

CTC

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CTC

CTC is an algorithm employed in the training of deep neural networks for tasks like: speech recognition, handwriting recognition...

CTC serves as a neural network output method specifically designed for addressing sequence-related challenges.

The goal is to find the most likely correspondence between the input (X) and output (Y)

CTC Algorithm

1. Alignment algorithm

- Merge all repeating characters to a single character.

- If a character repeats, then a special token called a blank symbol ϕ is placed between the character and output text.

Important because, we say 'hello' but the system will only hear 'helo'.

2. Loss calculation

The algorithm known as forward-backward algorithm is used to calculate loss. The algorithm calculates the probability of generating the required output at each step.

~ I didn't really understand this.

3. Inference

Beam search:

maintains a set of candidate sequences and explores the possible paths through the output space.

- It keeps track of the most likely candidates at each step and prunes less likely paths.

Applications of CTC:

- Speech recognition
- Music transcription
- Gesture recognition
- processing sensor data for robotic systems.

Advantages of CTC

- facilitates end to end training of neural networks for sequence to sequence tasks without the need for explicit alignment annotations.
- demonstrates resilience to labelling errors or inconsistencies within training data by implicitly learning sequence alignments.
- applicable across diverse array of use cases.

Challenges of CTC

- decoding phase can require significant computational resources
- in speech recognition applications characterised by fluctuating acoustic environments it may encounter challenges in generalising across diverse conditions.

