings~~

Text strings

Regular Expressions

4DSA

M 2
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①

Hexa decimal Strings

⇒ Syntax \$stringName = { 4DSA

}

wildcards can also be used in alternative strings
\$str = {F4 62(23|B4 77)}

Hexa decimal have three constraints

⇒ Wild Cards ? Example ⇒ \$string = { 4D 5? }

⇒ Jump [a - b] Example = \$string = {F4 23 [4-6] 62}

⇒ alternatives : In this we need to write strings in regular expression \$string = {F4 23 (62 B4 | 56) 45}

In this example if rule match the the string would be

② Text Strings F4 23 62 B4 45 OR F4 23 5 64 5

Note:- We can add multiple alternatives in one string

⇒ it is case sensitive

⇒ Syntax \$stringname = " testString "

modifiers

⇒ modifiers :-

⇒ no case

Syntax \$stringName = "Hello" nocase

This modifier string's value to lower case or upper case

→ User key check kry ga without changing the places

Example :- Hello, hello, nHello, NHello, etc

⇒ Wide

add extra bit

make it 16 bit

bit

11x00b / 000i / 00t

⇒ Base 64

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=) Full word

only compare the alphabet strings and did not ~~do~~ scanning alphanumeric strings.

=) Private

make string private^{which} will not effect the rule output. (we can say that private modifier is same as comments)

String Command

strings -a -ns ./filename > textFileName.txt

BASIC YARARULE

rule malicious {

~~string~~:

\$ mz = { 4? SA }

\$ String1 = "MACMINE" Incase

\$ string2 = { F4 23 [4-6] 62 } modifier

Condition:

(\$ mz and \$ string1) wild card => ?

\$ mz and \$ String1, \$ string2 jump [4-6]
OR

[we can write multiple rules in one file]

Comments in YARA

Syntax

~~/*~~ /*comment*/

wild Card String
different values deal
kar checking kry ga

Lecture - 9Counting String Example

rule Counting

{

Strings:

 $\$S1 = "yoe"$ $\$S = "Lzzzzzzzzzz"$

Condition:

~~# $S1$~~ or ~~# S~~
~~# S~~ or ~~# $S1$~~ $\#S == 2 \text{ or } \#S1 < 5$

{}

Memoryat Exampleif we have the exact location
then use memoryat

rule

Memoryat

{

Strings:

 $\$S1 = "p"$ $\$S2 = \{45\}$

Research it!

Q# Can we call file in the rules means if we have hundred of strings it is difficult to initialize ~~all~~ them one by one.

If you define the string you have to use it otherwise it will through error

In Counting if we want to count the occurrences of string we need to use # instead of \$ in the condition

Condition:-

 $\$S1 \text{ at } 128 \text{ and } \$S2 \text{ at } 129$

}

↓

offset location

 $128 = 0x80$

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Memoryin Example

rule Memoryin
{

Strings:

$\$S1 = "P"$

$\$S2 = "B"$

if we don't know the exact location
then we give range of the
location to checkin we
use memoryin

Condition:-

$\$S1 \text{ in } (0..129) \text{ and } \$S2 \text{ in } (129..\text{filesize})$

}

memorysize Example

rule Memorysize
{

Strings:

$\$S1 = "P"$

$\$S2 = "B"$

Condition:

$\$S1 \text{ in } (0..128) \text{ and } \$S2 \text{ in } (128..\text{filesize}) \text{ and filesize} > 100\text{KB}$

}

allofthem Example

rule allofthem
{

Strings:

$\$S1 = "YOE"$

$\$S2 = "AAA"$

$\$S3 = "BBB"$

Conditions:

allofthem

}

Anonymous Strings in YARA:-

rule anonymousString

{

Strings:

 $\$ = \text{"dummydata1"}$ $\$ = \text{"dummydata2"}$

Condition:

1 of them

}

Iterating over string occurrences :-

rule Occurrences {

Strings:

 $\$a = \text{"dummy1"}$ $\$b = \text{"dummy2"}$

Condition:

for all i in $(1, 2, 3)$: $(\underline{@[i]} + \underline{lo} == \underline{@b[i]})$

}

address

offset

1, 2, 3 means String

key fehly 3 characters/bytes

~~1=d, 2=m, 3=m~~Characters mai 10 of
sets ka difference hay

Calling rule in another rule :-

rule Rule 1

{

String :

\$a = "dummy 1"

Condition:

\$a

}

rule rule 2

{

String :

\$a = "dummy 2"

Condition:

\$a cmd Rule 1

}

Global Rule :-

global
~~global~~ rule SizeLimit

{

Condition :

filesize < 2 MB

}

We can define multiple global rule in one file.

Private Rule :-

This rule don't run

Syntax:-

```
private rule privateRule {
```

```
}
```

MetaData :-

Syntax:-

```
rule metaData Example
```

```
{}
```

meta :

my-identifier 1 = "This rule is for"
:

Strings:

\$ S1 = "dummy 1"

\$ S2 = "dummy 2"

Condition:

```
}
```

\$ S1 or \$ S2

Note:-

meta

It doesn't have any effect on output and they are not strings. In meta we can store information of rule in it.

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Modules :-

```
import "pe"
```

```
rule Test  
{
```

Strings:

```
$a = "dummy 1"
```

Condition:

$\$a$ and ~~pe.entry_point~~ $= \text{0x1000}$

}

Include different rule file in rule ..

File 1

```
rule file 1  
{
```

Strings:

```
$a = "dummy 1"
```

Condition:

$\$a$

}

File 2

```
include "file 1"  
rule file 2  
{
```

Agar file same folder mai
nai hay to full path
likhna hay

Strings:
 $\$b = "dummy 1"$

Condition:
 $\$b$

}

Exe
PE Exe
PDF
DOCX
Excel ~~and~~ xlsx

ZIP
7ZIP

RAR

JPEG

PNG

- bmp
- gif
- eps
- flv
- asf
- wma
- wmv
- avi
- wmv

MZ \Rightarrow 4D5A

MZ ... PE \Rightarrow 4D5A ... 50 45

• PDF \Rightarrow

PK \Rightarrow

PK \Rightarrow 50 4B

PK... \Rightarrow 50 4B 03 04

"Rar! ..." \Rightarrow

..... JFIF ff d8 ff e0

• PNG \Rightarrow 89 50 4e 47

BM \Rightarrow 42 4d

GIF8 \Rightarrow 47 49 46 38

! \Rightarrow 25 21

FLV \Rightarrow 46 4C 56