Project Design Document: Greening of rural value chains for seeds cleaning and grading unit

Project background

Atmanirbhar Krishi Producer Company Limited is a 450-member farmer-producer organisation (FPO) incorporated in 2020. The details of FPO are mentioned below.

Table 1 Details of FPO

Name of FPO	Jai Matrubhumi Farmers Producer Company Limited
Address	At Pachora District: Jalgaon, Maharashtra, India - 424201.
Activity	Trading of agricultural produce
Propose activity	Cleaning and grading unit
Capacity of unit	4 TPH
Produce	Wheat, soybean, jawar
Number of operational days	180
Connected load	85

The raw material is sourced from the member and non-member farmers of FPO in the region. The value chain is as follows:



However, the processing unit will face challenges of high operation costs, a major component of which is electricity cost. This issue will result in low profitability of the unit.

Project description

This project aims at the solarisation of unit by installing solar PV. The specifications of the proposed solar PV system and annual savings are as follows,

Table 2 Details of solar PV system

Solar photovoltaic panel system	57.0 kW
Annual mitigation of CO2	65.74-ton CO2 per year
Average savings on annual electricity unit consumption	83220 units
Average saving on annual electricity bill	INR 1061000

^{*}Assumption:

- 1. Saving per unit electricity consumption INR 10 per KWh
- 2. Average power generation per KWp= 4 kWh/KWp/day
- 3. Average daily working of unit = 5 hours

Summary of investments

The total project cost is expected to be close to INR 31.35 lakhs which includes design, engineering, procurement, and installation. Per kW cost of solar PV is considered 50,000 Rs/kW with EE measures of INR 5000 per kW is considered.

Value **Sharing** Relevan **Technology** Capacit Qty **Cost sharing** Cost (Rs.) (Rs/unit (Nos (%) scheme **FPO** Govt Loan subsid equity У 1 Project Cost* Solar k 57 1 28.50.0 28.50.0 5.70.0 0 22.80. photovoltaic W 00 000 00 panel system with battery Energy-1 2,85,00 2,85,00 57,00 2,28,0 efficient measures Total 31,35,0 31,35,0 6,27,0 25,08, 20::0::8 00 000

Table 3 Capital Costs for the project

Financial analysis

A simple cash-flow analysis is below, with the conservative assumption that the equipment has a lifespan of 20 years.

Project cost

The project cost of 31.55 lakh includes solar panel equipment cost and installation cost, other components of project cost are taken as zero as the plant is already proposed.

Means of finance

Regarding the implementation of solar rooftop installations for industrial consumers, no subsidies are accessible for this initiative. Consequently, the funding for the project will be undertaken by the FPO. The financial arrangement for this venture entails a 20% equity investment from the FPO and the remaining 80% through a loan arrangement. Additional specifics concerning the financing breakdown can be referenced in **Table 5**.

Table	241	VIeans	of I	-inancing

Means of Finance				
Total Financing required	INR lakhs	31.35		
Equity	%	20%		
Grant	%	0%		

^{*}Project cost includes all costs (plant and machinery, solar photovoltaic panel costs, et al), excluding land cost

^{**}Based on discussions held on the ground and their financial conditions, equity share ranges from 5% to 30%, hence has been assumed at 20%

Debt	%	80%
Interest Rate (Per Annum)	%	12.00%
Moratorium	Years	1
Annual Instalment	Years	5
Equity Component	INR lakhs	6,27,000
Grant Component	INR lakhs	0
Debt Component	INR lakhs	25,08,000

Source: MP Ensystems Research

The financial indicators analysed by discounting cash flow at 10% and the summary is presented in **Table 5**.

Table 5 Estimated Financial Indicators

Financial Indicators	Estimated	Requirement
Net Present Worth	46.07	Should be positive
IRR	39%	> 10%
BCR	2.8	Should be >1.0
Payback period	5.1 years	

Source: MP Ensystems Research

The bank loan with interest is repayable within 5 years with a moratorium of one year.

The following specific attributes of ESG can further be achieved through the implementation of this project:

• There are a number of environmental opportunities including mitigation of carbon emissions, reduction of resource depletion. There are direct climate benefits to the project. The installation of roof-top solar results in the mitigation of 65.74 tonnes of CO₂ emissions every year.