# ISH - R package for Intra-Sample Heterogeneity Scores

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## 1 Introduction

This vignette desribes the functionalities included in the ISH R package. We describe the Intra-Sample Heterogeneity Scores FDRP, qFDRP, PDR, MHL, Epipolymorphism and Entropy. The package is able to compute each of those scores from bisulfite sequencing data. Input should be a bam file that contains reads that have been aligned to a reference genome. While PDR, qFDRP and FDRP are independent of the employed mapping tool, Epipolymorphism and Entropy require the reads to be aligned with bismark. In addition to the aligned reads, the user needs to specify the sites for which the scores should be computed in either of two ways: GRangeshttp://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/GenomicRanges.html or RnBSet (https://rnbeads.org/). Here, we only discuss how to use the package. A detailed description of each of the scores can be found in the corresponding publications.

## 2 Installation

The package is available from GitHub and can be installed by the following command, given that the devtools package is installed:

- > devtools::install\_github("schmic05/ISH\_package")
- > library(ISH)

You can test if the installed version is functioning by employing one of the examples in the package:

0.9

# 3 Computing ISH scores

# 3.1 FDRP, qFDRP and PDR

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FDRP, qFDRP and PDR do not require any additional tools or scripts and can be computed directly from your *bam* file. In this case, the **score** argument of the **compute.score** function needs to be one of "fdrp", "qfdrp" or "pdr". You need to specify the CpG sites for which the scores should be computed in either of two forms: **GRanges** or **RnBSet**.

1. GRanges: This object should contain the positions of the CpGs for which analysis is to be conducted. The GRanges object should contain a single entry for each CpG and only have length 1 for each of the entries. Then you can either run compute.score.GRanges directly or call the generic function compute.score.

1.0 STATUS COMPLETED PDR calculation

STATUS COMPLETED ISH score example

This returns a *data.frame*, with the CpG positions (chromosome, start, end) in the first columns and the corresponding score in the last column.

```
> dim(pdr)
[1] 10 4
> head(pdr)
```

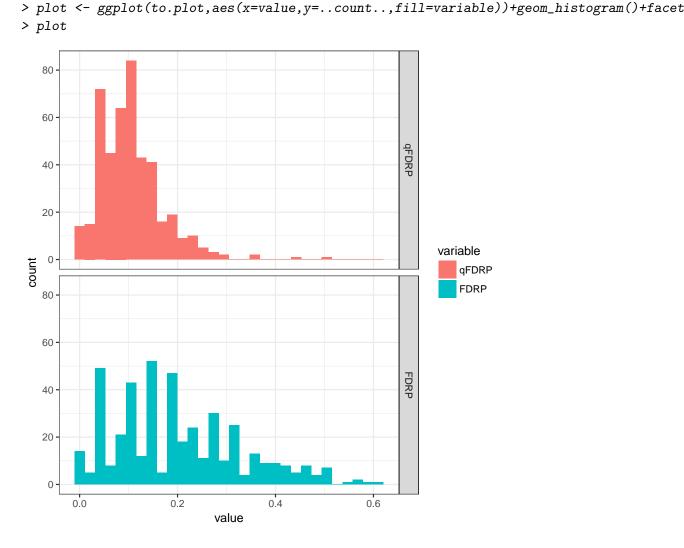
2018-03-26 13:10:24

```
chromosome
                                     PDR
               start
                          end
1
        chr2 2298361 2298362
                                     NaN
2
        chr2 2298554 2298555
                                     NaN
3
        chr2 2298732 2298733 0.2413793
4
        chr2 2298743 2298744 0.2372881
5
        chr2 2298787 2298788 0.2337662
        chr2 2298792 2298793 0.2337662
```

2. **RnBSet:** In addition to **GRanges** objects, the ISH package supports **RnBSet** objects as input. Here, the annotation is inferred from the object's annotation with the addition of only selecting those sites that have a coverage higher than *coverage.threhold* in the **RnBSet** 

object, given coverage information is present. For more details on how to set options for analysis, see subsection 4.1.

```
> example.rnb.set <- system.file(file.path("extData", "small_rnbSet.zip"),package="ISH")
> example.rnb.set <- load.rnb.set(example.rnb.set)
> set.option(coverage.threshold = 10)
> fdrp <- rnb.calculate.fdrp(example.rnb.set,example.bam)
2018-03-26 13:10:25
                        1.0 STATUS STARTED Computing FDRP from RnBSet object
                        5.2
2018-03-26 13:10:57
                             STATUS
                                        STARTED FDRP caluclation
2018-03-26 13:11:38
                        5.2
                             STATUS
                                        COMPLETED FDRP caluclation
2018-03-26 13:11:38
                        5.2
                             STATUS COMPLETED Computing FDRP from RnBSet object
> to.plot <- data.frame(qFDRP=qfdrp$qFDRP,FDRP=fdrp$FDRP)
> to.plot <- melt(to.plot)</pre>
```



