# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product name :JP-K86

Name of company :Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd

Address :1-1,Higashitaga-cho 1-chome, Hitachi-shi, Ibaraki-ken, Japan

Tel :+81-294-36-8682 Fax :+81-294-36-8975

Recommended use of the chemical

and restrictions on use :Printing Ink for industrial Marking

## **2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Classification of the substance or mixture :mixture

Physico-chemical endpoints :Flammable liquid category 2

Acute toxicity - oral :Not available Acute toxicity - dermal :Not available Acute toxicity - inhalation (vapors) :Caegory 5 Acute toxicity - inhalation (dust, mist) :Not identified Skin corrosion/irritation :Category 3 :Category 2 Eve damage/irritation Sensitization - respiratory :Not identified Sensitization - skin :Not available Germ cell mutagenicity :Not available Carcinogenicity :Not available Toxic to reproduction :Category 2 :Not identified Effects on or via lactation

Specific target organ systemic toxicity

(Single exposure) :Category 1 Central nervous system

:Category 2 Kidney

:Category 3 Respiratory system, an esthetizing action

(Repeated exposure) :Category 1 Central nervous system

:Category 1 peripheral nervous system

:Category 2 Blood

Aspiration toxicity :Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

-Acute hazard :Not available -Chronic hazard :Not available

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard symbols:Flame,Exclamation mark,Health hazard







Signal word: Danger

### Hazard statement and precautionary statement:

- Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- May be harmful if inhaled
- Causes mild skin irritation
- Causes eye irritation
- · Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- Causes damage to central nervous system-single exposure
- May cause damage to kidney-single exposure
- May cause respiratory irritation and anesthetizing action-single exposure
- Causes damage to central nervous system, and peripheral nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- May cause damage to blood through prolonged or repeated exposure
- May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways

### **Precautionary statements:**

 Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand.

#### Prevention

- Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame— No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection as specified by the competent authority.
- Do not breathe dust/mist/vapors.
- Use only in a well-ventilated area. Call a doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
- Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

- In case of fire, use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water splay (fog) or form for extinction.
- IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
- Wash/Decontaminate removed clothing before reuse.
- If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention.
- IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a doctor/physician.
- Collect spillage.

#### Storage

- Store in cool/well-ventilated place. Store locked up.
- Call a doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell.

#### Disposal

• Waste must be disposed of according to applicable regulations.

## 3 Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance or mixture; mixture

Composition;

Chemical name concentration (%) CAS number acetone 70-80 67-64-1 2-butanone 5-15 78-93-3 Chrome -Complex Dye 1-10 TSCA Registered

## 4 First-aid measures

#### Inhalation;

Remove the victim from the contamination immediately to fresh air. Keep the victim warm and quiet and arrange for transport to the neatest medial facility for examination and treatment by a physician as soon as possible.

#### Skin contact:

Remove all contaminated clothing, shoes and socks from the affected areas as quickly as possible. Wash the affected area under running water using a mild soap. If irritation persists, arrange for transport to the nearest medical facility for examination and treatment by a physician as son as possible.

#### Eye contact;

Gently rinse the affected eyes with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easily possible. and refer for medical attention.

## Ingestion;

Never give anything by mouth to someone who is unconscious or convulsing. If the victim is responsive, give him one or two glasses of water. And refer for medial attention.

## 5 Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media;

Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water splay (fog) or form.

### Fire fighting procedures;

Use water spray to cool fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Shut off "fuel" to fire. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors.

Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boil over.

### Unusual fire/explosion hazard;

Flammable liquid, can release vapors that form flammable mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint.

### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters;

Fire fighters should wear boots, overalls, gloves, eye and face protection and breathing apparatus.

### 6 Accidental release measures

Shut off all sources of ignition; No smoking or flames in area. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in closed containers using non-sparking tools. Flush residual spill (area) with copious amounts of water.

## 7 Handling and storage

## Handling;

Use only in the well-ventilated areas.

Make available in the work area emergency shower and eyes wash.

Avoid contact with skin or eyes.

## Storage;

Close up the container and keep it in dark cool(0~20 ) place. Keep away from combustible materials and sources of ignition.

## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Exposure guidelines**;

ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)

acetone :500(skin) 2-butanone :200

Chrome -Complex Dye :None known

ACGIH STEL(ppm)

acetone :750(skin) 2-butanone :300

Chrome -Complex Dye :None known

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state :Liquid
Color :black
Odor :Solvent odor
Boiling point :56.1 (acetone)

Flash point :-20 (measured value)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :Lower 1.2 vol%, Upper 13 vol% (acetone)

Vapor pressure :24.7kPa (20 ) (acetone)

Relative density (Air = 1) :2.00 (acetone) Relative density :0.840(20 )

Solubility (Water) :arbitrarily dissolve (acetone)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :0.24(acetoen)

Auto-ignition temperature :538 (acetone)

Decomposition temperature :No measurement

## 10 Stability and reactivity

Stability: The product is stable.

