USER SETUP/ SET UP STEPS	Notes	completion
Setup Steps		
1. Download and extract the zip file from the starter		
code repo, open in VS Code.	flask tutorial 1	done
2. Create your own Github repo with a Python gitignore	flask tutorial 1; need to come back to, initially left	
and your own README, then push the code up.	off readme since one came with starter files	
3. Create a MySQL Database with an appropriate name		
for the project.	flask tutorial 1	done
4. Change the username, password and db_name in the		
env file to your MySQL username/password and the	done: note, make sure that password is typed in	
database you just created.	without the <>, this held up last time.	done
NOTE: Some special characters in the password		
(especially @ and /) must be url escaped. For a @, use		
%40. For a /, use %2F	none	done
5. Create your virtual environment with terminal		
commands:	flask tutorial 1	done
pipenv install	flask tutorial 1	done
pipenv shell	flask tutorial 1	done
6. Once the venv is created, you can start the app at any		
time with flask run	done. NOTE::: make sure this is active	done
7. Create your database model(s) in app.py with the		
required properties, then run:	done	done
flask db init (Creates tables)	done	done
	done-note if things don't migrate correctly, note	
flask db migrate -m "Init" (Creates migration)	any needs for saves.	done
flask db upgrade (Runs migration)	done	done
8. Create Marshmallow Schema in app.py	flask tutorial 3	
Continue on to create Resource classes and Routes,		
making sure to test each endpoint in Postma		

TASKS/ USER STORIES	Notes	completion
(5 points): As a developer, I want to make good,		
consistent commits.	in progress	done
(2.5 points): As a developer, I want to create an Entity		
Relationship Diagram that will accurately show the		
necessary properties on the Product model.		
Be sure to include a screenshot of your ERD in your	done: note- bigint for primary key vs int as	
GitHub repository!	specified. May need to get clarity if this matters.	done
	Once the parameters of the database are defined	
(5 points): As a developer, I want to build a REST web API	in flask, link MySQL, then link to Postman create	
in Flask, so that I can make HTTP requests interact with	transactions in Postman, effects should be	
the data set.	reflected in MySQL.	done

I	class Product(db.Modeclass Product(db.Model):	
2.5 points): As a developer, I want to create a Product	id = db.Column(db.Integer, primary_key=True)	
model	name = db.Column(db.String(255),	
Property names must be in snake_case and match the	nullable=False)	
following exactly!	description = db.Column(db.String(255),	
id - Integer	nullable=False)	
name - String	price = db.Column(db.Float)	
description - String	inventory_quantity = db.Column(db.Integer)	
price - Float		
inventory_quantity - Integer		done
(5 points): As a developer, I want my API to serve	Flask Tutorial 4: This http is from flask. Must run	
content on the following url paths:	flask. Then can send requests from Postman. It	
Paths must match these exactly!	will show in flask if a connection was made.	
'127.0.0.1:5000/api/products/'	Products is the main table, where int is used as the	
'127.0.0.1:5000/api/products/ <int:pk>'</int:pk>	identifier such as id.	done
	Flask Tutorial 4: Get All Products in postman will	
	get all in the table. In postman, it shows a status	
	of 200 OK,:	
(5 points): As a developer, I want to create a GET	update 04/25: in Mysql cleaned up row 5, and	
endpoint that responds with a 200 success status code	updated. Confirmed that in the get all in postman	
and all of the products within the Product table.	that this change was linked.	done
	Flask Tutorial 6: IN postman api/products/7 - the	
	seven would be the item number. Example of this	
	query requested 3 which was the wireless mouse	
	update 04/25: tried to enter in	
	http://127.0.0.1:5000/api/products/3 which was a	
	previously deleted entry and it errored out.	
(5 points): As a developer, I want to create a GET by id	providing : {	
endpoint that does the following things:	"message": "The requested URL was not found	
Accepts a value from the request's URL (The id of the	on the server. If you entered the URL manually	
product to retrieve).	please check your spelling and try again."	
Returns a 200 status code. (Explicitly return this, not just	 }	
allow it to default)		
Responds with the product in the database that has the	entered in http://127.0.0.1:5000/api/products/5,	
id that was sent through the URL.	brought up updated item that was updated in	
	Mysql	done

ı	I	
(5 points): As a developer, I want to create a POST endpoint that does the following things: Accepts a body object from the request in the form of a Product model. Adds the new product to the database. Returns a 201 status code.	Flask Tutorial 5: need to create post function that links flask to mysql using postman added item 7, the red drinking apparatus note, must have flask side set up before trying to post udpate 04/25: entered in a new item through postman, validated addition in MySql { "inventory_quantity": 23, "name": "beatles_crosswalk_img_white_mug", "id": 8, "description": "beatles_mug", "price": 18.99	
Responds with the newly created product object.	}	done
(5 points): As a developer, I want to create a PUT endpoint that does the following things: Accepts a value from the request's URL (The id of the product to be updated). Accepts a body object from the request in the form of a Product model. Finds the product in the Product table and updates that product with the properties that were sent in the request's body. Returns a 200 status code. (Explicitly return this, not just allow it to default)	Flask Tutorial 6? For this example changed price of colored pencils. Last put was changing the price to 8.59. update 04/25: just used the field of price in the body of Postman, http://127.0.0.1:5000/api/products/8 { "price": 32.59}	
Responds with the newly updated product object.	validated change in Mysql.	done
(5 points): As a developer, I want to create a DELETE endpoint that does the following things: cepts a value from the request's URL. Deletes the Product from the database. Returns a 204 status code (NO CONTENT).	Flask Tutorial 6: in this example deleted item id 3; it shows the 204 content. However, if I run a get all again, it is still there After working through this and help ticket. I added a db.session.commit(). And it worked. Update 04/25: http://127.0.0.1:5000/api/products/2 was sent for delete, confirmed that both items 2 and 3 are deleted.	done
(5 points): As a developer, I want to use Postman to make a POST, PUT, DELETE, and both GET requests (get by id and get all) request to my REST web API, save it to a collection, and then export it as a JSON from Postman. Be sure to include the exported JSON file in your project folder and push it to GitHub	Update 04/25: exported as a JSON file in the repo to be updated.	done

	assuming that it is a simple stringadded image_url:	
	image_url = db.Column(db.String(255))	
Bonus Stories	added image_url to schema, meta, and put.	
(5 points): As a developer, I want to add the ability to	Tested connection in Mysql, Postman, and updated	
add an image link to each product. (Link to picture on the internet, this column will just be a simple String	pilot pen, copied and pasted a link to an image from web and it worked.	
representing the URL of the image, you do NOT need to add an actual image file.)		done

CHECKLIST	Notes	completion

END RESULT	Notes	completion
The result of your Products API backend will be the		
execution of requests made in Postman. You must test		
your Products API by executing each request you create		
in Postman.	This is fully functional	