#### 3.2 MHL

In contrast to the scores above, MHL requires a working version of perl installed on your machine. For Linux, this should in general be /usr/bin/perl, which is per default set in

this package. In case you are using MacOS (why we do not support Windows is argued in subsection 4.2), you first need to specify the option *perl.path*. Furthermore, a working version of samtools is required by the programs that compute MHL.

```
> set.option(perl.path = "/usr/bin/perl")
> set.option(samtools.path = "/local/home/mscherer/home_nfs/work/mage/tools/samtools/bin/")
> mhl <- compute.score.rnb(bam.file = example.bam, rnb.set = example.rnb.set, score="mhl")
2018-03-26 13:11:40
                        4.3
                             STATUS STARTED Computing MHL from RnBSet object
2018-03-26 13:11:45
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                        STARTED MHL calculation
2018-03-26 13:11:45
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                            STARTED Computing haplotypes with perl scripts (
                                                 Exceuting: /usr/bin/perl /local/home/mschere
2018-03-26 13:11:45
                        4.7
                               INFO
2018-03-26 13:12:01
                        4.7 STATUS
                                            COMPLETED Computing haplotypes with perl scripts
                                            STARTED Computing MHL score from haplotype infor
2018-03-26 13:12:01
                        4.7 STATUS
2018-03-26 13:12:01
                        4.7
                               INFO
                                                 Exceuting: /usr/bin/perl /local/home/mschere
                                            COMPLETED Computing MHL score from haplotype inf
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7 STATUS
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                        COMPLETED MHL calculation
                             STATUS COMPLETED Computing MHL from RnBSet object
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
```

# 3.3 Epipolymorphism and Entropy

Epipolymorphism and Entropy calculations depend on the methclone software (https://code.google.com/archive/p/methclone/) to compute epiallele counts and then uses R functions to compute the final scores. This package comes with an executable version of methclone and has been tested for several Debian versions. If you have trouble with the methclone version, please contact the author. In contrast to the scores discussed above, Epipolymorphism and Entropy do not require an annotation object (either GRanges or RnBSet), since methclone operates as a black box and produces scores at positions directly inferred from the bam file.

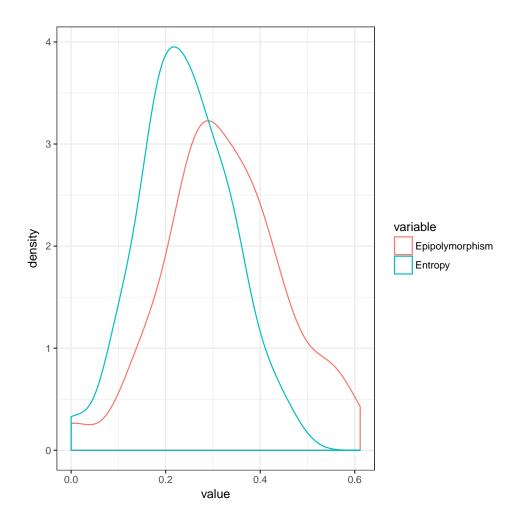
```
> epipoly <- compute.score(example.bam,score="epipolymorphism")</pre>
```

```
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                             STATUS STARTED Epipolymorphism calculation
                        4.7
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                        STARTED Computing epialleles with methclone software
                                             Executing: /local/home/mscherer/R/x86_64-pc-linu
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                               INFO
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                         COMPLETED Computing epialleles with methclone softwa
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                             STATUS COMPLETED Epipolymorphism calculation
```

> entropy <- compute.score(example.bam,score="entropy")</pre>

```
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                             STATUS STARTED Entropy calculation
                        4.7
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                         STARTED Computing epialleles with methclone software
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                                INFO
                                             Executing: /local/home/mscherer/R/x86_64-pc-linu
2018-03-26 13:12:02
                        4.7
                             STATUS
                                         COMPLETED Computing epialleles with methclone softwa
2018-03-26 13:12:03
                        4.7
                             STATUS COMPLETED Entropy calculation
```

- > to.plot <- data.frame(Epipolymorphism=epipoly\$Epipolymorphism,Entropy=entropy\$Entropy)
- > to.plot <- melt(to.plot)</pre>
- > plot <- ggplot(to.plot,aes(x=value,y=..density..,color=variable))+geom\_density()+theme\_bw(
- > plot



# **4 Advanced Configuration**

# 4.1 Option settings

The ISH package provides a bunch of options to set, which influence how the data is handled. This includes setting coverage thresholds on the annotation, distances between individual CpGs, or quality thresholds on reads to be considered in the calculation. For a detailed description of each of the options, see the R documentation.

> ?set.option

# 4.2 Windows troubleshooting

Using this package on a Windows OS, one can only compute qFDRP, FDRP and PDR, since they don't rely on external tools. In contrast to that, MHL depends on both perl and samtools, and since samtools is not easily installable on a Windows machine, we exclude this computation in case of a Windows. Epipolymorphism and Entropy depend on the methclone software, which is not supported for Windows and we thus also exclude this.