Conditions and materials to avoid: Not available

Hazardous decomposition products: These products are carbon oxides

## 11 Toxicological information

Not available

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Acute toxicity;
  acetone
    Not available: Oral 5000 (Rabbit LD50 (mg/kg)) (SIDS(1999))(ACGIH(2001))
    Not available: Dermal 5000(Rabbit LD50(mg/kg)) (SIDS(1999)); (ACGIH(2001))
    Not identified:Inhalation No data
  2-butanone
    Category 5:Oral 5520(Rat LD50 (mg/kg))
    Not available: Dermal > 8000(Rabbit LD50 (mg/kg))
    Category 5:Inhalation 11700 (Vaper) (Rat LC50(ppm/4h))
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    Oral >5000 (Rat LD50 (mg/kg))
    Dermal >2000 (Rat LD50 (mg/kg))
    Inhalation None known
Skin corrosion/irritation;
  acetone
    Skin; rabbit; 500mg/24H; Mild(85JCAE -,280,1986)
  2-butanone
    Category 2: Frequent/prolonged contact may irritate and cause dermatitis. Low order of toxicity.
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    No (Rabbit test-OECD404 1981)
Serious eye damage/irritation;
  acetone
    Eye; rabbit; 20mg; Severe(AJOPAA 29,1363,1946) Eye; rabbit; 20mg/24H; Severe(85JCAE
    -,280,1986)
  2-butanone
    Category 2B:Eye contact:severely irritating. If not removed promptly, will injure eye tissue, which
    may result in permanent damage.
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    No (Rabbit test-84/449/EEC B.5)
Respiratory or skin sensitization;
  acetone
    Not available
  2-butanone
    Not identified
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    No (Guinea pig test-84/449/EC B.6)
Germ cell mutagenicity;
  acetone
    Cytogenetic analysis; hamster; fibroblast; 40gm/I(FCTOD7 22,623,1984)
  2-butanone
    Not available
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    Not identified
Carcinogenicity;
  acetone
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2-butanone
    Not available
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    Not identified
Reproductive toxicity;
  acetone
    TDLo(orl,rat): 273gm/kg(13 W male)(NTIS** PB91-185975)
    TCLo(ihl,mammal): 31500?g/m3/24H(1-13D preg); (GTPZAB 26(6),24,1982)
  2-butanone
    Not available
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    Not identified
STOST-single exposure;
  acetone
    Human, irritation of throat 12000ppm(ACGIH, 2001); Human irritation of throat, nose and trachea
    1190mg/m3/6h(EHC 207, 1998); Human, irritation of throat 1000ppm/4h(EHC 207, 1998)
  2-butanone
    Category 1(Central nervous system), Category 2(Kidney), Category 3(Respiratory)
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    Not identified
STOST-repeated exposure;
  acetone
    The increase of white blood cell and eosinophile leukocyte(ACGIH, 2001)
  2-butanone
    Category 1(Central nervous system, Peripheral nervous system)
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    None known
Aspiration hazard.
  acetone
    Not available
  2-butanone
    Category 1 Vapor concentrations above exposure
  Chrome -Complex Dye
    None known
                                       LD50 (50% Lethal Dose), LC50 (50% Lethal Concentration)
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## 12 Ecological information

Toxicity:

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acetone
LC50(Salmo gairdneri): mg/L/96hr (at 12 C= 54 F):5540
2-butanone
killifish 96h-LC50(mg/L):>100
killifish 14d-LC50 (mg/L):100
killifish 14d-NOEC (mg/L):100
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Chrome -Complex Dye Carp LC50 (mg/L):2

Daphnia EC50 (mg/L):1000(Darp.Mag Straus 1820 test)

Persistence and degradability:

acetone

This material is biodegradable

2-butanone

None known

Chrome -Complex Dye

None known

### Bioaccumulative potential:

acetone

None known

2-butanone

None known

Chrome -Complex Dye

None known

## Mobility in soil:

acetone

None known

2-butanone

None known

Chrome -Complex Dye

None known

## 13 Disposal considerations

Scrap materials may be disposed by licensed contractor or burn in an approved incinerator.

Do not dump into sewer, on the ground or into any body of water.

Follow national and local regulations.

# 14 Transport information

Follow all regulations in your country.

UN Number :1210

UN Proper Shipping Name :Printing ink, flammable Transport hazard class :Class 3(Flammable liquid)

Packing Group :
Environmental hazards :No

## 15 Regulatory information

Follow all regulations in your country.

Content of RoHS Directive material Cd<100ppm Pb, Hg, Hexavalent Cr, PBB, PBDE<1000ppm

### 16 References

- 1) Solvent, dye MSDS
- 2) Results of Eco-toxicity tests of chemicals conducted by Ministry of the Environment in Japan (-2006)
- 3) International Chemical Safety Cards