

Subject: Embedded Programming Principle

Topic: Pass Code

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1. Objectives

- Build a circuit that check passcode.
- Write a C program in STM32 CUBE IDE that check passcode from Putty.
- Flash code and debug project.

2. Requirement

2.1 Requirement

Write a program that will do the following:

- accept up to a 4 digit value from the virtual serial port on the STM Board.
- If the 4 digit value is one of the 10 pass-codes stored in an array, issue an auditory feedback signal and the text "access granted" to the serial port.
- If it is not one of the 10 allowable pass-codes, issue another appropriate auditory feedback signal and the text "access denied".
- Also illuminate a red led if the access is not granted and a green led if access is granted.

As always follow the coding standards for the ESD department.

3. Hardware and Software design

3.1 Hardware Design

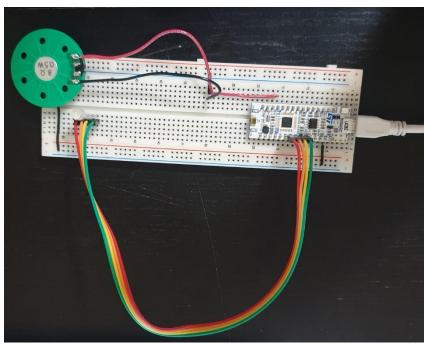


Figure 3-1: Breadboard's circuit

3.2 Software Design

Create an array Passcode [10], PasscodeOwner[10] and UniquePassCode that will contain all 10 passcode, their user and their own Unique passcode.

Figure 3-2: Declaring PassCode

Create a simple changeSpeakerFrequency function that will calculate the new prescaler whenever change to a new frequency.

```
void changeSpeakerFrequency (TIM HandleTypeDef *htim, uint32 t newFrequency)
     // Calculate new prescaler
    uint32 t timer clock = 4000000; // ABP Timer Clock is 4MHz
    uint32 t period = 39; // Configured period value
    uint32 t prescaler = (timer clock / (period + 1)) / newFrequency - 1;
    htim->Instance->ARR = period;
    htim->Instance->PSC = prescaler;
    // Update the timer registers
     HAL TIM SET COUNTER(htim, 0);
     HAL TIM SET AUTORELOAD(htim, period);
    HAL TIM SET PRESCALER(htim, prescaler);
    // Restart the timer PWM generation
    if(speakerOff)
     {
         HAL TIM PWM Start(htim, TIM CHANNEL 1);
         speakerOff = false;
     }
 }
```

Figure 3-3: changeSpeakerFrequency's function

It also require to have an auditory feedback so create 2 more functions, one for when the correct passcode was typed and one for the wrong one.

```
void playCorrectSound(void)
{
    changeSpeakerFrequency(&htim1, 200);
    HAL_Delay(200);
    turnOffSpeaker();
    changeSpeakerFrequency(&htim1, 500);
    HAL_Delay(200);
    turnOffSpeaker();
    changeSpeakerFrequency(&htim1, 800);
    HAL_Delay(200);

// Turn off sound
    turnOffSpeaker();
}
```

Figure 3-4: playCorrectSound's function

This function will create a ring tone from 3 different frequency.

```
void playWrongSound(void)
{
    changeSpeakerFrequency(&htim1, 800);
    HAL_Delay(200);
    turnOffSpeaker();
    changeSpeakerFrequency(&htim1, 500);
    HAL_Delay(200);
    turnOffSpeaker();
    changeSpeakerFrequency(&htim1, 200);
    HAL_Delay(200);

// Turn off sound
    turnOffSpeaker();
}
```

Figure 3-5: playWrongSound's function

Function for checking the user input passcode and compare it with the system passcode

```
bool checkPassCode(uint16_t usrPassCode)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PASSCODE; i++)
    {
        if (usrPassCode == passCode[i] || usrPassCode == uniquePassCode[i])
        {
            return true;
        }
    }
    return false;
}</pre>
```

Figure 3-6: checkPassCode's function

Also a function in which will find the owner of that PassCode

Figure 3-7: checkOwnerCode 's function

A function to change the RGB LED color

```
void setLed(int ledColour)
    switch(ledColour)
    case RED:
        HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 4, GPIO PIN SET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 5, GPIO PIN RESET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 6, GPIO PIN RESET);
        HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_7, GPIO_PIN_RESET);
        break;
    case GREEN:
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 4, GPIO PIN RESET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 5, GPIO PIN RESET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 6, GPIO PIN RESET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO PIN SET);
        break;
    case WHITE:
        HAL GPIO WritePin(GPIOA, GPIO PIN 4, GPIO PIN SET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 5, GPIO PIN RESET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 6, GPIO PIN SET);
        HAL GPIO WritePin (GPIOA, GPIO PIN 7, GPIO PIN SET);
       break;
    }
}
```

Figure 3-8: setLed's function

And a function to reset the user passcode

```
void resetPassCode(char usrReset)
      int usrUniqueCode, usrNewCode, ownerCodeName = 0;
      int numberAttemptLeft = 0;
      if (usrReset == 'y')
            for (int i = NUM ATTEMPT; i > 0; i--)
                        printf("Please type in your UNIQUE passcode: \r\n");
                        scanf("%d", &usrUniqueCode);
                        if (checkPassCode(usrUniqueCode) == USERCODE MATCH)
                              printf("Access Granted\r\n");
                              setLed(GREEN);
                              playCorrectSound();
                              numberAttemptLeft = 3;
                              break;
                         }
                        else
                              printf("Access Denied\r\n");
                              printf("You have %d attempt left \r\n", i - 1);
                              setLed(RED);
                              playWrongSound();
                              numberAttemptLeft = i - 1;
                              continue;
                         }
            // Zero attempt left for resetting pass code
            if (numberAttemptLeft == 0)
```

3. Hardware and Software Design

```
{
                 printf("Please contact the owner for further assist\r\n");
                 printf("~~~~~~\r\n");
                 return;
           }
           // Resetting user passcode
           else
           {
                 ownerCodeName = checkOwnerCode(usrUniqueCode); //Get Owner Name
                 printf("Welcome Mrs %c\r\n", passCodeOwner[ownerCodeName]);
                 printf("Please type in your new code\r\n");
                 scanf("%d", &usrNewCode);
                 passCode[ownerCodeName] = usrNewCode;
                 printf("Your new passcode have been saved, please log in
again\r\n");
                 printf("~~~~~~\r\n");
                 return;
           }
     }
     else
     {
           printf("~~~~~~\r\n");
           return;
     }
```

4. Result

Video demo's: MTran Assignment2 Embedded vid.mp4

REFERENCES